



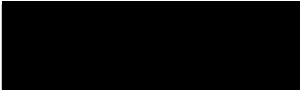
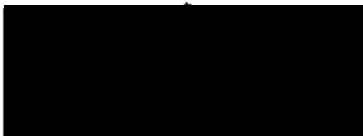

**Merton Street Depot, Merton
Street, Banbury**

**Site Investigation –
Interpretative Report**

Draft

Report: R1512/12/4293

June 2012

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Client: | Grundon Waste Management |
| Report Number: | R1512/12/4293 |
| Report Title: | Merton Street Depot, Merton Street, Banbury |
| | Site Investigation - Interpretative Report |
| Report Status: | Draft |
| Author(s): | N. Hopkins |
| (Signature and Date) |  26/6/12 |
| Project Manager: | C. Mardle |
| (Signature and Date) |  26/6/12 |
| QA Approved: | M. Holmes |
| (Signature and Date) |  26/6/12 |

The report has been prepared by CELTIC with reasonable skill, care and diligence and taking into account the contract terms and conditions and manpower and resources devoted to it in agreement with the client. CELTIC disclaims any responsibility to the client and others in respect of any matters outside the scope of the above.

The report is only valid when it is used in its entirety.

This report is confidential to the client and CELTIC accepts no responsibility to third parties to whom the report, or any part thereof, is made known. Any such party using any information contained within the report does so at their own risk.

CELTIC is the trading name of CELTIC Technologies Limited.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 1.0 INTRODUCTION | 1 |
| 2.0 SITE AREA | 2 |
| 2.1 Site Location and Description | 2 |
| 2.1.1 Site Location | 2 |
| 2.1.2 Site Description | 2 |
| 2.1.3 Adjacent Land Use | 2 |
| 2.2 Site History | 2 |
| 2.3 Review of Library Information | 3 |
| 3.0 PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS/ ASSESSMENTS | 5 |
| 3.1 Banbury Gasworks – Site Investigation (AEA Technology), January 1999 | 5 |
| 3.2 Site Investigation of the Former Banbury Gasworks (Waterman), March 2002 | 5 |
| 3.3 Merton Street Depot, Quantitative Risk Assessment Report, March 2011 | 6 |
| 4.0 GROUND INVESTIGATION | 7 |
| 4.1 Scope of Investigation | 7 |
| 4.2 Intrusive Investigation | 7 |
| 4.2.1 Boreholes | 7 |
| 4.2.2 Trial Pits | 7 |
| 4.3 Laboratory Testing | 8 |
| 4.3.1 Soils | 8 |
| 4.3.2 Groundwater | 8 |
| 5.0 GROUND CONDITIONS | 9 |
| 5.1 Geology | 9 |
| 5.2 Groundwater Conditions | 9 |
| 6.0 ANALYTICAL RESULTS | 11 |
| 6.1 Soil | 11 |
| 6.2 Groundwater | 12 |
| 6.3 Asbestos | 13 |
| 7.0 HUMAN HEALTH AND GROUNDWATER RISK ASSESSMENT | 14 |
| 7.1 Qualitative and Quantitative Human Health Risk Assessment | 14 |
| 7.2 Qualitative and Quantitative Groundwater Risk Assessment | 17 |

| | | |
|------------|---|-----------|
| 7.3 | Comparison to Measured Conditions | 19 |
| 7.3.1 | Human Health | 19 |
| 7.3.2 | Groundwater | 21 |
| 8.0 | PROPOSED OUTLINE REMEDIAL STRATEGY | 23 |
| 8.1 | Zone 1 – Former Gasworks | 23 |
| 8.2 | Zone 2 – Former Scrap Yard | 25 |
| 8.3 | Zone 3 – Generally disused | 27 |
| 8.4 | Groundwater | 28 |
| 9.0 | REFERENCES | 29 |

LIST OF TABLES

| | | |
|----------|--|----|
| Table 1 | Historical site activity | 3 |
| Table 2 | Summary of geological conditions | 9 |
| Table 3 | Summary of soil laboratory analysis | 11 |
| Table 4 | Summary of groundwater laboratory analysis | 12 |
| Table 5 | Summary of asbestos quantification analysis | 13 |
| Table 6 | Summary of human health model outputs: Soils | 15 |
| Table 7 | Summary of human health model outputs: Groundwater | 16 |
| Table 8 | Summary of groundwater model outputs: 50m to compliance point | 17 |
| Table 9 | Summary of groundwater model outputs: 200m to compliance point | 17 |
| Table 10 | Summary of human health exceedences within soils | 18 |
| Table 11 | Summary of Human Health Exceedences of Groundwater within the area of the former Gasholder | 19 |
| Table 12 | Summary of Human Health Exceedences of Groundwater immediately surrounding the Gasholder | 20 |
| Table 13 | Summary of groundwater exceedences at a 50m compliance zone | 21 |

APPENDICES**APPENDIX A FIGURES**

| | |
|------------|----------------------------|
| Drawing A1 | Site Location Plan |
| Drawing A2 | Site Layout Plan |
| Drawing A3 | Soil Remediation Area Plan |
| Drawing A4 | Conceptual Model |

APPENDIX B

| | |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Appendix B1 | Library Information |
|-------------|---------------------|

APPENDIX C

| | |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| Appendix C1 | Borehole Logs |
| Appendix C2 | Trial Pit Logs |
| Appendix C3 | Trial Pit Photographs |

APPENDIX D

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Appendix D1 | Soil Analysis Results (including Asbestos) |
| Appendix D2 | Groundwater Analysis Results |

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Celtic Technologies Limited (Celtic) has been commissioned by Grundon Waste Management Limited (Grundon) to undertake site investigation works at their Merton Street Depot, located off Merton Street, Banbury, Oxfordshire.

The brief for the works was to undertake an additional ground investigation to collect further analytic data to infill data gaps identified in existing information.

The site has a significant legacy of past industrial use, including a gasworks, steel fabrication facility, waste transfer depot and scrap yard.

It is understood that the site is to be redeveloped for residential end-use. However, the finalised development plan was not available at the time of report preparation and so the assessment considers a generalised residential scheme. This includes high-density apartment dwellings, low density dwellings with gardens, communal soft & hard landscaping areas and associated parking & access roads.

The site investigation works have been carried out with reference to CLR11 – Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination¹ and BS10175²

This report should be read in conjunction with the following reports prepared previously for the site:

- Banbury Gasworks – Site Investigation Report – AEA Technology³;
- Site Investigation of the Former Banbury Gasworks – Interpretative Report - Waterman Environmental⁴; and
- Merton Street Depot – Quantitative Risk Assessment Report – Celtic Technologies⁵.

2.0 SITE AREA

2.1 Site Location and Description

2.1.1 Site Location

The site is located off Merton Street, approximately 1 km south-east of Banbury town centre. The site post code is OX16 4RN and OS coordinates SP 465402. The site location is presented in Appendix A; Drawing A1 and layout as Appendix A; Drawing A2.

2.1.2 Site Description

The site covers an area of approximately 2.5 hectares and is elongated in a north-west to south-east orientation. The site generally falls in a south-westerly direction with ground levels being approximately 90.5 m AOD along the eastern boundary to 89.8 m AOD along the western boundary.

The site can be divided into three main zones based on the historical industrial use, which include a gasworks, scrap yard and an area of minimal industrial use. The location of the zones are shown in Appendix A; Drawing A2.

- **Zone 1 (Historical Gasworks)** – The majority of Zone 1 comprises hard standing with many remnant building slabs and a disused railway line. The north-eastern section is densely vegetated with semi mature trees.
- **Zone 2 (Historical Scrap Yard)** – The eastern section is currently used by Grundon as a storage area for a large number of refuse trucks and tankers. There are offices and workshops located at the northern and western parts.
- **Zone 3 (Generally Disused)** – This area is located at the south east and is typically disused and comprises unimproved vegetation.

2.1.3 Adjacent Land Use

The site is surrounded by the following land uses:

- North** - Commercial properties, with residential properties beyond;
- West** - An active railway line, with commercial properties beyond;
- South** - Grassland, with commercial properties beyond; and
- East** - Residential properties and grassland.

2.2 Site History

Information relating to the site history has been obtained from the 1999 AEAT report and the 2002 Waterman report. A summary of the information is presented in Table 1, for further information direct reference should be made to the original reports.

Table 1 - Historical Site Activity

| Date | Historical Activity |
|------------------------------|---|
| <u>1880s to 1970s</u> | The western and south-western areas of the site were originally developed as a gasworks before 1886, with the gasworks expanding during the 1930s and 1940s. |
| | Historical plans indicate that the gasworks had a rail link that crossed the central and western areas of the site. |
| | Although it is unclear when the gasworks was decommissioned, it is likely to have been after 1955. |
| | Historical maps indicate that prior to 1978 some of the gasworks structures had been removed, although one gasholder and other buildings remained. It is likely that demolition of above-ground structures was undertaken to ground level and that below-ground structures remain in place. |
| <u>Post c. 1970s</u> | |
| Identified site uses in 1999 | Northern & eastern areas: storage of scrap metal and building materials. |
| | Central area: operational factory & offices and hardstanding storage area, with evidence of fly tipping and burning. |
| | Southern area: derelict land covered in vegetation. |
| Identified site uses in 2002 | Northern & eastern area: Grundon waste transfer facility. |
| | Central area, southwest boundary: Friswell Blackbushe Steels Limited. |
| | Southern area: derelict land covered in vegetation. |
| Identified in 2011 | Central area: commercial offices. |
| | Remainder of the site: disused and vacant. |

In addition to the published information there was also evidence of historical activity observed during the intrusive investigations undertaken by AEA Technology and Waterman Environmental, this includes:

- Remnants of below ground gasworks structures and foundations in the former gasworks area, including the gasworks house, tar and liquor wells, retort house, CWG plant & purifier and miscellaneous storage tanks;
- A below ground fuel storage tank located in the northern part of the site in the area of the former waste transfer facility; and
- Scrap metal and asbestos have been recorded in the made ground in the former scrap metal storage area.

2.3 Review of Library Information

Prior to undertaking the intrusive site investigation a Celtic Engineer visited Banbury library to find any further information relating to historical activities undertaken at the site (specifically the gasworks).

Two pieces of information were found that provided further details on the gasworks, which were present at the site:

- The Banbury Guardian Press (1933). The Centenary of the Banbury Gas Company, 1833 – 1933; and
- Geoffrey C. Hartland (1986). A History of the Gas Industry in the Banbury and Chipping Norton Areas of North Oxfordshire.

A summary of the main points within the documents is given below with the relevant excerpts presented as Appendix B1.

The main points taken from “A History of the Gas Industry in the Banbury and Chipping Norton Area of North Oxfordshire” are:

- The gasworks were erected between 1833 and 1834;
- Clay retorts were installed in 1845, with more being added in 1848;
- A 12,000 cubic feet gasholder was installed in 1850. The holder is thought to have been 22 feet diameter and 25 feet in depth at the sides;
- A new purifier building was erected in 1936; and
- The site was bombed by German bombers on the 3rd October 1940, with 6 500lb bombs being dropped on the gasworks. Two of the three main holders and coal-gas purifiers were completely destroyed.

The document also contains a number of sketch plans of the layout of the gasworks, which are also presented as Appendix B1.

The main points taken from the Banbury Guardian press are:

- A single lift gasholder was demolished in 1910 and replaced by a three lift telescopic holder; and
- There was an extension to the retort house around 1912.

3.0 PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS/ ASSESSMENTS

3.1 Banbury Gasworks – Site Investigation (AEA Technology), January 1999

AEA Technology conducted a desk study and site investigation at the former Banbury Gasworks site during November 1998, as part of a due diligence exercise. The intrusive investigation involved the excavation of 65 trial pits and the installation of 12 monitoring wells.

The investigation encountered made ground over much of the site, which mainly comprised building rubble, metal debris and other associated waste. Several trial pits encountered visual and olfactory evidence of coal tar and PAH contamination at the northern end of the site (within the vicinity of the historical gasworks).

Soil and water samples were forwarded to a laboratory for analysis which recorded significant organic contamination and to a lesser degree metal contamination of the soils. This was mainly noted in the northern part of the site. The report concluded that the underlying alluvial and river terrace deposits were impacted to a depth of up to 3 m below ground level.

AEA undertook a risk assessment and determined that due to the hydraulic continuity between the river terrace deposits and nearby river (River Cherwell) there was a high potential for contaminant migration via groundwater. The risk to the public was considered to be low due to the restricted access to the site.

3.2 Site Investigation of the Former Banbury Gasworks (Waterman), March 2002

Waterman Environmental undertook an intrusive site investigation and environmental assessment for Banbury Gasworks and immediate surrounds in January 2002. The investigation comprised the mechanical excavation of 9 trial pits, 1 cable percussive borehole and 12 window sample boreholes.

The trial pits were focused around the former gasworks and encountered underground tar pits & vessels, gasholder and tar & liquor wells. Extensive staining of the made and natural ground was noted in these areas.

Chemical analysis was scheduled on eighteen soil, twenty five leachate and six groundwater samples (all obtained from the trial pits). Chemical analysis of the soils encountered elevated concentrations of arsenic, nickel, zinc, boron and a range of organic substances. The elevated concentrations were found in both the made ground and the natural alluvium.

The leaching tests indicated that the identified contaminants were not present in a significantly leachable form.

Groundwater analysis revealed elevated concentrations of inorganic contaminants including sulphate, nitrite and ammonia along with a range of organic contaminants including creosols and benzene compounds.

The risk assessment undertaken by Waterman Environmental concluded that the site presents a medium risk to human health, controlled water and the environment.

3.3 Merton Street Depot, Quantitative Risk Assessment Report, March 2011

Celtic Technologies undertook a human health and groundwater risk assessment in March 2011 to develop soil remedial / verification criteria and groundwater monitoring criteria for use during the future remediation works. The risk assessments were based on the information contained within the site investigation reports prepared by AEA Technology and Waterman Environmental.

An extensive amount of modelling was undertaken during the preparation of the Risk Assessment report and a set of potential soil and groundwater remedial targets were developed.

4.0 GROUND INVESTIGATION

4.1 Scope of Investigation

The scope of the Celtic site investigation works was to fill in existing data gaps and provide sufficient information to allow further developments of the remedial strategy for the site. The site investigation works entailed:

- Purging, resampling and testing existing groundwater wells (2 rounds of sampling);
- Advancement of 5 boreholes to 10 m below ground level (bgl) with the installation of groundwater monitoring standpipes;
- Purging and sampling of the newly installed groundwater wells (2 rounds of sampling)
- 3 Days of trial pitting targeting the following areas:
 - Sampling to confirm the contaminant profile in the northern gasworks area;
 - Further investigation of potential hotspots in the gasworks and wider site areas
 - Exploration of basements/ foundations to identify significant obstructions; and
 - Investigation in southern site area to identify a potential source of ‘clean’ material for re-use onsite; and
- Recovery of 48 soils samples and submission for chemical analysis.

4.2 Intrusive Investigation

4.2.1 Boreholes

Six boreholes were installed at the site between Monday 30th April and Friday 4th May, 2012. All boreholes were completed using percussive dynamic sampling and rotary coring. All recovered samples were logged by an Engineer from Celtic in accordance with BS:5930 / Eurocode 7.

The boreholes were sunk between depths of 1.2 m and 10.4 mbgl. Samples were collected at varying depths depending on the ground conditions encountered. On completion of the borehole, groundwater monitoring standpipes were installed. BH102 refused at a shallow depth and so a groundwater monitoring standpipe was not installed.

The borehole logs are presented as Appendix C1.

4.2.2 Trial Pits

Twenty trial pits were undertaken at the site between Monday 14th and Thursday 17th May, 2012. All of the trial pits were excavated using a wheeled 180° excavator, and the soils logged by an Engineer from Celtic, in accordance with BS:5930 / Eurocode 7. Soil samples were collected from varying depths within the trial pits based on the ground conditions encountered.

The trial pit logs are presented as Appendix C2 and photographic plates as Appendix C3.

4.3 Laboratory Testing

All soil and water samples were collected within specific laboratory supplied containers and couriered to a UKAS accredited laboratory for analysis (ALcontrol).

4.3.1 Soils

A total of 48 soil samples were collected from within the boreholes and trial pits and scheduled for the following analysis:

- Water Soluble Boron;
- Free and Total Cyanide;
- Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH₃;
- Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (US EPA 16);
- Phenols;
- Soil Organic Matter;
- Toxic 9 Metals; and
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

In addition to the above, a further twenty samples were scheduled for asbestos identification. Where asbestos identification was positive the samples were scheduled for full asbestos quantification.

4.3.2 Groundwater

A total of twenty six water samples were collected from existing and newly installed boreholes (two sampling occasions) and scheduled for the following analysis:

- Boron Dissolved;
- Free Cyanide;
- Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (US EPA 16);
- Phenols Monohydric;
- Total Ammonia;
- Total Cyanide;
- Toxic 9 Metals;
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

5.0 GROUND CONDITIONS

5.1 Geology

The geological conditions identified to be underlying the site are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 - Summary of Geological Conditions

| Geological Unit | Description | Depth to Top (m) | Thickness (m) |
|------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Made-ground | Variable across the site. Generally comprising gravelly silts and clays with abundant brick, concrete, metal, cables and railway sleepers. Automobile waste encountered along the eastern and southern boundaries. Reinforced concrete is present within much of the central part of the site. | Ground level | 0.5 to 5.5 m* Typically approximately 1.5 m <i>*5.5 m only in one location near historical gas holder</i> |
| Alluvium – Silt | Typically greenish grey slightly organic SILT. | 0.8 to 1.9 m | 0.3 to 2.05 m Typically approximately 1.2 m |
| Alluvium – Sand and Gravel | Typically orange brown interbedded SANDS and GRAVELS. | 1.6 to 3.05 m | 1.8 to 2.6 m Typically approximately 2.0 m |
| Charmouth Mudstone Formation | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | 2.7 to 5.5 m* <i>*5.5 m only in one location near historical gas holder</i> | >4.5 m |

The intrusive investigation identified several areas along the eastern and southern boundaries of the site with up to 2.1 m of made ground associated with automobile waste. This comprised fabric, rubber seals, cables, glass, plastics and engine parts. The locations and depths where these materials were encountered are shown on the trial pit logs presented as Appendix C2.

During the investigation, corrugated asbestos cement sheets were noted on the surface of the ground at several locations across the site but mainly within the southern (disused) section and near TP111. The sheets were typically found in poor condition and had been broken into many small fragments. The approximate location of this material is shown on Appendix A; Drawing A2.

5.2 Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater levels were recorded within the existing and newly installed boreholes along with the trial pits. Full details of groundwater strikes and standing levels are presented on the borehole and drilling logs presented as Appendix C1 and Appendix C2.

Groundwater was generally encountered within the granular alluvial deposits between 1.2 and 2.9 mbgl, although it was typically encountered between 2.2 and 2.7 mbgl.

The groundwater level within the existing boreholes was noted as being between 0.7 and 1.1 m lower than in the previous investigations. From discussions with representatives from Grundon during the site investigation works it is understood that a flood alleviation system has been installed within the Banbury area since the completion of the previous ground investigations. It is possible that the installation of this system has resulted in the lowering of the groundwater levels within the area.

Several shallow perched groundwater strikes were encountered at several locations across the site, typically within the northern section (in the vicinity of the historical gasworks).

6.0 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

6.1 Soil

Copies of the analytical certificates and geochemical results for all samples analysed from the current investigation is presented in Appendix D1. A summary of the results are presented in Table 3.

Table 3 - Summary of Soil Laboratory Analysis (mg/kg)

| Analyte | No. of Samples | Max Concentration | Min Concentration | Mean Concentration |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Soil Organic Matter (%) | 48 | 69.7 | 0.281 | 6.00 |
| Arsenic | 48 | 223 | 10.1 | 53.49 |
| Cadmium | 48 | 11.8 | 0.02 | 1.71 |
| Chromium | 48 | 334 | 11.9 | 74.01 |
| Copper | 48 | 1,510 | 8.21 | 118.13 |
| Lead | 48 | 7,550 | 8.39 | 349.08 |
| Mercury | 48 | 5.01 | 0.14 | 0.53 |
| Nickel | 48 | 723 | 19.4 | 67.59 |
| Selenium | 48 | 20 | 1 | 3.94 |
| Zinc | 48 | 4,040 | 49.6 | 474.72 |
| Boron | 48 | 13.8 | 1 | 3.01 |
| Total Cyanide | 48 | 152 | 1 | 11.55 |
| Free Cyanide | 48 | 10 | 1 | 1.19 |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 48 | 2,000 | 15 | 268.81 |
| Phenols | 48 | 2,680 | 0.035 | 56.45 |
| TPH aliphatic >C5-C6 | 48 | 0.403 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| TPH aliphatic >C6-C8 | 48 | 24 | 0.01 | 0.59 |
| TPH aliphatic >C8-C10 | 48 | 174 | 0.01 | 4.46 |
| TPH aliphatic >C10-C12 | 48 | 331 | 0.01 | 9.52 |
| TPH aliphatic >C12-C16 | 48 | 403 | 0.1 | 56.84 |
| TPH aliphatic >C16-C21 | 48 | 593 | 0.1 | 95.94 |
| TPH aliphatic >C21-C35 | 48 | 1,670 | 0.1 | 263.30 |
| TPH aliphatic >C35-C44 | 48 | 493 | 0.1 | 57.39 |
| TPH aromatic >C5-C7 | 48 | 177 | 0.01 | 3.82 |
| TPH aromatic >C7-C8 | 48 | 242 | 0.01 | 4.91 |
| TPH aromatic >C8-C10 | 48 | 386 | 0.01 | 9.28 |
| TPH aromatic >C10-C12 | 48 | 221 | 0.01 | 6.35 |
| TPH aromatic >C12-C16 | 48 | 3,200 | 0.1 | 161.43 |
| TPH aromatic >C16-C21 | 48 | 1,400 | 1.59 | 184.57 |
| TPH aromatic >C21-C35 | 48 | 2,410 | 0.1 | 341.31 |
| TPH aromatic >C35-C44 | 48 | 1,300 | 0.1 | 101.90 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | 48 | 0.1 | 0.005 | 0.01 |
| Benzene | 48 | 177 | 0.01 | 3.82 |
| Toluene | 48 | 242 | 0.002 | 4.90 |
| Ethylbenzene | 48 | 18.4 | 0.003 | 0.71 |
| m, p – Xylene | 48 | 190 | 0.006 | 4.17 |
| o – Xylene | 48 | 61.6 | 0.003 | 1.44 |
| m, p, o - Xylene | 48 | 252 | 0.009 | 5.61 |
| Naphthalene | 48 | 11,600 | 0.009 | 251.08 |
| Acenaphthylene | 48 | 1,760 | 0.012 | 39.00 |
| Acenaphthene | 48 | 213 | 0.008 | 7.51 |
| Fluorene | 48 | 1,080 | 0.01 | 26.39 |

| Analyte | No. of Samples | Max Concentration | Min Concentration | Mean Concentration |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Phenanthrene | 48 | 3,490 | 0.015 | 83.33 |
| Anthracene | 48 | 1,170 | 0.016 | 28.49 |
| Fluoranthene | 48 | 2,210 | 0.017 | 57.43 |
| Pyrene | 48 | 1,680 | 0.015 | 44.11 |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 48 | 732 | 0.014 | 20.84 |
| Chrysene | 48 | 546 | 0.01 | 15.52 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | 48 | 654 | 0.015 | 19.23 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | 48 | 278 | 0.014 | 8.02 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 48 | 645 | 0.015 | 18.43 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | 48 | 283 | 0.018 | 8.21 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | 48 | 76.9 | 0.023 | 2.32 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | 48 | 315 | 0.024 | 8.98 |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | 48 | 26,800 | 0.118 | 640.18 |

Note: - Where recorded concentrations were below detection limits the detection limit value has been used as the minimum value.

6.2 Groundwater

Copies of the analytical certificates and geochemical results for all groundwater samples collected from existing and newly installed boreholes are presented in Appendix D2.

A summary of the results from the current investigation are presented in Table 4.

Table 4 - Summary of Groundwater Laboratory Analysis (mg/l)

| Analyte | No. of Samples | Max Concentration | Min Concentration | Mean Concentration |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Mercury | 26 | 0.0000235 | 0.00001 | 0.00001 |
| Arsenic | 26 | 0.2 | 0.000872 | 0.01773 |
| Boron | 26 | 3.33 | 0.118 | 0.70196 |
| Cadmium | 26 | 0.000157 | 0.0001 | 0.00010 |
| Chromium | 26 | 0.0158 | 0.00118 | 0.00727 |
| Copper | 26 | 0.0163 | 0.00085 | 0.00252 |
| Lead | 26 | 0.00464 | 0.00002 | 0.00043 |
| Nickel | 26 | 0.0245 | 0.00124 | 0.00769 |
| Selenium | 26 | 0.00543 | 0.00071 | 0.00237 |
| Zinc | 26 | 0.017 | 0.00159 | 0.00586 |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 26 | 197 | 0.2 | 61.71 |
| Total Cyanide | 26 | 0.328 | 0.05 | 0.11 |
| Free Cyanide | 26 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Phenols | 26 | 36.4 | 0.016 | 2.12 |
| TPH aliphatic >C5-C6 | 26 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| TPH aliphatic >C6-C8 | 26 | 0.134 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| TPH aliphatic >C8-C10 | 26 | 0.831 | 0.01 | 0.11 |
| TPH aliphatic >C10-C12 | 26 | 3.55 | 0.01 | 0.49 |
| TPH aliphatic >C12-C16 | 26 | 5.19 | 0.01 | 0.33 |
| TPH aliphatic >C16-C21 | 26 | 4.78 | 0.01 | 0.29 |
| TPH aliphatic >C21-C35 | 26 | 1.05 | 0.01 | 0.07 |
| TPH aromatic >C5-C7 | 26 | 4.59 | 0.01 | 0.38 |
| TPH aromatic >C7-C8 | 26 | 1.42 | 0.01 | 0.10 |
| TPH aromatic >C8-C10 | 26 | 2.46 | 0.01 | 0.27 |
| TPH aromatic >C10-C12 | 26 | 2.36 | 0.01 | 0.33 |

| Analyte | No. of Samples | Max Concentration | Min Concentration | Mean Concentration |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| TPH aromatic >C12-C16 | 26 | 25.7 | 0.01 | 1.43 |
| TPH aromatic >C16-C21 | 26 | 20.1 | 0.01 | 1.05 |
| TPH aromatic >C21-C35 | 26 | 10.9 | 0.01 | 0.57 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | 26 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 |
| Benzene | 26 | 4.59 | 0.007 | 0.37 |
| Toluene | 26 | 1.42 | 0.004 | 0.09 |
| Ethylbenzene | 26 | 0.697 | 0.005 | 0.07 |
| m, p – Xylene | 26 | 0.781 | 0.008 | 0.08 |
| o – Xylene | 26 | 0.432 | 0.003 | 0.05 |
| m, p, o - Xylene | 26 | 1.21 | 0.011 | 0.13 |
| Naphthalene | 26 | 2.68 | 0.0001 | 0.15 |
| Acenaphthene | 26 | 1.35 | 0.000015 | 0.08 |
| Acenaphthylene | 26 | 0.409 | 0.000011 | 0.02 |
| Fluoranthene | 26 | 0.563 | 0.000017 | 0.03 |
| Anthracene | 26 | 0.751 | 0.000015 | 0.04 |
| Phenanthrene | 26 | 1.74 | 0.000022 | 0.09 |
| Fluorene | 26 | 1.21 | 0.000014 | 0.06 |
| Chrysene | 26 | 0.236 | 0.000013 | 0.01 |
| Pyrene | 26 | 0.757 | 0.000015 | 0.04 |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 26 | 0.236 | 0.000017 | 0.01 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | 26 | 0.0493 | 0.000023 | 0.003 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | 26 | 0.0825 | 0.000027 | 0.004 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 26 | 0.138 | 0.000009 | 0.01 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | 26 | 0.0133 | 0.000016 | 0.001 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | 26 | 0.0342 | 0.000016 | 0.002 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | 26 | 0.0354 | 0.000014 | 0.002 |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | 26 | 10.3 | 0.000247 | 0.54 |

Note: - Where recorded concentrations were below detection limits the detection limit value has been used as the minimum value.

6.3 Asbestos

During the excavation of the trial pits, twenty near surface soil samples were obtained for asbestos identification analysis. Asbestos fibres (typically a mixture of Chrysotile, Amosite and Crocidolite) were found within 7 samples, which were subsequently scheduled for full asbestos quantification. A summary of the full asbestos quantification analysis is presented in Table 5, with full test certificates presented as Appendix D1.

Table 5 - Summary of Asbestos Quantification Analysis (%)

| Location | Depth (m) | Asbestos Quantification |
|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| TP102 | 0.40 | 0.0047 |
| TP103 | 0.30 | 0.0014 |
| TP106 | 0.20 | 0.0126 |
| TP112 | 0.20 | 0.0668 |
| TP113 | 0.30 | 0.0255 |
| TP114 | 0.20 | 0.0072 |
| TP115 | 0.30 | 0.8382 |

7.0 HUMAN HEALTH AND GROUNDWATER RISK ASSESSMENT

Celtic Technologies undertook a human health and groundwater risk assessment for the site in March 2011. The risk assessment included a qualitative human health and groundwater risk assessment, consideration of generic assessment criteria (GACs), quantitative human health and groundwater risk modelling and presentation of potential health and groundwater protective risk based soil and groundwater targets. The following depth profiles were considered:

- Transition zone: this depth profile is expected to extend to a depth of 1.5 m below final finished site levels (FFL). The transition zone may comprise in-situ soils, verified imported soils / materials, along with site-won and treated materials soils reused under a Materials Management Plan (MMP).
- Deep soils: this depth profile is present below the transition zone (i.e. at depths greater than 1.5 m below FFL). The transition zone may comprise in-situ soils, verified imported soils / materials, along with site-won soils and treated materials reused under the MMP.

Boundary zones have also been considered to address the risks associated with potential lateral migration of VOC vapours to adjacent land. Soils and groundwater in these zones are considered to represent potential sources for VOC vapours that could migrate to off-site receptors. The selected health protective targets used in these areas should also be protective of these potential off-site receptors.

Refer to Appendix A; Drawing A4 for a diagrammatic representation of the zones.

The potential remedial targets derived from the risk assessments are presented in Tables 6 to 9.

A summary of the human health and groundwater risk assessments is presented in the following sections.

7.1 Qualitative and Quantitative Human Health Risk Assessment

The Qualitative Risk Assessment identified the following substances of concern:

- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons;
- BTEX;
- MTBE;
- Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons;
- Phenols;
- Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Lead, Inorganic Mercury, Vanadium and Zinc;
- Free and total Cyanide; and
- Residual Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (LNAPL).

A detailed quantitative risk assessment was then undertaken on the substances of concern. The outputs from the modelling indicated the level of contaminants allowable to be protective of human health and therefore may be considered as human health

based remedial targets for soils and waters. However, the requirement to also be protective of controlled waters means that these outputs are not proposed remedial targets in themselves. Proposed remedial targets will be generated based on the modelling outputs of the human health and groundwater risk assessments, pragmatism and professional experience. These will then be submitted to the regulatory authorities for approval.

Model outputs for the identified depth dependant sources and boundary zones for soils and groundwater is summarised in the following tables.

Table 6 - Summary of Human Health Model Outputs: Soils (mg/kg)

| Substance | Residential Indoor air Transition Zone | Residential Indoor air Deep Soils (>1.5mbgl) | Residential Outdoor air Transition Zone | Residential Outdoor air Deep Soils (>1.5mbgl) | Commercial Indoor air Boundary Zone | Commercial Outdoor air Boundary Zone |
|------------------------|--|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| TPH Aliphatics C5-C6 | 55 | 124 | 9,170 | 22,900 | 9,210 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aliphatics C6-C8 | 130 | 300 | 22,400 | 55,900 | 22,500 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aliphatics C8-C10 | 36 | 79 | 5,870 | 14,700 | 5,840 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aliphatics C10-C12 | 170 | 390 | 29,100 | 72,700 | 28,900 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aliphatics C12-C16 | 1,480 | 3,280 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C5-C7 | 310 | 715 | 54,200 | >100,000 | 41,700 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C7-C8 | 720 | 1,700 | >100,000 | >100,000 | 94,800 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C8-C10 | 45 | 100 | 7,540 | 18,900 | 9,780 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C10-C12 | 250 | 555 | 41,100 | >100,000 | 53,400 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C12-C16 | 2,780 | 6,110 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C16-C21 | 53,400 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 |
| Benzene | 0.3 | 0.7 | 55 | 137 | 40 | 1,400 |
| Toluene | 720 | 1,700 | >100,000 | >100,000 | 94,800 | >100,000 |
| Ethylbenzene | 190 | 460 | 36,300 | 90,800 | 25,100 | >100,000 |
| Xylenes | 60 | 146 | 11,400 | 28,600 | 8,650 | >100,000 |
| MTBE | 85 | 198 | >100,000 | >100,000 | 11,100 | >100,000 |
| Phenols | 990 | 1,060 | 97,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 |
| Acenaphthene | 4,110 | 9,280 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 |
| Acenaphthylene | 3,950 | 8,650 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 |
| Benzo-a-anthracene | 12 | 16 | 5,830 | 14,600 | 2,290 | >100,000 |
| Fluorene | 5,310 | 11,400 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 | >100,000 |
| Naphthalene | 2 | 4 | 3,520 | 8,800 | 270 | >100,000 |

Table 7 - Summary of Human Health Model Outputs: Groundwater (mg/l)

| Substance | Residential on-site | | Commercial off-site | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|
| | Indoor air Groundwater | Outdoor air Groundwater | Indoor air Boundary Zone Groundwater | Outdoor air Boundary Zone Groundwater |
| TPH Aliphatics C5-C6 | 4 | >10,000 | 510 | >10,000 |
| TPH Aliphatics C6-C8 | 3 | 7,920 | 390 | >10,000 |
| TPH Aliphatics C8-C10 | 0.1 | 300 | 15 | 9,450 |
| TPH Aliphatics C10-C12 | 0.09 | 190 | 9 | 6,090 |
| TPH Aliphatics C12-C16 | 0.03 | 70 | 3 | 2,290 |
| TPH Aromatics C5-C7 | 300 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C7-C8 | 330 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C8-C10 | 3 | 6,880 | 440 | >10,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C10-C12 | 9 | >10,000 | 1,340 | >10,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C12-C16 | 30 | >10,000 | 4,610 | >10,000 |
| TPH Aromatics C16-C21 | 90 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| Benzene | 0.3 | 650 | 27 | >10,000 |
| Toluene | 339 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| Ethylbenzene | 40 | >10,000 | 4,360 | >10,000 |
| Xylenes | 15 | >10,000 | 1,400 | >10,000 |
| MTBE | 760 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| Phenols | 1,340 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| Acenaphthene | 480 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| Acenaphthylene | 560 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 0.03 | 18 | 5 | 470 |
| Fluorene | 470 | >10,000 | >10,000 | >10,000 |
| Naphthalene | 1 | 2,810 | 150 | >10,000 |

7.2 Qualitative and Quantitative Groundwater Risk Assessment

The Qualitative Risk Assessment identified the following substances of concern:

- Metals;
- BTEX Compounds;
- Other TPH Fractions;
- PAH Compounds;
- Phenols; and
- Cyanide and Ammonia.

The risk assessment considered the following potential receptors:

- Surface Water – River Cherwell which is located more than 200 m beyond the site boundary.
- Groundwater – River Terrace Gravels.

A detailed quantitative risk assessment was then undertaken to determine contaminant concentrations that would be allowable to be protective of the identified controlled water receptors. The outputs may therefore be considered as groundwater remedial targets for soils, leachates and waters. However, if groundwater remediation targets are

to be proposed the requirements to also be protective of human health means that the following outputs would not constitute proposed remedial targets in themselves.

The derived model outputs are summarised in Table 8 and 9.

Table 8 - Summary of Groundwater Model Outputs: 50 m to Compliance

| Substance | RTM Remedial Target Concentrations | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Level 3 Soil (mg/kg) | Level 3 Pore Water (mg/l) | Level 3 Groundwater (mg/l) |
| Benzene | 0.528 | 0.605 | 0.296 |
| Toluene | 110 | 49.3 | 24.1 |
| m-Xylene | ES | ES | 176 |
| o-Xylene | ES | ES | 106 |
| p-Xylene | ES | ES | 125 |
| Naphthalene | 70.9 | 10.7 | 5.24 |
| Acenaphthalene | 3.87 | 0.153 | 0.0748 |
| Acenaphthene | ES | ES | 2 |
| Phenol | 4.96 | 10.9 | 5.35 |
| TPH Aliphatic C5-C6 | ES | ES | 22.9 |
| TPH Aromatic C8-C10 | 473 | 29.4 | 14.4 |
| TPH Aromatic C10-C12 | 109 | 4.33 | 2.12 |
| Arsenic | 1,240 | 0.297 | 0.145 |
| Cadmium | 0.807 | 0.00148 | 0.000724 |
| Copper | 741 | 0.166 | 0.0813 |
| Chromium | 853 | 0.119 | 0.0581 |
| Lead | 392 | 0.0428 | 0.0209 |
| Inorganic Mercury | 0.127 | 0.000296 | 0.000145 |
| Nickel | 670 | 0.119 | 0.0581 |
| Selenium | 2.97 | 0.0592 | 0.029 |
| Zinc | 8,700 | 0.744 | 0.364 |
| Water Soluble Boron | 120 | 11.8 | 5.79 |
| Easily Lib. Cyanide | 6,840 | 339 | 166 |
| Total Cyanide | 3.61×10^{17} | 2.4×10^{15} | 1.18×10^{15} |
| Ammonia | 24.6 | 30.1 | 14.7 |

ES – Target exceeds solubility

Table 9 - Summary of Groundwater Model Outputs: 200 m to Compliance

| Substance | RTM Remedial Target Concentrations | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Level 3 Soil (mg/kg) | Level 3 Pore Water (mg/l) | Level 3 Groundwater (mg/l) |
| Benzene | 6.02 | 6.9 | 3.38 |
| Acenaphthalene | 45.5 | 1.8 | 0.881 |
| Phenol | 317 | 699 | 342 |
| Arsenic | 2,480 | 0.591 | 0.289 |
| Cadmium | 1.61 | 0.00294 | 0.00144 |
| Copper | 1,480 | 0.331 | 0.162 |
| Chromium | 1,700 | 0.237 | 0.116 |
| Lead | 782 | 0.0854 | 0.0418 |
| Inorganic Mercury | 0.253 | 0.000589 | 0.000288 |
| Nickel | 1330 | 0.237 | 0.116 |
| Selenium | 5.91 | 0.118 | 0.0576 |
| Zinc | 17,400 | 1.49 | 0.727 |

| Substance | RTM Remedial Target Concentrations | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Level 3 Soil (mg/kg) | Level 3 Pore Water (mg/l) | Level 3 Groundwater (mg/l) |
| Water Soluble Boron | 239 | 23.5 | 11.5 |
| Easily Lib. Cyanide | 5,760,000 | 285,000 | 140,000 |
| Total Cyanide | 1.5×10^{21} | 1.02×10^{19} | 5×10^{18} |
| Ammonia | 249 | 306 | 150 |

ES – Target exceeds solubility

7.3 Comparison to Measured Conditions

Following completion of the site investigation and filling of identified data gaps, a more comprehensive comparison between current site conditions and potential remedial target concentrations can be made.

7.3.1 Human Health

The data output from the quantitative human health risk assessment for the residential indoor air transition zone have been compared to the data collected from the current investigation. The comparison has identified a number of locations within the immediate vicinity of the former gasworks located at the north of the site showing soil concentrations in excess of the model outputs.

In the absence of a development plan the most stringent model outputs have been used for the assessment.

Table 10 presents a summary of contaminants that exceeded the model output.

Table 10 - Summary of Human Health Exceedences within Soils

| Contaminant | Residential Transition Model (mg/kg) | Indoor Model Output | No. of failures | Max Concentration | Average Concentration of Failures |
|------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| Phenol | 990 | | 1 | 2,680 | - |
| Benzene | 0.3 | | 4 | 177 | 47.6 |
| Naphthalene | 2 | | 15 | 11,600 | 802.9 |
| Xylenes | 60 | | 1 | 252 | - |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 12 | | 9 | 732 | 104.6 |
| TPH aliphatic >C8-C10 | 36 | | 1 | 174 | - |
| TPH aliphatic >C10-C12 | 170 | | 1 | 331 | - |
| TPH aromatic >C8-C10 | 45 | | 2 | 386 | 219 |
| TPH aromatic >C12-C16 | 2780 | | 1 | 3,200 | - |

The majority of the locations where contaminant concentrations exceed the model outputs highlighted in Table 10 are located at the north of the site within the immediate vicinity of the historical gasworks. All of the maximum values for phenol, BTEX compounds and PAHs were encountered at one exploratory location (TP119), again located within the central region of the former gasworks.

There were also several minor exceedences of PAH compounds noted at different areas of the site which include:

TP102:

- Naphthalene – 10.2 mg/kg.
- Benzo(a)anthracene – 16.9 mg/kg.

TP103:

- Benzo(a)anthracene – 14.0 mg/kg.

TP114:

- Benzo(a)anthracene – 13.9 mg/kg.

BH103:

- Benzo(a)anthracene – 14.3 mg/kg.
- Naphthalene – 4.57 mg/kg.

BH104:

- Naphthalene – 8.28 mg/kg.

Groundwater data collected as part of the current investigation have also been compared to the model outputs generated to be protective of residential indoor air. The comparison identified four locations within or immediately surrounding of the former gasworks with elevated concentrations of certain contaminants.

In the absence of a development plan the most stringent model outputs have been used for the assessment.

Table 11 and Table 12 presents a summary of contaminants that exceeded the model output from within the area of the former gasworks and immediately surrounding, respectively.

Table 11 - Summary of Human Health Exceedences of Groundwater within the area of the former Gasholder

| Contaminant | Residential Indoor Transition Model Output (mg/kg) | No. of failures | No. of Boreholes failing | Max Concentration | Average Concentration of Failures |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| TPH aliphatic >C8-C10 | 0.1 | 4 | 2 | 0.0.831 | 0.653 |
| TPH aliphatic >C10-C12 | 0.09 | 4 | 2 | 3.55 | 3.005 |
| TPH aliphatic >C12-C16 | 0.03 | 4 | 2 | 5.19 | 2.047 |
| Benzene | 0.3 | 4 | 2 | 4.59 | 2.328 |
| Naphthalene | 1.0 | 2 | 1 | 2.68 | 1.95 |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 0.03 | 2 | 1 | 0.236 | 0.144 |

Note: Number of failures takes into account two monitoring rounds

Table 12 - Summary of Human Health Exceedences of Groundwater immediately surrounding the Gasholder

| Contaminant | Residential Indoor Transition Model Output (mg/kg) | No. of failures | No. of Boreholes failing | Max Concentration | Average Concentration of Failures |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| TPH aliphatic >C10-C12 | 0.09 | 2 | 2 | 0.279 | 0.199 |
| TPH aliphatic >C12-C16 | 0.03 | 2 | 1 | 0.041 | 0.037 |

Note: Number of failures takes into account two monitoring rounds

The data presented in Table 11 and Table 12 indicates four locations where the dissolved phase groundwater concentrations may present a risk to human health. However, the impacted groundwater appears to generally be confined within the area of the former gasworks. Two boreholes immediately surrounding the gasworks have also encountered concentrations of two specific chains of petroleum hydrocarbons which are above the human health model output. As indicated in Table 12 the concentrations within these two locations are significantly below the concentrations within the gasholder and only marginally exceed the most stringent model output.

7.3.2 Groundwater

The data output from the quantitative groundwater risk assessment for a most stringent case (50 m to compliance point) have been compared to the data collected from the current site investigation. Even though the nearest compliance point is located over 200 m from the site boundary, in Celtic's experience it is unlikely that the regulators will approve risk assessments based on compliance points over 50 m.

Elevated concentrations of ammonia have been observed in the majority of groundwater samples across the entire site and so are considered more as a global issue rather than site wide. Leaving ammonia aside, the comparison has identified only two locations in the immediate vicinity of the former gasworks at the north of the site with groundwater concentrations of specific contaminants that exceed the more stringent model output. A summary of the exceedences is presented in Table 13.

Table 13 - Summary of Groundwater exceedences at a 50 m compliance zone

| Contaminant | Groundwater Output – 50m to Compliance point | No. of failures | Max Concentration | Average Concentration of Failures |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Benzene | 0.296 | 4 | 4.59 | 2.31 |
| Phenols | 5.35 | 2 | 36.4 | 26.3 |
| Acenaphthalene | 0.0748 | 1 | 0.409 | N/A only 1 exceedence |
| TPH aromatic C10 – C12 | 2.12 | 2 | 2.36 | 2.31 |
| Arsenic | 0.145 | 1 | 0.2 | N/A only 1 exceedence |

The exceedences are very localised and are only in the area of the historical gasholder, which is the main contaminant source. Therefore, it is not considered that these local

exceedences would merit a site wide ground water treatment scheme. Provided that any potential ongoing sources of groundwater contamination that are present above the water table are removed as part of the redevelopment works.

8.0 PROPOSED OUTLINE REMEDIAL STRATEGY

The comparison of data collected from previous and current ground investigations to the risk assessment model outputs indicates there to be a potential risk to both human receptors and controlled waters. These will need to be addressed as part of a remediation strategy for the redevelopment of the site.

As discussed in the previous sections, the site has been divided into three zones depending on previous uses and contaminant concentrations identified within the soils and groundwater. The proposed remedial strategy also adopts a zoned approach in order to provide the most cost effective solution, which will be suitable for the proposed end-use.

The Environment Agency flood map has been reviewed for the site and indicates that the majority of the site currently lies within an area liable to “Flooding from rivers or sea without flood defences”. A section of the northern part of the site is categorised as “Extent of extreme flood”. Celtic understands that a flood alleviation system has been installed within the Banbury area which may result in a reduction of flood risk to the site. However, it is recommended that liaison is undertaken with the appropriate regulators to ensure that it does not cause potential issues during the planning applications.

A number of potential constraints to the proposed remediation works have been identified, which include:

- Current operational status of the site (Grundon Waste Management)
- Presence of identified and non-identified services
- Presence of existing buildings, cabins and skip storage at the site. Our remediation strategy assumes that these will be removed prior to the remediation phase.

The overall redevelopment strategy for the site is likely to include measures typically employed in brownfield redevelopment such as certified clean cover in gardens and landscaped areas as well as certified clean service corridors.

It is likely that properties constructed at the site will require vapour protection measures commensurate with the level of risk posed by the substances remaining in the soil after remediation.

8.1 Zone 1 – Former Gasworks

The area of the former Gasworks has been identified to contain the most extensive contamination and so is likely to require the most extensive amount of remediation throughout the site.

The estimated area requiring remediation in this area is approximately 4,000m² and the remediation depth will be in the range of 1 to 5 m below existing ground level but is expected to be typically 2 to 3 m. These values should be used for indicative purposes only and are subject to change depending on the ground conditions encountered during the remediation phase.

A summary of the proposed remediation scheme for this is as follows:

- Removal of the semi mature tree's located along the northern boundary;
- Locating and emptying any existing underground tanks (including any connecting pipework);
- Excavation of soil to a depth of between 3.0 and 5.0 m below existing ground levels;
- Segregation and onsite biophysical treatment of the excavated soils to allow onsite re-use;
- Collection and removal of any Non Aqueous Phase Liquids (NAPL) identified for off-site disposal;
- Removal of underground structures; and
- Testing of all made-ground materials for the presence of asbestos.

Further details of rationale for the proposed remediation strategy within this area are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Due to the nature and depth of contamination identified within this zone, the most suitable remediation option for this area is considered to be the excavation of contaminated materials to a depth of between 3.0 and 5.0 m below existing ground levels. Excavated material will be segregated to remove any oversized and / or untreatable materials.

The treatable materials will be prepared for onsite biophysical remediation, which would enable an overall reduction in the organic contaminant concentrations within the soil to acceptable levels for the site. The treated materials will be verified against source dependant remedial targets and re-used at appropriate depths depending on their compliance with the depth dependant targets. A site Material Management Plan (MMP) will used to log the source, quantity, location, area and depth of re-use against the proposed redevelopment layout.

This process will optimise material re-use and so minimise the volume of material requiring off-site disposal.

It is possible that the contaminant concentrations in soils taken from certain areas (i.e. within tar pits) will be so significantly elevated that onsite treatment will not be suitable. Such soils should be managed through contingency measures such as offsite disposal or stabilisation. It is considered that only a minimal volume of material would fall into this category.

The biophysical remediation process will not reduce elevated inorganic contaminant concentrations (i.e. metals) within the soils. It is considered that this waste would be classified as hazardous and require disposal to a suitable offsite facility. However, the investigations undertaken to date indicates that a minimal volume of material is likely to fall into this category.

It is possible that underground storage tanks remain in place within this area, which may contain Non Aqueous Phase Liquids (NAPLs). These should be located during the initial phase of redevelopment and emptied with the contents being disposed of to a suitable

off-site facility. Once emptied, the tanks should be removed along with any residual contamination.

A large number of below ground structures have been identified during the previous and current site investigations. The remediation strategy proposed for this area will remove many of these structures. A watching brief should be maintained during the removal of any underground structures as it is possible that there may be NAPL perched within. It is likely that once removed the underground structures can be crushed and reused during the site development following testing and compliance with the specified reuse criteria. However, an offsite disposal contingency should be developed.

This remediation approach (removal, treatment and replacement of material), will also provide an improvement in the physical geotechnical properties of the soils, which will provide benefits during the redevelopment phase as no underground structures will remain.

Asbestos fibres have been identified within the made-ground in this area. Therefore, all made ground should be treated as potentially containing asbestos fibres. All made ground should be excavated and placed into stockpiles so that it can be tested. It is likely that following testing some of the material may be reused (at depth if asbestos fibres are identified). However, some material may need to be disposed offsite and the remediation strategy should include an allowance for this.

Due to the possible presence of asbestos fibres within the soils mitigation measures such as damping down during excavation and covering of the stockpiles should be undertaken during the course of the remediation and redevelopment works.

8.2 Zone 2 – Former Scrap Yard

The investigation undertaken within the area of the historical scrap yard indicates that contaminant concentrations within the underlying materials are typically below the risk assessment model outputs. Therefore, only a limited amount remediation is anticipated for this area.

The estimated area requiring excavation and turnover within this area is estimated to be around 8,000 to 9,000 m² and it is expected that the excavations will typically be between 1.0 to 2.0 m below existing ground level. These values should be used for indicative purposes only and are subject to change depending on the ground conditions encountered during the remediation phase. It should be noted that the majority of this material is unlikely to require on site remediation and can be directly used during redevelopment phase (depending on compliance with the specific remedial targets).

A summary of the proposed remediation scheme for this area is as follows:

- Removal of the reinforced concrete slab covering the majority of the area;
- Removal of identified asbestos cement sheets from the ground surface
- Excavation / turnover of all soils up to an anticipated depth of 2.0 m;
- Removal of remnant underground structures;

- Onsite biophysical treatment of any identified contamination;
- Removal of material associated with the former scrap yard identified along the eastern boundary of this area; and
- Testing of all made-ground materials for the presence of asbestos.

Further details of rationale for the proposed remediation strategy within this area are discussed in the following paragraphs.

A large number of remnant underground structures have been identified within this area and so it is possible that there are isolated pockets of contamination, including NAPL, associated with these. Therefore, a watching brief should be maintained during the removal of any underground structures and contingency measures put in place for the removal and treatment of any contaminants / contaminated material encountered.

It is likely that any contaminated materials identified will be similar in nature to the identified organic contamination in Zone 1 and materials from this zone would be included for treatment with these soils from Zone 1. As with Zone 1, any soils that are untreatable on site and not suitable for re-use would most likely be disposed of offsite as hazardous waste. However, the volume of material that will fall into this category is considered minimal.

Underground structures can be excavated and crushed onsite and reused during the redevelopment dependant on compliance with the relevant redevelopment remediation targets.

This remediation approach will also provide an improvement in the physical geotechnical properties of the soils, which will provide benefits during the redevelopment phase as no underground structures will remain.

As discussed in Section 6.3 asbestos fibres have been identified within the made-ground within this area. Therefore, all made-made ground should be treated as potentially containing asbestos fibres. It should be excavated and placed into controlled stockpiles so that it can be tested. It is likely that following testing some of the material may be reused (at depth if asbestos fibres are identified). However, some material may need to be disposed offsite and the remediation strategy to include an allowance for this.

Due to the possible presence of asbestos fibres within the soils mitigation measures such as damping down during excavation and covering of the stockpiles should be undertaken during the course of the remediation and redevelopment works.

In addition to the asbestos fibres identified within the near surface soils, asbestos cement sheets (broken) were identified near TP111. These should be removed before any redevelopment works commence and disposed offsite to a licensed facility.

Material along the eastern boundary of the site was found to contain a high proportion of automobile waste (cables, rubber, plastic, glass, engine parts, etc.). It is unlikely that this material will be suitable for reuse onsite during the redevelopment (even at depth) due to its unsuitability as geotechnical fill and so is likely to require offsite disposal.

8.3 Zone 3 – Generally disused

The investigation undertaken within Zone 3 indicated that it was generally disused and surfaced by unimproved vegetation. No above ground or underground structures were identified during the previous and current investigations undertaken within this area.

The estimated area requiring excavation and possible remediation (along the boundary of the current gasworks) is estimated to be between 700 and 800 m².

A summary of the proposed remediation scheme for this area is as follows:

- Excavation and onsite biophysical treatment of area of organic contamination encountered along the boundary of the current gas works;
- Removal of identified asbestos cement sheets from the ground surface;
- Removal of material associated with the former scrap yard identified along the southern boundary of this area; and
- Testing of all made-ground materials for the presence of asbestos.

Further details of rationale for the proposed remediation strategy within this area are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Exploratory holes completed encountered an area of elevated concentrations of organic contaminants along the south eastern boundary of the current gasworks site (location of TP102). The contamination has similar properties (albeit at lower concentrations) to the material encountered in Zone 1 and so it is considered likely to be associated with the adjacent gasworks.

The most suitable remedial option would be to excavate this material for onsite bioremediation. The treated materials will be verified against remedial targets and re-used at appropriate depths dependant on their compliance with the depth dependant targets. A site Materials Management Plan (MMP) will log the source, quantity, location, area and depth of re-use against the proposed redevelopment layout.

Material along the southern boundary of the site was found to contain a high proportion of automobile waste (cables, rubber, plastic, glass, engine parts, etc.). It is unlikely that this material will be suitable for reuse onsite during the redevelopment (even at depth) and so is likely to require offsite disposal.

As with the other Zones, asbestos fibres have been identified within the made-ground within this area. Therefore, all made-made ground should be treated as potentially containing asbestos fibres. It should be excavated and placed into controlled stockpiles so that it can be tested. It is likely that following testing some of the material may be reused (at depth if asbestos fibres are identified). However, some material may need to be disposed offsite and the remediation strategy to include an allowance for this.

Due to the possible presence of asbestos fibres within the soils mitigation measures such as damping down during excavation and covering of the stockpiles should be undertaken during the course of the remediation and redevelopment works.

In addition to the asbestos fibres identified within the near surface soils, asbestos cement sheets (broken) were identified at several areas at the surface. These should be removed before any redevelopment works commence and disposed offsite to a licensed facility.

8.4 Groundwater

The risk to groundwater has been proven to be minor and is not considered to be significant in the context of the site. The only exception to this is ammonia, where elevated concentrations have been seen at many locations across the site.

As risks to groundwater are generally minimal, it is not deemed necessary to implement a strict groundwater treatment system at the site. The proposed bioremediation technology will result in a reduction of ammonia concentrations within the soil as biological processes remove the ammoniacal nitrogen, particularly when combined with pH elevation at the end of treatment. Following a reduction in the source of ammonia within the shallow soils at the site, the potential risk presented by dissolved ammonia concentrations in groundwater will decrease over time and this betterment approach is considered appropriate in the context of the site.

Bioremediation will significantly reduce organic contaminant concentrations within the soil and mitigate risks to human health through this reduction and preferential placement of remediated materials at depth, however a potential risk remains with respect migration of volatile vapours from impacted groundwater into future dwellings.

Two boreholes installed within the area of the former gasworks and two immediately surrounded have identified exceedences of the groundwater model outputs to be protective of human health. The two boreholes surrounding the gasworks have only recorded marginal failures, within the highest concentrations being recorded near the former gasholder. This suggests that the impact to groundwater is isolated and unrepresentative of the wider context of the site.

The groundwater within the former gasworks is being continually impacted by the contamination present within the overlying materials and so it is likely that the removal and remediation of this material will result in a reduction of dissolved phase contaminants within the groundwater.

Vapour protection measures and provision of clean service corridors have been recommended as part of the future development and this would mitigate the risks to human health from volatile contaminants in groundwater based on the site investigation data. However, there is the potential for unidentified NAPL to be encountered around former below ground structures as previously discussed, and would be prudent to recover any encountered NAPL and shallow perched waters where encountered during soil remedial works. Any recovered perched water and free product (NAPL) will be treated on site and disposed of to foul sewer under an appropriate consent, with recovered free product disposed of off-site under relevant duty of care.

9.0 REFERENCES

1. Environment Agency/DEFRA Guidance Document (2004), Contaminated Land Report No.11 (CLR11), Model Procedures for the Management of Contaminated Land.
2. British Standards Institute, Code of Practice for Investigation of Contaminated Land, BS 10175:2010.
3. AEA Technologies, Banbury Gasworks – Site Investigation Report (1999).
4. Waterman Environmental, Site Investigation of the Former Gasworks – Interpretative Report (2002).
5. Celtic Technologies, Merton Street Depot – Quantitative Risk Assessment Report (2011).

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A FIGURES

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Drawing A1 | Site Location Plan |
| Drawing A2 | Site Layout Plan |
| Drawing A3 | Soil Remediation Area Plan |
| Drawing A4 | Conceptual Model |

mm 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J



Legend

— Site Boundary

Derived from Google Professional Celtic Technologies Cardiff 2012.



© Crown copyright and database right 2010.



© Crown copyright, All rights reserved. 2012 Licence number 0100031673

| | | |
|-----|--------------------|------|
| 0 | ISSUED FOR COMMENT | |
| REV | COMMENT | DATE |



Columbus House Centrix House enquiries@celtic-tech.co.uk
 Village Way Crow Lane East www.celtic-td.com
 Cardiff Newton Le Willows
 CF15 7NE WA12 9DY
 029 2036 8636 01925 273222

Client
Grundon Waste Management Services

Project
Banbury Gasworks

Title
Site Location Plan

| | | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|------------|------|
| Drawn by | Checked | Date | Authorised | Date |
| GEP | NH | 25/06/12 | | |
| Original Scale | Date | Rev | Paper | |
| 1:1250 | 25/06/12 | 0 | A3 | |

Drawing Number
D1526/4293/A1



A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J



Legend

- Site Boundary
- Zone 1 Main Area of Former Gasworks
- Zone 2 Former Scrap Yard
- Zone 3 Generally Disused
- Fragments of corrugated asbestos cement sheets at surface

| REV | COMMENT | DATE |
|-----|--------------------|------|
| 0 | ISSUED FOR COMMENT | |



Columbus House
Village Way
Cardiff
CF15 7NE
029 2036 8636

Centrix House
Crow Lane East
Newton Le Willows
WA12 9DY
01925 273222

enquiries@celtic-tech.co.uk
www.celtic-ld.com

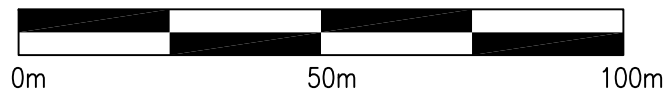
Client
Grundon Waste Management Services

Project
Banbury Gasworks

Title
Site Layout Plan

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|------|
| Drawn by GEP | Checked NH | Date 25/06/12 | Authorised | Date |
| Original Scale 1:1250 | Date 25/06/12 | Rev 0 | Paper A3 | |

Drawing Number
D1526/4293/A2





Legend

- Site Boundary
- Proposed Remediation Area A: Excavation of up to 5m depth and remediation of materials prior to re-use. Recovery of free product, where encountered.
- Proposed Remediation Area B: Excavation of up to 3m depth and remediation of materials prior to re-use.
- Proposed Remediation Area C: Turnover of area up to 2m depth and remove structures to confirm absence of contamination. Remediation of contaminated materials prior to re-use.
- Site investigation locations where asbestos fibres have been identified in made ground samples.

1. NOTE:
Proposed Remediation Boundaries are approximate and for indicative use only. Precise boundaries will be defined during remediation works.
2. During all excavation works required for the site free product and contaminated perched waters should be recovered and discharged to a foul sewer / disposed of off-site following treatment.

| REV | COMMENT | DATE |
|-----|--------------------|------|
| 0 | ISSUED FOR COMMENT | |



Columbus House
Village Way
Cardiff
CF15 7NE
029 2036 8636

Centrix House
Crow Lane East
Newton Le Willows
WA12 9DY
01925 273222

enquiries@celtic-tech.co.uk
www.celtic-td.com

Client
Grundon Waste Management Services

Project
Banbury Gasworks

Title
Proposed Remedial Areas

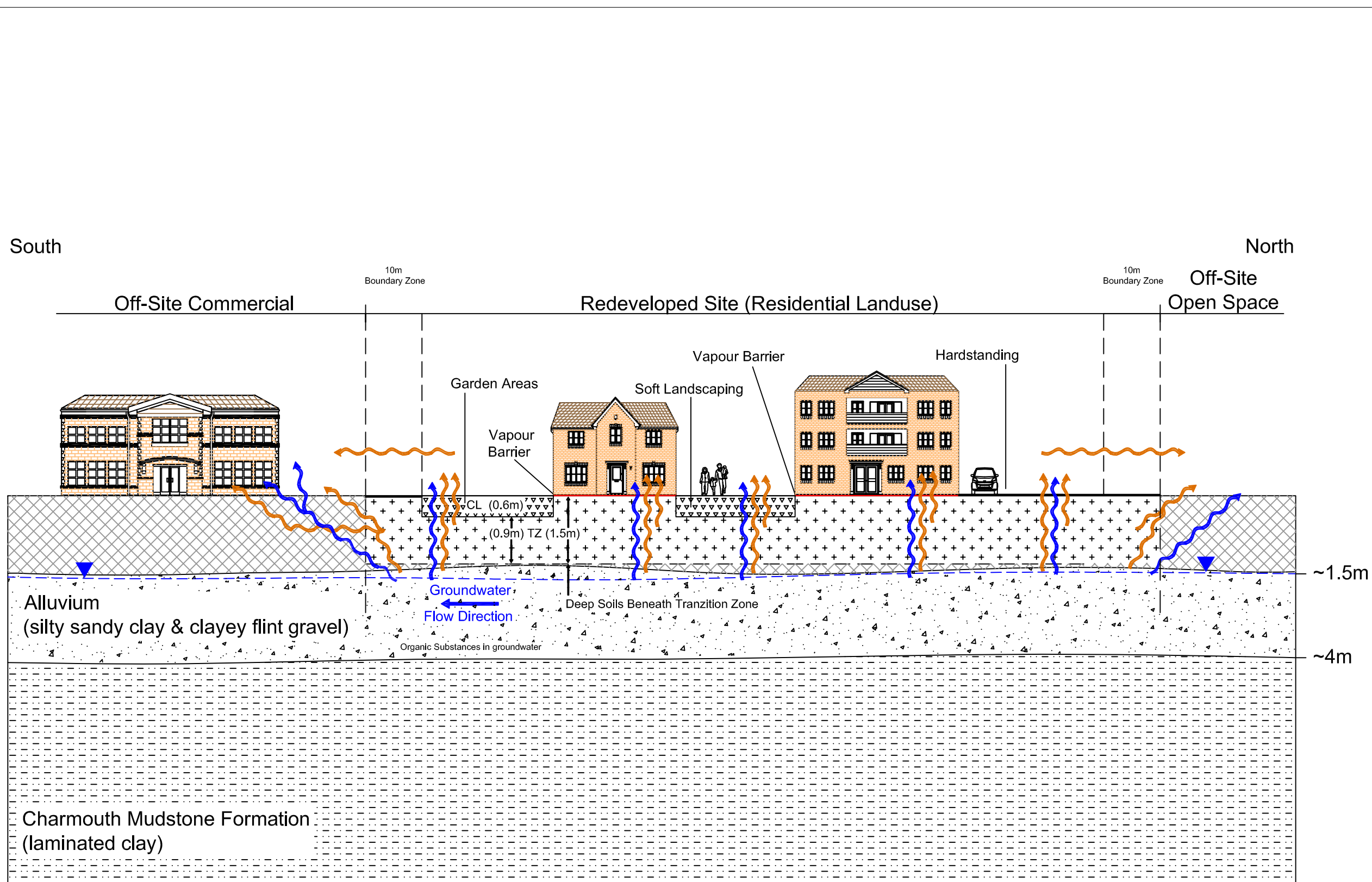
| Drawn by | Checked | Date | Authorised | Date |
|----------------|----------|----------|------------|------|
| GEP | NH | 26/04/12 | | |
| Original Scale | Date | Rev | Paper | |
| 1:1250 | 26/04/12 | 0 | A3 | |

Drawing Number
D1526/4293/A3





A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J



- Legend**
- Potential Soil Exposure Pathways
 - Potential Groundwater Exposure Pathways
 - Groundwater
 - Cover Layer Below Gardens & Soft Landscaping
 - Transition Zone
 - Made Ground (Inferred)

The conceptual site model is not to scale. All depths/thicknesses shown are inferred and not taken from actual site data.

| REV | COMMENT | DATE |
|-----|---------|------|
| | | |



Columbus House
Village Way
Cardiff
CF15 7NE
029 2036 8636

Conrix House
Crow Lane East
Newton Le Willows
WA12 9UY
01925 273222

enquiries@celtic-tech.co.uk
www.celtic-td.com

Client
Grundon Waste Management Services

Project
Banbury

Title
Conceptual Site Model

| Drawn by | Checked | Date | Authorised | Date |
|----------------|----------|------|------------|------|
| CT | NH | | | |
| Original Scale | Date | Rev | Paper | |
| NTS | 26/04/12 | 0 | A3 | |

Drawing Number
D1526/4293/A4

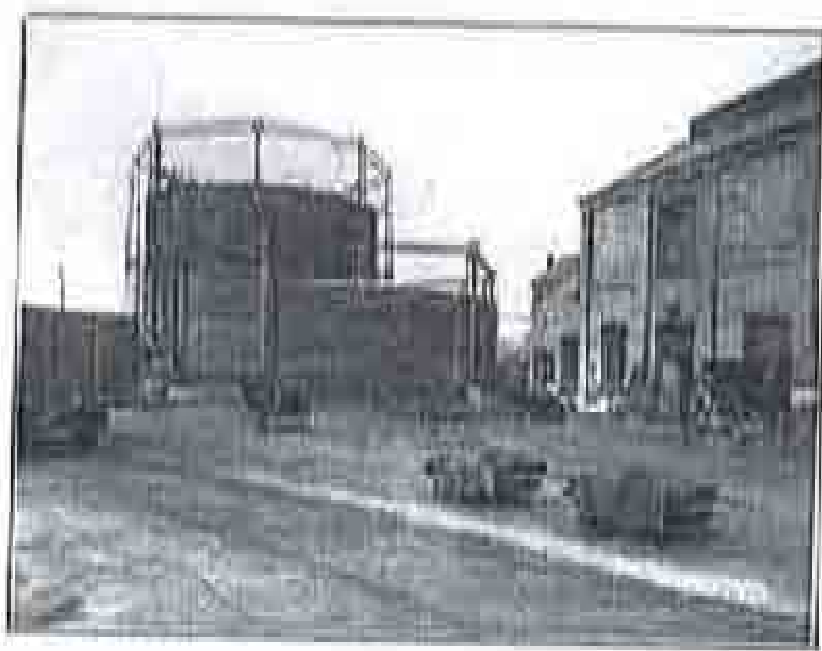
APPENDIX B Library Information

A HISTORY OF THE EARLY HISTORY
OF THE
BARRIX AND SILENT NORTH ARMS OF
HOLY CATHOLICITY

By
Geoffrey E. Harland
1906

THE CENTENARY
OF THE
BANBURY GAS
COMPANY
1833—1933

THE BANBURY GUARDIAN PRESS
1933



THREE LIFE HOLDERS WATER CAN BE LIFTED BEHIND
WATER GAS PLANT BURNING AND PAID.

In 1910 a single life holder was dismantled and replaced by a three life mechanical holder in the existing brick work, and two years later a further extension in the rotor house was made by the erection of a further three beds of eight inches each.

After prolonged negotiations it was decided to supply gas in bulk to the Addenbury works of the Counties Gas Company and steel main were laid from the Bursary Company's works to that point and a connecting main taken to King's Sutton. A Water heating plant was installed at the works capable of developing a pressure up to 100 lb. per sq. in., the necessary reduction being obtained at Addenbury and King's Sutton by Bryan Donkin's diaphragm governor.

THE BOMBING OF THE WORKS

One of the major tasks to be dealt with at the outbreak of World War II was to ensure that all blackout regulations were complied with.

During the war period carburetted water gas plant was operated only during day-time with one half-hourly shift, from 0600 hrs to 1800 hrs., but in the interim hours work had to continue as normal twenty four hours daily. To ensure that no light should be visible during the blackout period heavy tarpaulin curtains were fixed at each end of the retort house, and all coke quenching done inside. A man was stationed at the exit by the retort house to draw the curtains sufficiently to allow the stoker to pull his barrow load of quenched coke into the yard, and again to let him back in. This method was later improved upon with the fitting of a sliding door, but the openings through which the coal wagons were admitted were still protected by the tarpaulin curtains. The task of opening and shutting the retort house door was carried out by one of the fire-watch team, who was also responsible for manning the phone and patrolling the works. One man was on duty from 1800 hrs to midnight when he would go home, having been relieved by two men who would be responsible for air-raid precautions from midnight till 0600 hrs. During these hours one man would sleep whilst the other carried out his duties as he works changing over at 0400 hrs. (6)

Other precautions on the works included the placing of fire buckets containing sand, water and clay, and stirrup-pumps at strategic positions throughout the works. Stirrup-pumps, fire buckets and a number of bricks, slates, and steel plates were also placed on top of the holders. The buckets on the holder rows contained moist clay and were intended to seal any small holes caused by an air-raid. The clay would be placed around the hole and a slate or steel plate placed on top and weighed down by one or two of the bricks.

The man whose job it was to make a weekly check of fire fighting equipment also had the task of checking the holders every Friday to see that the clay in the buckets was kept moist and that the stirrup pump was in working order.

A beamless portable five-gallon fire-pump was purchased and the Company's lorry was loaded up at the end of each working day with all the necessary equipment to deal with damage to gas mains in the event of a raid during the night. Of course all this equipment had to be unloaded every morning to enable the lorry to be used for its normal duties of coke deliveries during the day.

All this period most lighting on the works was by gas, and in the event of an air raid warning at night the supply would be instantly turned off at the main tap at the meter in the engine room by the fire-watch man on duty at the time. The stokers would then have to ensure that all lamps were individually turned off. Hot water for the stokers' washrooms was provided by a primitive kind of gas geyser and following an air raid warning one night this geyser was overloaded with the result that when a stoker applied a match an explosion completely wrecked the geyser. The stoker luckily escaped with nothing more serious than a scalded hand.

The new purified building erected in 1936 was provided with electric lights, supplied by a latent vertical gas engine, but this system was not used during the war time period. One precaution that was not carried out at the outbreak of war, however, was the camouflaging of the holders and building but whether or not this would have prevented the damage which took place in October 1960 is debatable.

The raid occurred at 1625 hrs. on Thursday 3rd October. Ironically, the works had just been made spot and spot for a Director's inspection, and cleaning and tidying-up operations had occupied the whole of the previous week. The inspection had taken place at 1200 hrs on the day of the raid.

A total of fourteen 200 lb. bombs were dropped by a Douglas C-47 bomber during the raid; six bombs fell on the gas works and the remainder on the main 24 in. line and goods sheds, causing extensive damage and casualties. There were also casualties on the railway, six of which were fatal, including one who was hurt on the gas works. (V)

The first bomb to fall exploded in a field behind the 400,000 cubic feet holder. The other five bombs all hit the works, causing direct hits on two of the three main holders which were demolished, and on the building housing the coal-gas purifiers. A small brick-built building housing the three inlet valves to the holders was totally blown away although the valves themselves were undamaged. The remaining holder was holed by fragments of one of the bombs which fell on the railway and by debris blasted against its plates. There were twenty six holes in this holder and they were all spraying jets of flame about two feet long; some of these holes were large enough to insert a man's fist.

The total destruction of the 400,000 and 100,000 cubic feet holders by the bombs which burst inside them deprived the Company of 51 per cent of its effective gas storage capacity while 40% of the purification plant was definitely put out of action and most of the remaining purifying boxes were damaged. The acids inside the houses burst furiously for about two hours, giving off poisonous fumes.

Mr Day and his staff immediately took steps to save as much of the plant as possible from further destruction or damage by fire and water. One and a quarter million gallons of water were released in a few seconds by the bursting of the tank of the 400,000 cubic feet holder, flooding the works to a depth of almost two feet and dousing the furnaces in the retort house cellar. Gas to the incinerators was cut off and other vital precautions taken under the manager's directions. The retorts were in full production and it was fortunate that the bomb damage there was confined to the roof and windows, though there was considerable danger from the crude gas which was burning with blazing flames that leaped through the damaged retort house roof. The fires here continued until the evening when the retorts were shut down. Gas making had to cease until the one remaining holder could be made gas-tight and the mains from the works to the town repaired. The effect in the town of the damage to the gas works was immediate as all supply ceased (W/C) The destruction of the mains in the roadway in front of the manager's house and offices by the last bomb of the six directed at the works.

The manager's house and offices sustained considerable damage from blast and flying debris from the works and railway. All the windows and doors at the rear of the building were blown in and the front windows of the house were also smashed. The manager's office, in which he was working at the time of the raid, was practically turned inside out and a heavy roll-top desk was thrown from one side of the room to the other, being smashed in the process. Mr and Mrs Day and the members of the office staff were remarkably fortunate in escaping injury.

By working day and night in repairing and re-wiring parts of the plant, the supply of gas was restored to the town in six days and the rebuilding of damaged buildings proceeded with great speed. At a directors meeting held on 23rd January 1940 the damage caused by the air raid was assessed and the cost of repairs to buildings and plant was estimated at £16,348. It was feared, however, that the Board of Trade would not grant permits for the steel needed to reconstruct the 400,000 cubic feet holder.

By April 1941 the 100,000 cubic feet single-loft holder had been completely repaired but work on the 400,000 cubic foot holder was further curtailed owing to labour shortages. This holder was eventually ready for service in December 1941, the tank filled with water and the holder purged with gas.

The firm also set the water supply and opened the works drainage system, which had never been one hundred per cent efficient at the best of times. Extensive modifications to this system were carried out following the said but occasional problems still arose, due mainly to the partial blocking of the culvert under the railway by rubbish washed through by water from the ruptured holder tank. This culvert carried all the works water from the works into the river and was now often silted across the railway lines to ensure that the outlet was clear.

In March 1941 the holders were belatedly camouflaged. The purification plant had been fully restored and all exposed pipe work and auxiliary equipment around the making and scrubbing plant, that might be vulnerable to blast should a further raid occur, was protected by sandbags. One or two minor raids took place in and around Banbury during 1940 and 1941 but no serious damage was done and no further raid took place on the gasworks.

The stoking machine, which had been in service since 1933 was a cause for concern as it was frequently breaking down. Parts were extensively used to obtain and when such break-downs occurred hand-charging of the retorts had to be resorted to. This method of operating 'through' retorts was, of course entirely unsatisfactory and it was obvious that the purchase of a new machine would have to be considered. The directors discussed the problem at some length and considered the cost of a new machine too high. A second-hand machine was unobtainable at the time and nothing further was done, the Company deciding to carry on as best it could for the time being.

Further problems arose due to faults in the steam raising plant and on a number of occasions a portable tank locomotive had to be hired from the G V E to supplement the works steam supply. A fireman was also sent with the locomotive and the total hire cost was £2 per day. On subsequent occasions a very similar locomotive of the same type, but with all the motion removed, was made available by the G V E. This engine had been specially converted for use as a stationary boiler and was found round in the works where it was positioned on the siding at the east of the boiler house. The operation and daily maintenance of this 'locomotive' was carried out by a gas company workman.

There was a period during 1943 and 1944 when both German and Italian Prisoners of War were employed at the Banbury Gasworks. They were put to work on unloading coal and emptying and filling purifier boxes. On the whole, they were reasonably well behaved, and there was only one disturbing incident, when some Germans refused to work in the purifiers. Apparently there had been some trouble with them in their camp at Heddesley on the previous night and as punishment their rubber boots, which they had been provided with for work in the purifier boxes, had been taken away. On arrival at the gasworks they flatly refused to carry out the work allotted to them. This was perhaps not entirely unreasonable as work in the purifiers was rather unpleasant and the sludge used as a purifying agent quickly rotted normal foot wear. However, the authorities of the Heddesley P O Camp had to be notified and guards were dispatched with a lorry to pick up the unruly P O's. They were returned to Heddesley and that particular party were never employed at the gasworks again. (B)

1945 saw the end of hostilities in Europe and soon after D Day in June 1945, war-time restrictions were eased on the works. Black-out regulations were lifted and the G V E Plant resumed the three-shift system. The holders were repainted, the camouflage paint being replaced with battleship grey.

The Archaeology of The Gas Industry
LA and Around London

Chapter III

Building Gas Works

The BRIDGE STREET WORKS.

There are no surviving official Gas Company plans of the Bridge Street works, and the only map showing the works at all is one dated 1810, (1) which coincides with the G.S. 1/500 Plan (Plan's Edition) 1001, however, it will be noted that the Gas Works, erected between 1875 and 1876, as shown on the 1876 map, (Fig. 1) does not conform to the actual position in the old Stone Yard.

The premises formed part of the buildings which lay at an angle of 30 degrees to Bridge Street, and which between 1857 and 1859 were occupied by John Bayford & Son, Coal, and Hay Dealers. (2) This part of the premises was later acquired by the old Gasworks Corporation and used as part of their stores and installations. The portion of the buildings nearest to Bridge Street were taken over during the 1930's by Messrs. P.G. White, Patent Engineers. The premises then being known as the Station Garage and Motor Works. (3) These buildings, which undoubtedly originally comprised the whole of the first Gasworks premises, are shown in more detail in the copy of the G.S. 1/500 Plan of 1871. (Fig. 2)

Number of alterations and extensions to plant and buildings were carried out between 1875 and 1876, but the stated area of the buildings in Fig. 2 may well conform to the extent of the buildings referred to as the 'Gas Works' depicted on the 1876 map. Alterations and additions of recent years have, unfortunately, obscured much of the detail of the original buildings, but careful observations reveal differences in brickwork indicating the earlier additions, but features that might identify the building's former use as a gasworks can no longer be found.

There are no records as to the number of retorts initially installed at this works, nor is there any detail of where plant, apart from the gasometer installed in 1855. It may well be that the furnishing plant initially installed comprised one lot of three or four iron retorts, capable of producing sufficient gas for say, two to three hundred burners with connecting system. If such fact was true. It is also possible that the plant at this time was only in production during the daytime, enough gas being stored in the holder for use during the night.

It has been recorded in Part One that the construction of the works was an extremely slow process, and that the Gas Company had been hard pressed to provide enough gas for their official commencement of supply planned for March 1854. Yet the Company's records do not state the number of retorts capable of being put into commission at this date. It is conceivable that at least two or more lots of four or five retorts could have been installed by this date, although the problems referred to elsewhere, may infer that only about half of the furnishing plant was fully operational at any one time.

The exact number of iron retorts purchased from, and installed by James Gardner, of Leamery, is not recorded at this time, but assuming that by the end of 1854 there were ten retorts in use; the annual make of gas would have been in the region of 5,000,000 cubic feet.

Following the successful installation of six retorts in 1945, more were added, and by 1948 there were two beds of three. Each retort was of 3 - meter, it looked in width by 12 inches in height, and 7 feet in length.

The retort house was enlarged in 1952, but again, it is not known how many retorts were added. It can only be surmised that the additional plant at this point comprised the original bed, or beds, of iron retorts of 7 feet in length by 14 in. by 12 in., the two original beds of clay retorts, and perhaps a further two beds of five retorts in the new section of the retort house. It is even possible that one of the original sections of iron retorts was reconstructed to accommodate four or more clay retorts, and used for experimental purposes. (4)

Details of the auxiliary plant at Bridge Street are also unknown, but there may well have been a small reactor installed in later years, and it is almost certain that when clay retorts were employed an oxidizing agent would have been purchased. (5) The retort was a machine used to draw gas from the retorts as fast as it was made. There is no evidence of any oxidizing plant at this works, so any machinery such as a reactor or oxidizer would have been powered by gas engines.

The original buildings utilized as retorts in Figs. 12 were 25 feet in width and approx. 100 feet in length. The position of the buildings that was the retort house may have been about 70 to 75 feet in length, assuming that there was originally only one bed of retorts. Typical retort houses for small works of that period would be 25 to 30 feet in width, which allowing 12 feet or so for the width of the retort plant and the space normally left between it, and the wall, whether with the multiplication left 10 to 15 feet clear between spaces.

To retain iron laid down as to dimensions of retort houses, which was providing a proper working space for the boiler with the retort but this was required to be at least, one half way that the length of the retort. There may have been just enough room in the original retort house for an additional bed, but it is more obvious that the extra retorts installed in later years would have required the whole 100 feet of the original buildings. Coal would have been off-loaded from the narrow gauge onto the wharf and stacked into the retort house as required. There are indications in the wall alongside the canal that there had been a form of landing stage, suggesting that some may have been used in the mid of the retort house for a small coal store in later years.

Once gas was left the hydraulic tank from the retorts, had a temperature of 150° - 160° F., and this had to be reduced to 50° - 60° F. and a certain amount of low oil acid oil, before the gas was allowed to enter the purification plant.

This operation was effected in apparatus known as the condenser, of which there were a number of types. The type of condenser originally installed at the Bridge Street Works may have been the atmospheric, comprising a cast-iron boiler box with eight three-inch pipes, each nine feet high, connected to each other at their tops by arch-pipes. (Fig. 13) These condensers could undoubtedly have replaced, or added to in later years by a bed and comprising twenty five-inch pipes. Other essential apparatus for the removal of tar and solvent included the washer and scrubber. A washer was a cast-iron rectangular vessel containing a number of trays over which the gas flowed, tar and solvent being run off from the bottom of the vessel. It is not known whether there was a washer installed initially at the Bridge Street Works, but it is possible that the bottom-tray of the condenser may have been adapted to serve as a washer as was the practice in some installations.

The original structure at this point may have been quite small, and comprised a cast-iron cylindrical chamber with some feet in diameter by some feet in height, inside which would have been the mass of cast-iron girders on which could be placed layers of coke or charcoal through which the gas was passed. (Fig. 5)

On leaving the structure the gas next entered the purifiers, where the surplus gas of the carbonic acid and unburnt hydrogen were removed. Purifier boxes were rectangular cast-iron vessels filled with wooden slates or grids on which dry lime or oxide of iron was placed, and through which the gas was passed. The type of purifier boxes used at Bridge Street, probably the in common, would have been of the water-cooled type. (Fig. 6) The top of the boxes were sealed by water in a trough running around the top of the boxes, & lifting coverings would have been provided, with chain slides, for removing the lime.

As these buildings are shown in the Stone Yard, other than the approaches and holder, on the 1858 map. On the O.S. 1/2500 Plan of 1881 however, there are a number of buildings arranged around the wharf, including a weighbridge and office. There is also an extension about 30 feet by 15 feet to the north-west side of the main building, which may have been the new coal store that was erected in 1853. The other buildings shown include one on the S.W. side of the wharf, situated on the canal, approx. 30 feet by 15 feet; and a long narrow erection running the length of the face of the premises in Bridge Street, which included the weighbridge office.

All the buildings referred to are indicated as being operational, the one situated the most way have been the purifying shed and lime store. The end of the main building nearest Bridge Street is clearly a later addition and may have formed part of the extension of 1853 - 55. This could have housed the auctioneer and auction room. The auctioneer would have been capable of passing parties about 1,500 cubic feet of gas per hour; a suitable governor may not have been installed until after the new gasholder was erected in 1850. Pressure on the stand prior to this date being controlled by the weight of the holder ball, and by adding or removing weights on the supporting chains.

The Gas Company records make no reference to a weighbridge in their extension, but it seems possible that one would have been installed, and subsequently used by the Darfords in connection with their coal and iron business. As already stated though, the buildings around the gasworks yard, as shown on the O.S. 1/2500 1881 Plan, may or may not have housed some of the plant referred to above, but there are no plans on the site today which can confirm this, as the buildings have long since been demolished. Perhaps the future developments planned for this area of the town, involving necessary excavations, may bring something to light.

The original gasholder installed by Barlow in 1833 appears to have been an extremely crude affair, but the statement in the Gas Company's records that the internal framework was of wood seems hardly likely, and the reference may have been to the outside framing. The records also state that the crown of the holder was also of wood, but subsequently covered with zinc.

Fig. 7 illustrates a typical gasholder of the counter-balance type with wrought-iron braced columns and struts. The holder at Bridge Street would have been similar, but with the side-framing probably comprising three wooden columns approx. 18 feet in height with wooden beams connecting their tops. The one 17,000 cubic feet capacity holder installed in the existing yard in 1850 would have been of the same character as the old one, but it is almost certain that the brick tank would have had to be made deeper,

The boiler is thought to have been about 22 feet in diameter by 25 feet in height at the crown. The brick bed would have been approx. 26 feet deep. The approximate capacity of the boiler was 12,000 cubic feet. It is recalled that the vertical tube-forming was patented in 1881 with some variation of all horizontal plates. The new boiler would have been constructed of diaphragm plates on a strong internal lap or steel framework.

Fig. 2, shows a typical arrangement of a setting of these refractories, the construction of which would have been similar to the case of either brick or clay refractories. These, the principal of settings, were adopted during very young on the coal successful and economical. Had the importance of the refractory been appreciated earlier however, these settings could have been utilized to a much higher degree and numerous quantities of coke would have been saved which were permitted to flow away uselessly in the furnace form.

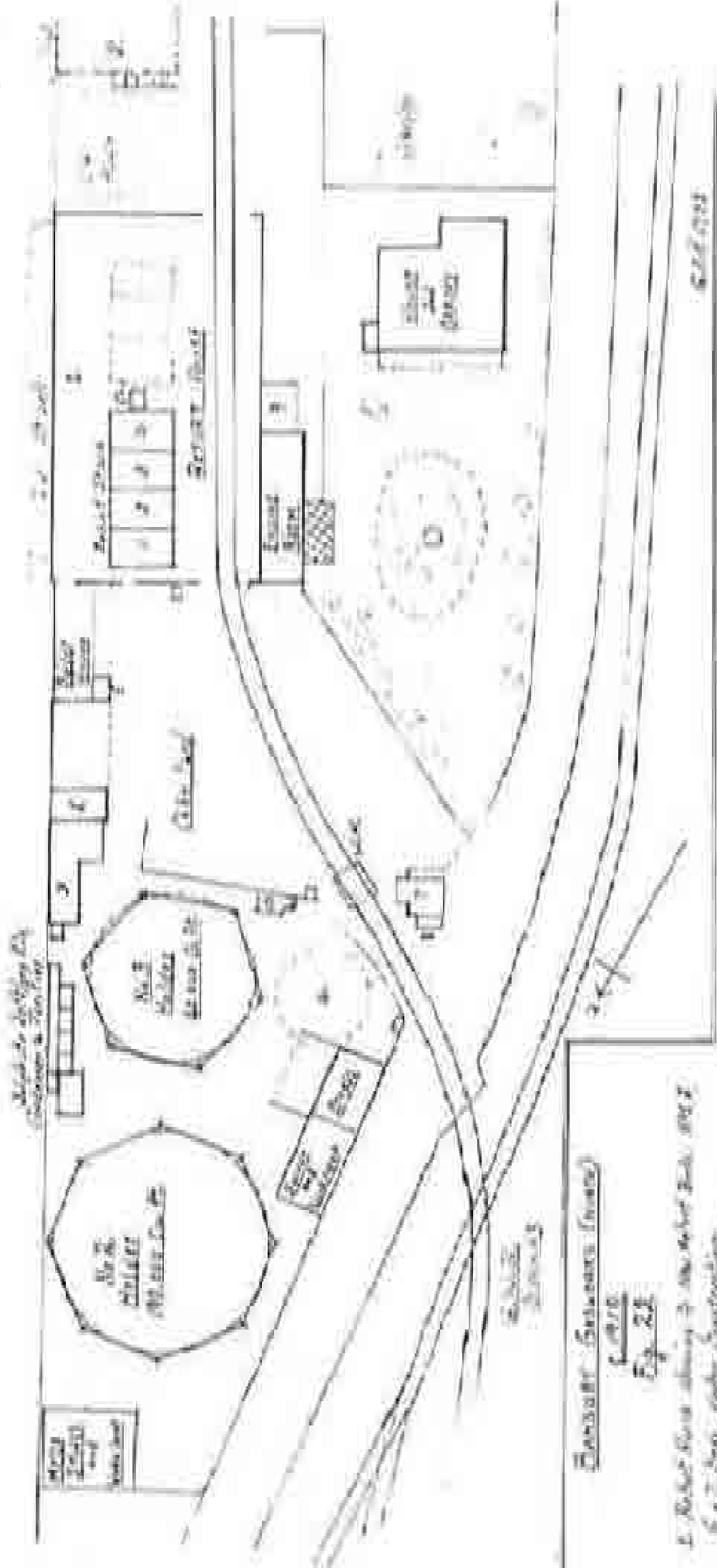
The type of setting illustrated would be similar to those employed at Bridge Street in 1833, and were of the open hearth type. Later settings were more complex with larger furnaces, and were known as regenerative settings. In the early days, coal was fed as a fuel and fed to the furnace through the fire door below the refractory. In later years coke was used as a fuel and fed direct from the refractory. (a) Gas passed from the refractory up the chimney pipes into the hydraulic main which would have been perhaps 10 inches in diameter, but in later settings employing clay refractories, 14 to 15 inches in diameter, gas passed from the hydraulic main via a pipe known as the fuel main, thence to the condenser etc.

The insufficient supply and pressure of gas on the district, suffered from the Bridge Street works, coupled with other problems including the pollution referred to earlier, that led to the agitation by leading inhabitants of Tameside for the erection of a new up-to-date works - on a new site; subsequently brought about the closure of the works in favour of a new one erected in Dringworth between 1904 and 1906.

Plates 1, 2, 3, show sections and sections elevations of the building possibly erected in 1852 or 1853 as part of the Gas Company's extension, and which during the 1920's was occupied by Messrs. A.O. Frith, Water Engineers. Much of the details of the earlier building have been hidden by modern extensions.

Plate 4, is a view of the old Gas Works, looking towards the canal. The buildings on the canal-side and along the rear of the Bridge Street premises (extreme right of the photograph), as shown on the O.S. 1/100 (N11 Plan) have long since been demolished. The wing of the eastern side of the old chimney building is taken from the north-east corner of the street.

Plate 5, The area of concrete in the foreground marks the site of a building which was erected in the early 1890's, and which is shown on the O.S. 1/100 1922 Map. Plate 6, is a view of the western side of the gas-works building in the old Corporation Yard.



ANSWER: See above (same)

1910
Pg. 21

1. Road runs along 3rd Street to the north.
2. No. 1 Mess Hall, under construction.
3. End of the Barracks (1st Street).
4. Location of the Barracks (1st Street).
5. Location of the Barracks (1st Street).
6. Location of the Barracks (1st Street).
7. Location of the Barracks (1st Street).
8. Location of the Barracks (1st Street).
9. Location of the Barracks (1st Street).
10. Location of the Barracks (1st Street).

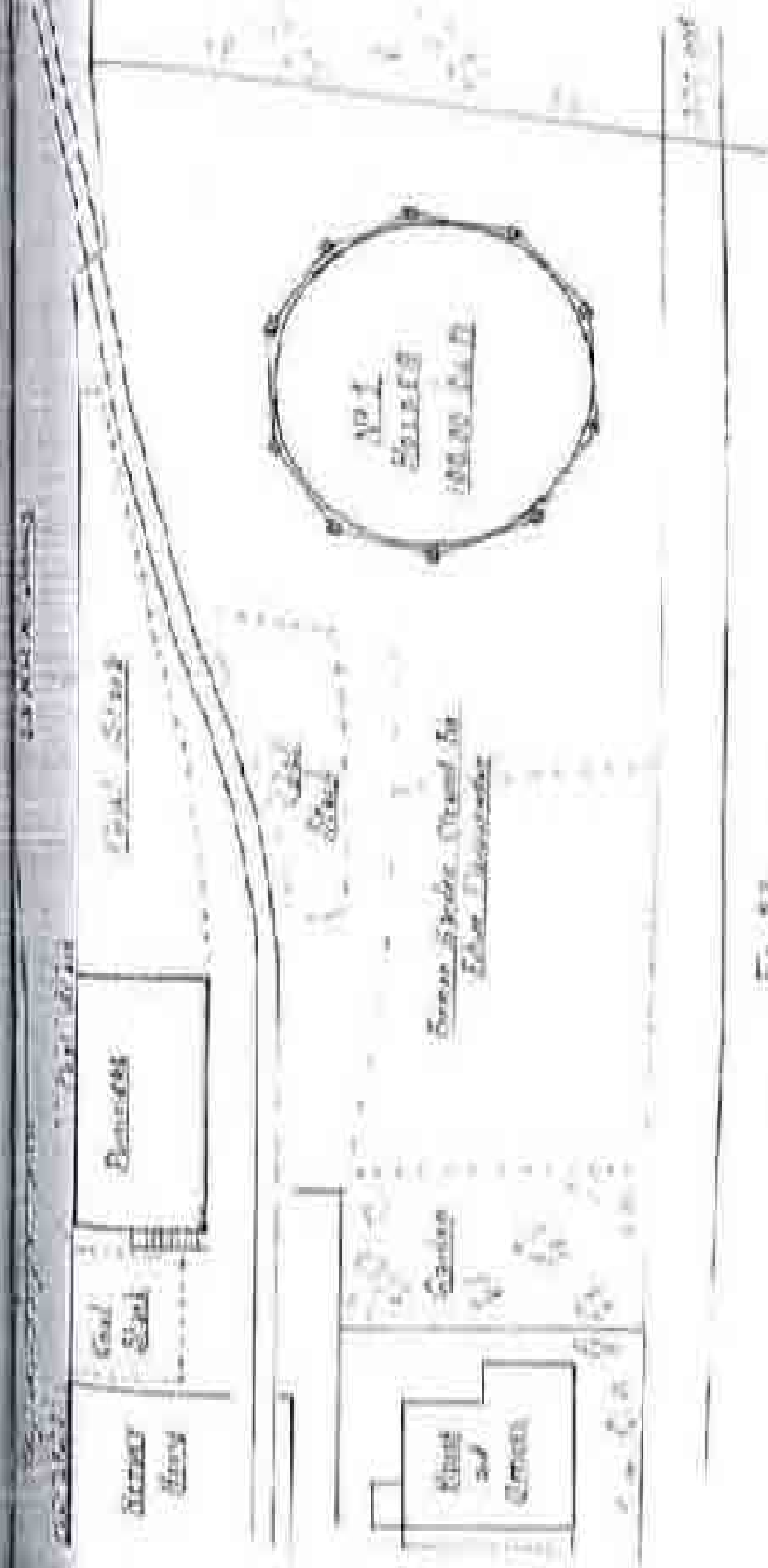


Fig. 13
 Baseline Farmstead (Home)
 1880

1880 ————— 1900

The original Coal Shed, Barn, etc. was located in 1880 on the
 southeast corner. The new location marked on part of
 the early map. Remains of the Coal Shed destroyed
 about the 1880s.

Fig. 24.

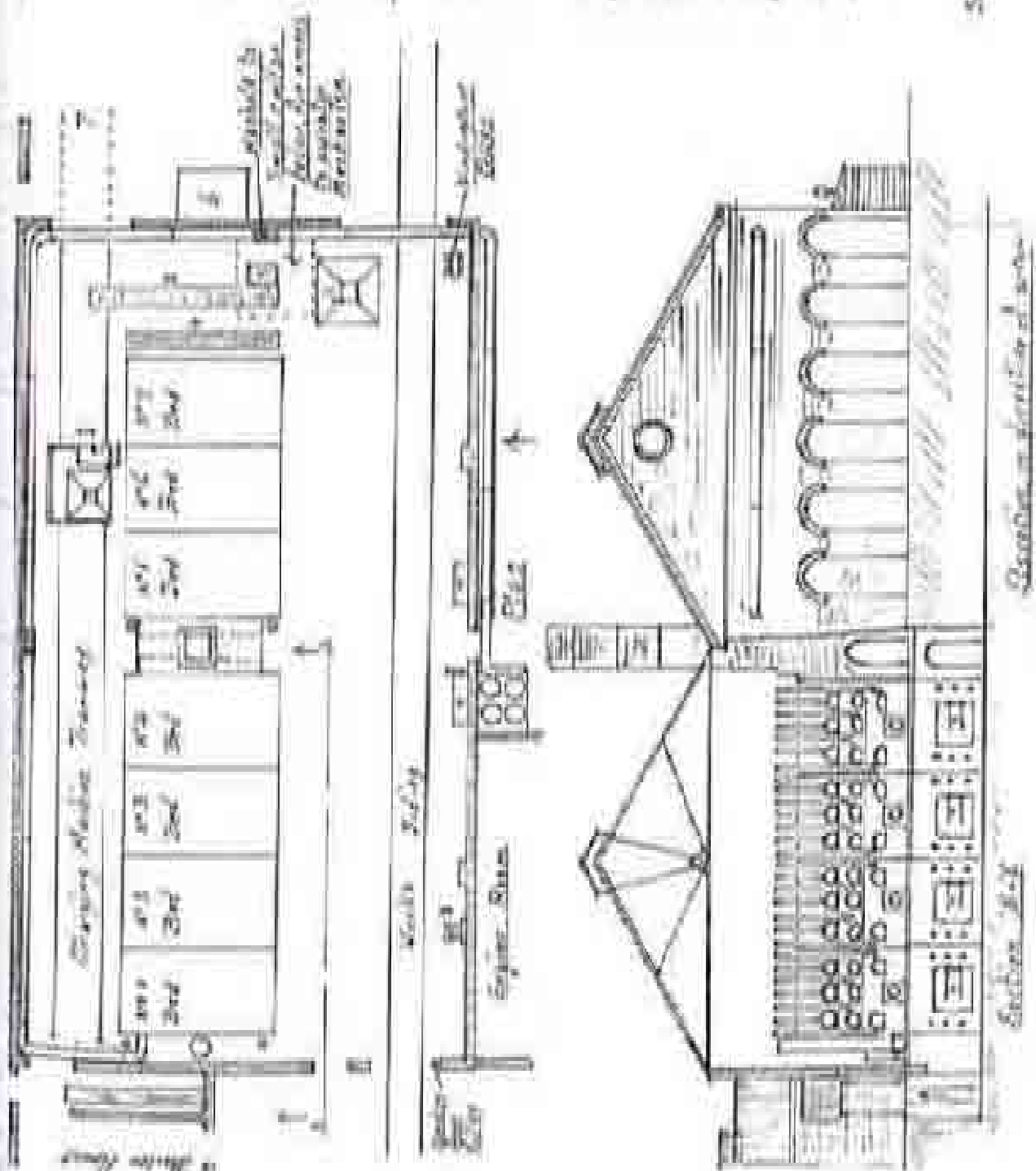
Barnum, Webster, & Smith, Architects
1940's

1. Electric Airbrake Multiple-Unit Staging Machine (Patented 1888)
2. Coal Bin
3. Environment Coal Types Coal Staging Machine (included here)
4. Pattern (only which grouping has not been found for use for maintenance)
5. Set of 1000 Lumber Staging
6. Set of 1000 Lumber Staging
7. Tramway (included in other to show old staging machine following process of new one)
8. Stone Staging (incl. Coal Staging) of 1890's

The section 24 shows both staging from 1890's & 1940's and coal. Staging and other from 1890's was selected as plant exhibits by the Lumber Co. The rail car was 10 feet long by 8 feet wide and mounted on small wheels which to be used for cars and horses.

2-0-0-0-0

Scale: 1" = 8' feet



Section in direction of arrow



Fig. 27

General Remarks (General)

1. Cold Storage House & Cattle Feed
2. Sulphate Plant (Dumfries)
3. Cold Storage Plant (Dumfries, 1888)
- 4-8. Various Wells
6. Milk House (1888)
7. General Store
8. General Store (1888)
9. Garage
10. Farming Tools
11. Riding and other Building (1888)
12. Exhibition Room (1888)
13. Milk House (1888)
14. Stable at East End (1888)

15. Cold Storage (1888)
16. Riding and other Building (1888)
17. Exhibition Room (1888)

APPENDIX C

- C1 Borehole Logs**
- C2 Trial Pit Logs**
- C3 Trial Pit Photographs**

Date: 30 Apr 2012

Easting: 446405.000

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240218.300

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury


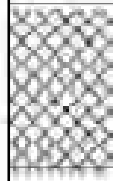
Method: HD

Datum: 89.866m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position:

| WATER | | WELL | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | |
|--------------|---|---------|-------------|------------------|--|--------------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 |  | | D | BH101 / 0.50m | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 0.12 |  | 89.746 |
| 0.70m | | | | | MADE GROUND: firm dark grey / black slightly clayey slightly sandy gravelly SILT with extensive orange mottling. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to sub rounded of red brick, ash and clinker. Moderate Hydrocarbon/ Solvent odour throughout. Fragment of concrete pipe encountered (not connected). | 1.20 | | 88.666 |
| 1 | | | | | End of Borehole | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | |

Comments: Steel pipe encountered within hand dug inspection pit at 1.20m (approximately 8 diameter). Borehole terminated and relocated (refer to BH101a)

Date: 30 Apr 2012

Easting: 446406.200

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240217.700

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury



Method: CP+RC

Datum: 89.882m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position: 3.00 - 4.50m

| WATER | | WELL | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | |
|---|----------------|---------|-------------|------------------|--|--------------------|--|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
|  | | | D | BH101A / 1.10m | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 0.12 |  | 89.762 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: medium dense dark grey / black slightly silty sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to angular of ash, clinker and red brick. Occasional cobbles of ash. | 0.35 | | 89.532 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: stiff medium grey slightly sandy friable SILT with extensive orange mottling. | 0.70 | | 89.182 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: loose black fine GRAVEL of ash and clinker. Becoming moist/ wet below 0.7 m. | 0.75 | | 89.132 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: stiff medium grey slightly sandy friable SILT with extensive orange mottling. | 0.90 | | 88.982 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: firm green grey slightly clayey SILT. | 1.50 | | 88.382 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: soft to firm dark grey black slightly clayey gravelly SILT. Extensive hydrocarbon staining throughout. | 2.30 | | 87.582 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: loose to medium dense orange grey slightly sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is medium to coarse sub angular to sub rounded. | 2.50 | | 87.382 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: black SILT. | 2.70 | | 87.182 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: firm to stiff medium grey brown gravelly CLAY with extensive orange mottling. | 3.60 | | 86.282 |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: Dark grey black slightly sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is fine to coarse sub rounded to rounded. Extensive hydrocarbon staining throughout. | 3.90 | | 85.982 |
| | | | | | D | BH101A / 2.00m | | |
| D | BH101A / 3.90m | | | | | | | |
| D | BH101A / 5.60m | | | | | | | |
| D | BH101A / 8.80m | | | | | | | |

Continued next sheet

Comments: Hand dug inspection pit excavated to 1.20m

Date: 30 Apr 2012

Easting: 446406.200

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240217.700

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury


Method: CP+RC

Datum: 89.882m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position: 3.00 - 4.50m

| WATER | WELL | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | |  | |
| | | | | | End of Borehole | 10.30 | | 79.582 |
| 9 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | | | | |

Comments:

Date: 1 May 2012

Easting: 446427.800

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240192.400

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury



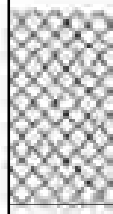
Method: CP+RC

Datum: 89.505m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position:

| WATER | | WELL | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | |
|--|---|---------|-------------|------------------|--|--------------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
|  0.80m 0.50m |  | | D | BH102 / 0.50m | MADE GROUND: loose orange gravelly SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse sub rounded to rounded. | |  | |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 1.30 | | 88.205 |
| | | | | | End of Borehole | 1.65 | | 87.855 |
| 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | |

Comments: Hand dug inspection pit excavated to 1.20m. Obstruction encountered at 1.30m. Rotary cored to 1.65m but could not pass obstruction. Borehole terminated

Date: 2 May 2012

Easting: 446455.900

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240151.800

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury

Method: CP+RC

Datum: 90.011m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position: 1.30 - 4.30m

| WATER | | WELL | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | |
|--------------|-----------|---------|-------------|------------------|--|--------------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 0.16 | | 89.851 |
| | | | D | BH103 / 0.50m | MADE GROUND: dark grey / black sandy gravelly SILT. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to angular of brick. | 0.35 | | 89.661 |
| | | | D | BH103 / 1.20m | MADE GROUND: medium dense orange brown slightly gravelly SAND. | 0.70 | | 89.311 |
| | | | D | BH103 / 1.90m | MADE GROUND: orange brown clayey slightly sandy SILT with orange / red mottling. | 1.10 | | 88.911 |
| | | | D | BH103 / 1.90m | Firm grey / black organic SILT. Pockets of black silt throughout. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 1.60 | | 88.411 |
| | | | D | BH103 / 3.10m | Medium dense orange brown slightly gravelly slightly silty SAND. Gravel is medium to coarse sub rounded to rounded. | 2.90 | | 87.111 |
| | | | D | BH103 / 3.70m | Dense orange brown sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to rounded. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | 3.90 | | 86.111 |
| | | | D | BH103 / 4.60m | Medium dense grey brown slightly clayey sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to rounded. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | 4.20 | | 85.811 |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | | | |
| | | | | | Becoming stiff to very stiff with rare bivalve fossils. | | | |
| | | | D | BH103 / 7.50m | | | | |

Continued next sheet

Comments: Hand dug inspection pit excavated to 1.30m

Date: 2 May 2012

Easting: 446455.900

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240151.800

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury


Method: CP+RC

Datum: 90.011m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

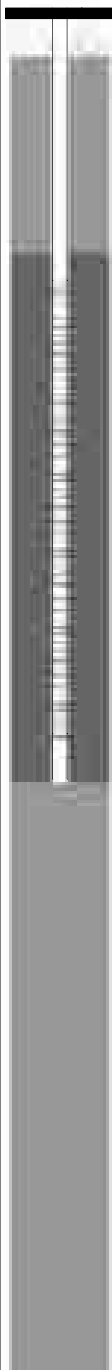

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position: 1.30 - 4.30m

| WATER | WELL | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | |  | |
| | | | | | End of Borehole | 10.05 | | 79.961 |
| 9 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | | | | |

Comments:

Date: 2 May 2012 Easting: 446504.900
 Project No: C1526 Engineer: Neil Hopkins Northing: 240186.400
 Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury Method: CP+RC Datum: 90.754m
 Client: Grundon Waste Management Hole Diameter: Screen Position: 1.80 - 4.80m

| WATER | | WELL | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---------|-------------|------------------|---|--------------------|--|---------------|--|--------|--------|--------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) | | | | |
| 0.30m |  | | D | BH104 / 0.40m | MADE GROUND: medium to dark brown silty sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to sub rounded of brick, tarmac, concrete and metal. | 0.30 |  | 90.454 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 0.65 | 90.104 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 0.80 | 89.954 | |
| | | | | | | | | BH104 / 1.30m | MADE GROUND: dense orange brown clayey sandy GRAVEL. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | MADE GROUND: loose orange brown gravelly SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to rounded. Occasionally fine to medium gravel of brick. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | BH104 / 2.50m | Firm medium to dark grey slightly organic SILT. Decomposing organic odour | 2.40 | | 88.354 |
| | | | | | | | | | Soft to firm dark grey slightly gravelly sandy SILT with extensive black mottling. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 3.05 | | 87.704 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 3.25 | | 87.504 |
| | | | | | | | | BH104 / 3.50m | Loose dark grey / black slightly silty SAND. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | BH104 / 3.80m | Loose orange brown silty slightly gravelly SAND. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | 3.70 | | 87.054 |
| | | | | | | | | | Loose orange brown silty slightly gravelly SAND. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | 3.95 | | 86.804 |
| | | | | | | | | | Loose dark grey / black SAND and GRAVEL. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 4.15 | | 86.604 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 4.30 | | 86.454 |
| | | | | | | | | | Loose medium brown slightly gravelly silty SAND with pockets of black silt. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. Becoming gravelly. | 4.80 | | 85.954 |
| | | | | | | 5.15 | | 85.604 | | | | |
| | | | | BH104 / 6.10m | Medium orange brown slightly sandy slightly organic SILT with occasional pockets of black silt. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Orange brown silty GRAVEL with extensive black staining. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff grey brown slightly gravelly CLAY. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | BH104 / 8.70m | | | | | | | | |

Continued next sheet

Comments: Hand dug inspection pit excavated to 1.40m

Date: 2 May 2012

Easting: 446504.900

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240186.400

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury


Method: CP+RC

Datum: 90.754m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position: 1.80 - 4.80m

| WATER | WELL | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | |  | |
| | | | | | End of Borehole | 10.30 | | 80.454 |
| 9 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | | | | |

Comments:

Date: 3 May 2012

Easting: 446498.500

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240232.100

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury

Method: CP+RC

Datum: 90.685m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

Hole Diameter:

Screen Position: 2.60 - 4.90m

| WATER | | WELL | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | |
|--------------|-----------|---------|-------------|------------------|---|--------------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | | | | | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 0.13 | | 90.555 |
| | | | D | BH105 / 0.50m | MADE GROUND: black slightly sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is fine to medium angular to sub angular ash and clinker. Abundant fragments of metal and brick. | 0.50 | | 90.185 |
| | | | D | BH105 / 1.30m | MADE GROUND: dark grey/ black slightly sandy slightly gravelly SILT. Occasional gravel and cobbles of brick. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 0.80 | | 89.885 |
| | | | D | BH105 / 2.20m | Light orange brown SILT with extensive orange mottling. | 1.95 | | 88.735 |
| | | | D | BH105 / 2.70m | Soft to firm green grey organic SILT. | 2.50 | | 88.185 |
| | | | | | Loose orange brown silty gravelly SAND with grey mottling. | | | |
| | | | | | Medium dense orange brown sandy GRAVEL. | 4.00 | | 86.685 |
| | | | D | BH105 / 4.60m | Medium dense orange brown sandy GRAVEL with frequent rounded cobbles. | 4.40 | | 86.285 |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | 4.85 | | 85.835 |

Continued next sheet

Comments: Hand dug inspection pit excavated to 1.40m

Date: 3 May 2012

Easting: 446498.500

Project No: C1526

Engineer: Neil Hopkins

Northing: 240232.100

Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury


Method: CP+RC

Datum: 90.685m

Client: Grundon Waste Management

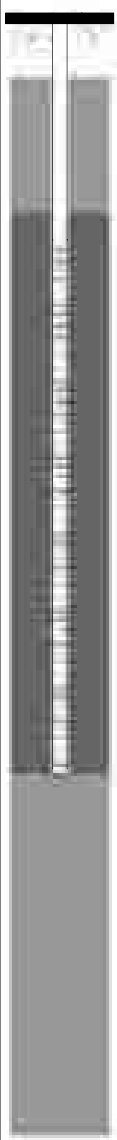
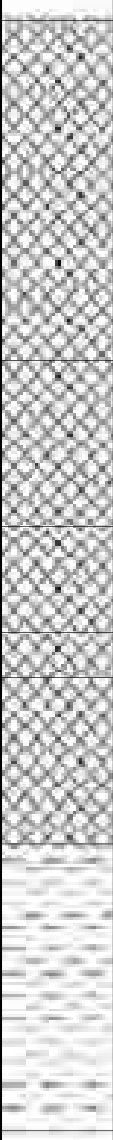
Hole Diameter:

Screen Position: 2.60 - 4.90m

| WATER | WELL | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | | | | | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | |  | |
| | | | | | End of Borehole | 10.40 | | 80.285 |
| 9 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | | | | |

Comments:

| | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Project No: C1526 | Date: 4 May 2012 | Easting: 446408.600 |
| Site Location: Merton Street Depot, Banbury | Engineer: Neil Hopkins | Northing: 240251.600 |
| Client: Grundon Waste Management | Method: CP+RC | Datum: 90.907m |
| | Hole Diameter: | Screen Position: 1.50 - 5.00m |

| WATER | | WELL | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | |
|--------------|--|---------|-------------|------------------|---|--------------------|--|---------------|
| Water Strike | Well Data | N Value | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| |  | | D | BH106 / 0.50m | MADE GROUND: coarse multi-coloured landscaping GRAVEL. | 0.05 |  | 90.857 |
| 1.00m | | | D | BH106 / 2.30m | MADE GROUND: loose grey black gravelly SILT. Gravel is fine to coarse angular to sub rounded of brick, glass, ash, clinker, ceramic, metal and plastic. | 2.30 | | 88.607 |
| 2.00m | | | D | BH106 / 3.50m | MADE GROUND: firm green grey SILT. | 3.40 | | 87.507 |
| 3.00m | | | D | BH106 / 4.20m | MADE GROUND: firm green grey SILT. | 4.10 | | 86.807 |
| 4.00m | | | D | BH106 / 4.70m | MADE GROUND: firm green grey SILT. | 4.40 | | 86.507 |
| 5.00m | | | D | BH106 / 5.70m | Firm to stiff medium grey CLAY. | 5.50 | | 85.407 |
| 6.00m | | | | | End of Borehole | 7.40 | | 83.507 |
| 7.00m | | | | | | | | |
| 8.00m | | | | | | | | |
| 9.00m | | | | | | | | |

Comments: Hand dug inspection pit excavated to 1.30m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|--|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | ES | TP101 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: dark Brown slightly sandy slightly clayey SILT with abundant rootlets. Occasional gravel and cobbles of brick, concrete and asphalt | 0.20 | | 89.739 |
| 0.0 | | | | MADE GROUND: medium brown slightly gravelly slightly clayey SILT with red/brown mottling. | 0.45 | | 89.489 |
| 1 | 0.0 | | | MADE GROUND: dark brown slightly sandy SILT. Abundant amount of metal, plastic, glass, fabric and foam (old motor car parts). | | | |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP101 / 1.50m | | | | |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP101 / 1.90m | Grey green slightly clayey slightly organic SILT with occasional fine to medium gravel. | 1.85 | | 88.089 |
| 2 | 0.0 | | | Light grey brown silty slightly gravelly SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse angular to subrounded. | 2.15 | | 87.789 |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP101 / 3.10m | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.30 | | 86.639 |



Comments: Surface of the ground vegetated. Debris of brick and concrete present at the surface. Evidence of broken corrugated asbestos cement sheets within immediate vicinity.



Length: 2.50m

Width: 0.80m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---|--|---------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) | |
| 0.80m | | | | MADE GROUND: medium brown gravelly silty SAND. Abundant brick, ash, clinker and concrete. | | | | |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP102 / 0.40m | | | | | |
| | 1.0 | 0.0 | | MADE GROUND: medium brown slightly sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is medium to coarse subangular to angular. | 0.90 | | | 88.598 |
| | | ES | TP102 / 1.20m | MADE GROUND: dark grey/ black slightly sandy Gravel of ash and clinker. Frequent gravel of brick. | 1.10 | | | 88.398 |
| | | ES | TP102 / 1.50m | Greenish grey organic SILT with abundant black mottling. | 1.40 | | | 88.098 |
| 2.0 | 0.0 | | Medium brown silty slightly gravelly SAND with orange mottling. | 1.85 | | 87.648 | | |
| | | | End of Trial Pit | 2.10 | | 87.398 | | |

Comments: Surface of ground sparsely vegetated. Minor Hydrocarbon sheen noted on inflow. Very hard digging between 0.0 and 0.9m. Evidence of broken corrugated asbestos cement sheets within immediate vicinity.



Width: 0.70m

Length: 2.50m


| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|--|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | ES | TP103 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: dark brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly SILT with abundant rootlets. Occasional gravel of red brick. | 0.15 | | 89.419 |
| 0.0 | | | | MADE GROUND: pale orange brown slightly clayey SILT. Frequent gravel and cobbles of red brick, and pieces of metal and plastic bags. | | | |
| 1 | | ES | TP103 / 1.60m | | | | |
| 1.30m | | | | | | | |
| 1.60m | | ES | TP103 / 1.60m | | | | |
| 1.80m | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | ES | TP103 / 2.20m | Orange brown silty slightly gravelly SAND. | 2.10 | | 87.469 |
| 2.50 | | | | End of Trial Pit | 2.50 | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

Comments: Surface of ground vegetated. Steel pipe (approximately 10 inch) noted running across the pit at 1.8m in a East-West Direction. Evidence of broken corrugated asbestos cement sheets within immediate vicinity. Trial Pit terminated due to presence of pipe.



Width: 2.40m

Length: 1.10m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|---------------|--|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 0.0 1 2 3 4 | 0.0 | ES | TP104 / 0.20m | MADE GROUND: dark brown sandy SILT with abundant roots and rootlets. | 0.20 |  | 90.003 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: pale orange brown sandy gravelly SILT. | 0.55 | | 89.653 |
| | | ES | TP104 / 0.60m | Medium orange brown CLAY / SILT with grey mottling. | 1.80 | | 88.403 |
| | | ES | TP104 / 2.00m | Soft orange brown sandy SILT. | 2.60 | | 87.603 |
| | | | | Pale orange brown slightly silty SAND. | 2.80 | | 87.403 |
| | | | End of Trial Pit | | | | |



Comments: Surface densely vegetated.



Width: 0.60m

Length: 2.30m

| WATER | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|--|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | | | MADE GROUND: dark grey black slightly sandy SILT with abundant rootlets. Frequent fragments of glass, wire and brick. | 0.07 | | 90.380 |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP105 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: orange brown slightly silty gravelly SAND. Rare coarse gravel of black clinker, ash and light grey chalk. | 0.75 | | 89.700 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: medium grey slightly silty slightly gravelly CLAY with extensive orange mottling [possible re-worked natural material]. | 1.60 | | 88.850 |
| 1 | 0.0 | ES | TP105 / 1.00m | Greenish grey slightly clayey SILT with extensive orange mottling. | 1.90 | | 88.550 |
| | 0.0 | | | Dark grey / black very organic SILT. | 2.10 | | 88.350 |
| | | | | Greenish grey slightly organic SILT. Occasional coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. | 2.70 | | 87.750 |
| | | ES | TP105 / 2.20m | Greenish grey slightly silty slightly gravelly SAND. | 2.70 | 87.750 | |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.00 | 87.450 | |



Comments: Surface sparsely vegetated. Large amount of wood debris.



Length: 2.40m

Width: 0.70m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP106 / 0.20m | MADE GROUND: dark brown sandy SILT with abundant rootlets. | 0.05 | | 90.661 |
| | 0.0 | | | MADE GROUND: dark brown sandy SILT. Abundant cobbles and boulders of brick and reinforced concrete. Occasional fragments of plastic and fabric (old motor car parts). | 1.00 | | 89.711 |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP106 / 2.00m | MADE GROUND: recovered as Gravel and Boulders of brick and concrete with abundant fragments of metal. | 1.90 | | 88.811 |
| | 0.0 | | | Greenish grey slightly organic SILT. Occasional coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. | 2.30 | | 88.411 |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | | | |

Comments: Surface sparsely vegetated.



Width: 0.80m

Length: 2.30m

| WATER | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | | | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | | | |
| | | ES | TP107 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: orange brown sandy COBBLES. | 0.25 | | 90.382 |
| | | ES | TP107 / 0.50m | MADE GROUND: black fine to coarse GRAVEL of ash and clinker. Extensive Hydrocarbon staining and free product on surface of gravel. | 0.30 | | 90.332 |
| | 0.0 | | | MADE GROUND: orange brown slightly sandy gravelly SILT. Becoming slightly gravelly below 0.50m. | 0.40 | | 90.232 |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| | | ES | TP107 / 1.30m | MADE GROUND: dark greenish grey SILT with abundant coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. Cobble of brick encountered at 1.8m. | 1.20 | | 89.432 |
| | 0.0 | | | | 1.80 | | 88.832 |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP107 / 2.60m | Greenish grey slightly organic SILT with abundant gravel size pockets of coarse black silt. Becoming sandy below 3.0m. | | | |
| | | ES | TP107 / 3.20m | Black silty SAND. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 3.20 | | 87.432 |
| | | ES | TP107 / 3.50m | Orange brown SILT with frequent gravel size pockets of black silt. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 3.30 | | 87.332 |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.60 | | 87.032 |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

Comments: Concrete at surface. Broken out using mechanical breaker. Trial pit terminated due to instability of sands.



Width: 0.70m

Length: 2.60m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0.66m | 0.0 | ES | TP108 / 1.20m | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 0.25 | | 90.323 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: dark grey/ black slightly clayey gravelly SILT. Frequent cobbles of brick and occasional fragments of metal. | 0.35 | | 90.223 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: orange brown sandy COBBLES. | 0.80 | | 89.773 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: dark greenish grey SILT with abundant coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. Cobble of brick encountered at 1.8m. | 1.60 | | 88.973 |
| | | | | Greenish grey slightly organic SILT. | 2.30 | | 88.273 |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP108 / 1.80m | | | | |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP108 / 2.50m | | | | |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP108 / 2.50m | Greenish grey sandy slightly clayey organic SILT with extensive black mottling. Becoming very sandy below 2.7m. | 2.30 | | 88.273 |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP108 / 2.50m | End of Trial Pit | 2.95 | | 87.623 |

Comments: Concrete at surface. Broken out using mechanical breaker. Historical building foundation encountered in northern half of trial pit, extended from Ground level to 2.1m. Trial pit terminated at 2.9m due to historical foundation preventing extension of excavator arm.



Width: 0.80m

Length: 2.50m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|--|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP109 / 0.70m | MADE GROUND: reinforced CONCRETE. | | | |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: medium brown rounded cobbles and boulders. | 0.30 | | 90.399 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: greenish grey SILT with frequent orange mottling. Occasional fine to medium gravel. Brick encountered at 0.95m. | 0.60 | | 90.099 |
| | | | | Greenish grey slightly clayey slightly organic SILT. | 0.95 | | 89.749 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0.0 | ES | TP109 / 1.60m | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Orange silty sandy GRAVEL. | 2.80 | | 87.899 |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.50 | | 87.199 |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

Comments: Reinforced Concrete at surface. Broken out using mechanical breaker. Trial pit terminated at 3.5m due to instability of sands.



Length: 2.30m

Width: 0.70m

| WATER | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | | | MADE GROUND: reinforced CONCRETE. | | | |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP110 / 0.35m | MADE GROUND: black sandy GRAVEL of ash and clinker. Hydrocarbon residue of surface of gravel. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 0.25 | | 90.489 |
| | | ES | TP110 / 0.65m | MADE GROUND: greenish grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly SILT with occasional orange mottling. Frequent coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. Occasional gravel of red brick. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | 0.55 | | 90.189 |
| 1 | 0.0 | | | MADE GROUND: orange brown slightly silty slightly gravelly SAND. | 1.00 | | 89.739 |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP110 / 1.80m | Greenish grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly slightly organic SILT with occasional orange mottling. Frequent coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. | 1.10 | | 89.639 |
| | | | | Greenish grey slightly clayey slightly organic SILT with black mottling. Becoming sandy below 2.50m. | 2.05 | | 88.689 |
| | | | | Orange brown silty slightly gravelly SAND. | 2.80 | | 87.939 |
| 3 | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.50 | | 87.239 |

3.15m 0m

Comments: Reinforced Concrete at surface. Broken out using mechanical breaker. Trial pit terminated at 3.5m due to instability of sands.



Width: 0.80m

Length: 2.60m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | 0.0 | ES | TP111 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: medium brown silty sandy GRAVEL. Frequent fragments of asbestos cement on the surface. | 0.05 | | 90.046 |
| | | | | | 0.15 | | 89.946 |
| | | | | | 0.20 | | 89.896 |
| | | | | | 0.35 | | 89.746 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: cobbles of concrete. | | | |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: black sandy GRAVEL of ash and clinker. | | | |
| | 0.0 | | | MADE GROUND: medium brown sandy silty GRAVEL. | | | |
| 1 | 0.0 | | | MADE GROUND: greenish grey slightly gravelly SILT. Occasional gravel of red brick. | | | |
| | 0.0 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 0.0 | | | Orange brown slightly silty gravelly SAND. | 1.90 | | 88.196 |
| | | | | Greenish grey slightly gravelly organic SILT with black mottling. Becoming sandy below 2.6m. | 2.00 | | 88.096 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | Medium brown silty gravelly SAND. | 3.00 | | 87.096 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3.40m | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.90 | | 86.196 |

Comments: Large amount of asbestos cement corrugated sheets within immediate vicinity. Historical building foundation encountered along the eastern edge of pit from ground level to 1.8m. Trial pit terminated at 3.5m due to instability of sands.



Length: 2.50m

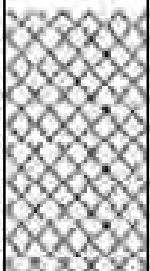
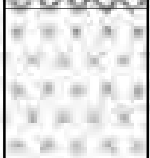
Width: 0.80m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|--|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 | 0.0 0.0 | ES | TP112 / 0.20m TP112 / 0.40m TP112 / 1.30m | MADE GROUND: reinforced CONCRETE. | 0.15 | | 90.558 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: dark grey / black silty gravelly SAND. Occasional fragments of metal. | 0.30 | | 90.408 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: orange brown slightly gravelly SAND. | 0.80 | | 89.908 |
| | | | | Medium grey slightly clayey slightly organic SILT with extensive orange mottling. Occasional coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. | 2.00 | | 88.708 |
| | | | | Dark greenish grey slightly organic SILT. | 2.70 | | 88.008 |
| | | | | Orange brown silty gravelly SAND with greenish grey mottling. | 3.20 | | 87.508 |
| | | | | Orange brown slightly sandy silty GRAVEL. | 3.50 | | 87.208 |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.50 | | 87.208 |



Comments: Reinforced Concrete at surface. Broken out using mechanical breaker. Trial pit terminated at 3.5m due to instability of sands.



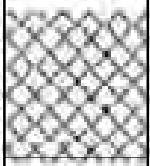
| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|--|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | ES | TP113 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: comprising dark brown silty sandy rubber, cables, fabric, glass, brick [old motor car parts]. | |  | |
| 0.0 | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0.0 | ES | TP113 / 1.20m | Greenish grey slightly clayey organic SILT. Frequent coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. | 0.90 |  | 89.923 |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 1.40 | | 89.423 |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

2.80m

Comments: Surface of the ground hard standing. Trial pit excavated to attempt to identify location of possible underground storage tank. Large diameter pipe (approximately 12 inch) encountered crossing the trial pit at 0.9m in an East-West direction. Trial pit terminated on encountering



Width: 3.00m
Length: 3.20m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|--|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | ES | TP114 / 0.20m | MADE GROUND: comprising dark brown silty sandy rubber, cables, fabric, glass, brick [old motor car parts]. | |  | |
| | | | | ----- End of Trial Pit | 0.50 | | 90.194 |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 2.80m | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

Comments: Surface of the ground hard standing. Trial pit excavated to attempt to identify location of possible underground storage tank. During excavation historical borehole standpipe encountered. Trial pit terminated at 0.5m to prevent damage to standpipe.



Length: 2.10m

Width: 2.60m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 1.566m | | ES | TP115 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: dark brown sandy SILT. Abundant roots and rootlets. | 0.01 | | 89.791 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: silty COBBLES of red brick. | | | |
| | | ES | TP115 / 1.30m | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 1.10 | | 88.701 |
| | | | | Medium orange brown slightly sandy slightly clayey SILT. | 1.20 | | 88.601 |
| | | | | Orange slightly silty SAND. | 2.10 | | 87.701 |
| | | | End of Trial Pit | 2.60 | | 87.201 | |

Comments: Surface of the ground sparsely vegetated. Trial pit terminated at 2.6m due to instability.



Width: 1.20m

Length: 2.40m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | | | MADE GROUND: dark grey black sandy gravelly SILT. Abundant gravel of brick. | 0.05 | | 89.773 |
| 0.0 | | ES | TP116 / 0.30m | MADE GROUND: grey slightly clayey slightly gravelly sandy SILT with orange/black/white mottling. Occasional metal pipes. | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 1.45m | | | | | | | |
| 0.0 | | ES | TP116 / 1.40m | MADE GROUND: grey brown slightly gravelly silty SAND. Extensive coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 1.40 | | 88.423 |
| 0.0 | | | | MADE GROUND: CONCRETE. | 1.65 1.70 | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 2.3 | | ES | TP116 / 2.00m | Dark brown slightly silty gravelly SAND with extensive black hydrocarbon staining. Strong hydrocarbon odour. | | | |
| 0.5 | | | | | 2.60 | | |
| 2.70m | | | | | | | |
| 0.5 | | ES | TP116 / 2.70m | Greenish grey slightly silty sandy GRAVEL. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 2.60 | | 87.223 |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 2.80 | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

Comments: Surface of the ground comprises debris of concrete, brick and tiles. Trial pit terminated at 2.8m due to instability of gravel.



Width: 0.80m

Length: 2.30m

| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | | | | MADE GROUND: hard-standing. | 0.05 | | 89.759 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: COBBLES of brick. | 0.20 | | 89.609 |
| | | ES | TP117 / 0.35m | MADE GROUND: ASPHALT. | 0.25 | | 89.559 |
| | 0.0 | ES | TP117 / 0.50m | MADE GROUND: GRAVEL and COBBLES of brick, ash and clinker. | 0.40 | | 89.409 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: medium brown slightly silty slightly gravelly SAND. | 0.50 | | 89.309 |
| 1 | 0.0 | | | Greenish grey slightly sandy slightly organic SILT. Extensive coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. Becomes sandy below 1.9m. | | | |
| 2 | 0.0 | ES | TP117 / 2.10m | Orange brown silty SAND and GRAVEL. Cobble size pockets of black silt. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 2.10 | | 87.709 |
| | 0.1 | ES | TP117 / 2.60m | | | | |
| 3 | | | | End of Trial Pit | 3.00 | | 86.809 |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

Comments: Surface of ground hard standing. Trial pit terminated at 3.0m due to instability.



Width: 0.80m

Length: 2.30m

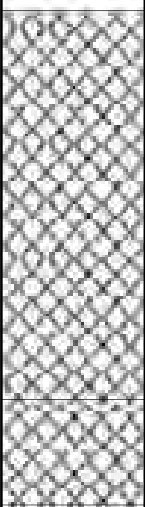
| WATER | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 | 0.0 | ES | TP118 / 0.70m | MADE GROUND: dark brown slightly gravelly SILT. Abundant rootlets. | 0.05 | | 89.816 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: orange brown silty COBBLES and BOULDERS. | 0.30 | | 89.566 |
| 1 | 0.3 | ES | TP118 / 0.70m | MADE GROUND: orange grey slightly gravelly sandy SILT. Frequent pockets of black ash and gravel of brick. | 0.60 | | 89.266 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: greenish brown SILT. Extensive coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. Moderate Hydrocarbon odour. | 1.70 | | 88.166 |
| 2 | 0.0 | ES | TP118 / 2.20m | Greenish brown sandy SILT. Frequent coarse gravel size pockets of black silt. | 2.50 | | 87.366 |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 2.50 | | 87.366 |

Comments: Surface of ground sparsely vegetated. Large amount of pipework throughout trial pit. Trial pit terminated at 2.5m due to significant water inflow from 0.8m.



Width: 0.90m

Length: 3.00m


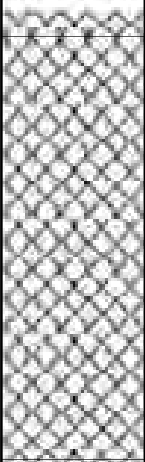
| WATER | | SAMPLING/TESTING | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|--|-------------|------------------|---------------|--|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
| 0 0.85m 1 2 3 4 | 17.2 | ES | TP119 / 0.20m | MADE GROUND: dark grey slightly gravelly sandy SILT. Gravel of tile, brick, concrete and ash. | 0.02 |  | 89.861 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: dark grey black sandy SILT. Frequent whole bricks. Physical properties of the silt is viscous (Coal tar). Strong hydrocarbon odour. | 1.30 | | 88.576 |
| | 0.2 | ES | TP119 / 1.50m | MADE GROUND: dark greenish grey slightly sandy slightly SILT with black mottling. Minor Hydrocarbon odour. | 1.65 | | 88.226 |
| | 0.0 | | | End of Trial Pit | | | |

Comments: Unvegetated soil surface. Coal tar oozing into the trial pit at 0.5m. Large amount of pipes encountered at 1.65m. Trial pit terminated as it was not possible to safely pass the pipes.

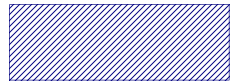


Length: 2.10m

Width: 0.75m

| WATER | SAMPLING/TESTING | | | SUBSURFACE PROFILE | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------|------------|--|---------------|---|---------------|
| Water Strike | PID Results | Sample Type | Sample Ref | DESCRIPTION OF STRATA | Depth (m bgl) | Legend | Level (m AOD) |
|  1.410m | | | | MADE GROUND: medium brown sandy SILT. | 0.10 |  | 90.091 |
| | | | | MADE GROUND: COBBLES and BOULDERS of brick and concrete with fragments of metal. | | | |
| | | | | End of Trial Pit | 1.50 | | 88.691 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Comments: Surface of ground sparsely vegetated with large amount of metal debris. Large inflow of oil at 1.4m (standing at 1.4m). Possible presence of tank. Trial pit terminated at 1.5m due to continual inflow of oil.



Length: 2.00m
Width: 0.70m



Plate No.: 1

Title: **TP101**



Plate No.: 2

Title: **TP101 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 3

Title: **TP102**



Plate No.: 4

Title: **TP102 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 5

Title: **TP103**



Plate No.: 6

Title: **TP103 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 7

Title: **TP104**



Plate No.: 8

Title: **TP104 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 9

Title: **TP105**



Plate No.: 10

Title: **TP105 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 11

Title: **TP106**



Plate No.: 12

Title: **TP106 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 13

Title: **TP107**



Plate No.: 14

Title: **TP107 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 15

Title: **TP108**



Plate No.: 16

Title: **TP108 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 17

Title: **TP109**



Plate No.: 18

Title: **TP109 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 19

Title: **TP110**



Plate No.: 20

Title: **TP110 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 21

Title: **TP111**



Plate No.: 22

Title: **TP111 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.:23

Title: **TP112**



Plate No.: 24

Title: **TP112 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 25

Title: **TP113**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 26

Title: **TP114**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 27

Title: **TP115**



Plate No.: 28

Title: **TP115 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 29

Title: **TP116**



Plate No.: 30

Title: **TP116 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 31

Title: **TP117**



Plate No.: 32

Title: **TP117 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 33

Title: **TP118**



Plate No.: 34

Title: **TP118 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 35

Title: **TP119**



Plate No.: 36

Title: **TP119 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**



Plate No.: 37

Title: **TP120**



Plate No.: 38

Title: **TP120 – Spoil**



Client: **Grundon Waste Management**

Project Name: **Merton Street Depot, Banbury**

Project No.: **C1526**

Date: **June 2012**

APPENDIX D

- D1 Soil Analysis Results (including Asbestos)**
- D2 Groundwater Analysis Results**



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

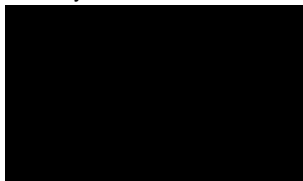
Date: 11 May 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120503-97
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 180758

We received 16 samples on Thursday May 03, 2012 and 10 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Friday May 11, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.

Approved By:



Sonia McWhan

Operations Manager



SDG: 120503-97
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
Report Number: 180758
Superseded Report:

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5536166 | BH101 | | 0.50 | 30/04/2012 |
| 5536171 | BH101a | | 1.20 | 30/04/2012 |
| 5536172 | BH101a | | 2.00 | 30/04/2012 |
| 5536173 | BH101a | | 3.90 | 30/04/2012 |
| 5536174 | BH101a | | 5.60 | 01/05/2012 |
| 5536175 | BH101a | | 8.80 | 01/05/2012 |
| 5536176 | BH102 | | 0.50 | 01/05/2012 |
| 5536177 | BH103 | | 0.50 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536178 | BH103 | | 1.20 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536179 | BH103 | | 1.90 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536180 | BH103 | | 3.10 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536182 | BH103 | | 3.70 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536188 | BH103 | | 4.60 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536189 | BH103 | | 7.50 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536190 | BH104 | | 0.40 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5536191 | BH104 | | 1.30 | 02/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

| SOLID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | 5536166 | BH101 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL 60g VOC (ALE214)) |
| | | 5536171 | BH101a | | 1.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL 60g VOC (ALE214)) |
| | | 5536172 | BH101a | | 2.00 | 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5536173 | BH101a | | 3.90 | 250g Amber Jar (AL 60g VOC (ALE214)) |
| | 5536176 | BH102 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL 60g VOC (ALE214)) | |
| | 5536177 | BH103 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL 60g VOC (ALE214)) | |
| | 5536178 | BH103 | | 1.20 | 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5536182 | BH103 | | 3.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL 60g VOC (ALE214)) | |
| | 5536190 | BH104 | | 0.40 | 250g Amber Jar (AL 60g VOC (ALE214)) | |
| | 5536191 | BH104 | | 1.30 | 60g VOC (ALE215) | |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| Boron Water Soluble | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Arsenic | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Cadmium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Chromium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Copper | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Lead | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Mercury | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Nickel | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Selenium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Zinc | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X | |

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

| SOLID | | | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|
| Results Legend | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container |
| <p>X Test</p> <p>N No Determination Possible</p> | 5536166 | BH101 | | 0.50 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536171 | BH101a | | 1.20 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536172 | BH101a | | 2.00 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536173 | BH101a | | 3.90 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536176 | BH102 | | 0.50 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536177 | BH103 | | 0.50 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536178 | BH103 | | 1.20 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536182 | BH103 | | 3.70 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536190 | BH104 | | 0.40 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5536191 | BH104 | | 1.30 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| PAH by GCMS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X |
| Sample description | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X |
| Total Organic Carbon | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 10 | | | X X X X X X X X X X |

SDG: 120503-97
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
Report Number: 180758
Superseded Report:

Sample Descriptions

Grain Sizes

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| very fine | <0.063mm | fine | 0.063mm - 0.1mm | medium | 0.1mm - 2mm | coarse | 2mm - 10mm | very coarse | >10mm |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Colour | Description | Grain size | Inclusions | Inclusions 2 |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|--------------|
| 5536166 | BH101 | 0.50 | Dark Brown | Sandy Silt Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5536176 | BH102 | 0.50 | Light Brown | Sandy Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5536177 | BH103 | 0.50 | Light Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5536178 | BH103 | 1.20 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay Loam | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | None | None |
| 5536182 | BH103 | 3.70 | Light Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5536190 | BH104 | 0.40 | Dark Brown | Sandy Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5536191 | BH104 | 1.30 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | None |
| 5536171 | BH101a | 1.20 | Dark Brown | Silt Loam | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | None |
| 5536172 | BH101a | 2.00 | Dark Brown | Sandy Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5536173 | BH101a | 3.90 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | None | None |

These descriptions are only intended to act as a cross check if sample identities are questioned, and to provide a log of sample matrices with respect to MCERTS validation. They are not intended as full geological descriptions.

We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample.

Other coarse granular materials such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH101 | BH102 | BH103 | BH103 | BH103 | BH104 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 1.20 | 3.70 | 0.40 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 30/04/2012 | 01/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 5536166 | 5536176 | 5536177 | 5536178 | 5536182 | 5536190 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | <15 | <15 | <15 | 2000 | 582 | <15 |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | 0.096 | <0.035 | <0.035 | 0.261 | <0.035 | <0.035 |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 16.2 | 1.3 | 1.25 | 11.7 | 1.14 | 5.64 |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | 4.37 | <1 | 1.41 | 6.01 | 2.38 | 1.2 |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 36.7 | 146 | 70.5 | 24.7 | 92.5 | 30.4 |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 0.688 | 1.24 | 1.07 | <0.02 | 1.45 | 4.7 |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 37.8 | 83.8 | 55.6 | 62.8 | 64.9 | 225 |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 16.5 | 21 | 8.91 | 33.4 | 13.1 | 262 |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 109 | 102 | 18.2 | 54.1 | 23.8 | 1260 |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | 0.991 |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 27.6 | 60.3 | 41.7 | 34.3 | 62.1 | 83.7 |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <10 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 3.76 | 1.68 |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 147 | 161 | 90.4 | 111 | 141 | 1480 |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 1.54 | <1 | <1 | 1.99 | <1 | 4.15 |



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH101a | BH101a | BH101a | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | 1.30 | 1.20 | 2.00 | 3.90 | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 02/05/2012 | 30/04/2012 | 30/04/2012 | 30/04/2012 | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | . | . | . | . | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 5536191 | 5536171 | 5536172 | 5536173 | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | 44.2 | 339 | 152 | 607 | | |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | <0.035 M | 0.168 M | 0.472 M | <0.035 M | | |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 0.983 # | 5.05 # | 0.95 # | 1.78 # | | |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | | |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | | |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 13.8 M | 22.4 M | 84.6 M | 10.1 M | | |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 0.112 M | 0.343 M | 1.82 M | 0.0296 M | | |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 49.1 M | 38.4 M | 110 M | 51.4 M | | |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 21.5 M | 10.9 M | 11 M | 24.6 M | | |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 22.6 M | 28.2 M | 19.3 M | 17.6 M | | |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | | |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 35.3 M | 24.8 M | 63.2 M | 48.2 M | | |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <1 # | 1.59 # | 1.43 # | <1 # | | |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 101 M | 62.4 M | 147 M | 94.2 M | | |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | <1 M | 2.74 M | 2.22 M | 1.87 M | | |

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH101 | BH102 | BH103 | BH103 | BH103 | BH104 |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | BH101 | BH102 | BH103 | BH103 | BH103 | BH104 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 1.20 | 3.70 | 0.40 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 30/04/2012 | 01/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5536166 | 5536176 | 5536177 | 5536178 | 5536182 | 5536190 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 97.1 | 99 | 95.5 | 94 | 95 | 92.4 |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 94.6 | 99.2 | 95.6 | 96.1 | 96.2 | 93.6 |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 95.3 | 101 | 95.7 | 96.3 | 96 | 92.5 |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 102 | 96.7 | 90.8 | 97.5 | 92.7 | 94.4 |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 98.9 | 101 | 95.6 | 99.1 | 96 | 97.3 |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 7760 | <45 | 12.4 | 836 | 4570 | 8280 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 13700 | 280 | 22.1 | 1620 | 617 | 809 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 2200 | 790 | <8 | 332 | 84.3 | 137 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 11000 | 744 | <10 | 1470 | 125 | 158 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 53900 | 18500 | 73.9 | 12200 | 28.6 | 1450 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | 27200 | 5970 | 25.4 | 4680 | <16 | 1200 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 107000 | 31100 | 256 | 22900 | <17 | 3880 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 82800 | 23000 | 261 | 17000 | <15 | 3950 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 60400 | 10200 | 153 | 14300 | <14 | 2650 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 40500 | 7160 | 111 | 9940 | <10 | 2280 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 55500 | 9650 | 183 | 12100 | <15 | 7870 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 26100 | 3280 | 78.9 | 4430 | <14 | 2360 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 56800 | 8450 | 161 | 11000 | <15 | 6730 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | 22400 | 3930 | 89.2 | 4470 | <18 | 4590 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | 6890 | 863 | <23 | 1440 | <23 | 1130 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | 22300 | 4520 | 106 | 4260 | <24 | 5290 |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 596000 | 128000 | 1530 | 123000 | 5430 | 52800 |

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH101a | BH101a | BH101a | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|---|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 1.30 | 1.20 | 2.00 | 3.90 | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 02/05/2012 | 30/04/2012 | 30/04/2012 | 30/04/2012 | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5536191 | 5536171 | 5536172 | 5536173 | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 92 | 101 | 93.4 | 94.4 | | |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 93.3 | 99.1 | 98.8 | 95.7 | | |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 90.8 | 100 | 95.1 | 95.4 | | |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 86.6 | 98.6 | 88.1 | 90.3 | | |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 88.2 | 99.6 | 87.7 | 94.1 | | |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 12 | 28400 | 126000 | 1420 | M | M |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | <12 | 1780 | 9230 | 250 | M | M |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | <8 | 3050 | 36000 | 1130 | M | M |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | <10 | 1710 | 23300 | 610 | M | M |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 4930 | 51100 | 2130 | M | M |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | <16 | 1350 | 14700 | 582 | M | M |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | <17 | 3110 | 10700 | 436 | M | M |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 2290 | 11100 | 596 | M | M |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | <14 | 1100 | 4420 | 224 | M | M |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | <10 | 755 | 3280 | 161 | M | M |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 907 | 1960 | 85 | M | M |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | <14 | 353 | 810 | 33.3 | M | M |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 939 | 2090 | 114 | M | M |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | <18 | 404 | 605 | 30 | M | M |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | <23 | 107 | 221 | <23 | M | M |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | <24 | 451 | 644 | 44.5 | M | M |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | <118 | 51600 | 296000 | 7850 | | |

SDG: 120503-97
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
Report Number: 180758
Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH101 | BH102 | BH103 | BH103 | BH103 | BH104 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | BH101 | BH102 | BH103 | BH103 | BH103 | BH104 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 1.20 | 3.70 | 0.40 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 30/04/2012 | 01/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 | 02/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 |
| (F) | | | 5536166 | 5536176 | 5536177 | 5536178 | 5536182 | 5536190 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 74 | 120 | 126 | 77 | 142 | 31 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 2610 | 112 | <44 | 122 | 3110 | 778 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 56.4 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | 16.8 | <2 | <2 | 2.9 | <2 | <2 |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 13.2 | <3 | <3 | <3 | 11.3 | <3 |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | 19.2 | <6 | <6 | <6 | 15.8 | <6 |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 22.8 | 3.42 | <3 | <3 | 17 | <3 |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | 42 | <9 | <9 | <9 | 32.8 | <9 |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | 128 | <24 | <24 | <24 | 44.1 | <24 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 18 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 69.6 | 12.5 | <10 | 21.8 | 40.7 | 452 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 241 | 19.4 | <10 | 29 | 249 | 70.2 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 1190 | 33.1 | <10 | 11.6 | 1560 | 116 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 25200 | 5520 | 7490 | 10500 | 4780 | 20500 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 34000 | 7040 | 5300 | 9030 | 3740 | 199000 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 45500 | 21900 | 3290 | 10600 | 5240 | 1670000 |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 6340 | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 | 317000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 111000 | 34400 | 16100 | 30100 | 13800 | 2210000 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 56.4 | <10 | <10 | 11.6 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 16.8 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 217 | 21.7 | <10 | 29 | 211 | 51.5 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 796 | 21.7 | <10 | <10 | 1040 | 77.2 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 173000 | 10900 | 13000 | 42300 | 16200 | 24900 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 857000 | 45300 | 11300 | 115000 | 6160 | 161000 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 1730000 | 106000 | 21500 | 301000 | 10100 | 1240000 |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 406000 | 27000 | 7360 | 74700 | 3600 | 487000 |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 116000 | 9060 | 2580 | 23600 | 1480 | 188000 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 3160000 | 189000 | 53100 | 532000 | 36000 | 1920000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 106000 | 34500 | 16100 | 30200 | 15600 | 1890000 |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 2760000 | 162000 | 45800 | 457000 | 33600 | 1430000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 2870000 | 197000 | 61800 | 488000 | 49200 | 3320000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 3280000 | 224000 | 69200 | 562000 | 52800 | 4130000 |

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH101a | BH101a | BH101a | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 1.30 | 1.20 | 2.00 | 3.90 | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 02/05/2012 | 30/04/2012 | 30/04/2012 | 30/04/2012 | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | 120503-97 | | |
| | | | 5536191 | 5536171 | 5536172 | 5536173 | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 96 | 100 | 20 | 59 | | |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | <44 | 6440 | 24600 | 817 | | |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | | |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 23.8 | <10 | 12.1 | | |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | <2 | 7 | 39.9 | 6.05 | | |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | 71.4 | 598 | 46 | | |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | <6 | 109 | 955 | 38.7 | | |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | 86.8 | 584 | 23 | | |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | <9 | 196 | 1540 | 61.7 | | |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | <24 | 298 | 2180 | 126 | | |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 16.8 | <10 | <10 | | |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 35 | 100 | 14.5 | | |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 606 | 3400 | 104 | | |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 3050 | 10000 | 299 | | |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 10600 | 9800 | 274000 | 7940 | | |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 10100 | 8620 | 513000 | 5640 | | |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 23200 | 17500 | 110000 | 16500 | | |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5930 | <100 | 2950 | 1680 | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 49800 | 35900 | 900000 | 31800 | | |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 23.8 | <10 | 12.1 | | |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 39.9 | <10 | | |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 673 | 4400 | 178 | | |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 2030 | 6670 | 200 | | |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 23600 | 34500 | 495000 | 12000 | | |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 9670 | 20700 | 750000 | 4950 | | |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 31200 | 57900 | 355000 | 7930 | | |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 13000 | <100 | 62200 | 2170 | | |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5430 | <100 | 22500 | <100 | | |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 77500 | 113000 | 1660000 | 27000 | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 43900 | 39600 | 910000 | 30500 | | |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 64600 | 116000 | 1610000 | 25300 | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 108000 | 155000 | 2520000 | 55800 | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 127000 | 155000 | 2590000 | 59600 | | |

SDG: 120503-97
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
Report Number: 180758
Superseded Report:

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| PM001 | | Preparation of Samples for Metals Analysis | | |
| PM024 | Modified BS 1377 | Soil preparation including homogenisation, moisture screens of soils for Asbestos Containing Material | | |
| TM024 | Method 4500A & B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Exchangeable Ammonium and Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N by titration on solids | | |
| TM062 (S) | National Grid Property Holdings Methods for the Collection & Analysis of Samples from National Grid Sites version 1 Sec 3.9 | Determination of Phenols in Soils by HPLC | | |
| TM089 | Modified: US EPA Methods 8020 & 602 | Determination of Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (GRO) and BTEX (MTBE) compounds by Headspace GC-FID (C4-C12) | | |
| TM132 | In - house Method | ELTRA CS800 Operators Guide | | |
| TM153 | Method 4500A,B,C, I, M AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate using the Skalar SANS+ System Segmented Flow Analyser | | |
| TM173 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soils by GC-FID | | |
| TM181 | US EPA Method 6010B | Determination of Routine Metals in Soil by iCap 6500 Duo ICP-OES | | |
| TM218 | Microwave extraction – EPA method 3546 | Microwave extraction - EPA method 3546 | | |
| TM222 | In-House Method | Determination of Hot Water Soluble Boron in Soils (10:1 Water:soil) by IRIS Emission Spectrometer | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.

SDG: 120503-97
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
 Report Number: 180758
 Superseded Report:

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5536166 | 5536176 | 5536177 | 5536178 | 5536182 | 5536190 | 5536191 | 5536171 | 5536172 | 5536173 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | BH101 | BH102 | BH103 | BH103 | BH103 | BH104 | BH104 | BH101a | BH101a | BH101a |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depth | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 1.20 | 3.70 | 0.40 | 1.30 | 1.20 | 2.00 | 3.90 |
| Type | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | 09-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 |
| Boron Water Soluble | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 09-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 |
| PAH by GCMS | 08-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 | 08-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 |
| Sample description | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 | 04-May-2012 |
| Total Organic Carbon | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 |

SDG: 120503-97
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66083
Report Number: 180758
Superseded Report:

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH4 by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DRO) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVOC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL BY R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

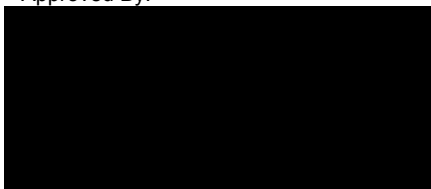
Date: 16 May 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120508-14
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 181178

We received 16 samples on Saturday May 05, 2012 and 8 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Wednesday May 16, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.

Approved By:



Operations Manager



SDG: 120508-14
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
Report Number: 181178
Superseded Report:

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5551099 | BH104 | | 2.50 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5551100 | BH104 | | 3.50 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5551101 | BH104 | | 3.80 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5551102 | BH104 | | 6.10 | 02/05/2012 |
| 5551104 | BH104 | | 8.70 | 03/05/2012 |
| 5551105 | BH105 | | 0.50 | 03/05/2012 |
| 5551106 | BH105 | | 1.30 | 03/05/2012 |
| 5551107 | BH105 | | 2.20 | 03/05/2012 |
| 5551108 | BH105 | | 2.70 | 03/05/2012 |
| 5551109 | BH105 | | 4.60 | 03/05/2012 |
| 5551110 | BH106 | | 0.50 | 04/05/2012 |
| 5551111 | BH106 | | 2.30 | 04/05/2012 |
| 5551112 | BH106 | | 3.50 | 04/05/2012 |
| 5551113 | BH106 | | 4.20 | 04/05/2012 |
| 5551114 | BH106 | | 4.70 | 04/05/2012 |
| 5551115 | BH106 | | 5.70 | 04/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120508-14
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
 Report Number: 181178
 Superseded Report:

| SOLID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | 5551101 | BH104 | | 3.80 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5551105 | BH105 | | 0.50 | 60g VOC (ALEE215) |
| | | 5551107 | BH105 | | 2.20 | 400g Tub (ALEE214) |
| | | 5551109 | BH105 | | 4.60 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5551110 | BH106 | | 0.50 | 60g VOC (ALEE215) | |
| | 5551111 | BH106 | | 2.30 | 400g Tub (ALEE214) | |
| | 5551114 | BH106 | | 4.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5551115 | BH106 | | 5.70 | 60g VOC (ALEE215) | |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| Boron Water Soluble | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Arsenic | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Cadmium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Chromium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Copper | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Lead | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Mercury | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Nickel | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Selenium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| | Zinc | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | X X X X X X X X | |

SDG: 120508-14
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
 Report Number: 181178
 Superseded Report:

| SOLID | | | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Results Legend | | | 5551101 | BH104 | | 3.80 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| <p>X Test</p> <p>N No Determination Possible</p> | | | 5551105 | BH105 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5551107 | BH105 | | 2.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5551109 | BH105 | | 4.60 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5551110 | BH106 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5551111 | BH106 | | 2.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5551114 | BH106 | | 4.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5551115 | BH106 | | 5.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | |
| PAH by GCMS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Sample description | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Total Organic Carbon | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

SDG: 120508-14
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
Report Number: 181178
Superseded Report:

Sample Descriptions

Grain Sizes

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------|--|--------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| very fine | <input type="checkbox"/> <0.063mm | fine | <input type="checkbox"/> 0.063mm - 0.1mm | medium | <input type="checkbox"/> 0.1mm - 2mm | coarse | <input type="checkbox"/> 2mm - 10mm | very coarse | <input type="checkbox"/> >10mm |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------|--|--------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Colour | Description | Grain size | Inclusions | Inclusions 2 |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|--------------|
| 5551101 | BH104 | 3.80 | Dark Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5551105 | BH105 | 0.50 | Dark Brown | Sandy Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5551107 | BH105 | 2.20 | Light Brown | Silty Clay Loam | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | None | None |
| 5551109 | BH105 | 4.60 | Light Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5551110 | BH106 | 0.50 | Dark Brown | Sandy Clay Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5551111 | BH106 | 2.30 | Dark Brown | Sandy Silt Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5551114 | BH106 | 4.70 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay Loam | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | None | None |
| 5551115 | BH106 | 5.70 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | None |

These descriptions are only intended to act as a cross check if sample identities are questioned, and to provide a log of sample matrices with respect to MCERTS validation. They are not intended as full geological descriptions.

We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample.

Other coarse granular materials such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

SDG: 120508-14
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
 Report Number: 181178
 Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH105 | BH105 | BH105 | BH106 | BH106 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | BH104 | BH105 | BH105 | BH105 | BH106 | BH106 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 3.80 | 0.50 | 2.20 | 4.60 | 0.50 | 2.30 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 02/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5551101 | 5551105 | 5551107 | 5551109 | 5551110 | 5551111 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | 180 | 80.3 | 85.5 | 122 | 61.2 | 105 |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | 2.93 M |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 1.14 # | 29.7 # | 1.42 # | 1.09 # | 7.93 # | 4.33 # |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | 13.7 M | <1 M | <1 M | 38.4 M | 110 M |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 152 M | 41.8 M | 19.9 M | 113 M | 194 M | 223 M |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 1.02 M | 2.11 M | 0.353 M | 0.73 M | 5.82 M | 2.33 M |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 106 M | 42.9 M | 62.2 M | 92 M | 162 M | 75 M |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | <14 M | 1510 M | 15 M | 16.1 M | 264 M | 72.5 M |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 27.1 M | 573 M | 20.7 M | 26.8 M | 775 M | 226 M |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 M | 1.11 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | 1.49 M | <2.8 M |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 69 M | 204 M | 30.8 M | 87.3 M | 115 M | 73.2 M |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <10 # | 1.62 # | <1 # | <10 # | <10 # | <20 # |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 178 M | 1830 M | 89.2 M | 217 M | 3550 M | 443 M |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 2.46 M | 6.02 M | 1.63 M | <1 M | 8.16 M | 4.28 M |



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120508-14
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
Report Number: 181178
Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH106 | BH106 | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 4.70 | 5.70 | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5551114 | 5551115 | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | 937 | 360 | | | |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | 4.68 M | 1.9 M | | | |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 2.48 # | 1.67 # | | | |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | <1 M | | | |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | <1 M | | | |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 18.3 M | 11.7 M | | | |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 0.397 M | 0.387 M | | | |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 52 M | 52.4 M | | | |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 31.1 M | 25.6 M | | | |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 21.8 M | 19.7 M | | | |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | | | |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 46.8 M | 47.2 M | | | |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <1 # | <1 # | | | |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 109 M | 91 M | | | |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 2.22 M | 2.76 M | | | |

SDG: 120508-14
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
 Report Number: 181178
 Superseded Report:

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH105 | BH105 | BH105 | BH106 | BH106 |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | BH104 | BH105 | BH105 | BH105 | BH106 | BH106 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 3.80 | 0.50 | 2.20 | 4.60 | 0.50 | 2.30 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 02/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5551101 | 5551105 | 5551107 | 5551109 | 5551110 | 5551111 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 104 | 103 | 103 | 102 | 102 | 104 |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 105 | 105 | 104 | 104 | 105 | 106 |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 105 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 104 | 105 |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 92.9 | 100 | 91.7 | 93 | 102 | 98.5 |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 89.6 | 104 | 90.7 | 92.9 | 108 | 111 |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | <9 | 612 | <9 | <9 | 932 | 4330 |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 37.9 | 878 | <12 | <12 | 5040 | 15200 |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 21.2 | 353 | <8 | <8 | 510 | 17500 |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | <10 | 797 | <10 | <10 | 2010 | 18200 |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 5360 | <15 | <15 | 14900 | 42500 |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | <16 | 1420 | <16 | <16 | 4410 | 11500 |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | <17 | 8150 | <17 | <17 | 18900 | 16700 |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 6930 | <15 | <15 | 15400 | 17300 |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | <14 | 3860 | <14 | <14 | 10300 | 7170 |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | <10 | 3700 | <10 | <10 | 8390 | 5570 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 5800 | <15 | <15 | 13600 | 7670 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | <14 | 2000 | <14 | <14 | 5480 | 2550 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | 4130 | <15 | <15 | 12000 | 6320 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | <18 | 2580 | <18 | <18 | 8290 | 3350 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | <23 | 755 | <23 | <23 | 2670 | 1130 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | <24 | 2870 | <24 | <24 | 8670 | 3340 |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | <118 | 50200 | <118 | <118 | 131000 | 180000 |

SDG: 120508-14
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
 Report Number: 181178
 Superseded Report:

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH106 | BH106 | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 4.70 | 5.70 | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | | | |
| | | | 5551114 | 5551115 | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 97.4 | 104 | | | |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 98.9 | 107 | | | |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 95.7 | 106 | | | |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 103 | 100 | | | |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 83.9 | 104 | | | |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 179000 | 10200 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 6890 | 2250 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 50600 | 849 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 25900 | 1710 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 59600 | 4610 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | 17800 | 1330 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 10600 | 777 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 14900 | 1070 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 4920 | 344 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 4290 | 294 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 1970 | 143 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 744 | 55.7 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 2430 | 194 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | 616 | 56.5 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | 296 | <23 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | 720 | 64.6 | | | |
| | | | M | M | | | |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 382000 | 23900 | | | |

SDG: 120508-14
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
Report Number: 181178
Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH105 | BH105 | BH105 | BH106 | BH106 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | BH104 | BH105 | BH105 | BH105 | BH106 | BH106 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 3.80 | 0.50 | 2.20 | 4.60 | 0.50 | 2.30 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 02/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 03/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | 120508-14 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5551101 | 5551105 | 5551107 | 5551109 | 5551110 | 5551111 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 162 | 37 | 107 | 110 | 54 | 41 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 83.8 | 471 | <44 | <44 | 449 | 25500 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 61.2 | 307 |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | <2 | 5.2 | <2 | <2 | 6 | 19.4 |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | 19.2 | 382 |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | <6 | 9.1 | <6 | <6 | 19.2 | 159 |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | 10.8 | 171 |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | <9 | 9.1 | <9 | <9 | 30 | 330 |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 | 116 | 1040 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 37.7 | <10 | <10 | 19.2 | 403 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 13.4 | 84.5 | <10 | <10 | 62.4 | 1280 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 17 | 65 | <10 | <10 | 79.2 | 3380 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 20.7 | 127 | <10 | <10 | 70.8 | 10300 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 6780 | 62900 | 12100 | 4660 | 56800 | 360000 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 4970 | 345000 | 5660 | <100 | 159000 | 593000 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 565000 | 2490 | <100 | 472000 | 362000 |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 90900 | <100 | <100 | 113000 | 36000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 11800 | 1060000 | 20300 | 4660 | 802000 | 1350000 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 10.4 | <10 | <10 | 61.2 | 307 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 19.4 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 12.2 | 57.2 | <10 | <10 | 102 | 2970 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 13.4 | 84.5 | <10 | <10 | 46.8 | 6870 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 11900 | 44400 | 29400 | 11300 | 74100 | 78300 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 3150 | 147000 | 4710 | 2530 | 173000 | 106000 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 375000 | 11100 | <100 | 534000 | 90000 |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 89600 | 1270 | <100 | 174000 | 20000 |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 28300 | <100 | <100 | 56600 | 6470 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 15100 | 657000 | 46500 | 13800 | 956000 | 295000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 11800 | 974000 | 20300 | 4670 | 689000 | 1330000 |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 15100 | 567000 | 45200 | 13800 | 782000 | 285000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 26900 | 1540000 | 65500 | 18500 | 1470000 | 1620000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 26900 | 1720000 | 66700 | 18500 | 1760000 | 1670000 |

SDG: 120508-14
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
 Report Number: 181178
 Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH106 | BH106 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|---|---|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 4.70 | 5.70 | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2012 | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 05/05/2012 | 05/05/2012 | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120508-14 | 120508-14 | | | | |
| | | | 5551114 | 5551115 | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 105 | 107 | | | | |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 220000 | 26100 | | | | |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <50 | <50 | # | # | | |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 6280 | 6820 | M | M | | |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | 2310 | 427 | M | M | | |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 13000 | 2250 | M | M | | |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | 13800 | 2300 | M | M | | |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 7150 | 1150 | M | M | | |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | 21000 | 3450 | | | | |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | 42600 | 12900 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <100 | <100 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 675 | 373 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 26900 | 2380 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 79000 | 5290 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 197000 | 24300 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 292000 | 12300 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 95600 | 16100 | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 4830 | 923 | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 589000 | 53600 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 6280 | 6820 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 2310 | 427 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 51900 | 7280 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 52700 | 3520 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 166000 | 48600 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 188000 | 36200 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 110000 | 25200 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 20300 | 6650 | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 6620 | 2040 | | | | |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 484000 | 117000 | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 691000 | 60800 | | | | |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 577000 | 128000 | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 1270000 | 189000 | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 1290000 | 196000 | | | | |

SDG: 120508-14
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
Report Number: 181178
Superseded Report:

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| PM001 | | Preparation of Samples for Metals Analysis | | |
| PM024 | Modified BS 1377 | Soil preparation including homogenisation, moisture screens of soils for Asbestos Containing Material | | |
| TM024 | Method 4500A & B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Exchangeable Ammonium and Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N by titration on solids | | |
| TM062 (S) | National Grid Property Holdings Methods for the Collection & Analysis of Samples from National Grid Sites version 1 Sec 3.9 | Determination of Phenols in Soils by HPLC | | |
| TM089 | Modified: US EPA Methods 8020 & 602 | Determination of Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (GRO) and BTEX (MTBE) compounds by Headspace GC-FID (C4-C12) | | |
| TM132 | In - house Method | ELTRA CS800 Operators Guide | | |
| TM153 | Method 4500A,B,C, I, M AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate using the Skalar SANS+ System Segmented Flow Analyser | | |
| TM173 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soils by GC-FID | | |
| TM181 | US EPA Method 6010B | Determination of Routine Metals in Soil by iCap 6500 Duo ICP-OES | | |
| TM218 | Microwave extraction – EPA method 3546 | Microwave extraction - EPA method 3546 | | |
| TM222 | In-House Method | Determination of Hot Water Soluble Boron in Soils (10:1 Water:soil) by IRIS Emission Spectrometer | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.

SDG: 120508-14
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
 Report Number: 181178
 Superseded Report:

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5551101 | 5551105 | 5551107 | 5551109 | 5551110 | 5551111 | 5551114 | 5551115 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | BH104 | BH105 | BH105 | BH105 | BH106 | BH106 | BH106 | BH106 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | | | | |
| Depth | 3.80 | 0.50 | 2.20 | 4.60 | 0.50 | 2.30 | 4.70 | 5.70 |
| Type | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | 10-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 10-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 |
| Boron Water Soluble | 15-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | 14-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 |
| PAH by GCMS | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| Sample description | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 | 09-May-2012 |
| Total Organic Carbon | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |

SDG: 120508-14
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66804
Report Number: 181178
Superseded Report:

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

| SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DRO) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

| LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVCC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL BY R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

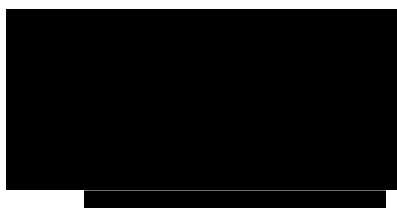
CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Date: 13 June 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120517-60
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 184051

We received 23 samples on Wednesday May 16, 2012 and 14 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Wednesday June 13, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.



Sonia McWhan
Operations Manager



SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5596282 | NO ID | | | |
| 5596254 | TP102 | | 0.40 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596255 | TP102 | | 1.20 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596257 | TP103 | | 0.30 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596258 | TP103 | | 1.60 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596259 | TP103 | | 2.20 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596260 | TP104 | | 0.20 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596262 | TP104 | | 0.60 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596263 | TP104 | | 2.00 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596264 | TP105 | | 0.30 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596265 | TP105 | | 1.00 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596266 | TP105 | | 2.20 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5596268 | TP106 | | 0.20 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596269 | TP106 | | 2.00 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596270 | TP107 | | 0.30 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596271 | TP107 | | 0.50 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596273 | TP107 | | 1.30 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596274 | TP107 | | 2.60 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596276 | TP107 | | 3.20 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596277 | TP107 | | 3.50 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596279 | TP108 | | 1.20 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596280 | TP108 | | 1.80 | 15/05/2012 |
| 5596281 | TP108 | | 2.50 | 15/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120517-60
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
 Report Number: 184051
 Superseded Report:

| SOLID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | 5596280 | TP108 | | 1.80 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596279 | TP108 | | 1.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596277 | TP107 | | 3.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596273 | TP107 | | 1.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | 5596271 | TP107 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596269 | TP106 | | 2.00 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596268 | TP106 | | 0.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596264 | TP105 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596262 | TP104 | | 0.60 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596260 | TP104 | | 0.20 | 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596258 | TP103 | | 1.60 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596257 | TP103 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5596255 | TP102 | | 1.20 | 400g Tub (ALE214) | |
| | 5596254 | TP102 | | 0.40 | 1kg TUB | |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| Asbestos Identification (Soil) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| Asbestos Quantification - Full | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 3 | | | | |
| Boron Water Soluble | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Arsenic | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| | Cadmium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| | Chromium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| | Copper | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| | Lead | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| | Mercury | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |
| | Nickel | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | | | | |

SDG: 120517-60
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
 Report Number: 184051
 Superseded Report:

| SOLID | | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container |
|--|--|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|
| Results Legend Test No Determination Possible | | 5596280 | TP108 | | 1.80 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596279 | TP108 | | 1.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596277 | TP107 | | 3.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596273 | TP107 | | 1.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596271 | TP107 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596269 | TP106 | | 2.00 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596268 | TP106 | | 0.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596264 | TP105 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596262 | TP104 | | 0.60 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596260 | TP104 | | 0.20 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 60g VOC (ALE215) |
| | | 5596258 | TP103 | | 1.60 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5596257 | TP103 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 400g Tub (ALE214) |
| | | 5596255 | TP102 | | 1.20 | 1kg TUB |
| | | 5596254 | TP102 | | 0.40 | 1kg TUB |

| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Selenium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Zinc | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| PAH by GCMS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Sample description | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | All | NDPs: 2 Tests: 9 | N | X | X | | X | X | | N | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Total Organic Carbon (Asb) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 2 | X | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 11 | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |

SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

Sample Descriptions

Grain Sizes

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| very fine | <0.063mm | fine | 0.063mm - 0.1mm | medium | 0.1mm - 2mm | coarse | 2mm - 10mm | very coarse | >10mm |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Colour | Description | Grain size | Inclusions | Inclusions 2 |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 5596254 | TP102 | 0.40 | Dark Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Glass & Stones | N/A |
| 5596255 | TP102 | 1.20 | Dark Brown | Silty Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5596258 | TP103 | 1.60 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | Vegetation |
| 5596262 | TP104 | 0.60 | Light Brown | Clay | <0.063 mm | None | None |
| 5596264 | TP105 | 0.30 | Light Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5596268 | TP106 | 0.20 | Dark Brown | Loamy Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5596269 | TP106 | 2.00 | Grey | Clay | <0.063 mm | N/A | N/A |
| 5596273 | TP107 | 1.30 | Grey | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | N/A | N/A |
| 5596277 | TP107 | 3.50 | Light Brown | Silty Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | N/A | Stones |
| 5596279 | TP108 | 1.20 | Dark Brown | Clay | <0.063 mm | N/A | N/A |
| 5596280 | TP108 | 1.80 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | N/A | N/A |

These descriptions are only intended to act as a cross check if sample identities are questioned, and to provide a log of sample matrices with respect to MCERTS validation. They are not intended as full geological descriptions.

We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample.

Other coarse granular materials such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

SDG: 120517-60
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
 Report Number: 184051
 Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP102 | TP102 | TP103 | TP104 | TP105 | TP106 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP102 | TP102 | TP103 | TP104 | TP105 | TP106 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 0.40 | 1.20 | 1.60 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.20 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5596254 | 5596255 | 5596258 | 5596262 | 5596264 | 5596268 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | <15 | 68.5 | <15 | <15 | <15 | <15 |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | <0.035 | 0.119 | <0.035 | <0.035 | <0.035 | <0.035 |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | | 67.9 | 8.6 | 1.36 | <0.35 | |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | 1.22 | 152 | 5.4 | <1 | <1 | 2.54 |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 25.3 | 29.4 | 47.5 | 21.7 | 20.1 | 41.9 |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 6.58 | 1.06 | 5.85 | 0.49 | 0.586 | 11.8 |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 189 | 41.4 | 71.1 | 57.1 | 11.9 | 344 |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 427 | 70.2 | 449 | 27.8 | 9.06 | 751 |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 1050 | 206 | 7550 | 43.9 | 8.39 | 1580 |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | 2.21 | <0.14 | 5.01 | <0.14 | <0.14 | 1.42 |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 161 | 35.2 | 68.2 | 38.2 | 19.4 | 723 |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <10 |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 813 | 632 | 1520 | 112 | 89.8 | 4040 |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 5.98 | 13.8 | 4.48 | <1 | <1 | 1.33 |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.1 % | TM321 | 1.57 | | | | | 1.37 |



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP106 | TP107 | TP107 | TP108 | TP108 | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP106 | TP107 | TP107 | TP108 | TP108 | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 2.00 | 1.30 | 3.50 | 1.20 | 1.80 | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5596269 | 5596273 | 5596277 | 5596279 | 5596280 | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | 44.6 | 1740 | 596 | 56.3 | 229 | |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | <0.035 M | 0.693 M | 0.188 M | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 3.03 # | 1.06 # | <0.35 # | 1.48 # | 3.71 # | |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | 34.6 M | 14.4 M | <1 M | <1 M | |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 13.8 M | 13.4 M | 71.8 M | 14.3 M | 20.1 M | |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 0.372 M | 0.308 M | 2.03 M | 0.348 M | 0.438 M | |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 52 M | 51.1 M | 63.1 M | 49.8 M | 61.9 M | |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 31.4 M | 23.6 M | 17.2 M | 21 M | 15.2 M | |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 41.5 M | 15 M | 18.6 M | 20.6 M | 69.8 M | |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | 0.999 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 41.3 M | 40.2 M | 56.8 M | 37.4 M | 30.6 M | |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <1 # | <1 # | <10 # | <1 # | <1 # | |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 151 M | 95.8 M | 122 M | 91.9 M | 96.1 M | |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 3.64 M | 1.92 M | 1.34 M | 2.13 M | 1.98 M | |

SDG: 120517-60
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
 Report Number: 184051
 Superseded Report:

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP102 | TP102 | TP103 | TP104 | TP105 | TP106 |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP102 | TP102 | TP103 | TP104 | TP105 | TP106 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 0.40 | 1.20 | 1.60 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.20 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5596254 | 5596255 | 5596258 | 5596262 | 5596264 | 5596268 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 101 | 91.2 | 107 | 98.2 | 100 | 96 |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 102 | 93.2 | 106 | 97.3 | 101 | 95.3 |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 103 | 91.1 | 107 | 93.5 | 102 | 96.4 |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 91.9 | 86.1 | 107 | 88.3 | 85.8 | 96.1 |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 92.8 | 84.5 | 116 | 89.2 | 86.6 | 101 |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 144 | 11300 | 834 | <9 | <9 | 458 |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 156 | 5370 | 1040 | <12 | <12 | 162 |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 18.8 | 2160 | 783 | <8 | <8 | 252 |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 25.7 | 6600 | 869 | <10 | <10 | 397 |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 432 | 22500 | 12700 | <15 | <15 | 6050 |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | 192 | 8990 | 4010 | <16 | <16 | 2360 |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 1170 | 35900 | 28700 | <17 | <17 | 10200 |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 1110 | 30300 | 23900 | <15 | <15 | 7660 |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 668 | 16900 | 14000 | <14 | <14 | 3950 |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 575 | 14900 | 10800 | <10 | <10 | 3260 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 1140 | 21200 | 18100 | <15 | <15 | 4240 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 373 | 7600 | 6370 | <14 | <14 | 1550 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 774 | 17100 | 15000 | <15 | <15 | 3240 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | 606 | 8470 | 8450 | <18 | <18 | 2040 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | 149 | 2670 | 2310 | <23 | <23 | 560 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | 726 | 9420 | 9480 | <24 | <24 | 2510 |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 8250 | 221000 | 157000 | <118 | <118 | 48900 |

SDG: 120517-60
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
 Report Number: 184051
 Superseded Report:

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP106 | TP107 | TP107 | TP108 | TP108 | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 2.00 | 1.30 | 3.50 | 1.20 | 1.80 | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | |
| | | | 5596269 | 5596273 | 5596277 | 5596279 | 5596280 | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 108 | 102 | 102 | 95.2 | 96.4 | |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 111 | 101 | 104 | 94.7 | 95.1 | |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 107 | 102 | 104 | 92.5 | 92.1 | |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 104 | 90.1 | 98.8 | 91.4 | 91 | |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 102 | 90.4 | 107 | 96.9 | 96.9 | |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 367 | 504 | 294 | 107 | 87.8 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 37.4 | 26.1 | 36.3 | 17.3 | <12 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 216 | 80.6 | 16.5 | 72 | <8 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 91.5 | 69.5 | 25.8 | 51.4 | <10 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 164 | 170 | 69.5 | 80.4 | <15 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | 156 | 57.1 | <16 | 26.5 | <16 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 119 | 43.4 | 30.8 | 35.1 | <17 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 139 | 29.7 | 23.5 | 26.3 | <15 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 43.8 | <14 | 17.7 | <14 | <14 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 39.5 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 51.4 | <15 | <15 | <15 | <15 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 18.5 | <14 | <14 | <14 | <14 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 35.7 | <15 | <15 | <15 | <15 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | 24.7 | <18 | <18 | <18 | <18 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | <23 | <23 | <23 | <23 | <23 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | 33.2 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 | |
| | | | M | M | M | M | M | |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 1540 | 980 | 514 | 416 | <118 | |

SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP102 | TP102 | TP103 | TP104 | TP105 | TP106 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP102 | TP102 | TP103 | TP104 | TP105 | TP106 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 0.40 | 1.20 | 1.60 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.20 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 |
| | | | 5596254 | 5596255 | 5596258 | 5596262 | 5596264 | 5596268 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 83 | 42 | 45 | 95 | 126 | 45 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | <44 | 4030 | <44 | 80.6 | <44 | <44 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 77.9 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | <2 | 35.6 | <2 | <2 | <2 | <2 |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | 33 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | <6 | 51.5 | <6 | <6 | <6 | <6 |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | 43.6 | 3.93 | <3 | <3 | <3 |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | <9 | 95.1 | <9 | <9 | <9 | <9 |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | <24 | 242 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 67.3 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 202 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 615 | <10 | 11.3 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 1500 | <10 | 31.5 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 6070 | 53100 | 15600 | <100 | 15700 | 15500 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 36300 | 135000 | 100000 | <100 | <100 | 91900 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 342000 | 644000 | 536000 | <100 | <100 | 504000 |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 105000 | 155000 | 148000 | <100 | <100 | 149000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 489000 | 987000 | 800000 | <100 | 15700 | 761000 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 77.9 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 35.6 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 539 | 11.8 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 999 | <10 | 21.4 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 3010 | 135000 | 14800 | 7310 | 14500 | 6510 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 18900 | 541000 | 138000 | 5590 | 2400 | 35200 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 159000 | 1040000 | 525000 | 12100 | <100 | 238000 |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 109000 | 177000 | 184000 | 1650 | <100 | 142000 |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 62900 | 54500 | 64100 | <100 | <100 | 77300 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 289000 | 1900000 | 862000 | 26600 | 16900 | 421000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 384000 | 835000 | 652000 | <100 | 15700 | 612000 |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 181000 | 1720000 | 678000 | 25000 | 16900 | 279000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 565000 | 2560000 | 1330000 | 25000 | 32600 | 891000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 779000 | 2890000 | 1660000 | 26600 | 32600 | 1180000 |

SDG: 120517-60
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
 Report Number: 184051
 Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP106 | TP107 | TP107 | TP108 | TP108 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP106 | TP107 | TP107 | TP108 | TP108 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 2.00 | 1.30 | 3.50 | 1.20 | 1.80 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 | 15/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 | 120517-60 |
| | | | 5596269 | 5596273 | 5596277 | 5596279 | 5596280 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 90 | 121 | 145 | 118 | 107 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 2490 | 384 | 123 | 422 | 143 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 M | <10 M | <10 M | <10 M | <10 M |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | <2 M | <2 M | <2 M | <2 M | <2 M |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 M | <3 M | <3 M | <3 M | <3 M |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | <6 M | <6 M | <6 M | <6 M | <6 M |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 M | 6.3 M | <3 M | <3 M | <3 M |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | <9 | <9 | <9 | <9 | <9 |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 10.5 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 13.1 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 44.5 | 13.9 | <10 | 21 | 26.3 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 253 | 44.1 | 25 | 70.7 | 35 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 1200 | 165 | 40 | 160 | 26.3 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 127000 | 17900 | 18600 | 21500 | 15600 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 302000 | 12500 | 25000 | 41800 | 38300 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 281000 | 10700 | 16200 | 48400 | 40000 |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 52800 | <100 | <100 | 7080 | 3800 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 763000 | 41100 | 59900 | 119000 | 97700 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 169 | 42.8 | 20 | 53.7 | 24.8 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 803 | 110 | 26.3 | 106 | 17.5 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 3200000 | 286000 | 148000 | 811000 | 668000 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 1400000 | 12500 | 16400 | 303000 | 242000 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 785000 | <100 | 2810 | 204000 | 187000 |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 104000 | <100 | <100 | 50200 | 43800 |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 26700 | <100 | <100 | 16300 | 14100 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5480000 | 299000 | 167000 | 1370000 | 1140000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 711000 | 41300 | 60000 | 112000 | 94000 |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5380000 | 299000 | 167000 | 1320000 | 1100000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 6090000 | 340000 | 227000 | 1430000 | 1190000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 6250000 | 340000 | 227000 | 1490000 | 1240000 |



SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

Asbestos Identification - Soil

| | | Date of Analysis | Analysed By | Comments | Amosite (Brown) Asbestos | Chrysotile (White) Asbestos | Crocidolite (Blue) Asbestos | Fibrous Actinolite | Fibrous Anthophyllite | Fibrous Tremolite | Non-Asbestos Fibre |
|---|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP102 0.40 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596254 TM048 | 22/05/12 | Martin Cotterell | loose fibres in soil | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP103 0.40 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596257 TM048 | 22/05/12 | Martin Cotterell | loose fibres in soil | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP104 0.20 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596260 TM048 | 22/05/12 | Martin Cotterell | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP105 0.30 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596264 TM048 | 22/05/12 | Chris Swindells | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP106 0.20 SOLID 15/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596268 TM048 | 22/05/12 | Martin Cotterell | loose fibres and ACM debris in soil | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |



SDG: 120517-60
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
 Report Number: 184051
 Superseded Report:

| | | Date of Analysis | Analysed By | Comments | Amosite (Brown) Asbestos | Chrysotile (White) Asbestos | Crocidolite (Blue) Asbestos | Fibrous Actinolite | Fibrous Anthophyllite | Fibrous Tremolite | Non-Asbestos Fibre |
|--|--|------------------|------------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP107 0.50 SOLID 15/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596271 TM048 | 22/05/12 | Martin Cotterell | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |

Asbestos Quantification - Full

| | | Additional Asbestos Components (Using TM048) | Analysts Comments | Asbestos Quantification - Gravimetric - % | Asbestos Quantification - PCOM Evaluation - % | Asbestos Quantification - Total - % |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP102 0.40 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596254 TM 304 | - (#) | - | 0.0039 (#) | <0.001 (#) | 0.0047 (#) |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP103 0.30 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596257 TM 304 | - (#) | some loose fibres found during gravimetric analysis but to small/few to accurately weigh | <0.001 (#) | 0.0014 (#) | 0.0014 (#) |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP106 0.20 SOLID 15/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-60 5596268 TM 304 | - (#) | - | 0.0112 (#) | 0.0014 (#) | 0.0126 (#) |

SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

Notification of NDPs (No determination possible)

Date Received : 17/05/2012 11:41:55

| Sample No | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Test | Comment |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---|
| 5596254 | TP102 | 0.40 | Total Organic Carbon | Unsuitable for analysis due to potential Asbestos |
| 5596268 | TP106 | 0.20 | Total Organic Carbon | Unsuitable for analysis due to potential Asbestos |

SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| PM001 | | Preparation of Samples for Metals Analysis | | |
| PM024 | Modified BS 1377 | Soil preparation including homogenisation, moisture screens of soils for Asbestos Containing Material | | |
| TM 304 | | | | |
| TM024 | Method 4500A & B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Exchangeable Ammonium and Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N by titration on solids | | |
| TM048 | HSG 248, Asbestos: The analysts' guide for sampling, analysis and clearance procedures | Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Material | | |
| TM062 (S) | National Grid Property Holdings Methods for the Collection & Analysis of Samples from National Grid Sites version 1 Sec 3.9 | Determination of Phenols in Soils by HPLC | | |
| TM089 | Modified: US EPA Methods 8020 & 602 | Determination of Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (GRO) and BTEX (MTBE) compounds by Headspace GC-FID (C4-C12) | | |
| TM132 | In - house Method | ELTRA CS800 Operators Guide | | |
| TM153 | Method 4500A,B,C, I, M AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate using the Skalar SANS+ System Segmented Flow Analyser | | |
| TM173 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soils by GC-FID | | |
| TM181 | US EPA Method 6010B | Determination of Routine Metals in Soil by iCap 6500 Duo ICP-OES | | |
| TM218 | Microwave extraction – EPA method 3546 | Microwave extraction - EPA method 3546 | | |
| TM222 | In-House Method | Determination of Hot Water Soluble Boron in Soils (10:1 Water:soil) by IRIS Emission Spectrometer | | |
| TM321 | | Organic matter Content of Soil By Titration | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.

SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5596254 | 5596255 | 5596257 | 5596258 | 5596260 | 5596262 | 5596264 | 5596268 | 5596269 | 5596271 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | TP102 | TP102 | TP103 | TP103 | TP104 | TP104 | TP105 | TP106 | TP106 | TP107 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depth | 0.40 | 1.20 | 0.30 | 1.60 | 0.20 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.20 | 2.00 | 0.50 |
| Type | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | |
| Asbestos Identification (Soil) | 22-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 |
| Asbestos Quantification - Full | 13-Jun-2012 | | 13-Jun-2012 | | | | | 13-Jun-2012 | | |
| Boron Water Soluble | 25-May-2012 | 21-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | 28-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | | 28-May-2012 | | 28-May-2012 | 28-May-2012 | 28-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | 28-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | | 28-May-2012 | | 28-May-2012 | 28-May-2012 | 28-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | 28-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | | 27-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | 25-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | | 28-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 28-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | |
| PAH by GCMS | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | 26-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 26-May-2012 | | 26-May-2012 | 26-May-2012 | 26-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | |
| Sample description | 23-May-2012 | 19-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 19-May-2012 | |
| Total Organic Carbon | | 23-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | |
| Total Organic Carbon (Asb) | 28-May-2012 | | | | | | | 28-May-2012 | | |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | 28-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | | 28-May-2012 | | 28-May-2012 | 28-May-2012 | 28-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | |

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5596273 | 5596277 | 5596279 | 5596280 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | TP107 | TP107 | TP108 | TP108 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | |
| Depth | 1.30 | 3.50 | 1.20 | 1.80 |
| Type | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| Boron Water Soluble | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 22-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | 23-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| PAH by GCMS | 22-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Sample description | 19-May-2012 | 19-May-2012 | 19-May-2012 | 19-May-2012 |
| Total Organic Carbon | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |

SDG: 120517-60
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66137
Report Number: 184051
Superseded Report:

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DFO) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVOC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL BY R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

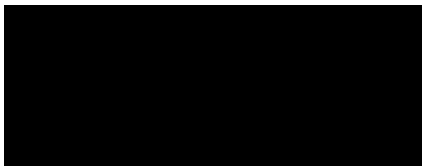
Date: 11 June 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120517-117
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 183773

This report has been revised and directly supersedes 183769 in its entirety.

We received 15 samples on Thursday May 17, 2012 and 10 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Monday June 11, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.



Sonia McWhan
Operations Manager



SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5599044 | TP101 | | 0.30 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5599045 | TP101 | | 1.50 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5599047 | TP101 | | 1.90 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5599048 | TP101 | | 3.10 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5599049 | TP102 | | 0.40 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5599050 | TP102 | | 1.20 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5599054 | TP102 | | 1.50 | 14/05/2012 |
| 5599056 | TP109 | | 0.70 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5599057 | TP109 | | 1.60 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5599058 | TP112 | | 0.20 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5599059 | TP112 | | 0.40 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5599060 | TP112 | | 1.30 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5599062 | TP113 | | 0.30 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5599066 | TP113 | | 1.20 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5599068 | TP114 | | 0.20 | 16/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120517-117
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins



Order Number: 66236
 Report Number: 183773
 Superseded Report: 183769

| SOLID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | 5599045 | TP101 | | 1.50 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5599049 | TP102 | | 0.40 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5599050 | TP102 | | 1.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5599056 | TP109 | | 0.70 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5599057 | TP109 | | 1.60 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5599058 | TP112 | | 0.20 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5599059 | TP112 | | 0.40 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5599062 | TP113 | | 0.30 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5599066 | TP113 | | 1.20 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5599068 | TP114 | | 0.20 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| Asbestos Identification (Soil) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| Asbestos Quantification - Full | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 3 | | | | |
| Boron Water Soluble | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | | |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | | |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | | | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Arsenic | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| | Cadmium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| | Chromium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| | Copper | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| | Lead | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| | Mercury | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |
| | Nickel | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | | | | |

SDG: 120517-117
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
 Report Number: 183773
 Superseded Report: 183769

| SOLID | | | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | | | |
|--|----------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|---|--|---|
| Results Legend  Test  No Determination Possible | | | 5599045 | TP101 | | 1.50 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599049 | TP102 | | 0.40 | 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599050 | TP102 | | 1.20 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599056 | TP109 | | 0.70 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599057 | TP109 | | 1.60 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599058 | TP112 | | 0.20 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599059 | TP112 | | 0.40 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599062 | TP113 | | 0.30 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599066 | TP113 | | 1.20 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| | | | 5599068 | TP114 | | 0.20 | 60g VOC (ALE215) 400g Tub (ALE214) 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Selenium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| | Zinc | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| PAH by GCMS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 6 | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| Sample description | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Total Organic Carbon | All | NDPs: 1 Tests: 5 | X | | X | X | X | X | | N |
| Total Organic Carbon (Asb) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 1 | | | | | | | | X |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X X | X | X | X | X | X | | X |

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Sample Descriptions

Grain Sizes

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| very fine | <0.063mm | fine | 0.063mm - 0.1mm | medium | 0.1mm - 2mm | coarse | 2mm - 10mm | very coarse | >10mm |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Colour | Description | Grain size | Inclusions | Inclusions 2 |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| 5599045 | TP101 | 1.50 | Dark Brown | Sandy Clay Loam | <0.063 mm | N/A | N/A |
| 5599049 | TP102 | 0.40 | Light Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | Crushed Brick |
| 5599050 | TP102 | 1.20 | Black | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5599056 | TP109 | 0.70 | Light Brown | Silt Loam | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | N/A | N/A |
| 5599057 | TP109 | 1.60 | Grey | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | None | None |
| 5599059 | TP112 | 0.40 | Light Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | None |
| 5599066 | TP113 | 1.20 | Grey | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | None | None |
| 5599068 | TP114 | 0.20 | Dark Brown | Loamy Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Fibres | Stones |

These descriptions are only intended to act as a cross check if sample identities are questioned, and to provide a log of sample matrices with respect to MCERTS validation. They are not intended as full geological descriptions.

We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample.

Other coarse granular materials such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

SDG: 120517-117
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
 Report Number: 183773
 Superseded Report: 183769

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP101 | TP109 | TP109 | TP112 | TP113 | TP114 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | 1.50 | 0.70 | 1.60 | 0.40 | 1.20 | 0.20 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 14/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 |
| (F) | | | 5599045 | 5599056 | 5599057 | 5599059 | 5599066 | 5599068 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | 454 | <15 | 22.2 | <15 | 66.3 | <15 |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | <0.035 | <0.035 | <0.035 | <0.035 | <0.035 | <0.035 |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 2.71 | 0.896 | 1.24 | <0.35 | 1.91 | |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 18.8 | 17 | 11.9 | 22 | 13 | 16.3 |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.02 | 0.406 | 0.344 | 0.595 | 0.345 | 3.26 |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 61.8 | 47.5 | 59.2 | 16.6 | 50.4 | 61.2 |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 16.1 | 21 | 20.1 | 25.1 | 27.2 | 162 |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 27.4 | 25 | 18.7 | 9.8 | 34.2 | 272 |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | 0.773 |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 29.3 | 35.1 | 40.5 | 21.7 | 41.6 | 40.8 |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 1.24 | <1 |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 98.2 | 108 | 105 | 87.9 | 162 | 1190 |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 8.5 | 1.26 | 2.06 | 1.34 | 9.82 | 6.12 |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.1 % | TM321 | | | | | | 1.15 |

SDG: 120517-117
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
 Report Number: 183773
 Superseded Report: 183769

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP101 | TP109 | TP109 | TP112 | TP113 | TP114 |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP101 | TP109 | TP109 | TP112 | TP113 | TP114 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 1.50 | 0.70 | 1.60 | 0.40 | 1.20 | 0.20 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 14/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5599045 | 5599056 | 5599057 | 5599059 | 5599066 | 5599068 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 104 | 99.5 | 95.8 | 98.6 | 103 | 105 |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 104 | 97.7 | 96.6 | 101 | 105 | 103 |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 104 | 94 | 93.4 | 97.8 | 102 | 101 |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 102 | 93.8 | 85 | 87.6 | 93.4 | 105 |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 106 | 97.5 | 82.8 | 83.2 | 94.7 | 111 |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 42.5 | <9 | 14.3 | <9 | 97 | 326 |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | <12 | <12 | <12 | <12 | <12 | 358 |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | <8 | <8 | <8 | <8 | 45.4 | 616 |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 193 | 678 |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 28.3 | <15 | <15 | <15 | 336 | 13200 |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | <16 | <16 | <16 | <16 | 70.3 | 4190 |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 29.5 | <17 | <17 | <17 | 62.5 | 29000 |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 22.4 | <15 | <15 | <15 | 71.5 | 25600 |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 31.6 | <14 | <14 | <14 | 21 | 13900 |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 19.5 | 11400 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | <15 | <15 | <15 | <15 | 25.8 | 17600 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | <14 | <14 | <14 | <14 | <14 | 6460 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 22.3 | <15 | <15 | <15 | <15 | 14400 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | <18 | <18 | <18 | <18 | <18 | 7610 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | <23 | <23 | <23 | <23 | <23 | 2070 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 | 8510 |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 177 | <118 | <118 | <118 | 942 | 156000 |

SDG: 120517-117
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
 Report Number: 183773
 Superseded Report: 183769

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP101 | TP102 | TP102 | TP109 | TP109 | TP112 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP101 | TP102 | TP102 | TP109 | TP109 | TP112 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 1.50 | 0.40 | 1.20 | 0.70 | 1.60 | 0.40 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 14/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | 120517-117 |
| | | | 5599045 | 5599049 | 5599050 | 5599056 | 5599057 | 5599059 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 95 | 71 | 30 | 105 | 87 | 124 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | <44 | <44 | 4690 | 277 | 221 | 51 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 99.1 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | <2 | <2 | 38.1 | <2 | <2 | <2 |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | <3 | 48.3 | <3 | <3 | <3 |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | <6 | <6 | 76.2 | <6 | <6 | <6 |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | <3 | 67.3 | <3 | <3 | <3 |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | <9 | <9 | 144 | <9 | <9 | <9 |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | <24 | <24 | 330 | <24 | <24 | <24 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 90.2 | 11.1 | 16.8 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 269 | 84.9 | 64.5 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 582 | 36.9 | 28.4 | 12.8 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 1820 | 71.3 | 54.2 | 11.6 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 10600 | 205000 | 1860 | 24400 | <100 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5230 | 35200 | 305000 | 7140 | 44600 | <100 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 15900 | 223000 | 1660000 | 67900 | 537000 | <100 |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5320 | 73600 | 301000 | 9440 | 58300 | <100 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 26400 | 342000 | 2470000 | 86400 | 665000 | <100 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 99.1 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 38.1 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 579 | 24.6 | 19.4 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | 1210 | 48 | 36.1 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 2320 | 389000 | 1530 | 12800 | 5610 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 4840 | 17000 | 1230000 | 7020 | 20900 | 1590 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 35100 | 135000 | 2410000 | 39900 | 194000 | <100 |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 15600 | 110000 | 577000 | 14500 | 27100 | <100 |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 6230 | 50800 | 185000 | 4720 | 5230 | <100 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 55500 | 265000 | 4610000 | 63000 | 255000 | 7200 |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 21100 | 268000 | 2170000 | 77100 | 606000 | <100 |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 39900 | 154000 | 4030000 | 48500 | 228000 | 7210 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 61000 | 423000 | 6210000 | 126000 | 835000 | 7210 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 81900 | 607000 | 7080000 | 150000 | 920000 | 7210 |

SDG: 120517-117
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
 Report Number: 183773
 Superseded Report: 183769

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP113 | TP114 | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 1.20 | 0.20 | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120517-117 | 120517-117 | | | |
| | | | 5599066 | 5599068 | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 93 | 25 | | | |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 1370 | <44 | | | |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | <5 | | | |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | | | |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | <2 | <2 | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | <3 | | | |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | <6 | <6 | | | |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 7.68 | <3 | | | |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | <9 | <9 | | | |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | <24 | <24 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 30.7 | <10 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 170 | <10 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 623 | <10 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 65300 | 10400 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 136000 | 60600 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 665000 | 968000 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 202000 | 493000 | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 1070000 | 1530000 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 125 | <10 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 416 | <10 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 20600 | 17100 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 47900 | 258000 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 103000 | 1710000 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 33100 | 1300000 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 7490 | 530000 | | | |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 205000 | 3290000 | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 867000 | 1040000 | | | |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 172000 | 1990000 | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 1040000 | 3030000 | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 1270000 | 4820000 | | | |

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Asbestos Identification - Soil

| | | Date of Analysis | Analysed By | Comments | Amosite (Brown) Asbestos | Chrysotile (White) Asbestos | Crocidolite (Blue) Asbestos | Fibrous Actinolite | Fibrous Anthophyllite | Fibrous Tremolite | Non-Asbestos Fibre |
|---|---|------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP101 1.50 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599045 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Lauren Sargeant | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP102 0.40 SOLID 14/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599049 TM048 | 07/06/12 | Kevin Bowron | Soil Containing ACM Debris & Loose Fibres | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP109 0.70 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599056 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Lauren Sargeant | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP112 0.20 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599058 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Lauren Sargeant | Loose fibres and ACM debris in soil | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP113 0.30 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599062 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Lauren Sargeant | Loose fibres and ACM debris in soil | Not Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Detected |



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

| | | Date of Analysis | Analysed By | Comments | Amosite (Brown) Asbestos | Chrysotile (White) Asbestos | Crocidolite (Blue) Asbestos | Fibrous Actinolite | Fibrous Anthophyllite | Fibrous Tremolite | Non-Asbestos Fibre |
|---|---|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP114 0.20 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599068 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Lauren Sargeant | Loose fibres in soil | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Detected |

Asbestos Quantification - Full

| | | Additional Asbestos Components (Using TM048) | Analysts Comments | Asbestos Quantification - Gravimetric - % | Asbestos Quantification - PCOM Evaluation - % | Asbestos Quantification - Total - % |
|---|--|--|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP112 0.20 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599058 TM 304 | None (#) | - | 0.0643 (#) | 0.0025 (#) | 0.0668 (#) |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP113 0.30 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599062 TM 304 | Amosite (#) | None | 0.0247 (#) | <0.001 (#) | 0.0255 (#) |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP114 0.20 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120517-117 5599068 TM 304 | None (#) | - | 0.0071 (#) | <0.001 (#) | 0.0072 (#) |

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Notification of Deviating Samples

| Sample Number | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Matrix | Test Name | Component Name | Comment |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aliphatics >C10-C12 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aliphatics >C5-C6 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aliphatics >C6-C8 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aliphatics >C8-C10 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Benzene | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Ethylbenzene | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | GRO >C5-C12 | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | GRO Surrogate % recovery** | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | m,p-Xylene | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | o-Xylene | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | sum of detected BTEX by GC | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | Volatile container not received |
| 5635233 | TP101 | 1.50 | SOLID | GRO by GC-FID (S) | Toluene | Volatile container not received |

Note : Test results may be compromised

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Notification of NDPs (No determination possible)

Date Received : 17/05/2012 16:21:31

| Sample No | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Test | Comment |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---|
| 5599068 | TP114 | 0.20 | Total Organic Carbon | Unsuitable for analysis due to potential Asbestos |

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| PM001 | | Preparation of Samples for Metals Analysis | | |
| PM024 | Modified BS 1377 | Soil preparation including homogenisation, moisture screens of soils for Asbestos Containing Material | | |
| TM 304 | | | | |
| TM024 | Method 4500A & B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Exchangeable Ammonium and Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N by titration on solids | | |
| TM048 | HSG 248, Asbestos: The analysts' guide for sampling, analysis and clearance procedures | Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Material | | |
| TM062 (S) | National Grid Property Holdings Methods for the Collection & Analysis of Samples from National Grid Sites version 1 Sec 3.9 | Determination of Phenols in Soils by HPLC | | |
| TM089 | Modified: US EPA Methods 8020 & 602 | Determination of Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (GRO) and BTEX (MTBE) compounds by Headspace GC-FID (C4-C12) | | |
| TM132 | In - house Method | ELTRA CS800 Operators Guide | | |
| TM153 | Method 4500A,B,C, I, M AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate using the Skalar SANS+ System Segmented Flow Analyser | | |
| TM173 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soils by GC-FID | | |
| TM181 | US EPA Method 6010B | Determination of Routine Metals in Soil by iCap 6500 Duo ICP-OES | | |
| TM218 | Microwave extraction – EPA method 3546 | Microwave extraction - EPA method 3546 | | |
| TM222 | In-House Method | Determination of Hot Water Soluble Boron in Soils (10:1 Water:soil) by IRIS Emission Spectrometer | | |
| TM321 | | Organic matter Content of Soil By Titration | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5599045 | 5599049 | 5599050 | 5599056 | 5599057 | 5599058 | 5599059 | 5599062 | 5599066 | 5599068 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | TP101 | TP102 | TP102 | TP109 | TP109 | TP112 | TP112 | TP113 | TP113 | TP114 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depth | 1.50 | 0.40 | 1.20 | 0.70 | 1.60 | 0.20 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 1.20 | 0.20 |
| Type | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | 24-May-2012 | | | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| Asbestos Identification (Soil) | 23-May-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 |
| Asbestos Quantification - Full | | | | | | 11-Jun-2012 | | 11-Jun-2012 | | 11-Jun-2012 |
| Boron Water Soluble | 25-May-2012 | | | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 24-May-2012 | | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | 25-May-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | 25-May-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | 25-May-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | 24-May-2012 | | | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 22-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| PAH by GCMS | 24-May-2012 | | | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | 24-May-2012 | | | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Sample description | 21-May-2012 | 01-Jun-2012 | 31-May-2012 | 21-May-2012 | 21-May-2012 | | 21-May-2012 | | 21-May-2012 | 21-May-2012 |
| Total Organic Carbon | 24-May-2012 | | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | |
| Total Organic Carbon (Asb) | | | | | | | | | | 23-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | 25-May-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 08-Jun-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 25-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |

SDG: 120517-117
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66236
Report Number: 183773
Superseded Report: 183769

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DFO) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVOC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL BY R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Date: 13 June 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120518-110
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 184070

This report has been revised and directly supersedes 182385 in its entirety.

We received 18 samples on Friday May 18, 2012 and 13 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Wednesday June 13, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.

Approved By:



Operations Manager



SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5606761 | TP110 | | 0.35 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5606762 | TP110 | | 0.65 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5606763 | TP110 | | 1.80 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5606764 | TP111 | | 0.30 | 16/05/2012 |
| 5606765 | TP115 | | 0.30 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606767 | TP115 | | 1.30 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606768 | TP116 | | 0.30 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606769 | TP116 | | 1.40 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606770 | TP116 | | 2.00 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606771 | TP116 | | 2.70 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606772 | TP117 | | 0.35 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606773 | TP117 | | 0.50 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606774 | TP117 | | 2.10 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606775 | TP117 | | 2.60 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606777 | TP118 | | 0.70 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606778 | TP118 | | 2.20 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606779 | TP119 | | 0.20 | 17/05/2012 |
| 5606780 | TP119 | | 1.50 | 17/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120518-110
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
 Report Number: 184070
 Superseded Report: 182385

| SOLID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | | 5606761 | TP110 | | 0.35 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5606762 | TP110 | | 0.65 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5606764 | TP111 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | | 5606765 | TP115 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) |
| | 5606768 | TP116 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606769 | TP116 | | 1.40 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606771 | TP116 | | 2.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606773 | TP117 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606774 | TP117 | | 2.10 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606777 | TP118 | | 0.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606778 | TP118 | | 2.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606779 | TP119 | | 0.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| | 5606780 | TP119 | | 1.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| Asbestos Identification (Soil) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 9 | | | X X X X X X X X | |
| Asbestos Quantification - Full | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 1 | | | X | |
| Boron Water Soluble | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Arsenic | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Cadmium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Chromium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Copper | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Lead | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Mercury | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |
| | Nickel | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | | | X X X X X X X X X X X X X | |

SDG: 120518-110
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
 Report Number: 184070
 Superseded Report: 182385

| SOLID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Reference | AGS Reference | Depth (m) | Container | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 5606761 | TP110 | | 0.35 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5606762 | TP110 | | 0.65 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5606764 | TP111 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5606765 | TP115 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606768 | TP116 | | 0.30 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606769 | TP116 | | 1.40 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606771 | TP116 | | 2.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606773 | TP117 | | 0.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606774 | TP117 | | 2.10 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606777 | TP118 | | 0.70 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606778 | TP118 | | 2.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606779 | TP119 | | 0.20 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5606780 | TP119 | | 1.50 | 250g Amber Jar (AL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | Selenium | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| | Zinc | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| PAH by GCMS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Sample description | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Total Organic Carbon | All | NDPs: 1 Tests: 12 | X | X | X | N | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Total Organic Carbon (Asb) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 1 | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 13 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

Sample Descriptions

Grain Sizes

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| very fine | <0.063mm | fine | 0.063mm - 0.1mm | medium | 0.1mm - 2mm | coarse | 2mm - 10mm | very coarse | >10mm |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Colour | Description | Grain size | Inclusions | Inclusions 2 |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 5606761 | TP110 | 0.35 | Black | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5606762 | TP110 | 0.65 | Dark Brown | Loamy Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5606764 | TP111 | 0.30 | Light Brown | Loamy Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5606765 | TP115 | 0.30 | Light Brown | Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5606768 | TP116 | 0.30 | Dark Brown | Loamy Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5606769 | TP116 | 1.40 | Dark Brown | Sandy Silt Loam | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5606771 | TP116 | 2.70 | Light Brown | Silty Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Stones | N/A |
| 5606773 | TP117 | 0.50 | Dark Brown | Clay Loam | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | None | None |
| 5606774 | TP117 | 2.10 | Dark Brown | Loamy Sand | 0.1 - 2 mm | Oil/Petroleum | Stones |
| 5606777 | TP118 | 0.70 | Dark Brown | Clay | <0.063 mm | N/A | N/A |
| 5606778 | TP118 | 2.20 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Stones | None |
| 5606779 | TP119 | 0.20 | Black | Loamy Sand | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Oil/Petroleum | Stones |
| 5606780 | TP119 | 1.50 | Dark Brown | Silty Clay | 0.063 - 0.1 mm | Oil/Petroleum | None |

These descriptions are only intended to act as a cross check if sample identities are questioned, and to provide a log of sample matrices with respect to MCERTS validation. They are not intended as full geological descriptions.

We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample.

Other coarse granular materials such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| SDG: 120518-110 | Location: Banbury | Order Number: 66237 |
| Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12 | Customer: Celtic Technologies | Report Number: 184070 |
| Client Reference: C1526 | Attention: Neil Hopkins | Superseded Report: 182385 |

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP110 | TP110 | TP111 | TP115 | TP116 | TP116 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | 0.35 | 0.65 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 1.40 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 5606761 | 5606762 | 5606764 | 5606765 | 5606768 | 5606769 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | <15 | 22.4 | <15 | <15 | <15 | 79.5 |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | <0.035 M | 0.209 M |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 41.7 # | 9.22 # | 0.643 # | | 4.05 # | 2.6 # |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | 9.7 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | 40.1 M |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 12.7 M | 29.6 M | 74.7 M | 97.5 M | 217 M | 63.1 M |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 0.441 M | 1.26 M | 2.54 M | 2.45 M | 2.24 M | 1.97 M |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 19 M | 33.8 M | 91.1 M | 80.2 M | 70.9 M | 118 M |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 59.3 M | 108 M | <14 M | 40.8 M | 22.7 M | <14 M |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 19.4 M | 96.7 M | 30.2 M | 331 M | 98.8 M | 27.1 M |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 M | 0.144 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M | <0.14 M |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 28.6 M | 38.8 M | 59.3 M | 70 M | 72.1 M | 63.9 M |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <1 # | <10 # | <10 # | <10 # | <10 # | <10 # |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 49.6 M | 187 M | 143 M | 303 M | 156 M | 143 M |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 1.48 M | 3.27 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M | <1 M |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.1 % | TM321 | | | | 0.281 # | | |

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120518-110
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
 Report Number: 184070
 Superseded Report: 182385

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP116 | TP117 | TP117 | TP118 | TP118 | TP119 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 2.70 | 0.50 | 2.10 | 0.70 | 2.20 | 0.20 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 |
| (F) | | | 5606771 | 5606773 | 5606774 | 5606777 | 5606778 | 5606779 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | 297 | 212 | 184 | 692 | 654 | 400 |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | 0.239 | 0.062 | <0.035 | 0.0931 | 0.333 | 2680 |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 0.721 | 1.26 | 0.767 | 2.45 | 1.45 | 25.2 |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | 85.9 |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <10 |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 99.3 | 26.9 | 96 | 28.5 | 43.3 | 32.6 |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.2 | 0.251 | 1.32 | <0.02 | 0.211 | 9.26 |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 76.5 | 49.6 | 90.1 | 51.5 | 57.4 | 35.5 |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 17.3 | 8.21 | 18.4 | 36.3 | 8.96 | 819 |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 41.7 | 18.8 | 22 | 69.8 | 20.4 | 1530 |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | <0.14 | 3.17 |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 70.7 | 24.3 | 73.9 | 29.2 | 26.8 | 37 |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <10 | <1 | <10 | <1 | <1 | <1 |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 174 | 74.3 | 169 | 80.1 | 73.3 | 2510 |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | <1 | 1.41 | 1.03 | 6.36 | 3.81 | 5.03 |

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | | TP119 | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | 1.50 Soil/Solid 17/05/2012 . 18/05/2012 120518-110 5606780 | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N | <15 mg/kg | TM024 | 1190 | | | | | | |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.035 mg/kg | TM062 (S) | 16 | M | | | | | |
| Soil Organic Matter (SOM) | <0.35 % | TM132 | 3.05 | # | | | | | |
| Cyanide, Total | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | M | | | | | |
| Cyanide, Free | <1 mg/kg | TM153 | <1 | M | | | | | |
| Arsenic | <0.6 mg/kg | TM181 | 22.7 | M | | | | | |
| Cadmium | <0.02 mg/kg | TM181 | 0.385 | M | | | | | |
| Chromium | <0.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 66.3 | M | | | | | |
| Copper | <1.4 mg/kg | TM181 | 18 | M | | | | | |
| Lead | <0.7 mg/kg | TM181 | 114 | M | | | | | |
| Mercury | <0.14 mg/kg | TM181 | <0.14 | M | | | | | |
| Nickel | <0.2 mg/kg | TM181 | 35.1 | M | | | | | |
| Selenium | <1 mg/kg | TM181 | <1 | # | | | | | |
| Zinc | <1.9 mg/kg | TM181 | 167 | M | | | | | |
| Boron, water soluble | <1 mg/kg | TM222 | 2.52 | M | | | | | |

SDG: 120518-110
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
 Report Number: 184070
 Superseded Report: 182385

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP110 | TP110 | TP111 | TP115 | TP116 | TP116 |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP110 | TP110 | TP111 | TP115 | TP116 | TP116 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 0.35 | 0.65 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 1.40 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 5606761 | 5606762 | 5606764 | 5606765 | 5606768 | 5606769 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 98.7 | 98.8 | 98.9 | 104 | 108 | 98.8 |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 98.1 | 97.2 | 99 | 104 | 106 | 98.4 |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 94.9 | 94.8 | 95.7 | 101 | 102 | 96.8 |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 92.1 | 94.3 | 96.7 | 101 | 107 | 98.9 |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 95.4 | 97 | 101 | 106 | 112 | 106 |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 256 | 274 | <9 | 37.1 | 640 | 4190 |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 155 | 274 | <12 | 98.2 | 2230 | 18500 |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 96.8 | 56.4 | <8 | <8 | 85.5 | 10200 |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 142 | 141 | <10 | 36.4 | 254 | 51700 |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 1760 | 1650 | 21 | 499 | 4850 | 104000 |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | 549 | 591 | <16 | 124 | 2280 | 54400 |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 3630 | 3310 | 39.8 | 776 | 26700 | 126000 |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 3090 | 2560 | 35.5 | 599 | 23300 | 86100 |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 2470 | 1940 | 33.2 | 424 | 19400 | 55500 |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 2090 | 1540 | 13.9 | 338 | 14200 | 39500 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 4270 | 2240 | 38.2 | 489 | 24700 | 43500 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 1440 | 859 | 17.9 | 200 | 9200 | 18100 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 3750 | 1630 | 31.9 | 390 | 19100 | 39100 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | 2500 | 778 | 19.8 | 199 | 9530 | 14500 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | 653 | 280 | <23 | 62.2 | 3110 | 5080 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | 2880 | 794 | <24 | 214 | 9670 | 13400 |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 29700 | 18900 | 251 | 4490 | 169000 | 684000 |

SDG: 120518-110
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
 Report Number: 184070
 Superseded Report: 182385

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP116 | TP117 | TP117 | TP118 | TP118 | TP119 |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 2.70 | 0.50 | 2.10 | 0.70 | 2.20 | 0.20 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 |
| | | | 5606771 | 5606773 | 5606774 | 5606777 | 5606778 | 5606779 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 99.6 | 86.6 | 97.9 | 98.3 | 96.7 | 90 |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 98.1 | 87.8 | 103 | 97.9 | 98.5 | 126 |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 96.5 | 85.7 | 101 | 98.1 | 98.8 | 112 |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 97 | 74.4 | 97.1 | 98.4 | 94.4 | 120 |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 101 | 69.8 | 100 | 104 | 96.6 | 110 |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 12600 | 12.3 | 197 | 5320 | 13300 | 11600000 |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 12600 | 61.7 | 6880 | 1760 | 1830 | 1760000 |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 3760 | 409 | 6280 | 827 | 7090 | 213000 |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 23100 | 237 | 7180 | 1760 | 3790 | 1080000 |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 37800 | 152 | 17000 | 4950 | 8590 | 3490000 |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | 18000 | 148 | 4990 | 1500 | 2180 | 1170000 |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 36200 | 224 | 4490 | 3280 | 1470 | 2210000 |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 24600 | 215 | 5510 | 3410 | 1800 | 1680000 |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 14600 | 97.3 | 2120 | 1180 | 559 | 732000 |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 10300 | 82.9 | 1670 | 935 | 478 | 546000 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 11200 | 91.1 | 1210 | 804 | 235 | 654000 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 5500 | 35.5 | 539 | 253 | 87.3 | 278000 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 10800 | 75 | 1330 | 723 | 230 | 645000 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | 3710 | 38.4 | 452 | 245 | 74.8 | 283000 |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | 1300 | <23 | 167 | 97.4 | 33.2 | 76900 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | 3600 | 39.6 | 473 | 229 | 80.7 | 315000 |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 230000 | 1920 | 60500 | 27300 | 41800 | 26800000 |

SDG: 120518-110
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
 Report Number: 184070
 Superseded Report: 182385

PAH by GCMS

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP119 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--------|--|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | 1.50 Soil/Solid 17/05/2012 . 18/05/2012 120518-110 5606780 | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | | Method | | | | |
| Naphthalene-d8 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 94.7 | | | | | |
| Acenaphthene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 94.8 | | | | | |
| Phenanthrene-d10 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 97.2 | | | | | |
| Chrysene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 89.6 | | | | | |
| Perylene-d12 % recovery** | % | TM218 | 92 | | | | | |
| Naphthalene | <9 µg/kg | TM218 | 27900 | M | | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | <12 µg/kg | TM218 | 1720 | M | | | | |
| Acenaphthene | <8 µg/kg | TM218 | 596 | M | | | | |
| Fluorene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 1390 | M | | | | |
| Phenanthrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 1590 | M | | | | |
| Anthracene | <16 µg/kg | TM218 | 292 | M | | | | |
| Fluoranthene | <17 µg/kg | TM218 | 349 | M | | | | |
| Pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 256 | M | | | | |
| Benz(a)anthracene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 129 | M | | | | |
| Chrysene | <10 µg/kg | TM218 | 91 | M | | | | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 110 | M | | | | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <14 µg/kg | TM218 | 40.7 | M | | | | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <15 µg/kg | TM218 | 91.6 | M | | | | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <18 µg/kg | TM218 | 51.4 | M | | | | |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | <23 µg/kg | TM218 | <23 | M | | | | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <24 µg/kg | TM218 | 59.7 | M | | | | |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 | <118 µg/kg | TM218 | 34600 | | | | | |

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP110 | TP110 | TP111 | TP115 | TP116 | TP116 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP110 | TP110 | TP111 | TP115 | TP116 | TP116 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 0.35 | 0.65 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 1.40 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 16/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 |
| | | | 5606761 | 5606762 | 5606764 | 5606765 | 5606768 | 5606769 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 34 | 43 | 107 | 95 | 79 | 54 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 271 | 160 | <44 | <44 | <44 | 1890 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | 4.72 | 2.4 | 3.3 | <2 | <2 | 6.15 |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | <6 | <6 | <6 | <6 | <6 | <6 |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | 17.2 |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | <9 | <9 | <9 | <9 | <9 | 17.2 |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 | <24 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | 10.8 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 11.1 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 28.3 | 37.2 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 81.2 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 33 | 28.8 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 306 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 95.6 | 32.4 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 749 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5830 | 7150 | <100 | 3190 | 3960 | 20900 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 10000 | 26200 | <100 | 11100 | 8090 | 83600 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 185000 | 688000 | <100 | 26300 | 53100 | 1340000 |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 61300 | 86400 | <100 | <100 | 4690 | 228000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 262000 | 808000 | <100 | 40700 | 69900 | 1670000 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 27.1 | 22.8 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 229 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 63.7 | 21.6 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 499 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 4700 | 22500 | 2520 | 3260 | 12300 | 238000 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 10800 | 101000 | 4770 | 12400 | 132000 | 793000 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 64300 | 361000 | 14500 | 35000 | 511000 | 2080000 |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 25300 | 73200 | 2080 | 7950 | 110000 | 364000 |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 11600 | 28700 | 417 | 2940 | 53200 | 142000 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 105000 | 557000 | 23900 | 58600 | 766000 | 3480000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 201000 | 722000 | <100 | 40700 | 65200 | 1450000 |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 79900 | 484000 | 21800 | 50600 | 656000 | 3110000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 281000 | 1210000 | 21800 | 91300 | 721000 | 4560000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 367000 | 1370000 | 23900 | 99300 | 836000 | 5150000 |

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP116 | TP117 | TP117 | TP118 | TP118 | TP119 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | TP116 | TP117 | TP117 | TP118 | TP118 | TP119 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | 2.70 | 0.50 | 2.10 | 0.70 | 2.20 | 0.20 |
| S | Deviating sample. | | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid | Soil/Solid |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 | 17/05/2012 |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 | 120518-110 |
| | | | 5606771 | 5606773 | 5606774 | 5606777 | 5606778 | 5606779 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 130 | 113 | 101 | 67 | 106 | 62 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 6320 | 691 | 17900 | 19500 | 15200 | 1560000 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <100 # |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 23.9 M | <10 M | <10 M | 50.5 M | 12.8 M | 177000 M |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | 4.56 M | <2 M | <2 M | 2.66 M | 7.68 M | 242000 M |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 258 M | <3 M | 317 M | 22.6 M | 101 M | 18400 M |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | 210 M | <6 M | <6 M | 198 M | 229 M | 190000 M |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 203 M | <3 M | 125 M | 202 M | 154 M | 61600 M |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | 413 | <9 | 125 | 400 | 383 | 252000 |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | 699 | <24 | 442 | 476 | 504 | 689000 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 12.5 | <10 | 21.6 | 34.6 | 15.4 | 380 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 98 | 21.1 | 568 | 231 | 105 | 24000 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 872 | 42.2 | 3020 | 2690 | 2100 | 174000 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 2440 | 351 | 7110 | 8580 | 6660 | 331000 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 4510 | 21900 | 347000 | 158000 | 112000 | 403000 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 4850 | 17600 | 476000 | 237000 | 140000 | 158000 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 15900 | 25900 | 187000 | 114000 | 30400 | 386000 |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | <100 | 1640 | 5270 | 10200 | <100 | 108000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 25300 | 67100 | 1020000 | 520000 | 283000 | 1060000 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 23.9 | <10 | <10 | 50.5 | 12.8 | 177000 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 242000 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 1250 | 29.8 | 2460 | 2220 | 1890 | 386000 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 1620 | 234 | 4740 | 5720 | 4440 | 221000 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 109000 | 13000 | 234000 | 122000 | 107000 | 125000 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 277000 | 10300 | 370000 | 204000 | 123000 | 228000 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 431000 | 15000 | 205000 | 197000 | 64900 | 241000 |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 89900 | 2950 | 26300 | 34900 | 9900 | 48100 |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 39800 | 689 | 8080 | 12100 | 2340 | 17100 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 908000 | 41300 | 835000 | 558000 | 305000 | 642000 |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 28700 | 65900 | 1020000 | 522000 | 291000 | 1480000 |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 821000 | 38600 | 816000 | 531000 | 301000 | 1620000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 849000 | 104000 | 1840000 | 1050000 | 592000 | 3100000 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 939000 | 109000 | 1870000 | 1100000 | 602000 | 3250000 |

SDG: 120518-110
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
 Report Number: 184070
 Superseded Report: 182385

TPH CWG (S)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | TP119 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--------|--|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | 1.50 Soil/Solid 17/05/2012 . 18/05/2012 120518-110 5606780 | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | | Method | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM089 | 121 | | | | | |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <44 µg/kg | TM089 | 3580 | | | | | |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <5 µg/kg | TM089 | <5 | # | | | | |
| Benzene | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 18.9 | M | | | | |
| Toluene | <2 µg/kg | TM089 | 9.45 | M | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 10.8 | M | | | | |
| m,p-Xylene | <6 µg/kg | TM089 | 50 | M | | | | |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/kg | TM089 | 41.9 | M | | | | |
| sum of detected mpo xylene by GC | <9 µg/kg | TM089 | 91.9 | | | | | |
| sum of detected BTEX by GC | <24 µg/kg | TM089 | 131 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 12.2 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 24.3 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 220 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 1830 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 29300 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 40200 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 117000 | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C35-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 19600 | | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 206000 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 18.9 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | <10 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 248 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/kg | TM089 | 1220 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 25400 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 18500 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 59500 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC35-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 15900 | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC40-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 5370 | | | | | |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 119000 | | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 189000 | | | | | |
| Total Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 105000 | | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 294000 | | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-C44 | <100 µg/kg | TM173 | 329000 | | | | | |



SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

Asbestos Identification - Soil

| | | Date of Analysis | Analysed By | Comments | Amosite (Brown) Asbestos | Chrysotile (White) Asbestos | Crocidolite (Blue) Asbestos | Fibrous Actinolite | Fibrous Anthophyllite | Fibrous Tremolite | Non-Asbestos Fibre |
|--|---|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP110 0.35 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606761 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Chris Swindells | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP110 0.65 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606762 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Lauren Sargeant | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP111 0.30 SOLID 16/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606764 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Chris Swindells | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP115 0.30 SOLID 17/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606765 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Chris Swindells | loose fibres in soil | Detected (#) | Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP116 0.30 SOLID 17/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606768 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Chris Swindells | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

| | | Date of Analysis | Analysed By | Comments | Amosite (Brown) Asbestos | Chrysotile (White) Asbestos | Crocidolite (Blue) Asbestos | Fibrous Actinolite | Fibrous Anthophyllite | Fibrous Tremolite | Non-Asbestos Fibre |
|--|---|------------------|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP116 1.40 SOLID 17/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606769 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Chris Swindells | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP116 2.70 SOLID 17/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606771 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Chris Swindells | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP118 0.70 SOLID 17/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606777 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Lauren Sargeant | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |
| Customer Sample Ref. Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Date Received SDG Original Sample Method Number | TP119 0.20 SOLID 17/05/2012 00:00:00 120518-110 5606779 TM048 | 23/05/12 | Chris Swindells | - | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected (#) | Not Detected |

Asbestos Quantification - Full

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

| | | Additional Asbestos Components (Using TM048) | Analysts Comments | Asbestos Quantification - Gravimetric - % | Asbestos Quantification - PCOM Evaluation - % | Asbestos Quantification - Total - % |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | TP115 | - (#) | - | 0.8377 (#) | <0.001 (#) | 0.8382 (#) |
| Depth (m) | 0.30 | | | | | |
| Sample Type | SOLID | | | | | |
| Date Sampled | 17/05/2012 00:00:00 | | | | | |
| Date Received | | | | | | |
| SDG | 120518-110 | | | | | |
| Original Sample | 5606765 | | | | | |
| Method Number | TM 304 | | | | | |

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

Notification of NDPs (No determination possible)

Date Received : 18/05/2012 18:25:06

| Sample No | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Test | Comment |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---|
| 5606765 | TP115 | 0.30 | Total Organic Carbon | Unsuitable for analysis due to potential Asbestos |

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| PM001 | | Preparation of Samples for Metals Analysis | | |
| PM024 | Modified BS 1377 | Soil preparation including homogenisation, moisture screens of soils for Asbestos Containing Material | | |
| TM 304 | | | | |
| TM024 | Method 4500A & B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Exchangeable Ammonium and Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N by titration on solids | | |
| TM048 | HSG 248, Asbestos: The analysts' guide for sampling, analysis and clearance procedures | Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Material | | |
| TM062 (S) | National Grid Property Holdings Methods for the Collection & Analysis of Samples from National Grid Sites version 1 Sec 3.9 | Determination of Phenols in Soils by HPLC | | |
| TM089 | Modified: US EPA Methods 8020 & 602 | Determination of Gasoline Range Hydrocarbons (GRO) and BTEX (MTBE) compounds by Headspace GC-FID (C4-C12) | | |
| TM132 | In - house Method | ELTRA CS800 Operators Guide | | |
| TM153 | Method 4500A,B,C, I, M AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate using the Skalar SANS+ System Segmented Flow Analyser | | |
| TM173 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soils by GC-FID | | |
| TM181 | US EPA Method 6010B | Determination of Routine Metals in Soil by iCap 6500 Duo ICP-OES | | |
| TM218 | Microwave extraction – EPA method 3546 | Microwave extraction - EPA method 3546 | | |
| TM222 | In-House Method | Determination of Hot Water Soluble Boron in Soils (10:1 Water:soil) by IRIS Emission Spectrometer | | |
| TM321 | | Organic matter Content of Soil By Titration | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5606761 | 5606762 | 5606764 | 5606765 | 5606768 | 5606769 | 5606771 | 5606773 | 5606774 | 5606777 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | TP110 | TP110 | TP111 | TP115 | TP116 | TP116 | TP116 | TP117 | TP117 | TP118 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depth | 0.35 | 0.65 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 1.40 | 2.70 | 0.50 | 2.10 | 0.70 |
| Type | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| Asbestos Identification (Soil) | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | | | 23-May-2012 |
| Asbestos Quantification - Full | | | | 13-Jun-2012 | | | | | | |
| Boron Water Soluble | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| PAH by GCMS | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| Sample description | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 21-May-2012 | 21-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| Total Organic Carbon | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Total Organic Carbon (Asb) | | | | 24-May-2012 | | | | | | |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5606778 | 5606779 | 5606780 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | TP118 | TP119 | TP119 |
| AGS Ref. | | | |
| Depth | 2.20 | 0.20 | 1.50 |
| Type | SOLID | SOLID | SOLID |
| Ammonium Soil by Titration | 24-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Asbestos Identification (Soil) | | 23-May-2012 | |
| Boron Water Soluble | 22-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) GC (S) | 23-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) GC (S) | 23-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (S) | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Metals by iCap-OES (Soil) | 22-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| PAH by GCMS | 24-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (S) | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| Sample description | 21-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 21-May-2012 |
| Total Organic Carbon | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG GC (S) | 24-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |

SDG: 120518-110
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66237
Report Number: 184070
Superseded Report: 182385

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DFO) | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE/ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE/ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE/ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM/ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVCC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL BY R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

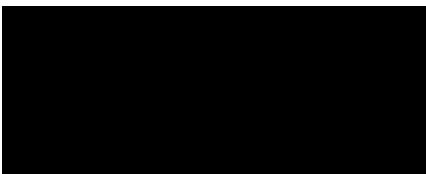
CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Date: 03 May 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120427-22
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 180043

We received 5 samples on Friday April 27, 2012 and 5 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Thursday May 03, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.



Sonia McWhan
Operations Manager



SDG: 120427-22
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 180043
Superseded Report:

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5507566 | MW04 | | | 25/04/2012 |
| 5507568 | MW10 | | | 26/04/2012 |
| 5507570 | MW11 | | | 26/04/2012 |
| 5507574 | MW12 | | | 26/04/2012 |
| 5507567 | MW39 | | | 26/04/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120427-22
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 180043
 Superseded Report:

| LIQUID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | 5507566 | 5507568 | 5507570 | 5507574 | 5507567 |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Customer Sample Reference | MM04 | MM10 | MM11 | MM12 | MM39 |
| | AGS Reference | | | | | |
| | Depth (m) | | | | | |
| | Container | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| Mercury Dissolved | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |
| TPH CWG (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | X | X | X | X |

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120427-22
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 180043
 Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 25/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120427-22 | 120427-22 | 120427-22 | 120427-22 | 120427-22 | |
| | | | 5507566 | 5507568 | 5507570 | 5507574 | 5507567 | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH3 | <0.2 mg/l | TM099 | 1.28 # | 17 # | 174 # | 37.9 # | <0.2 # | |
| Arsenic (diss.filt) | <0.12 µg/l | TM152 | 2.36 # | 2.92 # | 4.86 # | 1.62 # | 1.15 # | |
| Boron (diss.filt) | <9.4 µg/l | TM152 | 436 # | 537 # | 118 # | 1770 # | 829 # | |
| Cadmium (diss.filt) | <0.1 µg/l | TM152 | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | 0.127 # | <0.1 # | |
| Chromium (diss.filt) | <0.22 µg/l | TM152 | 1.18 # | 2.99 # | 3.53 # | 7.72 # | 8.61 # | |
| Copper (diss.filt) | <0.85 µg/l | TM152 | 1.5 # | 1.71 # | 1.27 # | 4.55 # | 16.3 # | |
| Lead (diss.filt) | <0.02 µg/l | TM152 | 0.082 # | <0.02 # | 0.04 # | 0.036 # | 1.23 # | |
| Nickel (diss.filt) | <0.15 µg/l | TM152 | 8.27 # | 5.48 # | 4.91 # | 20.2 # | 18.1 # | |
| Selenium (diss.filt) | <0.39 µg/l | TM152 | 1.83 # | 1.28 # | 2.12 # | 2.11 # | 3.82 # | |
| Zinc (diss.filt) | <0.41 µg/l | TM152 | 3.07 # | 1.94 # | 2.31 # | 3.51 # | 8.19 # | |
| Mercury (diss.filt) | <0.01 µg/l | TM183 | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | |
| Cyanide, Total | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | <0.05 # | 0.243 # | <0.05 # | 0.077 # | <0.05 # | |
| Cyanide, Free | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.016 mg/l | TM259 | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | |

SDG: 120427-22
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 180043
 Superseded Report:

PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 25/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 | 26/04/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 | 27/04/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120427-22 | 120427-22 | 120427-22 | 120427-22 | 120427-22 |
| (F) | | | 5507566 | 5507568 | 5507570 | 5507574 | 5507567 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene (aq) | <0.1 µg/l | TM178 | <0.1 # | 0.112 # | 0.109 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # |
| Acenaphthene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | <0.015 # | 0.0774 # | 0.174 # | <0.015 # | 0.0163 # |
| Acenaphthylene (aq) | <0.011 µg/l | TM178 | <0.011 # | 0.813 # | 3.3 # | 0.0158 # | <0.011 # |
| Fluoranthene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | <0.017 # | 0.0311 # | <0.017 # | <0.017 # | 0.245 # |
| Anthracene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | <0.015 # | <0.015 # | <0.015 # | <0.015 # | 0.0256 # |
| Phenanthrene (aq) | <0.022 µg/l | TM178 | <0.022 # | <0.022 # | <0.022 # | <0.022 # | 0.0394 # |
| Fluorene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | <0.014 # | 0.0229 # | 0.062 # | <0.014 # | <0.014 # |
| Chrysene (aq) | <0.013 µg/l | TM178 | <0.013 # | 0.0251 # | <0.013 # | <0.013 # | 0.248 # |
| Pyrene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0333 # | 0.0316 # | <0.015 # | <0.015 # | 0.284 # |
| Benzo(a)anthracene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | <0.017 # | <0.017 # | <0.017 # | <0.017 # | 0.136 # |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.023 µg/l | TM178 | <0.023 # | <0.023 # | <0.023 # | <0.023 # | 0.223 # |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.027 µg/l | TM178 | <0.027 # | <0.027 # | <0.027 # | <0.027 # | 0.369 # |
| Benzo(a)pyrene (aq) | <0.009 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0136 # | 0.0136 # | <0.009 # | <0.009 # | 0.238 # |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | 0.0507 # |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | 0.255 # |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | 0.155 # |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 (aq) | <0.247 µg/l | TM178 | <0.247 # | 1.13 # | 3.64 # | <0.247 # | 2.29 # |

SDG: 120427-22
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 180043
 Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | Water(GW/SW) 25/04/2012 27/04/2012 120427-22 5507566 | Water(GW/SW) 26/04/2012 27/04/2012 120427-22 5507568 | Water(GW/SW) 26/04/2012 27/04/2012 120427-22 5507570 | Water(GW/SW) 26/04/2012 27/04/2012 120427-22 5507574 | Water(GW/SW) 26/04/2012 27/04/2012 120427-22 5507567 |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| ** | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM245 | 98 | 100 | 95 | 97 | 99 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <50 µg/l | TM245 | <50 # | <50 # | <50 # | <50 # | <50 # |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # |
| Benzene | <7 µg/l | TM245 | <7 # | <7 # | <7 # | <7 # | <7 # |
| Toluene | <4 µg/l | TM245 | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # |
| Ethylbenzene | <5 µg/l | TM245 | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # |
| m,p-Xylene | <8 µg/l | TM245 | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # |
| Sum of detected Xylenes | <11 µg/l | TM245 | <11 | <11 | <11 | <11 | <11 |
| Sum of detected BTEX | <28 µg/l | TM245 | <28 | <28 | <28 | <28 | <28 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 86 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 86 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 89 | <10 | 10 | <10 | <10 |

SDG: 120427-22
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 180043
Superseded Report:

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| TM061 | Method for the Determination of EPH, Massachusetts Dept. of EP, 1998 | Determination of Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by GC-FID (C10-C40) | | |
| TM099 | BS 2690: Part 7:1968 / BS 6068: Part 2.11:1984 | Determination of Ammonium in Water Samples using the Kone Analyser | | |
| TM152 | Method 3125B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Analysis of Aqueous Samples by ICP-MS | | |
| TM174 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Waters by GC-FID | | |
| TM178 | Modified: US EPA Method 8100 | Determination of Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) by GC-MS in Waters | | |
| TM183 | BS EN 23506:2002, (BS 6068-2.74:2002) ISBN 0 580 38924 3 | Determination of Trace Level Mercury in Waters and Leachates by PSA Cold Vapour Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry | | |
| TM227 | Standard methods for the examination of waters and wastewaters 20th Edition, AWWA/APHA Method 4500. | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate | | |
| TM245 | By GC-FID | Determination of GRO by Headspace in waters | | |
| TM259 | by HPLC | Determination of Phenols in Waters and Leachates by HPLC | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.



SDG: 120427-22
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 180043
 Superseded Report:

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5507566 | 5507568 | 5507570 | 5507574 | 5507567 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | |
| Depth | | | | | |
| Type | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 01-May-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | 30-Apr-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 | 30-Apr-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | 28-Apr-2012 | 28-Apr-2012 | 28-Apr-2012 | 28-Apr-2012 | 28-Apr-2012 |
| Mercury Dissolved | 02-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | 03-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 03-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | 02-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG (W) | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 | 02-May-2012 | 01-May-2012 |

SDG: 120427-22
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 180043
Superseded Report:

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DFO) | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE/ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE/ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE/ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE/ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM/ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVOC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL by R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

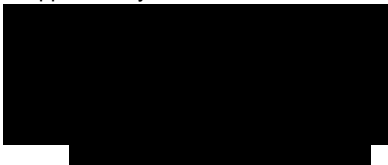
Date: 07 June 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120528-36
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 183482

We received 8 samples on Saturday May 26, 2012 and 8 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Thursday June 07, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.

Approved By:



Sonia McWhan
Operations Manager



SDG: 120528-36
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
Report Number: 183482
Superseded Report:

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5653959 | BH101a | | | 25/05/2012 |
| 5653956 | BH103 | | | 24/05/2012 |
| 5653958 | BH104 | | | 24/05/2012 |
| 5653957 | BH105 | | | 24/05/2012 |
| 5653960 | BH106 | | | 25/05/2012 |
| 5653955 | MW01 | | | 24/05/2012 |
| 5653962 | MW07 | | | 25/05/2012 |
| 5653961 | MW28 | | | 25/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120528-36
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
 Report Number: 183482
 Superseded Report:

| LIQUID Results Legend | Lab Sample No(s) | | Customer Sample Reference | | AGS Reference | | Depth (m) | | Container | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------|---------------|---|-----------|---|--|---|
| | X Test | N No Determination Possible | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5653955 | MMW01 | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| | | | 5653962 | MMW07 | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| | | | 5653961 | MMW28 | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| | | | 5653959 | BH101a | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| | | | 5653956 | BH103 | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| | | | 5653958 | BH104 | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| | | | 5653957 | BH105 | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| | | | 5653960 | BH106 | | | | | Vial (AL E297) NaOH (ALE245) HNO3 Filtered H2SO4 (AL E244) 11 green glass bottle | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Mercury Dissolved | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| TPH CWG (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120528-36
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
 Report Number: 183482
 Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample Ref. | BH103 | BH104 | BH105 | BH106 | BH101a | MW01 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | 24/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 | 25/05/2012 | 25/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 26/05/2012 | 26/05/2012 | 26/05/2012 | 26/05/2012 | 26/05/2012 | 26/05/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120528-36 | 120528-36 | 120528-36 | 120528-36 | 120528-36 | 120528-36 |
| (F) | | | 5653956 | 5653958 | 5653957 | 5653960 | 5653959 | 5653955 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH3 | <0.2 mg/l | TM099 | 46.7 | 92.1 | 18.9 | 28.3 | 168 | 1.56 |
| Arsenic (diss.filt) | <0.12 µg/l | TM152 | 2.31 | 7.29 | 5.62 | 102 | 25 | 1.02 |
| Boron (diss.filt) | <9.4 µg/l | TM152 | 134 | 563 | 595 | 2010 | 319 | 255 |
| Cadmium (diss.filt) | <0.1 µg/l | TM152 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 |
| Chromium (diss.filt) | <0.22 µg/l | TM152 | 6.28 | 2.99 | 4.94 | 12.2 | 4.46 | 9.24 |
| Copper (diss.filt) | <0.85 µg/l | TM152 | 1.29 | 1.33 | 1.41 | 1.52 | <0.85 | 3 |
| Lead (diss.filt) | <0.02 µg/l | TM152 | 0.465 | 0.07 | 0.185 | 0.29 | 0.366 | 0.097 |
| Nickel (diss.filt) | <0.15 µg/l | TM152 | 5.34 | 6.62 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 1.28 | 4.9 |
| Selenium (diss.filt) | <0.39 µg/l | TM152 | 0.71 | 2.95 | 2.74 | 5.43 | 3.2 | 4.64 |
| Zinc (diss.filt) | <0.41 µg/l | TM152 | 5.84 | 3.78 | 8.27 | 8.48 | 3.32 | 10.8 |
| Mercury (diss.filt) | <0.01 µg/l | TM183 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | 0.0235 | 0.0113 | <0.01 |
| Cyanide, Total | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | 0.276 | 0.21 | <0.05 | 0.065 | 0.09 | <0.05 |
| Cyanide, Free | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.016 mg/l | TM259 | <0.016 | <0.016 | <0.016 | 16.2 | <0.016 | <0.016 |



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120528-36
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
Report Number: 183482
Superseded Report:

Table with columns: Results Legend, Customer Sample Ref., MW07, MW28, Component, LOD/Units, Method. Rows include Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH3, Arsenic, Boron, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Lead, Nickel, Selenium, Zinc, Mercury, Cyanide, Phenols.

SDG: 120528-36
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
 Report Number: 183482
 Superseded Report:

PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample Ref. | BH103 | BH104 | BH105 | BH106 | BH101a | MW01 |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 24/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 | 25/05/2012 | 25/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene (aq) | <0.1 µg/l | TM178 | <0.1 # | 0.119 # | 0.255 # | 2680 # | 2.28 # | <0.1 # |
| Acenaphthene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0995 # | 0.22 # | 0.0386 # | 1350 # | 376 # | <0.015 # |
| Acenaphthylene (aq) | <0.011 µg/l | TM178 | 0.098 # | 0.371 # | 0.0383 # | 409 # | 50.5 # | <0.011 # |
| Fluoranthene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0424 # | 0.0687 # | 0.045 # | 563 # | 182 # | 0.0264 # |
| Anthracene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0152 # | 0.041 # | 0.0201 # | 751 # | 230 # | <0.015 # |
| Phenanthrene (aq) | <0.022 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0227 # | <0.022 # | 0.0549 # | 1740 # | 372 # | <0.022 # |
| Fluorene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0291 # | 0.093 # | 0.0399 # | 1210 # | 192 # | <0.014 # |
| Chrysene (aq) | <0.013 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0141 # | 0.0287 # | 0.016 # | 236 # | 47.8 # | 0.0163 # |
| Pyrene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0285 # | 0.0625 # | 0.0429 # | 757 # | 238 # | 0.0287 # |
| Benzo(a)anthracene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | <0.017 # | 0.018 # | <0.017 # | 236 # | 51.1 # | <0.017 # |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.023 µg/l | TM178 | <0.023 # | 0.095 # | <0.023 # | 49.3 # | 15 # | <0.023 # |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.027 µg/l | TM178 | <0.027 # | 0.0701 # | <0.027 # | 82.5 # | 17.9 # | <0.027 # |
| Benzo(a)pyrene (aq) | <0.009 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0159 # | 0.1 # | 0.0128 # | 138 # | 30.1 # | 0.0177 # |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | 0.0295 # | <0.016 # | 13.3 # | 3.48 # | <0.016 # |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | 0.0853 # | <0.016 # | 34.2 # | 8.87 # | <0.016 # |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | <0.014 # | 0.0749 # | <0.014 # | 35.4 # | 8.77 # | <0.014 # |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 (aq) | <0.247 µg/l | TM178 | 0.365 # | 1.48 # | 0.563 # | 10300 # | 1830 # | <0.247 # |

SDG: 120528-36
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
 Report Number: 183482
 Superseded Report:

PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample Ref. | MW07 | MW28 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | |
| Naphthalene (aq) | <0.1 µg/l | TM178 | <0.1 # | 0.236 # | | | |
| Acenaphthene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | <0.015 # | 2.47 # | | | |
| Acenaphthylene (aq) | <0.011 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0367 # | 1.09 # | | | |
| Fluoranthene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | <0.017 # | 2.61 # | | | |
| Anthracene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | <0.015 # | 1.2 # | | | |
| Phenanthrene (aq) | <0.022 µg/l | TM178 | <0.022 # | 1.17 # | | | |
| Fluorene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | <0.014 # | 0.692 # | | | |
| Chrysene (aq) | <0.013 µg/l | TM178 | <0.013 # | 1.27 # | | | |
| Pyrene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | <0.015 # | 4.6 # | | | |
| Benzo(a)anthracene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | <0.017 # | 1.19 # | | | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.023 µg/l | TM178 | <0.023 # | 0.343 # | | | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.027 µg/l | TM178 | <0.027 # | 0.504 # | | | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene (aq) | <0.009 µg/l | TM178 | <0.009 # | 0.871 # | | | |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | 0.0954 # | | | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | 0.269 # | | | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | <0.014 # | 0.254 # | | | |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 (aq) | <0.247 µg/l | TM178 | <0.247 | 18.9 | | | |

SDG: 120528-36
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
Report Number: 183482
Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample Ref. | BH103 | BH104 | BH105 | BH106 | BH101a | MW01 |
|--|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 24/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 | 25/05/2012 | 25/05/2012 | 24/05/2012 |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM245 | 81 | 110 | 105 | 95 | 100 | 109 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <50 µg/l | TM245 | <50 | <50 | <50 | 15400 | 9910 | <50 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 | 3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 |
| Benzene | <7 µg/l | TM245 | <7 | <7 | <7 | 4590 | 1800 | <7 |
| Toluene | <4 µg/l | TM245 | <4 | <4 | <4 | 1420 | 189 | <4 |
| Ethylbenzene | <5 µg/l | TM245 | <5 | <5 | <5 | 697 | 257 | <5 |
| m,p-Xylene | <8 µg/l | TM245 | <8 | <8 | <8 | 781 | 411 | <8 |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 | <3 | <3 | 432 | 310 | <3 |
| Sum of detected Xylenes | <11 µg/l | TM245 | <11 | <11 | <11 | 1210 | 721 | <11 |
| Sum of detected BTEX | <28 µg/l | TM245 | <28 | <28 | <28 | 7920 | 2970 | <28 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 20 | 19 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 134 | 61 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 831 | 749 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 3550 | 3370 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 5190 | 2630 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 4780 | 2110 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 1050 | 462 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 11000 | 5200 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 4590 | 1800 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 1420 | 189 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 2460 | 1480 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 2360 | 2250 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 55 | <10 | 25700 | 5710 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 33 | <10 | 20100 | 5250 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 46 | <10 | 10900 | 2900 | <10 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 134 | <10 | 56800 | 13800 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 137 | <10 | 83200 | 29000 | <10 |

SDG: 120528-36
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
 Report Number: 183482
 Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample Ref. | MW07 | MW28 | | | |
|--|--|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | |
| | | | | Water(GW/SW) 25/05/2012 | Water(GW/SW) 25/05/2012 | | |
| | | | 26/05/2012 120528-36 5653962 | 26/05/2012 120528-36 5653961 | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM245 | 100 | 104 | | | |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <50 µg/l | TM245 | 244 | 766 | # | # | |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 | <3 | # | # | |
| Benzene | <7 µg/l | TM245 | <7 | 107 | # | # | |
| Toluene | <4 µg/l | TM245 | <4 | 11 | # | # | |
| Ethylbenzene | <5 µg/l | TM245 | <5 | 27 | # | # | |
| m,p-Xylene | <8 µg/l | TM245 | 14 | 18 | # | # | |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/l | TM245 | 26 | 24 | # | # | |
| Sum of detected Xylenes | <11 µg/l | TM245 | 40 | 42 | | | |
| Sum of detected BTEX | <28 µg/l | TM245 | 40 | 187 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 13 | 15 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 34 | 55 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 77 | 279 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 41 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 58 | | | |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 12 | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 111 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 107 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 11 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 63 | 106 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 51 | 186 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 46 | 61 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 55 | | | |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | | | |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 46 | 116 | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 291 | 993 | | | |

SDG: 120528-36
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
Report Number: 183482
Superseded Report:

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| TM061 | Method for the Determination of EPH, Massachusetts Dept. of EP, 1998 | Determination of Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by GC-FID (C10-C40) | | |
| TM099 | BS 2690: Part 7:1968 / BS 6068: Part 2.11:1984 | Determination of Ammonium in Water Samples using the Kone Analyser | | |
| TM152 | Method 3125B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Analysis of Aqueous Samples by ICP-MS | | |
| TM174 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Waters by GC-FID | | |
| TM178 | Modified: US EPA Method 8100 | Determination of Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) by GC-MS in Waters | | |
| TM183 | BS EN 23506:2002, (BS 6068-2.74:2002) ISBN 0 580 38924 3 | Determination of Trace Level Mercury in Waters and Leachates by PSA Cold Vapour Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry | | |
| TM227 | Standard methods for the examination of waters and wastewaters 20th Edition, AWWA/APHA Method 4500. | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate | | |
| TM245 | By GC-FID | Determination of GRO by Headspace in waters | | |
| TM259 | by HPLC | Determination of Phenols in Waters and Leachates by HPLC | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.



SDG: 120528-36
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
Report Number: 183482
Superseded Report:

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5653956 | 5653958 | 5653957 | 5653960 | 5653959 | 5653955 | 5653962 | 5653961 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | BH103 | BH104 | BH105 | BH106 | BH101a | MW01 | MW07 | MW28 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | | | | |
| Depth | | | | | | | | |
| Type | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 |
| Mercury Dissolved | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 | 30-May-2012 |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | 06-Jun-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | 31-May-2012 | 31-May-2012 | 31-May-2012 | 31-May-2012 | 31-May-2012 | 31-May-2012 | 31-May-2012 | 06-Jun-2012 |
| TPH CWG (W) | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 | 07-Jun-2012 |

SDG: 120528-36
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number: 66230
Report Number: 183482
Superseded Report:

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH4 by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENT EXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GOMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE: ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE: ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DFO) | D&C | HEXANE: ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE: ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE: ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG BY GC | D&C | HEXANE: ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCB AROCLOR 1254 / PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE: ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE: ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM 218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE: ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE: ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM:ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| PAH MS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | GC MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | GC FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | GC FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | GC FID |
| PCB 7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | GC MS |
| PCB AROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | GC MS |
| SVOC | DOM | LIQUID LIQUID SHAKE | GC MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DOM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCLOPP | DOM | LIQUID LIQUID SHAKE | GC MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DOM | LIQUID LIQUID SHAKE | GC MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC MS |
| TPH BY INFRA RED (IR) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | IR |
| MINERAL OIL BY IR | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIRBAR) | IR |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Date: 25 May 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120519-90
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 182368

We received 5 samples on Saturday May 19, 2012 and 5 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Friday May 25, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.

Approved By:



Sonia McWhan
Operations Manager



SDG: 120519-90
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 182368
Superseded Report:

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5610523 | MW04 | | | 18/05/2012 |
| 5610524 | MW10 | | | 18/05/2012 |
| 5610525 | MW11 | | | 18/05/2012 |
| 5610526 | MW12 | | | 18/05/2012 |
| 5610533 | MW39 | | | 18/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120519-90
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 182368
 Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 |
| (F) | | | 5610523 | 5610524 | 5610525 | 5610526 | 5610533 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH3 | <0.2 mg/l | TM099 | 0.76 # | 20.1 # | 165 # | 45.5 # | <0.2 # |
| Arsenic (diss.filt) | <0.12 µg/l | TM152 | 1.22 # | 2.65 # | 2.59 # | 2.15 # | 0.872 # |
| Boron (diss.filt) | <9.4 µg/l | TM152 | 481 # | 625 # | 138 # | 1320 # | 732 # |
| Cadmium (diss.filt) | <0.1 µg/l | TM152 | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | 0.157 # | <0.1 # |
| Chromium (diss.filt) | <0.22 µg/l | TM152 | 6.17 # | 3.62 # | 11.6 # | 9.36 # | 13.5 # |
| Copper (diss.filt) | <0.85 µg/l | TM152 | 2.79 # | 1.84 # | 2.37 # | 5.52 # | 4.9 # |
| Lead (diss.filt) | <0.02 µg/l | TM152 | 0.882 # | <0.02 # | <0.02 # | <0.02 # | 0.067 # |
| Nickel (diss.filt) | <0.15 µg/l | TM152 | 7.98 # | 5.35 # | 4.3 # | 24.5 # | 12.6 # |
| Selenium (diss.filt) | <0.39 µg/l | TM152 | 1.13 # | 0.846 # | 1.34 # | 1.41 # | 2.66 # |
| Zinc (diss.filt) | <0.41 µg/l | TM152 | 2.86 # | 7.34 # | 2.7 # | 7.12 # | 2.89 # |
| Mercury (diss.filt) | <0.01 µg/l | TM183 | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # |
| Cyanide, Total | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | <0.05 # | 0.301 # | <0.05 # | 0.119 # | <0.05 # |
| Cyanide, Free | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.016 mg/l | TM259 | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # |

SDG: 120519-90
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 182368
 Superseded Report:

PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | |
| (F) | | | 5610523 | 5610524 | 5610525 | 5610526 | 5610533 | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | | |
| Naphthalene (aq) | <0.1 µg/l | TM178 | <0.1 # | 0.139 # | 0.263 # | 0.129 # | <0.1 # | |
| Acenaphthene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | <0.015 # | 0.125 # | 0.194 # | 0.0163 # | <0.015 # | |
| Acenaphthylene (aq) | <0.011 µg/l | TM178 | <0.011 # | 0.746 # | 2.22 # | 0.0129 # | <0.011 # | |
| Fluoranthene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | <0.017 # | 0.0626 # | 0.0564 # | 0.0284 # | 0.217 # | |
| Anthracene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | <0.015 # | <0.015 # | 0.019 # | <0.015 # | 0.023 # | |
| Phenanthrene (aq) | <0.022 µg/l | TM178 | <0.022 # | 0.045 # | 0.0964 # | 0.0475 # | 0.0513 # | |
| Fluorene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | 0.0656 # | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | |
| Chrysene (aq) | <0.013 µg/l | TM178 | <0.013 # | 0.039 # | 0.0324 # | <0.013 # | 0.147 # | |
| Pyrene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0168 # | 0.0731 # | 0.0731 # | 0.0357 # | 0.22 # | |
| Benzo(a)anthracene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | <0.017 # | 0.0241 # | 0.0184 # | <0.017 # | 0.0989 # | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.023 µg/l | TM178 | <0.023 # | 0.0234 # | <0.023 # | <0.023 # | 0.16 # | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.027 µg/l | TM178 | <0.027 # | <0.027 # | <0.027 # | <0.027 # | 0.141 # | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene (aq) | <0.009 µg/l | TM178 | <0.009 # | 0.0193 # | <0.009 # | <0.009 # | 0.15 # | |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | 0.042 # | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | <0.016 # | 0.0162 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | 0.211 # | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | <0.014 # | 0.143 # | |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 (aq) | <0.247 µg/l | TM178 | <0.247 # | 1.31 # | 3.04 # | 0.27 # | 1.6 # | |

SDG: 120519-90
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 182368
 Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 |
|--|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | Water (GW/SW) | Water (GW/SW) | Water (GW/SW) | Water (GW/SW) | Water (GW/SW) |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 | 18/05/2012 |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| ** | Subcontracted test. | | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 | 19/05/2012 |
| | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 | 120519-90 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 5610523 | 5610524 | 5610525 | 5610526 | 5610533 |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM245 | 109 | 102 | 118 | 106 | 109 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <50 µg/l | TM245 | <50 # | <50 # | <50 # | <50 # | <50 # |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # |
| Benzene | <7 µg/l | TM245 | <7 # | <7 # | <7 # | <7 # | <7 # |
| Toluene | <4 µg/l | TM245 | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # |
| Ethylbenzene | <5 µg/l | TM245 | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # |
| m,p-Xylene | <8 µg/l | TM245 | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # |
| Sum of detected Xylenes | <11 µg/l | TM245 | <11 | <11 | <11 | <11 | <11 |
| Sum of detected BTEX | <28 µg/l | TM245 | <28 | <28 | <28 | <28 | <28 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |

SDG: 120519-90
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 182368
Superseded Report:

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| TM061 | Method for the Determination of EPH, Massachusetts Dept. of EP, 1998 | Determination of Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by GC-FID (C10-C40) | | |
| TM099 | BS 2690: Part 7:1968 / BS 6068: Part 2.11:1984 | Determination of Ammonium in Water Samples using the Kone Analyser | | |
| TM152 | Method 3125B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Analysis of Aqueous Samples by ICP-MS | | |
| TM174 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Waters by GC-FID | | |
| TM178 | Modified: US EPA Method 8100 | Determination of Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) by GC-MS in Waters | | |
| TM183 | BS EN 23506:2002, (BS 6068-2.74:2002) ISBN 0 580 38924 3 | Determination of Trace Level Mercury in Waters and Leachates by PSA Cold Vapour Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry | | |
| TM227 | Standard methods for the examination of waters and wastewaters 20th Edition, AWWA/APHA Method 4500. | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate | | |
| TM245 | By GC-FID | Determination of GRO by Headspace in waters | | |
| TM259 | by HPLC | Determination of Phenols in Waters and Leachates by HPLC | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.

SDG: 120519-90
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 182368
 Superseded Report:

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5610523 | 5610524 | 5610525 | 5610526 | 5610533 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | MW04 | MW10 | MW11 | MW12 | MW39 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | |
| Depth | | | | | |
| Type | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 25-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 | 24-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| Mercury Dissolved | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 | 22-May-2012 |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 | 23-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG (W) | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 | 25-May-2012 |

SDG: 120519-90
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 182368
Superseded Report:

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DFO) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVOC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL BY R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Date: 21 May 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120512-56
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 181669

This report has been revised and directly supersedes 181636 in its entirety.

We received 5 samples on Saturday May 12, 2012 and 5 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Monday May 21, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.

Approved By:



Sonia McWhan

Operations Manager



SDG: 120512-56
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181669
Superseded Report: 181636

Received Sample Overview

| Lab Sample No(s) | Customer Sample Ref. | AGS Ref. | Depth (m) | Sampled Date |
|------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 5577377 | BH101a | | | 10/05/2012 |
| 5577376 | BH103 | | | 10/05/2012 |
| 5577378 | BH106 | | | 10/05/2012 |
| 5577375 | MW7 | | | 10/05/2012 |
| 5577379 | SW1 | | | 10/05/2012 |

Only received samples which have had analysis scheduled will be shown on the following pages.

SDG: 120512-56
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 181669
 Superseded Report: 181636

| LIQUID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | 5577379 | 5577375 | 5577377 | 5577376 | 5577378 |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Customer Sample Reference | SW1 | MW7 | BH101a | BH103 | BH106 |
| | AGS Reference | | | | | |
| | Depth (m) | | | | | |
| | Container | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle | 1l green glass bottle |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| Mercury Dissolved | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |
| TPH CWG (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 5 | | | | |

SDG: 120512-56
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 181669
 Superseded Report: 181636

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH103 | BH106 | BH101a | MW7 | SW1 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 |
| (F) | | | 5577376 | 5577378 | 5577377 | 5577375 | 5577379 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH3 | <0.2 mg/l | TM099 | 50.8 # | 17 # | 168 # | 148 # | 16.7 # |
| Arsenic (diss.filt) | <0.12 µg/l | TM152 | 2.17 # | 200 # | 23.2 # | 7.99 # | 1.34 # |
| Boron (diss.filt) | <9.4 µg/l | TM152 | 164 # | 3330 # | 407 # | 538 # | 349 # |
| Cadmium (diss.filt) | <0.1 µg/l | TM152 | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # |
| Chromium (diss.filt) | <0.22 µg/l | TM152 | 1.51 # | 4.96 # | 3.59 # | 6.94 # | 7.33 # |
| Copper (diss.filt) | <0.85 µg/l | TM152 | 1.12 # | 0.917 # | <0.85 # | 1.23 # | 2.61 # |
| Lead (diss.filt) | <0.02 µg/l | TM152 | 0.968 # | 0.541 # | 0.1 # | 4.64 # | 0.192 # |
| Nickel (diss.filt) | <0.15 µg/l | TM152 | 4.87 # | 9.69 # | 1.24 # | 4.76 # | 4.81 # |
| Selenium (diss.filt) | <0.39 µg/l | TM152 | 1.4 # | 4.6 # | 2.2 # | 1.62 # | 1.48 # |
| Zinc (diss.filt) | <0.41 µg/l | TM152 | 17 # | 14.5 # | 1.59 # | 7.42 # | 10.2 # |
| Mercury (diss.filt) | <0.01 µg/l | TM183 | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # |
| Cyanide, Total | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | 0.328 # | 0.072 # | 0.051 # | 0.058 # | <0.05 # |
| Cyanide, Free | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.016 mg/l | TM259 | <0.016 # | 36.4 # | 0.77 # | 0.62 # | <0.016 # |

SDG: 120512-56
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 181669
 Superseded Report: 181636

PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH103 | BH106 | BH101a | MW7 | SW1 |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 |
| | Trigger breach confirmed | | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 |
| (F) | | | 5577376 | 5577378 | 5577377 | 5577375 | 5577379 |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene (aq) | <0.1 µg/l | TM178 | <0.1 # | 1220 # | 0.786 # | 0.128 # | 0.362 # |
| Acenaphthene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.376 # | 99.6 # | 144 # | 2.77 # | 0.261 # |
| Acenaphthylene (aq) | <0.011 µg/l | TM178 | 1.49 # | 58.9 # | 18.2 # | 1.88 # | 0.139 # |
| Fluoranthene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | 0.168 # | 5.94 # | 19.5 # | 0.765 # | 0.0837 # |
| Anthracene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0277 # | 13 # | 28.2 # | 0.682 # | 0.141 # |
| Phenanthrene (aq) | <0.022 µg/l | TM178 | 0.085 # | 57.4 # | 40.4 # | 0.0256 # | 0.612 # |
| Fluorene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0359 # | 64.2 # | 87.6 # | 1.45 # | 0.337 # |
| Chrysene (aq) | <0.013 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0814 # | 2.18 # | 6.73 # | 0.3 # | 0.0436 # |
| Pyrene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.143 # | 7.14 # | 24.3 # | 0.978 # | 0.101 # |
| Benzo(a)anthracene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0826 # | 2.14 # | 6.44 # | 0.287 # | 0.0544 # |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.023 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0603 # | 2.69 # | 2.65 # | 0.0943 # | 0.0688 # |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.027 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0828 # | 1.82 # | 3.45 # | 0.116 # | 0.053 # |
| Benzo(a)pyrene (aq) | <0.009 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0757 # | 1.99 # | 4.85 # | 0.16 # | 0.044 # |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0165 # | 1.13 # | 0.485 # | 0.0327 # | 0.0328 # |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | 0.049 # | 1.91 # | 1.41 # | 0.0826 # | 0.0427 # |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | 0.046 # | 2.05 # | 1.34 # | 0.0674 # | 0.0467 # |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 (aq) | <0.247 µg/l | TM178 | 2.82 # | 1540 # | 390 # | 9.81 # | 2.42 # |

SDG: 120512-56
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 181669
 Superseded Report: 181636

TPH CWG (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH103 | BH106 | BH101a | MW7 | SW1 |
|--|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 | 10/05/2012 |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | |
| ** | Subcontracted test. | | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2012 |
| | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 | 120512-56 |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | 5577376 | 5577378 | 5577377 | 5577375 | 5577379 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | Method | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | TM245 | 108 | 99 | 107 | 101 | 107 |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <50 µg/l | TM245 | <50 | 6520 | 9180 | 630 | <50 |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 |
| Benzene | <7 µg/l | TM245 | <7 | 1020 | 1820 | 150 | <7 |
| Toluene | <4 µg/l | TM245 | <4 | 444 | 191 | 36 | <4 |
| Ethylbenzene | <5 µg/l | TM245 | <5 | 280 | 403 | 5 | <5 |
| m,p-Xylene | <8 µg/l | TM245 | <8 | 273 | 372 | 64 | <8 |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 | 155 | 289 | 45 | <3 |
| Sum of detected Xylenes | <11 µg/l | TM245 | <11 | 428 | 661 | 109 | <11 |
| Sum of detected BTEX | <28 µg/l | TM245 | <28 | 2170 | 3080 | 300 | <28 |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | 16 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 130 | 85 | 18 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 419 | 612 | 67 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 2110 | 2990 | 118 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 80 | 286 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 78 | 264 | <10 | <10 |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | 76 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 158 | 626 | <10 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 1020 | 1820 | 150 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 444 | 191 | 36 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 989 | 1470 | 159 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | 1410 | 1990 | 78 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 10 | 2280 | 2990 | 187 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 544 | 1080 | 49 | <10 |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | 184 | 460 | <10 | <10 |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 10 | 3000 | 4540 | 236 | <10 |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 11 | 9680 | 14300 | 866 | <10 |

SDG: 120512-56
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181669
Superseded Report: 181636

Notification of Deviating Samples

| Sample Number | Customer Sample Ref. | Depth (m) | Matrix | Test Name | Component Name | Comment |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aliphatics >C10-C12 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aliphatics >C5-C6 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aliphatics >C6-C8 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aliphatics >C8-C10 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Benzene | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Ethylbenzene | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | GRO >C5-C12 | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | GRO Surrogate % recovery** | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | m,p-Xylene | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | o-Xylene | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Sum of detected BTEX | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Sum of detected Xylenes | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |
| 5584959 | BH103 | | LIQUID | GRO by GC-FID (W) | Toluene | Container with Headspace provided for volatiles analysis |

Note : Test results may be compromised

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| SDG: 120512-56 | Location: Banbury | Order Number: |
| Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12 | Customer: Celtic Technologies | Report Number: 181669 |
| Client Reference: C1526 | Attention: Neil Hopkins | Superseded Report: 181636 |

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| TM061 | Method for the Determination of EPH, Massachusetts Dept. of EP, 1998 | Determination of Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by GC-FID (C10-C40) | | |
| TM099 | BS 2690: Part 7:1968 / BS 6068: Part 2.11:1984 | Determination of Ammonium in Water Samples using the Kone Analyser | | |
| TM152 | Method 3125B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Analysis of Aqueous Samples by ICP-MS | | |
| TM174 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Waters by GC-FID | | |
| TM178 | Modified: US EPA Method 8100 | Determination of Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) by GC-MS in Waters | | |
| TM183 | BS EN 23506:2002, (BS 6068-2.74:2002) ISBN 0 580 38924 3 | Determination of Trace Level Mercury in Waters and Leachates by PSA Cold Vapour Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry | | |
| TM227 | Standard methods for the examination of waters and wastewaters 20th Edition, AWWA/APHA Method 4500. | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate | | |
| TM245 | By GC-FID | Determination of GRO by Headspace in waters | | |
| TM259 | by HPLC | Determination of Phenols in Waters and Leachates by HPLC | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.



SDG: 120512-56
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181669
Superseded Report: 181636

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5577376 | 5577378 | 5577377 | 5577375 | 5577379 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | BH103 | BH106 | BH101a | MW7 | SW1 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | | |
| Depth | | | | | |
| Type | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 17-May-2012 | 17-May-2012 | 17-May-2012 | 17-May-2012 | 17-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 |
| Mercury Dissolved | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | 18-May-2012 | 18-May-2012 | 18-May-2012 | 18-May-2012 | 18-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | 18-May-2012 | 18-May-2012 | 18-May-2012 | 17-May-2012 | 18-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG (W) | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |

SDG: 120512-56
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181669
Superseded Report: 181636

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERTS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DFO) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254/PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCBAROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVOC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTOCPOPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL BY R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.



Celtic Technologies
1210 Park View
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
Berkshire
RG7 4TY

Attention: Neil Hopkins

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Date: 16 May 2012
Customer: H_CELTIC_REA
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): 120510-11
Your Reference: C1526
Location: Banbury
Report No: 181231

We received 4 samples on Thursday May 10, 2012 and 4 of these samples were scheduled for analysis which was completed on Wednesday May 16, 2012. Accredited laboratory tests are defined within the report, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

All chemical testing (unless subcontracted) is performed at ALcontrol Hawarden Laboratories.

Approved By:



Sonia McWhan
Operations Manager



SDG: 120510-11
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 181231
 Superseded Report:

| LIQUID Results Legend X Test N No Determination Possible | Lab Sample No(s) | 5560557 | 5560561 | 5560559 | 5560560 | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Customer Sample Reference | MW1 | MW28 | BH104 | BH105 | |
| | AGS Reference | | | | | |
| | Depth (m) | | | | | |
| | Container | 1 green glass bottle | 1 green glass bottle | 1 green glass bottle | 1 green glass bottle | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Mercury Dissolved | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| TPH CWG (W) | All | NDPs: 0 Tests: 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SDG: 120510-11
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181231
Superseded Report:

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH105 | MW1 | MW28 | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--------|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 10/05/2012 120510-11 5560559 | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 10/05/2012 120510-11 5560560 | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 10/05/2012 120510-11 5560557 | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 10/05/2012 120510-11 5560561 | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | | | | | Method | |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH3 | <0.2 mg/l | TM099 | 93.1 # | 14.6 # | <0.2 # | 63.8 # | | |
| Arsenic (diss.filt) | <0.12 µg/l | TM152 | 6.95 # | 2.81 # | 2.53 # | 19.4 # | | |
| Boron (diss.filt) | <9.4 µg/l | TM152 | 693 # | 836 # | 394 # | 399 # | | |
| Cadmium (diss.filt) | <0.1 µg/l | TM152 | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | <0.1 # | | |
| Chromium (diss.filt) | <0.22 µg/l | TM152 | 9.13 # | 11.4 # | 15.8 # | 11.8 # | | |
| Copper (diss.filt) | <0.85 µg/l | TM152 | <0.85 # | <0.85 # | 4.79 # | <0.85 # | | |
| Lead (diss.filt) | <0.02 µg/l | TM152 | 0.287 # | 0.233 # | 0.376 # | 0.109 # | | |
| Nickel (diss.filt) | <0.15 µg/l | TM152 | 5.21 # | 9.65 # | 4.22 # | 1.84 # | | |
| Selenium (diss.filt) | <0.39 µg/l | TM152 | 2.1 # | 1.06 # | 4.11 # | 1.01 # | | |
| Zinc (diss.filt) | <0.41 µg/l | TM152 | 4.23 # | 9.69 # | 8.52 # | 1.95 # | | |
| Mercury (diss.filt) | <0.01 µg/l | TM183 | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | <0.01 # | | |
| Cyanide, Total | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | 0.241 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | | |
| Cyanide, Free | <0.05 mg/l | TM227 | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | <0.05 # | | |
| Phenols, Total Detected monohydric | <0.016 mg/l | TM259 | 0.02 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | | |

SDG: 120510-11
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 181231
 Superseded Report:

PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH105 | MW1 | MW28 | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | Water(GW/SW) | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | 09/05/2012 | 09/05/2012 | 09/05/2012 | 09/05/2012 | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | Method | | | | | |
| Naphthalene (aq) | <0.1 µg/l | TM178 | 4.07 # | 0.235 # | 0.159 # | 4.59 # | | |
| Acenaphthene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.148 # | 0.0589 # | <0.015 # | 4.73 # | | |
| Acenaphthylene (aq) | <0.011 µg/l | TM178 | 0.388 # | 0.0255 # | 0.0154 # | 2.85 # | | |
| Fluoranthene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | 0.131 # | 0.061 # | 0.0868 # | 0.162 # | | |
| Anthracene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0396 # | 0.0203 # | 0.0153 # | 0.2 # | | |
| Phenanthrene (aq) | <0.022 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0883 # | 0.104 # | 0.0778 # | 0.53 # | | |
| Fluorene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0872 # | 0.0444 # | 0.0157 # | 1.28 # | | |
| Chrysene (aq) | <0.013 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0879 # | 0.0279 # | 0.0545 # | 0.038 # | | |
| Pyrene (aq) | <0.015 µg/l | TM178 | 0.137 # | 0.0614 # | 0.0862 # | 0.156 # | | |
| Benzo(a)anthracene (aq) | <0.017 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0653 # | 0.0204 # | 0.0431 # | <0.034 # | | |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.023 µg/l | TM178 | 0.198 # | <0.023 # | 0.0487 # | <0.046 # | | |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene (aq) | <0.027 µg/l | TM178 | 0.194 # | <0.027 # | 0.0568 # | <0.054 # | | |
| Benzo(a)pyrene (aq) | <0.009 µg/l | TM178 | 0.22 # | 0.0233 # | 0.0517 # | <0.018 # | | |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | 0.0507 # | <0.016 # | <0.016 # | <0.032 # | | |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (aq) | <0.016 µg/l | TM178 | 0.187 # | 0.0165 # | 0.0395 # | <0.032 # | | |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (aq) | <0.014 µg/l | TM178 | 0.175 # | <0.014 # | 0.0348 # | <0.028 # | | |
| PAH, Total Detected USEPA 16 (aq) | <0.247 µg/l | TM178 | 6.27 | 0.699 | 0.785 | 14.6 | | |

SDG: 120510-11
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181231
Superseded Report:

TPH CWG (W)

| Results Legend | | Customer Sample R | BH104 | BH105 | MW1 | MW28 | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| # | ISO17025 accredited. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M | mCERTS accredited. | Depth (m) Sample Type Date Sampled Sample Time Date Received SDG Ref Lab Sample No.(s) AGS Reference | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 | Water(GW/SW) 09/05/2012 | | | | | | | |
| S | Deviating sample. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| aq | Aqueous / settled sample. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| diss.filt | Dissolved / filtered sample. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| tot.unfilt | Total / unfiltered sample. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| * | Subcontracted test. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ** | % recovery of the surrogate standard to check the efficiency of the method. The results of individual compounds within samples aren't corrected for the recovery | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (F) | Trigger breach confirmed | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Component | LOD/Units | | | | | | Method | | | | | | |
| GRO Surrogate % recovery** | % | | | | | | TM245 | 102 | 102 | 109 | 107 | | |
| GRO >C5-C12 | <50 µg/l | TM245 | 111 # | <50 # | <50 # | 212 # | | | | | | | |
| Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | | | | | | | |
| Benzene | <7 µg/l | TM245 | 66 # | <7 # | <7 # | 69 # | | | | | | | |
| Toluene | <4 µg/l | TM245 | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # | <4 # | | | | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | <5 µg/l | TM245 | <5 # | <5 # | <5 # | 6 # | | | | | | | |
| m,p-Xylene | <8 µg/l | TM245 | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # | <8 # | | | | | | | |
| o-Xylene | <3 µg/l | TM245 | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | <3 # | | | | | | | |
| Sum of detected Xylenes | <11 µg/l | TM245 | <11 | <11 | <11 | <11 | | | | | | | |
| Sum of detected BTEX | <28 µg/l | TM245 | 66 | <28 | <28 | 75 | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C5-C6 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C6-C8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 11 | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C8-C10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 19 | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C10-C12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 15 | <10 | <10 | 53 | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C12-C16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 33 | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C16-C21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 49 | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics >C21-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 11 | | | | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics >C12-C35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 93 | | | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC5-EC7 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 66 | <10 | <10 | 69 | | | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC7-EC8 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | | | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC8-EC10 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 21 | | | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC10-EC12 | <10 µg/l | TM245 | 10 | <10 | <10 | 35 | | | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC12-EC16 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 92 | | | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC16-EC21 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 37 | | | | | | | |
| Aromatics >EC21-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | | | | | | | |
| Total Aromatics >EC12-EC35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 129 | | | | | | | |
| Total Aliphatics & Aromatics >C5-35 (aq) | <10 µg/l | TM174 | 112 | <10 | <10 | 434 | | | | | | | |

SDG: 120510-11
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181231
Superseded Report:

Table of Results - Appendix

| Method No | Reference | Description | Wet/Dry Sample ¹ | Surrogate Corrected |
|-----------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| TM061 | Method for the Determination of EPH, Massachusetts Dept. of EP, 1998 | Determination of Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by GC-FID (C10-C40) | | |
| TM099 | BS 2690: Part 7:1968 / BS 6068: Part 2.11:1984 | Determination of Ammonium in Water Samples using the Kone Analyser | | |
| TM152 | Method 3125B, AWWA/APHA, 20th Ed., 1999 | Analysis of Aqueous Samples by ICP-MS | | |
| TM174 | Analysis of Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Environmental Media – Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria | Determination of Speciated Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Waters by GC-FID | | |
| TM178 | Modified: US EPA Method 8100 | Determination of Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) by GC-MS in Waters | | |
| TM183 | BS EN 23506:2002, (BS 6068-2.74:2002) ISBN 0 580 38924 3 | Determination of Trace Level Mercury in Waters and Leachates by PSA Cold Vapour Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry | | |
| TM227 | Standard methods for the examination of waters and wastewaters 20th Edition, AWWA/APHA Method 4500. | Determination of Total Cyanide, Free (Easily Liberatable) Cyanide and Thiocyanate | | |
| TM245 | By GC-FID | Determination of GRO by Headspace in waters | | |
| TM259 | by HPLC | Determination of Phenols in Waters and Leachates by HPLC | | |

¹ Applies to Solid samples only. DRY indicates samples have been dried at 35°C. NA = not applicable.



SDG: 120510-11
 Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
 Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
 Customer: Celtic Technologies
 Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
 Report Number: 181231
 Superseded Report:

Test Completion Dates

| Lab Sample No(s) | 5560559 | 5560560 | 5560557 | 5560561 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer Sample Ref. | BH104 | BH105 | MW1 | MW28 |
| AGS Ref. | | | | |
| Depth | | | | |
| Type | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID | LIQUID |
| Ammoniacal Nitrogen | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 | 16-May-2012 |
| Cyanide Comp/Free/Total/Thiocyanate | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 |
| Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 | 11-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aliphatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| EPH CWG (Aromatic) Aqueous GC (W) | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| GRO by GC-FID (W) | 12-May-2012 | 12-May-2012 | 12-May-2012 | 12-May-2012 |
| Mercury Dissolved | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 | 15-May-2012 |
| PAH Spec MS - Aqueous (W) | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| Phenols by HPLC (W) | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |
| TPH CWG (W) | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 | 14-May-2012 |

SDG: 120510-11
Job: H_CELTIC_REA-12
Client Reference: C1526

Location: Banbury
Customer: Celtic Technologies
Attention: Neil Hopkins

Order Number:
Report Number: 181231
Superseded Report:

Appendix

1. Results are expressed on a dry weight basis (dried at 35°C) for all soil analyses except for the following: NRA and CEN Leach tests, flash point LOI, pH, ammonium as NH₄ by the BRE method, VOC TICS and SVOC TICS.

2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.

3. If sufficient sample is received a sub sample will be retained free of charge for 30 days after analysis is completed (e-mailed) for all sample types unless the sample is destroyed on testing. The prepared soil sub sample that is analysed for asbestos will be retained for a period of 2 months after the analysis date. All bulk samples will be retained for a period of 6 months after the analysis date. All samples received and not scheduled will be disposed of one month after the date of receipt unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage. ALcontrol Laboratories reserve the right to charge for samples received and stored but not analysed.

4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.

5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS/MCERES Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS/MCERES Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.

6. When requested, the individual sub sample scheduled will be analysed in house for the presence of asbestos fibres and asbestos containing material by our documented in house method TM048 based on HSG 248 (2005), which is accredited to ISO17025. If a specific asbestos fibre type is not found this will be reported as "Not detected". If no asbestos fibre types are found all will be reported as "Not detected" and the sub sample analysed deemed to be clear of asbestos. If an asbestos fibre type is found it will be reported as detected (for each fibre type found). Testing can be carried out on asbestos positive samples, but, due to Health and Safety considerations, may be replaced by alternative tests or reported as No Determination Possible. The quantity of asbestos present is not determined unless specifically requested.

7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, or if a headspace or sediment is present in the volatile sample, the integrity of the data may be compromised. This will be flagged up as an invalid VOC on the test schedule and the result marked as deviating on the test certificate.

8. If appropriate preserved bottles are not received preservation will take place on receipt. However, the integrity of the data may be compromised.

9. NDP -No determination possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.

10. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals -total metals must be requested separately.

11. Results relate only to the items tested.

12. LODs for wet tests reported on a dry weight basis are not corrected for moisture content.

13. **Surrogate recoveries** -Most of our organic methods include surrogates, the recovery of which is monitored and reported. For EPH, MO, PAH, GRO and VOCs on soils the result is not surrogate corrected, but a percentage recovery is quoted. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 -130 %.

14. **Product analyses** -Organic analyses on products can only be semi-quantitative due to the matrix effects and high dilution factors employed.

15. Phenols monohydric by HPLC include phenol, cresols (2-Methylphenol, 3-Methylphenol and 4-Methylphenol) and Xylenols (2,3 Dimethylphenol, 2,4 Dimethylphenol, 2,5 Dimethylphenol, 2,6 Dimethylphenol, 3,4 Dimethylphenol, 3,5 Dimethylphenol).

16. Total of 5 speciated phenols by HPLC includes Phenol, 2,3,5-Trimethyl Phenol, 2-Isopropylphenol, Cresols and Xylenols (as detailed in 15).

17. Stones/debris are not routinely removed. We always endeavour to take a representative sub sample from the received sample.

18. In certain circumstances the method detection limit may be elevated due to the sample being outside the calibration range. Other factors that may contribute to this include possible interferences. In both cases the sample would be diluted which would cause the method detection limit to be raised.

19. Mercury results quoted on soils will not include volatile mercury as the analysis is performed on a dried and crushed sample.

20. For the BSEN 12457-3 two batch process to allow the cumulative release to be calculated, the volume of the leachate produced is measured and filtered for all tests. We therefore cannot carry out any unfiltered analysis. The tests affected include volatiles GCFID/GCMS and all subcontracted analysis.

21. For all leachate preparations (NRA, DIN, TCLP, BSEN 12457-1, 2, 3) volatile loss may occur, as we do not employ zero headspace extraction.

22. We are accredited to MCERTS for sand, clay and loam/topsoil, or any of these materials - whether these are derived from naturally occurring soil profiles, or from fill/made ground, as long as these materials constitute the major part of the sample. Other coarse granular material such as concrete, gravel and brick are not accredited if they comprise the major part of the sample.

23. Analysis and identification of specific compounds using GCFID is by retention time only, and we routinely calibrate and quantify for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzenes and xylenes (BTEX). For total volatiles in the C5 -C12 range, the total area of the chromatogram is integrated and expressed as ug/kg or ug/l. Although this analysis is commonly used for the quantification of gasoline range organics (GRO), the system will also detect other compounds such as chlorinated solvents, and this may lead to a falsely high result with respect to hydrocarbons only. It is not possible to specifically identify these non-hydrocarbons, as standards are not routinely run for any other compounds, and for more definitive identification, volatiles by GCMS should be utilised.

SOLID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | D&C OR WET | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| SOLVENTEXTRACTABLE MATTER | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| CYCLOHEXANE EXT. MATTER | D&C | CYCLOHEXANE | SOX THERM | GRAVIMETRIC |
| ELEMENTAL SULPHUR | D&C | DOM | SOX THERM | HPLC |
| PHENOLS BY GCMS | WET | DOM | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| HERBICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| PESTICIDES | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | SOX THERM | GC-MS |
| EPH (DRO) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (MIN OIL) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH (CLEANED UP) | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| EPH CWGBY GC | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-FID |
| PCB AROCLOR 1254 / PCB CON | D&C | HEXANE ACETONE | END OVER END | GC-MS |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (MS) | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | MICROWAVE TM218. | GC-MS |
| >C6-C40 | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS RAPID GC | WET | HEXANE ACETONE | SHAKER | GC-FID |
| SEMI VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS | WET | DOM ACETONE | SONICATE | GC-MS |

LIQUID MATRICES EXTRACTION SUMMARY

| ANALYSIS | EXTRACTION SOLVENT | EXTRACTION METHOD | ANALYSIS |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| PAHMS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| EPH | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| EPH CWG | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| MINERAL OIL | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-FID |
| PCB7 CONGENERS | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| PCB AROCLOR 1254 | HEXANE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | GC-MS |
| SVOC | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| FREESULPHUR | DCM | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | HPLC |
| PESTICID POPP | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| TRIAZINE HERBS | DCM | LIQUID/LIQUID SHAKE | GC-MS |
| PHENOLS MS | ACETONE | SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION | GC-MS |
| TPH by INFRARED (R) | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| MINERAL OIL by R | TCE | STIRRED EXTRACTION (STIR-BAR) | R |
| GLYCOLS | NONE | DIRECT INJECTION | GC-FID |

Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials & Soils

The results for identification of asbestos in bulk materials are obtained from supplied bulk materials or those identified as potentially asbestos containing during sample description which have been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

The results for identification of asbestos in soils are obtained from a homogenised sub sample which has been examined to determine the presence of asbestos fibres using Alcontrol Laboratories (Hawarden) in-house method of transmitted/polarised light microscopy and central stop dispersion staining, based on HSG 248 (2005).

| Asbestos Type | Common Name |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Chrysotile | White Asbestos |
| Amosite | Brown Asbestos |
| Crocidolite | Blue Asbestos |
| Fibrous Actinolite | - |
| Fibrous Anorthophyllite | - |
| Fibrous Tremolite | - |

Visual Estimation Of Fibre Content

Estimation of fibre content is not permitted as part of our UKAS accredited test other than: - Trace -Where only one or two asbestos fibres were identified.

Further guidance on typical asbestos fibre content of manufactured products can be found in HSG 264.

The identification of asbestos containing materials and soils falls within our schedule of tests for which we hold UKAS accreditation, however opinions, interpretations and all other information contained in the report are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation.

South

Columbus House
Greenmeadow Springs
Tongwynlais
Cardiff
CF15 7NE

t. 029 2036 8636
f. 029 2036 8637
www.celtic-ltd.com

South East (Registered Office)

1210 Parkview
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
RG7 4TY

t. 0118 963 5819
f. 01189 930 2371
www.celtic-ltd.com

North West

Centrix House
Crow Lane East
Newton le Willows
St Helens
WA12 9UY

t. 01925 273 222
f. 029 2036 8637
www.celtic-ltd.com

