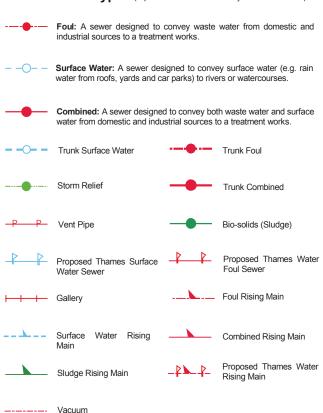


# Public Sewer Types (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)



#### **Sewer Fittings**

A feature in a sewer that does not affect the flow in the pipe. Example: a vent is a fitting as the function of a vent is to release excess gas.

Air Valve Dam Chase Fitting

Meter  $\Diamond$ Vent Column

#### **Operational Controls**

A feature in a sewer that changes or diverts the flow in the sewer. Example: A hydrobrake limits the flow passing downstream.

Control Valve Drop Pipe 딍 Ancillary Weir

#### **End Items**

Undefined End at the start of a sewer indicates that Thames Water has no knowledge of the position of the sewer upstream of that symbol, Outfall on a surface water sewer indicates that the pipe discharges into a stream or river.

Outfall Inlet

End symbols appear at the start or end of a sewer pipe. Examples: an

# Undefined End

- 1) All levels associated with the plans are to Ordnance Datum Newlyn.
- 2) All measurements on the plans are metric.
- 3) Arrows (on gravity fed sewers) or flecks (on rising mains) indicate direction of
- 4) Most private pipes are not shown on our plans, as in the past, this information has not been recorded.
- 5) 'na' or '0' on a manhole level indicates that data is unavailable.

#### 6) The text appearing alongside a sewer line indicates the internal diameter of the pipe in milimetres. Text next to a manhole indicates the manhole reference number and should not be taken as a measurement. If you are unsure about any text or symbology present on the plan, please contact a member of Property Insight on 0118 925 1504.

#### Other Symbols

Symbols used on maps which do not fall under other general categories

Public/Private Pumping Station Change of characteristic indicator (C.O.C.I.)

Ø Invert Level

 $\langle 1 \rangle$ Summit

Areas

Lines denoting areas of underground surveys, etc

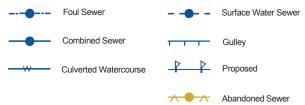
Agreement Operational Site

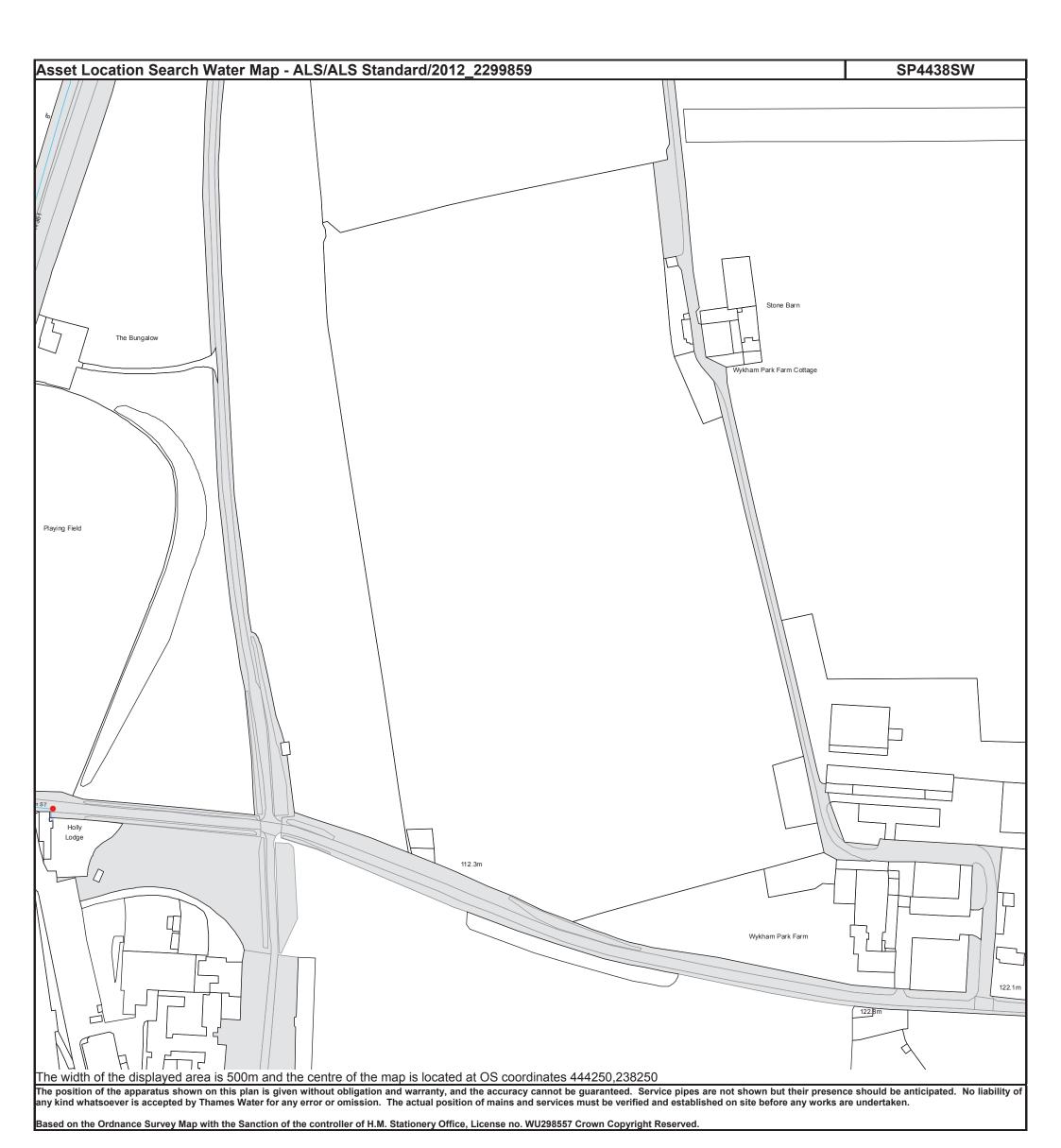
Tunnel

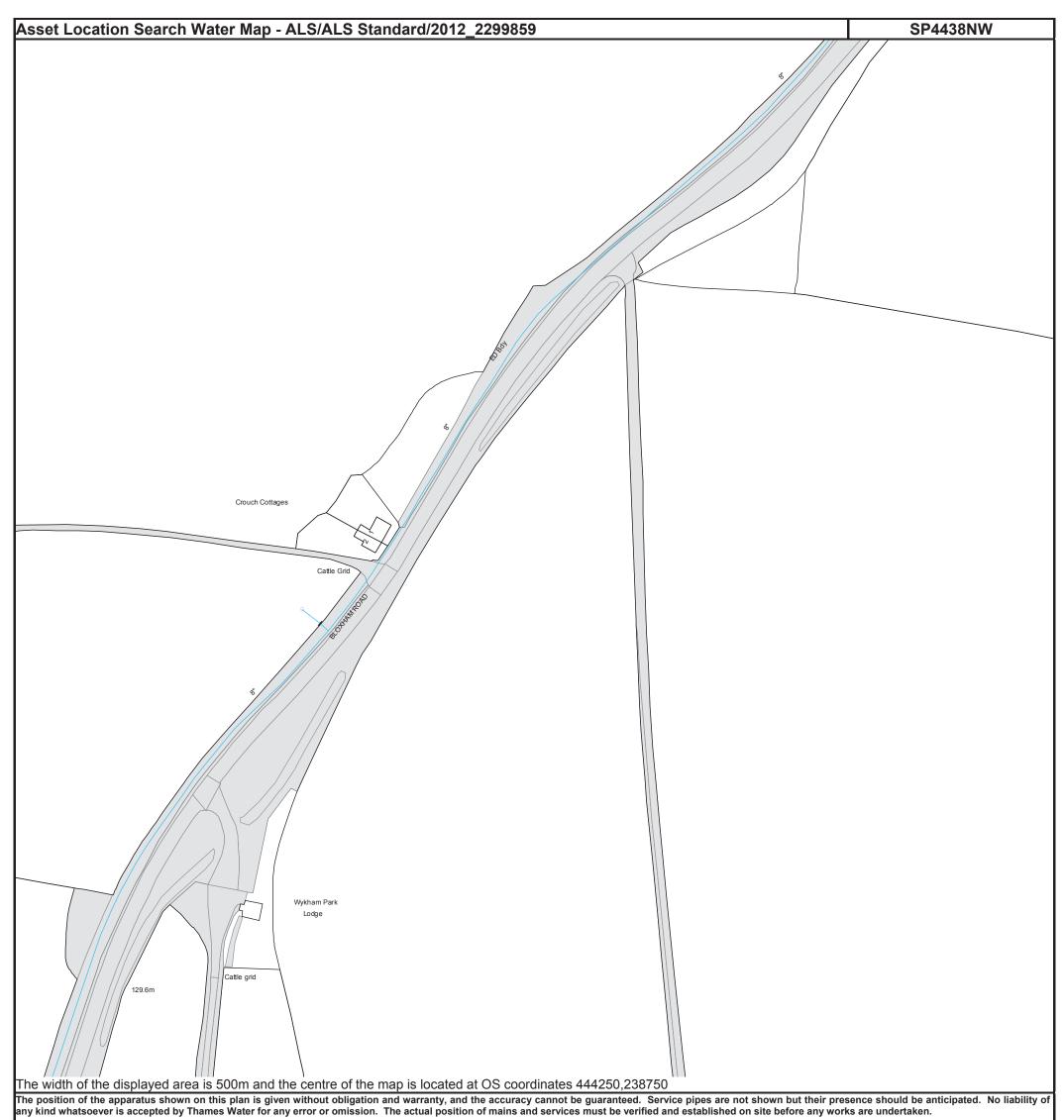
:::::: Chamber

Conduit Bridge

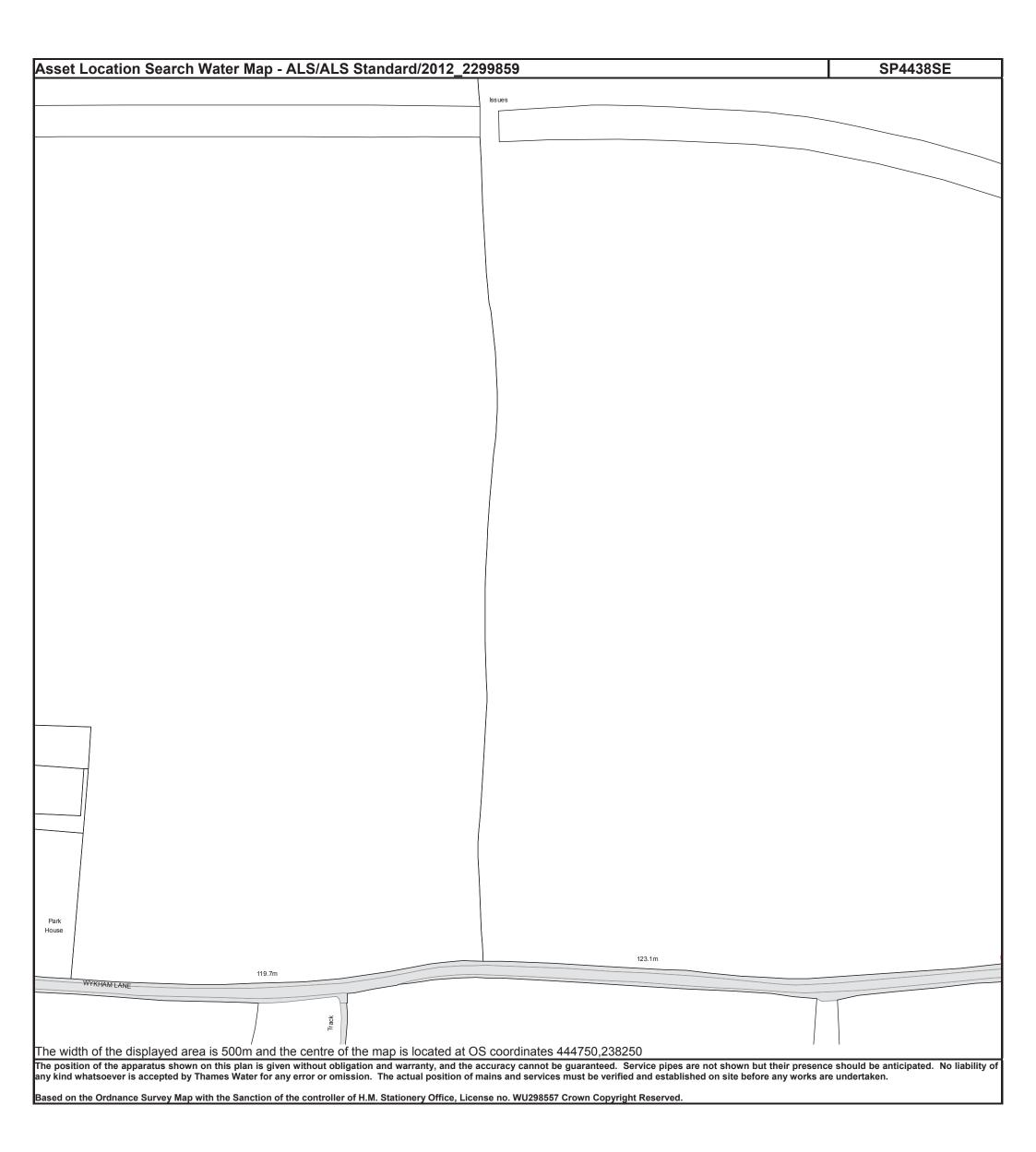
# Other Sewer Types (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)



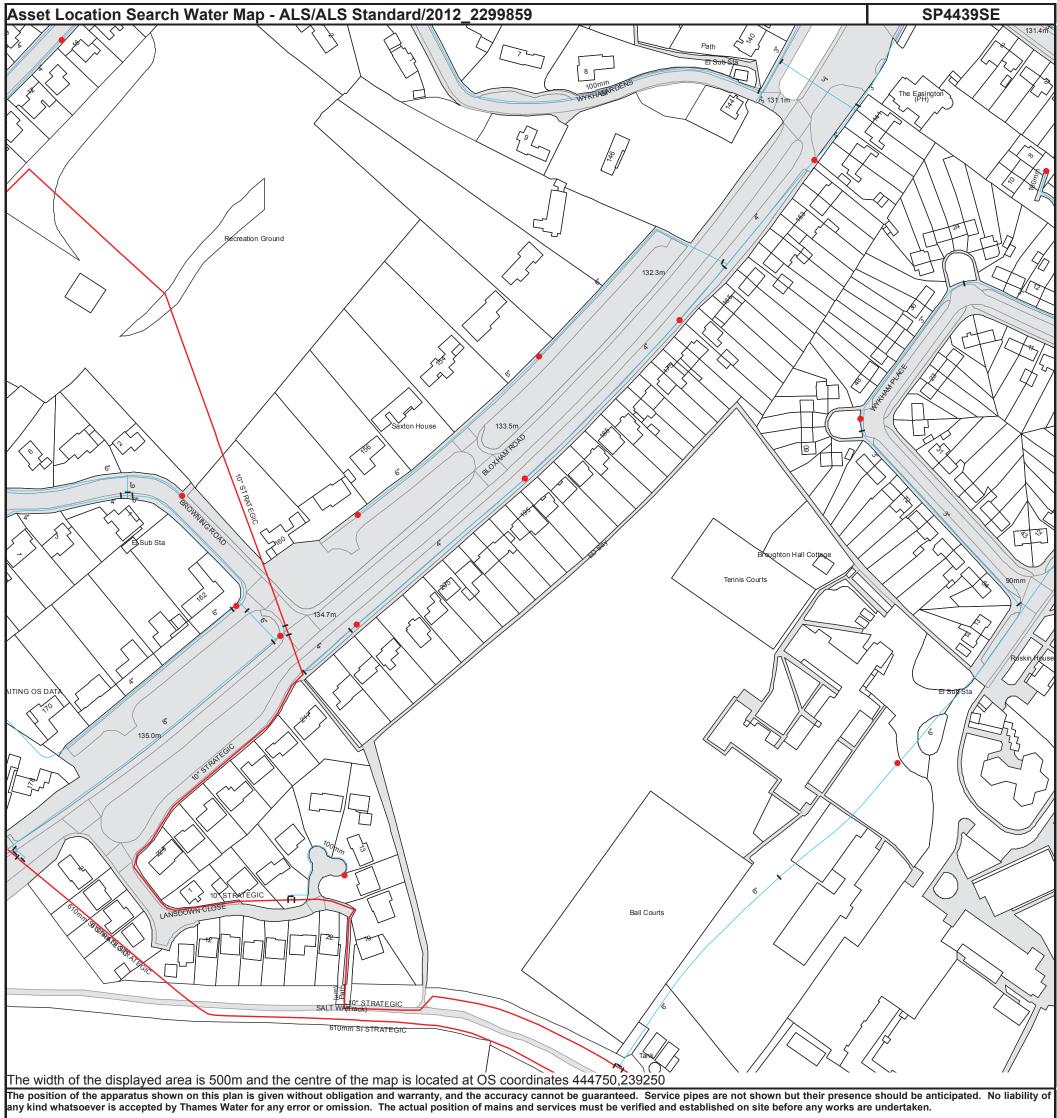




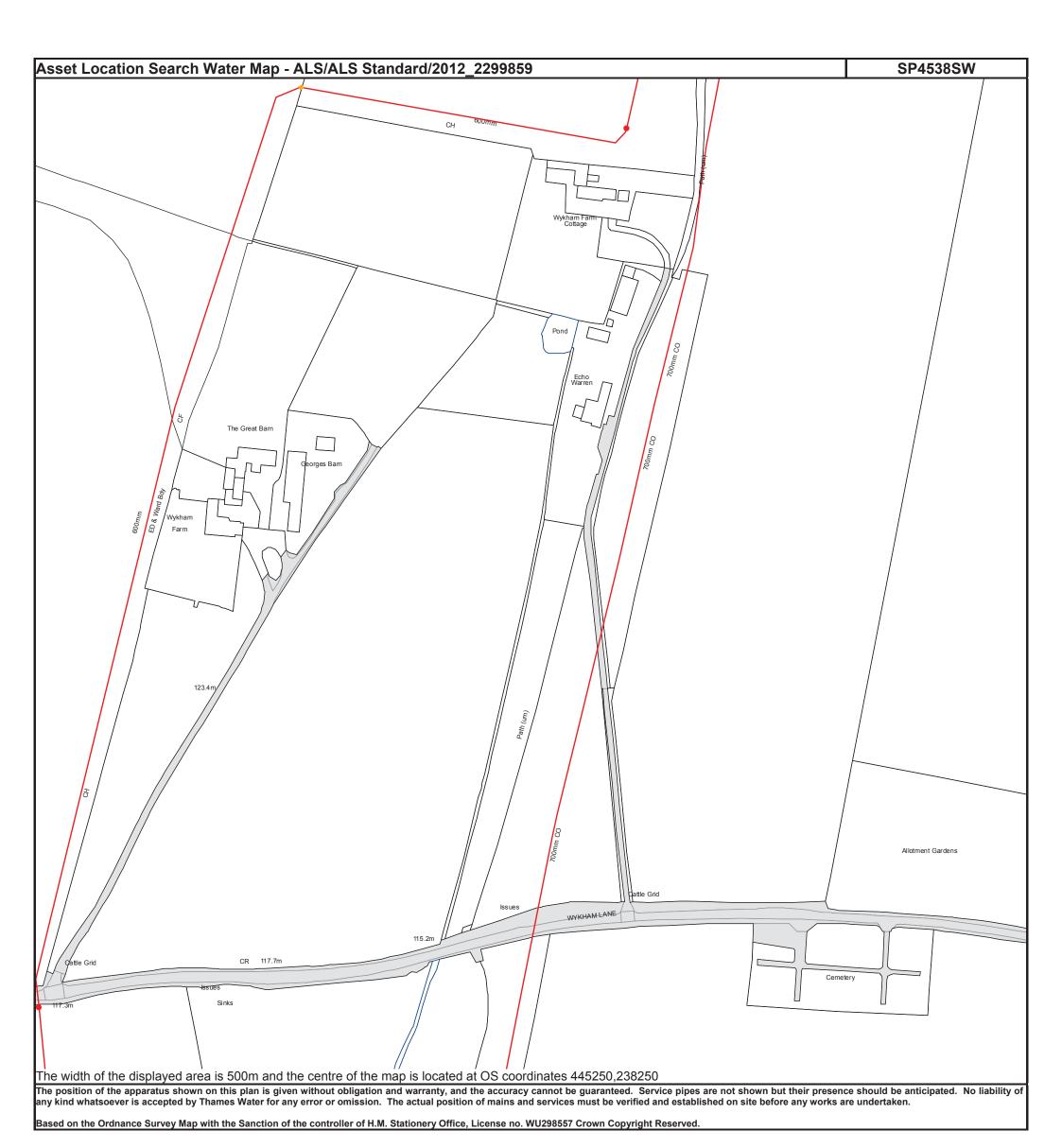
Based on the Ordnance Survey Map with the Sanction of the controller of H.M. Stationery Office, License no. WU298557 Crown Copyright Reserved.



Asset Location Search Water Map - ALS/ALS Standard/2012_2299859	SP4438NE
O'STRATEGIC C	
GIOMINI GI SO TRANSIGIO DE STRANSIGIO DE STRANSIGIO DE STRANSICO.	
The width of the displayed area is 500m and the centre of the map is located at OS coordinates 444750,238750	
The position of the apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes are not shown but their present any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified and established on site before any works as Based on the Ordnance Survey Map with the Sanction of the controller of H.M. Stationery Office, License no. WU298557 Crown Copyright Reserved.	ice should be anticipated. No liability of are undertaken.

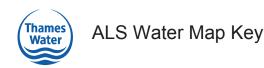


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3" FIRE

#### Water Pipes (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)

**Distribution Main:** The most common pipe shown on water maps. With few exceptions, domestic connections are only made to distribution mains.

**Trunk Main:** A main carrying water from a source of supply to a treatment plant or reservoir, or from one treatment plant or reservoir to another. Also a main transferring water in bulk to smaller water mains used for supplying individual customers.

**Supply Main:** A supply main indicates that the water main is used as a supply for a single property or group of properties.

**Fire Main:** Where a pipe is used as a fire supply, the word FIRE will be displayed along the pipe.

**Metered Pipe:** A metered main indicates that the pipe in question supplies water for a single property or group of properties and that quantity of water passing through the pipe is metered even though there may be no meter symbol shown.

**Transmission Tunnel:** A very large diameter water pipe. Most tunnels are buried very deep underground. These pipes are not expected to affect the structural integrity of buildings shown on the map provided.

**Proposed Main:** A main that is still in the planning stages or in the process of being laid. More details of the proposed main and its reference number are generally included near the main.

### PIPE DIAMETER DEPTH BELOW GROUND

Up to 300mm (12")	900mm (3')			
300mm - 600mm (12" - 24")	1100mm (3' 8")			
600mm and bigger (24" plus)	1200mm (4')			

#### **Valves Operational Sites** General PurposeValve **Booster Station** Air Valve Other Pressure ControlValve Other (Proposed) Customer Valve **Pumping Station** Service Reservoir **Hydrants** Shaft Inspection Single Hydrant Treatment Works Meters Unknown Meter Water Tower **End Items Other Symbols** Symbol indicating what happens at the end of $\square$ a water main.

\_\_\_\_\_ Data Logger

Other Water Pipes (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)

Other Water Company Main: Occasionally other water company water pipes may overlap the border of our clean water coverage area. These mains are denoted in purple and in most cases have the owner of the pipe displayed along them.

Private Main: Indiates that the water main in question is not owned by Thames Water. These mains normally have text associated with

them indicating the diameter and owner of the pipe.

Blank Flange

Capped End

**Emptying Pit** 

Manifold

Fire Supply

Undefined End

**Customer Supply** 

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By Post – Cheque only, made payable to 'Thames Water Utilities Ltd' writing your Thames Water account number on the back. Please fill in the payment slip below and send it with your cheque to Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 223, Swindon SN38 2TW	By BACS Payment direct to our bank on account number 90478703, sort code 60-00-01 may be made. A remittance advice must be sent to Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 223, Swindon SN38 2TW. Or fax to 01793 424599 or email: cashoperations@thameswater.co.uk	Telephone Banking By calling your bank and quoting your invoice number and the Thames Water's bank account number 90478703 and sort code 60-00-01	By Swift Transfer You may make your payment via SWIFT by quoting NWBKGB2L together with our bank account number 90478703, sort code 60-00-01 and invoice number
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Thames Water Utilities Ltd Registered in England & Wales No. 2366661 Registered Office Clearwater Court, Vastern Rd, Reading, Berks, RG1 8DB.

### Invoice

# **Emma Skelley**

Customer Reference:

Wardell Armstrong LLP Thames Water Utilities Ltd.

Forge Lane Swindon Stoke on Trent SN38 2TW

N/A

ST1 5BD

Invoice No: ADS12333975

Our Ref: ALS/ALS

Standard/2012\_2299859

Χ

Customer Number:ADS110911Posting Date:22-08-2012Purchase Order No:ST11148Due Date:05-09-2012

Search Address Supplied: 445267 238350, Wykham Park Farm, Wykham, Banbury, Oxfordshire,

**OX16 9ER** 

Description of ChargesQtyUnit PriceVAT (20%)Amount (Inc VAT)Asset Location Search1£92.00£18.40£110.40

#### **OUTSTANDING AMOUNT (Inc. VAT)**

£110.40

Please send any outstanding amount to Thames Water, PO Box 223, Swindon, SN38 2TW...

Your payment terms are within 14 days. Please see previous page for ways to pay.

For queries please contact the Property Searches Customer Support Team on Tel: 0118 925 1504.

#### VAT Reg. No GB 537456915





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  and commercial property within the United Kingdom
- · sets out minimum standards which firms compiling and selling search reports have to meet
- promotes the best practice and quality standards within the industry for the benefit of consumers and property professionals
- enables consumers and property professionals to have confidence in firms which subscribe to the code, their products and services.

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The Property Ombudsman scheme Milford House 43-55 Milford Street Salisbury Wiltshire SP1 2BP Tel: 01722 333306

Fax: 01722 332296 Email: admin@tpos.co.uk

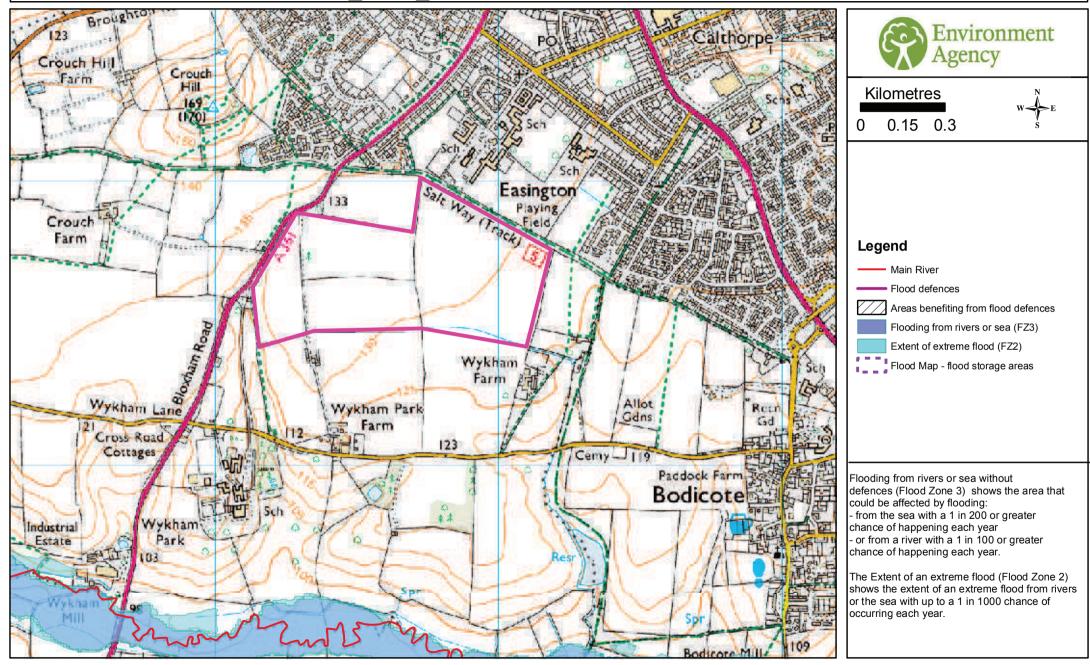
You can get more information about the PCCB from www.propertycodes.org.uk.

PLEASE ASK YOUR SEARCH PROVIDER IF YOU WOULD LIKE A COPY OF THE SEARCH CODE

# **APPENDIX 2**

**Environment Agency Flood Map** 

# Flood Map centred on Wykham Park Farm, Wykham ,Banbury Created 20/09/2012 - REF: OX\_0095\_01



89\_07\_SD02, Version 6

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# **APPENDIX 3**

**Environment Agency Correspondence** 

# Skelley, Emma

From: Skelley, Emma
Sent: 21 August 2012 14:53

**To:** 'planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk' **Subject:** FRA enquiry - Wykham, Banbury, Oxon [WM10671]

Attachments: Plan Base.pdf

#### Dear Sir/Madam

I'm currently preparing a Flood Risk Assessment and outline drainage strategy for a large site (circa 52ha) south of Banbury. We have been commissioned to prepare this report in readiness for promoting the site through the emerging Core Strategy.

The site address is below and I have attached a location plan for your reference.

Wykham Park Farm

Wykham Banbury Oxon

OX16 9ER

Grid ref: 445267, 238350

The outline proposals are for a mixed use development with circa 1000 residential units, a primary school, a local centre (circa 2.5ha) and employment land (circa 2ha).

The online flood map indicates that the site lies within Flood Zone 1. We would however, be grateful of your comments with regards to the scope for the FRA and outline drainage strategy. If you feel there are any site-specific issues that should be considered as part of the FRA we would be grateful if you could highlight these in your response. We would welcome any recommendations for surface water drainage. Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Kind regards, Emma

Emma Skelley Geologist

#### **Wardell Armstrong LLP**

Sir Henry Doulton House Forge Lane Etruria Stoke on Trent Staffordshire ST1 5BD

Tel: 0845 111 7777 Fax: 0845 111 8888

www.wardell-armstrong.com



# Skelley, Emma

From: planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk

**Sent:** 18 September 2012 15:46

To: Skelley, Emma

Subject: Environment Agency Response to: -

Attachments: PlanningProposal.rtf

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Completed

Categories: Wykham Park

The proposal has been reviewed and I enclose the Environment Agency's comments on: Wykham Park Farm, Wykham, Banbury, Oxon, OX16 9ER

LPA ref: -

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Ms Emma Skelley
Wardell Armstrong Ltd
Sir Henry Doulton House Forge Lane
Stoke-on-Trent
Staffordshire
ST1 5BD

Our ref: WA/2012/112955/01-L01

Date: 18 September 2012

Dear Ms Skelley

MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT WITH CIRCA 1000 RESIDENTIAL UNITS, A PRIMARY SCHOOL, A LOCAL CENTRE (CIRCA 2.5HA) AND EMPLOYMENT LAND (CIRCA 2HA).

WYKHAM PARK FARM, WYKHAM, BANBURY, OXON, OX16 9ER

Thank you for consulting us on this pre-development enquiry. We received your e-mail, dated 21 August 2012 and we have the following comments.

The site is located within Flood Zone 1 and as such the primary flood risk associated with this development is that from surface water run-off. Development within this zone can generate significant volumes of water particularly where there is a proposed increase in the impermeable area. The requirement to assess the flood risks posed by the development includes an assessment of the run-off implications of development, appropriate to the nature and scale of that development.

In summary, we require a baseline drainage assessment to inform a more detailed drainage strategy/FRA. The drainage strategy should be developed alongside the development masterplan to ensure that adequate land is left for the drainage features and that the site layout considers their orientation.

These can be associated with SUDS features which will be required for the surface water drainage. This will also ensure that the surface water from this site does not increase the flood risk in the river system mentioned above.

There maybe limited infiltration across the site and therefore above ground sustainable drainage features could be more appropriate across the development. Discharge of surface water should be to existing watercourses across the site and should mimic the natural drainage patterns of the catchment. The natural drainage characteristics of the site can be used to shape the design of the surface water drainage and the masterplan for the site.

Environment Agency
Red Kite House Howbery Park, Wallingford, Oxfordshire, OX10 8BD.
Customer services line: 03708 506 506
www.environment-agency.gov.uk
Cont/d..

Positive drainage of surface water across the development should be limited and we would expect that outfall to watercourses is provided through open channels or wetland features rather than piped systems. This opportunity should be discussed further to ensure that the future ecological and drainage reports do not contradict each other.

You will need to establish how the site currently responds under all rainfall events up to the 1 in 100 year event to determine the existing greenfield run-off rate. Catchment areas within the site should also be clearly defined with an associated greenfield run-off rate. This will then inform the drainage strategy with regards to a required surface water volume to be attenuated in order to design the indicative sustainable urban drainage system.

Existing overland flow routes should be established and it should be demonstrated how these routes will be maintained or managed in a sustainable way without increasing flood risk within the site and the surrounding area.

This also applies to overland flow routes within the development for any future proposed drainage strategy for any proposed informal drainage routes over the 1 in 30 year rainfall event up to the 1in 100 year event with a 30% allowance for climate change.

Residual flood risk, in the form of events greater than the design rainfall event, should also be considered to ensure that during extreme rainfall events the development is not at risk of flooding.

We would seek to ensure that the SUDS within the site are designed, located, constructed and managed in such a way as to positively contribute to the nature conservation value of the site.

# Any scheme should include the following features

- Confirmation as to whether the individual SUDS are to be seasonally dry or have areas of permanent water. Wet and dry SUDS provide different habitat opportunities for invertebrates and macrophytes. Providing both wet and dry SUDS increases the habitat diversity available.
- The land around lakes and ponds, including SUDS basins can be valuable for wildlife if designed and managed appropriately. Therefore, a wide buffer zone should be established around each SUDS and the management of this zone provide maximum benefits for wildlife.
- Any planting within and around SUDS and ponds should be done with locally native species only. Non-native species can become invasive and result in the loss of habitat for native species and an increase in management costs due to control management being required. Using locally native species may increase the success rate of planting schemes as the species are able to cope with local conditions.
- A long term management plan of the open spaces (including the management of SUDS) should be included to ensure the features are managed for biodiversity in the long term.

SUDS and ponds can form part of a wider green & blue infrastructure strategy for the development, linking with other existing and proposed green infrastructure in the wider environment.

You should also look to use appropriate SUDS to ensure the water quality of local

Cont/d... 2

watercourses is protected. This should be done by taking the requirements of the Water Framework Directive into account. The proposed development falls within waterbody Sor Brook (Broughton to Adderbury) GB106039037260, currently at Good Ecological Status. They must ensure that the proposed development doesn't cause deterioration in status of any WFD element. The site is also approximately 3 km upstream of a Thames Water drinking water abstraction. The applicant will need to ensure the development does not increase any water quality risk to it.

Yours sincerely

Mr Jack Moeran Planning Liaison Officer

Direct dial 01491 828367
Direct e-mail planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk

End 3

# Skelley, Emma

From: Skelley, Emma

**Sent:** 20 September 2012 12:31

To: 'planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk'

Subject: FAO Mr Jack Moeran - WA/2012/112955/01-L01 - Wykham Park Farm

Dear Mr Moeran

Thank you for your pre-planning response in relation to the above site. We will take your comments into consideration in the FRA and as part of the Masterplanning process.

With regards to surface water runoff, we would like to agree a discharge rate for the site with the Environment Agency to assist us with future calculations and preparation of the drainage strategy.

We have reviewed the Wallingford WRAP maps and followed the IH124 method and note that the soil is classified as being relatively permeable. The result of this is a QBAR value of approximately 0.15 litres/second/hectare and, therefore, in accordance with the EA/Defra document 'Preliminary Rainfall Runoff Management for Developments' (Rev E) we propose that surface water runoff rates from the development are restricted to 2 litres/second/hectare, and attenuated on site for events up to and including the 1 in 100 year event + climate change.

We would be grateful if you could confirm that our proposal to discharge surface water runoff from the development to existing watercourses, at a rate of 2 litres/second/hectare, is acceptable to the Environment Agency.

Your earliest response would be much appreciated so that we can prepare preliminary attenuation estimates to inform the Masterplan. If you have any queries please do not hesitate to call on 01782 276700.

Kind regards,

Emma Skelley

```
----Original Message----
```

From: planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk [mailto:planning-

wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk]

Sent: 18 September 2012 15:46

To: Skelley, Emma

Subject: Environment Agency Response to: -

The proposal has been reviewed and I enclose the Environment Agency's comments on:

Wykham Park Farm,

Wykham, Banbury, Oxon, OX16 9ER

LPA ref: -

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# Skelley, Emma

From: planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk

**Sent:** 30 October 2012 13:33

To: Skelley, Emma

Subject: Environment Agency Response to: -

Attachments: PlanningProposal.rtf

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Completed

Categories: Wykham Park, Pending

The proposal has been reviewed and I enclose the Environment Agency's comments on: Wykham Park Farm, Wykham, Banbury, Oxon, OX16 9ER

LPA ref: -

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Ms Emma Skelley
Wardell Armstrong Ltd
Sir Henry Doulton House
Forge Lane
Stoke-on-Trent
Staffordshire
ST1 5BD

Our ref: WA/2012/112955/02-L01

**Date:** 30 October 2012

Dear Ms Skelley

MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT WITH CIRCA 1000 RESIDENTIAL UNITS, A PRIMARY SCHOOL, A LOCAL CENTRE (CIRCA 2.5HA) AND EMPLOYMENT LAND (CIRCA 2HA).
WYKHAM PARK FARM, WYKHAM, BANBURY, OXON, OX16 9ER

Thank you for consulting us on this matter. We received your email on the 20 September 2012 and we are now in a position to respond.

Having reviewed the details we note that there is a significant difference between the Qbar runoff rate, which is extremely low, and the 2l/s/ha as referenced in the Preliminary Rainfall Runoff document. It is possible that one of the design parameters is incorrect, as a quoted runoff rate of 0.15l/s/ha. If however this rate is correct then we would prefer that it is used to design the drainage features.

In order to provide a degree of betterment a runoff rate which is below any calculated rate could be used for design purposes.

Yours sincerely

Mr Jack Moeran Planning Liaison Officer

Direct dial 01491 828367
Direct e-mail planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk

Environment Agency
Red Kite House Howbery Park, Wallingford, Oxfordshire, OX10 8BD.
Customer services line: 03708 506 506
www.environment-agency.gov.uk
Cont/d..

Please note that the view expressed in this letter by the Environment Agency is a response to a pre application enquiry only and does not represent our final view in relation to any future planning application made in relation to this site. We reserve the right to change our position in relation to any such application.

You should seek your own expert advice in relation to technical matters relevant to any planning application before submission

End 2

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Mr John Gibson - Associate Director Wardell Armstrong Ltd Sir Henry Doulton House Forge Lane Stoke-on-Trent Staffordshire ST1 5BD Our ref: WA/2013/114375/02-L01

Your ref:

**Date:** 09 May 2013

Dear Mr Gibson

1000 DWELLINGS TOGETHER WITH A LOCAL CENTRE INCLUDING RETAIL (A1). FINANCIAL SERVICES (A2), RESTAURANTS (A3-A5), UP TO A COMBINED TOTAL FLOORSPACE OF 1000M2, EMPLOYMENT SPACE (B1) UP TO A TOTAL FLOORSPACE OF 5000M2 WITH THE B1(A) OFFICE COMPONENT LIMITED TO A MAXIMUM OF 2,500M2, ASSOCIATED CAR PARKING, A COMMUNITY PRIMARY SCHOOL (INCLUDING SPACE FOR COMMUNITY USES (D1) AND ASSEMBLY AND LEISURE USES (D2)), GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE INCLUDING FORMAL AND INFORMAL OPEN SPACE, AMENITY SPACE, RETAINED HEDGEROWS, STRUCTURAL LANDSCAPING. SUPPORTING INFRASTRUCTURE (INCLUDING ELECTRICITY, SEWERAGE. WATER, TELECOMMUNICATIONS), GAS. SUSTAINABLE URBAN DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, NEW CONNECTION TO THE A361 BLOXHAM ROAD, PEDESTRIAN AND CYCLING CONNECTIONS TO THE SURROUNDING FOOTPATH AND CYCLE NETWORK AND ANY NECESSARY DEMOLITION AND GROUND REMODELLING. LAND INCLUDING OS7400. 5257. 4976, 2661, AND 5257 SOUTH OF SALT WAY ADJ TO BLOXHAM ROAD BANBURY

The Environment Agency has recently been consulted by the Local Authority regarding the above development proposal. Please find enclosed a copy of our comments for your information.

This response represents our advice as a statutory consultee on environmental issues associated with the proposed development. The reply should not be confused with the Council's decision notice, which will be issued by the Local Authority following determination of the application. Please contact the Local Authority if you wish to discuss the final decision to be made on this application.

If you have any queries about the Agency's response, please don't hesitate to contact me.

# Mr Jack Moeran Planning Advisor

Direct dial 01491 828367
Direct fax
Direct e-mail planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk

End 2

Cherwell District Council Our ref: WA/2013/114375/02-L01

Date:

09 May 2013

Planning & Development Services Your ref: 13/00321/OUT

Bodicote House White Post Road

Bodicote Banbury OX15 4AA

Dear Ms Bailey,

1000 DWELLINGS TOGETHER WITH A LOCAL CENTRE INCLUDING RETAIL (A1), FINANCIAL SERVICES (A2), RESTAURANTS (A3-A5), UP TO A COMBINED TOTAL FLOORSPACE OF 1000M2, EMPLOYMENT SPACE (B1) UP TO A TOTAL FLOORSPACE OF 5000M2 WITH THE B1(A) OFFICE COMPONENT LIMITED TO A MAXIMUM OF 2,500M2, ASSOCIATED CAR PARKING, A COMMUNITY PRIMARY SCHOOL (INCLUDING SPACE FOR COMMUNITY USES (D1) AND ASSEMBLY AND LEISURE USES (D2)), GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE INCLUDING FORMAL AND INFORMAL OPEN SPACE, AMENITY SPACE, RETAINED HEDGEROWS, STRUCTURAL LANDSCAPING, SUPPORTING INFRASTRUCTURE (INCLUDING GAS, ELECTRICITY, SEWERAGE, WATER, TELECOMMUNICATIONS), SUSTAINABLE URBAN DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, NEW CONNECTION TO THE A361 BLOXHAM ROAD, PEDESTRIAN AND CYCLING CONNECTIONS TO THE SURROUNDING FOOTPATH AND CYCLE NETWORK AND ANY NECESSARY DEMOLITION AND GROUND REMODELLING. LAND INCLUDING OS7400, 5257, 4976, 2661, AND 5257 SOUTH OF SALT WAY ADJ TO BLOXHAM ROAD BANBURY

Further to my letter of objection to you dated 26 April 2013 we received an email from John Gibson on 03 May 2013. This provided further clarification to some of the surface water flood risk concerns we raised and we are now in a position to respond.

# **Environment Agency Position**

We have no objection to the application as submitted, subject to the inclusion of a number of conditions, detailed under the headings below, to any subsequent planning permission granted.

Without the inclusion of these conditions we consider the development to pose an unacceptable risk to the Environment

### **Condition 1**

No development shall take place until a surface water drainage scheme for the site, based on sustainable drainage principles and an assessment of the hydrological and hydro geological context of the development, has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The drainage strategy should demonstrate the surface water run-off generated up to and including the 1 in 100 year plus climate change critical storm will not exceed the run-off from the undeveloped site following the corresponding rainfall event. The scheme shall subsequently be implemented in

Environment Agency

Red Kite House Howbery Park, Wallingford, Oxfordshire, OX10 8BD.

Customer services line: 03708 506 506 www.environment-agency.gov.uk

Cont/d..

accordance with the approved details before the development is completed.

The scheme shall also include:

- Total runoff rate from all storm events up to and including the design event restricted to 60 litres/second.
- Details of the surface water drainage arrangements, outlining how any contamination risks will be mitigated

# Reason

To prevent the increased risk of flooding, both on and off site.

# **Condition 2**

If, during development, contamination not previously identified is found to be present at the site then no further development (unless otherwise agreed in writing with the local planning authority) shall be carried out until the developer has submitted a remediation strategy to the local planning authority detailing how this unsuspected contamination shall be dealt with and obtained written approval from the local planning authority. The remediation strategy shall be implemented as approved.

#### Reason

To ensure that any unexpected contamination encountered during the developments is suitable assessed and dealt with, such that it does not pose a unacceptable risk to ground or surface water.

# **Condition 3**

No development approved by this permission shall be commenced until a scheme for the improvement j of the existing sewerage system has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The scheme shall be implemented as approved. No occupation of dwellings approved by this permission shall occur until the scheme for improvement j of the existing sewage system has been completed.

# Reason

Ensuring that adequate sewerage infrastructure is provided in line with or prior to occupation will prevent future incidents and deterioration in the nearby watercourses.

Yours sincerely,

# Mr Jack Moeran Planning Advisor

Direct dial 01491 828367
Direct e-mail planning-wallingford@environment-agency.gov.uk

cc David Lock Associates Ltd.

End 2

# **APPENDIX 4**

**Thames Water Correspondence** 

# Skelley, Emma

From: Geoff.Nokes@thameswater.co.uk
Sent: 20 September 2012 15:34

To: Skelley, Emma

Subject: Re: FW: Enquiry - Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxon

#### Emma

We would most likely accept 51/s into both of the proposed SW sewers as this is the realistic minimum attenuation rate. If it could be demonstrated that the existing is more then we would honour that discharge but for the surface water discharge the EA are the statutory consultee.

Regards Geoff Development Engineer - Waste 02035779228

	>   From:
	 >
-	
	>
	To:
-	/
-	
	Date:
-	>
-	
	Subject:
-	\
	FW: Enquiry - Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxon
_	

#### Dear Geoff

Further to our recent correspondence (attached below) regarding the site at Wykham Park Farm, we will shortly be submitting an application for a formal impact study as you recommended. Although the impact study will ultimately provide information on suitable discharge locations, rates and necessary upgrading works for both foul and surface water flows, we are in the meantime preparing an outline drainage strategy (surface water) and would be grateful if you could provide your comments to the following question:

- 1. We are proposing to discharge the majority of surface water runoff to nearby watercourses due to the relatively impermeable nature of the ground. There are, however, two small areas of the site which are at lower elevations (up to 4-5m) than the proposed discharge location. These areas are a parcel of land in the south-eastern corner, and a parcel of land in the south-western corner of the site. We propose, therefore, that surface water from these two areas is discharged to two nearby public surface water sewers at the following locations:
  - Sheet SP4538NW Manhole Ref 3603 or 4652;
  - ii. Sheet SP4438NW Manhole Ref 1501 or Sheet SP4438SW Manhole ref 1403.

We would, of course, restrict surface water discharge rates into the public sewers to your requirements, and would be grateful if you could comment as to whether discharge to the public sewers would be acceptable in principle, and an indication of an acceptable discharge rate. We appreciate that the formal impact study will provide greater details and confirmation on discharge locations and rates, but if we could make an 'in principle' agreement with yourselves in the meantime it would be gratefully appreciated.

Kind regards,

Emma Skelley
Geologist
Wardell Armstrong LLP
Sir Henry Doulton House
Forge Lane
Etruria
Stoke on Trent
Staffordshire
ST1 5BD

Tel: 0845 111 7777
Fax: 0845 111 8888
www.wardell-armstrong.com

----Original Message----

From: Geoff.Nokes@thameswater.co.uk [mailto:Geoff.Nokes@thameswater.co.uk]

Sent: 04 September 2012 16:26

To: Skelley, Emma

Subject: RE: Enquiry - Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxon

Emma

Go straight to Impact study and with the details provided should be enough

```
regards
Geoff
|---->
| From:
|---->
 -----
 |"Skelley, Emma" <eskelley@wardell-armstrong.com
>-----
To:
-----|
 <Geoff.Nokes@thameswater.co.uk</pre>
Date:
|---->
 04/09/2012
15:32
---->
Subject:
```

#### Geoff

-----| |RE: Enquiry - Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxon |

Thank you for this information, I will pass this on to our Client and get back in touch should we wish to proceed with the study. Am I correct in assuming that the impact study could be carried out on the data I have already provided to you, since we do not have any more details should they be required for the study.

If you could confirm the above it would be gratefully appreciated.

As an alternative, I could attempt to submit a formal developer enquiry form to the Developer Services team for a charge. Could you give me your opinion on whether they are likely to process an application that doesn't have all the details they ask for eg anticipated flows. I have avoided submitting such an enquiry to date because I'm aware that I can't complete all of the details, but if you think there's a chance of it getting a response I might try.

Kind regards,

Emma Skelley
Geologist
Wardell Armstrong LLP
Sir Henry Doulton House
Forge Lane
Etruria
Stoke on Trent
Staffordshire
ST1 5BD

Tel: 0845 111 7777
Fax: 0845 111 8888
www.wardell-armstrong.com

(Embedded image moved to file: pic14615.gif) ----Original Message----From: Geoff.Nokes@thameswater.co.uk [mailto:Geoff.Nokes@thameswater.co.uk]

Sent: 04 September 2012 15:22

To: Skelley, Emma

Subject: Re: Enquiry - Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxon

#### Emma

Unfortunately, we have a charge for giving this information, it will require an impact study as this would be a significant load on our small local Network, this requires a £400+vat cheque to obtain the scope and quote for the impact study, which is produced in about 2 weeks and an impact study of this kind could be £10k and need 12 weeks to complete.

Regards Geoff Development Engineer - Waste 02035779228

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<geoff.nokes@thameswater.co.uk    </geoff.nokes@thameswater.co.uk 	
>	
/  04/09/2012  11:54	
>   Subject:    >	[
>   Enquiry - Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxon	 
>	 

#### Dear Mr Nokes

Further to my recent telephone call with the Developer Services team, I have been asked to forward my original email enquiry to you. Please see below. Since sending the email on 21/08 I have received the asset plans for the site and I am therefore aware of the locations of the public sewers.

I look forward to receiving your response. Pease do not hesitate to call me to discuss further.

Kind regards,

Emma Skelley
Geologist
Wardell Armstrong LLP
Sir Henry Doulton House
Forge Lane
Etruria
Stoke on Trent
Staffordshire
ST1 5BD

Tel: 0845 111 7777 Fax: 0845 111 8888

#### www.wardell-armstrong.com

(Embedded image moved to file: pic26806.gif)

From: Skelley, Emma

Sent: 21 August 2012 10:12

To: 'developer.services@thameswater.co.uk'

Subject: Pre-application Enquiry - Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxon

Dear Sir/Madam

I am currently preparing a Flood Risk Assessment and outline drainage strategy for the following site (see attached plan):

Wykham Park Farm

Wykham Banbury Oxon OX16 9ER

Grid Ref: 445267, 238350

The outline proposals are for a mixed use development with circa 1000 residential units, a primary school, a local centre (circa 2.5ha) and employment land (circa 2ha). The total site area is approximately 52ha.

I will shortly be requesting a copy of the public sewer records for the area, but I would be grateful if you could provide an indication of whether foul water flows could, in principle, be discharged to the public sewer network, or not. It is currently proposed that surface water will be managed using SUDS and discharged to watercourse. I would welcome your comments on the following:

- Are there any sewer easements affecting the site?
- Does the local public sewer network have sufficient capacity to accept foul water flows from a development of this scale without abnormal cost to the developer?
- Would Thames Water accept, in principle, a pumped discharge?
- Which manhole could foul water flows be discharged to?
- · Would there be a restriction on discharge rate, and what
- If for whatever reason surface water cannot be discharged by any other means, would Thames Water accept discharge to public sewer?
  - o If yes, would there be a restriction on the rate of discharge? At what MH location could surface water be discharged?

At this stage we are only gathering information on the site in readiness for promoting it through the emerging core strategy so I do not have any details other than what has been described above. I therefore, appreciate that you can only provide a response in principle to my questions above, and this will be sufficient for my purposes at this time. We would like to be fully aware of any potential development constraints, and significant abnormal costs as early as possible and hence your response to the above would be much appreciated. If you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me on 01782 276700.

Kind regards,

Emma Skelley
Geologist
Wardell Armstrong LLP
Sir Henry Doulton House
Forge Lane
Etruria
Stoke on Trent

# **APPENDIX 5**

Preliminary Surface Water Runoff, Attenuation Estimates and Pre and Post-Development Discharge Volume Calculation

# **Calculation Sheet**

REF:



CLIENT:		PROJECT:	JOB NO.:	CALC. REF. NO.:
Gallag	her Estates	Wykham Park Farm	WM10671	PAGE: 1 OF 1
CALCULATION		CALC. BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROVED BY:
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# **Calculation Sheet**



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# **Calculation Sheet**





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Wardell Armstrong LLP		Page 1
Sir Henry Doulton House	Wykham Park Farm	
Forge Lane, Etruria	1 in 100 Year 6 Hour	4
Stoke-on-Trent ST1 5BD	Pre-Dev Discharge Volume	Misso
Date August 2014	Designed by L Chera	Desipore
File	Checked by	Drainage
Micro Drainage	Source Control 2014.1	

# Greenfield Runoff Volume

#### FSR Data

Return Period (years) Storm Duration (mins)	100 360
Region	England and Wales
M5-60 (mm)	19.700
Ratio R	0.408
Areal Reduction Factor	1.00
Area (ha)	52.460
SAAR (mm)	700
CWI	105.000
Urban	0.000
SPR	10.000

#### Results

Percentage Runoff (%) 8.82 Greenfield Runoff Volume (m³) 2832.357

# **APPENDIX 6**

Thames Water Sewer Impact Study (May 2013)



# **SEWER IMPACT STUDY**

X4503 - 462

**SMG 1190** 

# PROPOSED CONNECTION AT WYKHAM PARK FARM, BANBURY

**FOUL WATER SYSTEM** 

v1.0 May 2013

Prepared by: Reviewed by: Approved by: Girija Mulay Graham Moralee Tyrone Parkinson



Network & Process Modelling Group Thames Water Utilities Ltd Power House, Island Road Reading, Berkshire RG2 0RP

### Contents

1.0	Introduction
	Background
3.0	Existing Sewerage System and Treatment Works
4.0	Thames Water Drainage Requirements
	Sewer Impact Assessment
	Foul Water Sewers
5	.1.1 Assessment of Existing Catchment
	.1.2 Assessment of Development Catchment
	.1.3 Foul System Improvement Works
	Risks and Issues.
7.0	Conclusions

# **Appendices**

- Site Plan Α
- В Plan Showing Local Sewers
- C1
- Connections and Improvements Option 1 Pipe Upsizing Connections and Improvements Option 2 Flow Diversion C2

#### 1.0 Introduction

The following report was commissioned by Thames Water's Developer Services to investigate the capacity within the existing foul water system, and to ascertain the impact of a proposed new connection on the foul water network at Wykham Park Farm, Banbury, Oxfordshire.

The scope of the study is to undertake a preliminary desktop study based upon an updated verified hydraulic model.

The scope of the study includes:

- Carry out a flow survey.
- Undertake an updated verification exercise to confirm current flows and capacity in the foul sewer network downstream of the development site.
- Check the current performance of the network during a 1 in 20 year return period storm.
- Add development flows to the model and check the impact of additional flow to the network during a 1 in 20 year return period storm.
- Propose solutions to allow flows to be accepted into the existing network with 'no detriment' impact, if required.

## 2.0 Background

The proposed new development is on a Greenfield site and consists of 1,000 residential properties, a local centre and employment area covering a maximum of 6,000 m<sup>2</sup>, and a primary school for 210 pupils. The development site is located in the Banbury catchment, to the southwest of the town centre, immediately to the south of Banbury Comprehensive School.

The foul flows from the development area have been calculated, using the latest Thames Water guidelines, as a pumped flow of 50.3 l/s.

A preferred connection manhole was not identified by the developer.

A plan showing the location of the development area is provided in Appendix A.

# 3.0 Existing Sewerage System and Treatment Works

The area is served by a separate foul and surface water sewer system.

Foul flows in this area gravitate in a north-easterly direction towards Cherwell Street SPS. Flows are lifted from here directly to Banbury Sewage Treatment Works (STW). Banbury STW also accepts flows from the north and the south of the catchment, from Grimsbury SPS and Adderbury SPS, respectively. Banbury STW is located approximately 3 km downstream of the development site.

The local foul sewer network drains in a north-easterly direction. Flows travel through pipe sizes ranging from 225 mm diameter to 1350 mm diameter towards Cherwell Street SPS.

The local foul water sewers are shown in the plan provided in Appendix B.

## 4.0 Thames Water Drainage Requirements

This study considers only the foul water sewer network.

The development should cause no detriment (e.g. additional or new flooding) to the existing system in a 1 in 20 year design rainfall event.

## 5.0 Sewer Impact Assessment

Assessment of the hydraulic loading of the foul water network was carried out by means of the existing foul water model of the Banbury catchment, which was last verified in 2006.

An updated flow survey was completed on the sewer network downstream of the development site. A model verification exercise was completed with the measured rainfall and flow data.

The proposed new development area and connection point details have been added to the hydraulic model, and the assessment completed to identify the impact of the proposed new development.

The analysis of the catchment indicates that the foul water sewer system is responsive to rainfall, with flooding being a risk in the catchment for extreme events.

The impact of the proposed foul water connection was assessed based on the design flows detailed in Section 2.0.

#### 5.1 Foul Water Sewers

#### 5.1.1 Assessment of Existing Catchment

The existing foul water model of the Banbury catchment was used to assess the capacity of the foul water sewer network in the study area.

The hydraulic model predicts that the foul sewers in the vicinity of the development site do not have available capacity in the existing scenario. However, further downstream, the existing sewer network is predicted to have spare capacity.

#### 5.1.2 Assessment of Development Catchment

An analysis has been completed to assess the impact of connecting the flows from the development site into the public sewer.

Due to the location of the development site and the local topography, it will be necessary for the development site to be connected to the existing sewer network by a new sewage pumping station serving the development site.

Two connection manholes have been identified for the rising main discharge location; manholes SP45395501 and SP45402102. These manholes have been identified based on existing capacity issues in the sewer network. Both of these manholes are at least 1 km away from the development site, however, these have been assessed as the most suitable connection manholes with regard to the extent of network detriment caused.

An allowance of 50.3 l/s pumped inflow was used to represent the development, as described in detail in Section 2.

**Table 1: Proposed Development Connections Details** 

Connection	Manhole	Diameter of Outgoing Sewer				
Connection MH 1	SP45395501	300 mm				
Connection MH 2	SP45402102	225 mm				

An allowance of 50.3 l/s pumped inflow was used to represent the development, as described in detail in Section 2.

Model simulations have shown that connecting the foul flows from the development site into the existing network causes flooding and surcharge detriment. Network infrastructure improvements will therefore be required, to allow the development site to connect without causing detriment.

#### 5.1.3 Foul System Improvement Works

The following options were considered, and discarded as not feasible.

Option	Reason for Discarding
Connect development site to the existing sewer network by gravity	Due to local topography, it would not be possible to connect the development site to the existing network using a gravity system.
Connect the rising main closer to the development site.	This would result in a significant amount of detriment in the existing sewer network, resulting in the need for extensive network infrastructure improvements.

#### Connection Manhole 1 - SP45395501

The hydraulic model predicts that the foul sewers immediately downstream of the connection manhole have insufficient capacity to accept the proposed development flows during the 1 in 20 year return period storm. The additional flows cause an increase in predicted flooding and surcharge levels in the downstream network.

An indicative option has been developed to prevent the detrimental impact on the existing foul sewer system. The option consists of the following network upgrades:

#### Option – Pipe Upsizing – Basing View

- Construct a new sewage pumping station serving the development site.
- Lay a rising main along an indicative route of Farmfield Road and Oxford Road, for an approximately length of 1 km.
- Upsizing from 300 mm diameter to 450 mm diameter between manholes SP45395501 and SP45398601, for a total length of 277m.

 Upsizing from 300 mm diameter to 1800 mm diameter between manholes SP45398601 and SP45399601, for a total length of 116 m.

#### Connection Manhole 2 - SP45402102

The hydraulic model predicts that the foul sewers immediately downstream of the connection manhole do not have available capacity to accept the proposed development flows during the 1 in 20 year return period storm. The additional flows cause an increase in predicted surcharge levels and flooding on a number of manholes in the downstream network.

An indicative option has been developed to prevent the detrimental impact on the existing foul sewer system. The option consists of the following network upgrades:

#### Option - On-line Storage and Flow Control - Basing View

- Construct a new sewage pumping station serving the development site.
- Lay a rising main along an indicative route of Bloxham Road and Springfield Avenue, for an approximately length of 1.7 km.
- Upsizing from 450 mm diameter to 1500 mm diameter between manholes SP45402202 and SP45402203, for a total length of 38m.
- Upsizing from 450 mm diameter to 525 mm diameter between manholes SP45408302 and SP45409313, for a total length of 9 m.
- Hydro-break flow control, with a limiting discharge of 60l/s at the downstream end of the on-line storage, within manhole SP45402203.

#### 6.0 Risks and Issues

Current understanding of the hydrology of urban environments recognises that the effective pervious area (the pervious proportion of the catchment that produces surface runoff and generates flow in the sewer) is likely to exhibit a dynamic nature in relation to increasing volumes of rainfall, i.e. the more rainfall the greater the resulting effective pervious area is likely to be.

Whilst the hydrological models deployed attempt to simulate this dynamic behaviour, there is a risk that the model, when extrapolated to the 1 in 20 year standard, will not accurately predict the flows in the system. Therefore, any potential error is multiplied when the system is tested against a large design storm.

#### 7.0 Conclusions

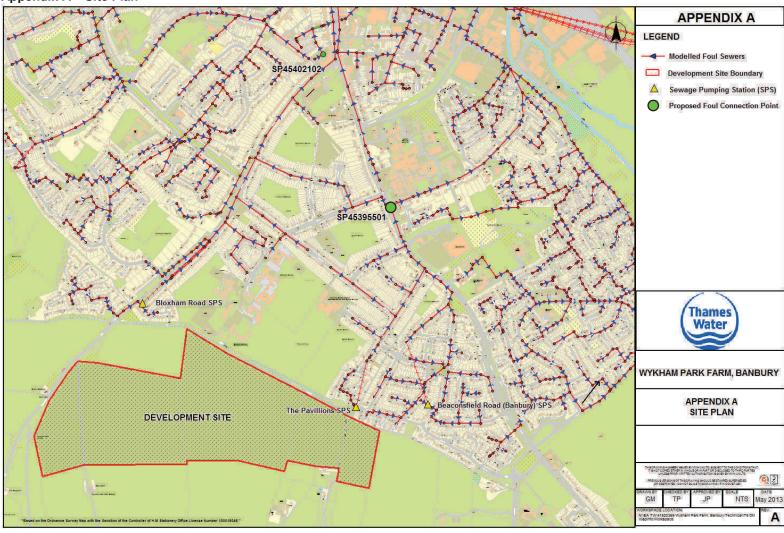
The desktop study has successfully investigated and identified the implications of the proposed new development on a Greenfield site at Wykham Park Farm, Banbury to the foul water network.

The hydraulic model predicts that the foul sewers immediately downstream of the connection manholes do not have available capacity in the existing network to accept the proposed development flows during the 1 in 20 year return period storm without causing detriment.

Improvements to the existing foul water system are required to enable the proposed connection to the sewer network, without causing any detriment to the level of service provided. The proposed options resolve the increase in surcharge and flooding and ensure a 'no detriment' impact on the sewer network.

The above are recommendations to Thames Water Utilities and may be altered or added to based on local operational knowledge of the system.

# Appendix A – Site Plan

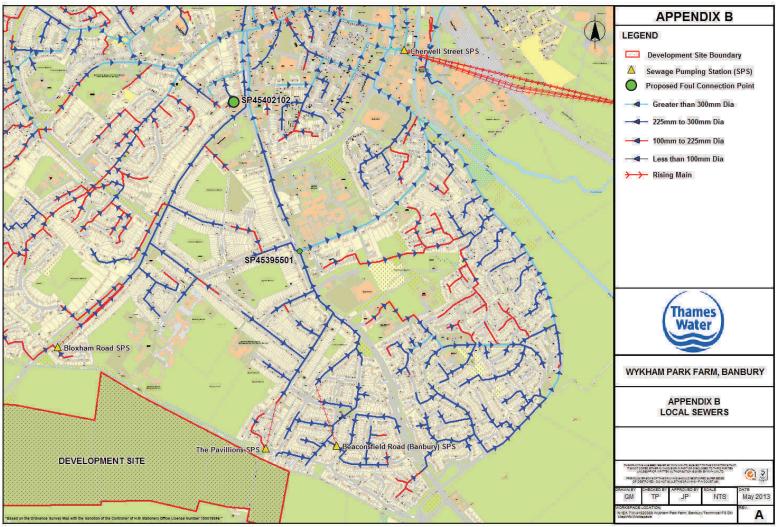


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Wykham Park Farm, Banbury

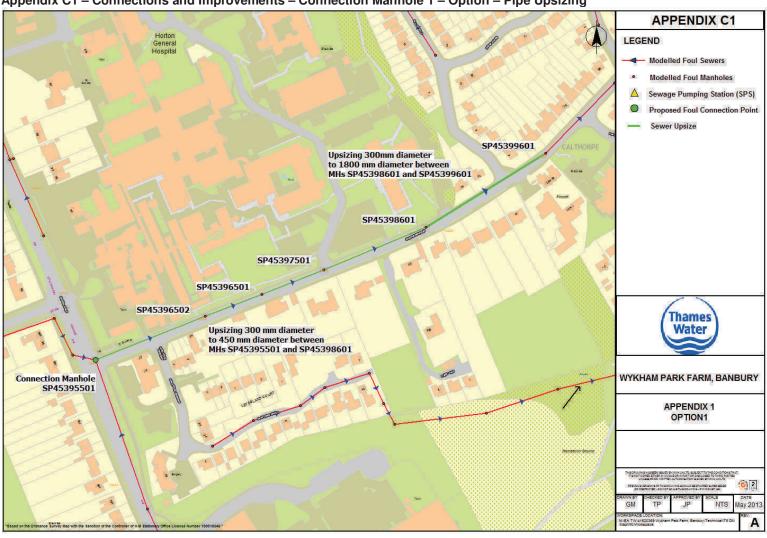
Road DIA

# Appendix B - Plan showing Local Sewers

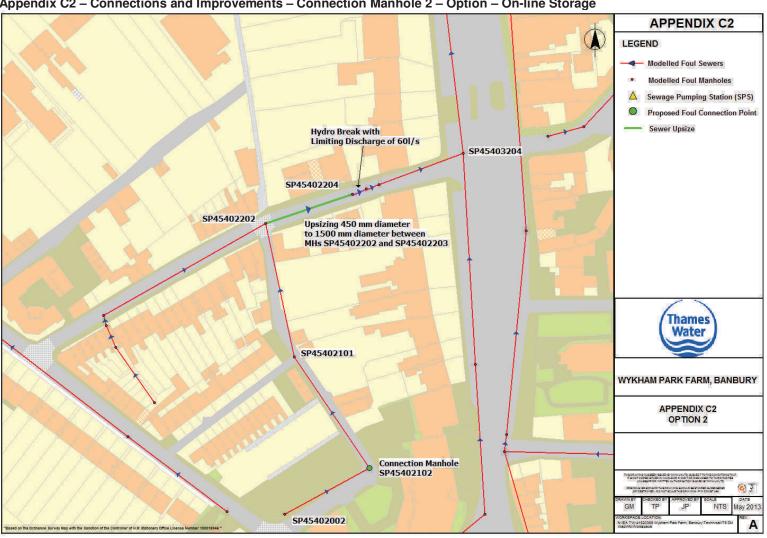


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Wykham Park Farm, Banbury



Appendix C1 - Connections and Improvements - Connection Manhole 1 - Option - Pipe Upsizing



Appendix C2 - Connections and Improvements - Connection Manhole 2 - Option - On-line Storage

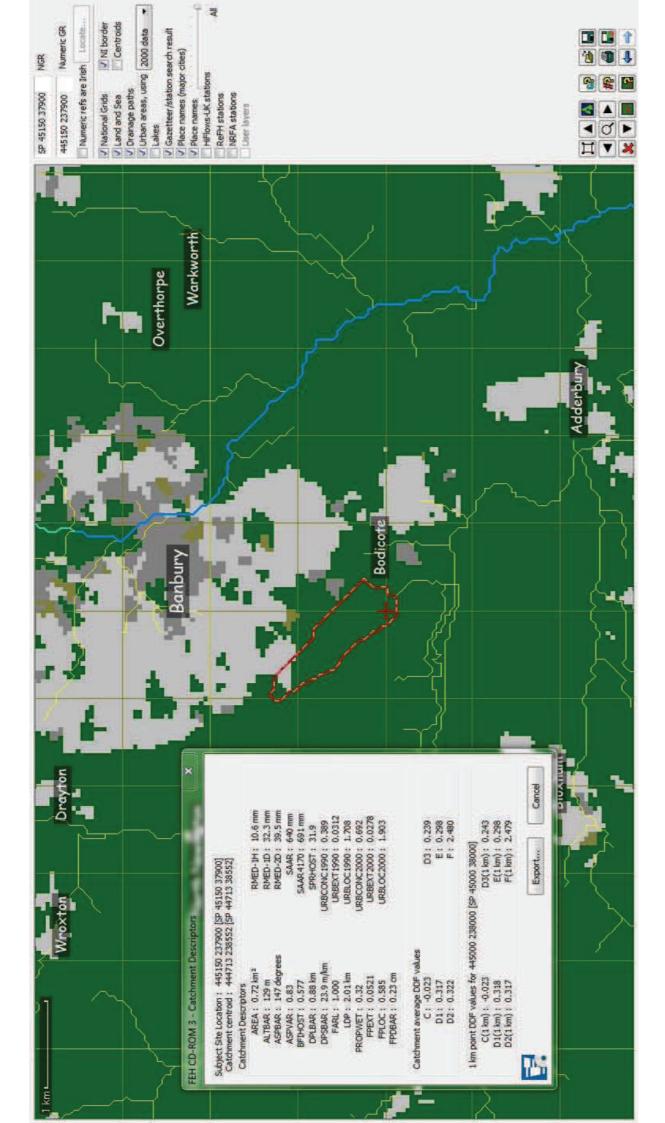
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Wykham Park Farm, Banbury

Road DIA

# **APPENDIX 7**

**Quantification of Flood Risk Posed by Ordinary Watercourse** 



#### Revitalised FSR/FEH rainfall runoff method

Spreadsheet application report

Catchment name FEH CD Catchment = 72 Hectar(Date/time modelled 02-Sep-2014 15:31 Company name Wardell Armstrong Catchment easting 445150 Version Project name 237900 Wykham Park Farm - Ordi Catchment northing 0.72 Catchment area

Summary of model setup

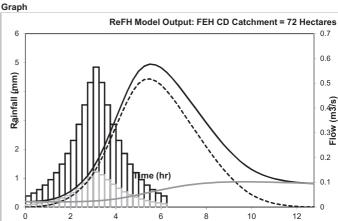
Design rainfall parameters Loss model parameters Routing model parameters Baseflow model parameters Return period (yr) 100 C<sub>max</sub> (mm) 465 T<sub>p</sub> (hr) 1.86 BL (hr) 31.9 6.25  $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{U_p}}$ 0.65 BR 112 Duration (hr)  $C_{ini}$  (mm) 1.37 0.25 α factor 0.83  $BF_0 (m^3/s)$ Timestep (hr)  $\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{k}}$ 0.8 0

Season Winter

Summary of results

FEH DDF rainfall (mm) 69.3 Peak rainfall (mm) 4.8 Design rainfall (mm) 46.3 Peak flow (m<sup>3</sup>/s) 0.6

Series	Design Rainfall	Net rainfall	Direct runoff	Baseflow	Total flow
Unit	mm	mm	m³/s	m³/s	m³/s
0.00	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
0.25	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
0.50	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
0.75	0.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.
1.00	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.
1.25	1.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.
1.50	1.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.
1.75	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.
2.00	2.3	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.
2.25	2.9	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.
2.50	3.5	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.
2.75	4.3	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.
3.00	4.8	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.
3.25	4.3	1.1	0.2	0.0	0.
3.50	3.5	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.
3.75	2.9	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.
4.00	2.3	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.
4.25	1.9	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.
4.50	1.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.
4.75	1.2	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.
5.00	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.
5.25	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.
5.50	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.
5.75	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.
6.00	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.
6.25	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.
6.50	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1 0.1	0.
7.00	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.
7.25	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.
7.50	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.
7.75	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.
8.00	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.
8.25	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.
8.50	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.
8.75	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.
9.00	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.
9.25	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.
9.50	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.
9.75	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.
10.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
10.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
10.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
10.75	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
11.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
11.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
11.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
11.75	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
12.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
12.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
12.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
12.75	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
otal (mm)	46.3	11.6	11.6	4.3	15.



**Audit comments** 

Model run with ReFH dll version 1.4.0005

#### Catchment

Catchment descriptors imported from file
Catchment descriptor file = 'FEH CD Wykham Park Farm Catchment.csv'

Catchment decriptor file exported from CD ROM version 3

Catchment descriptor file exported on 02-Sep-2014 14:14 BFIHOST value of 0.577 used

PROPWET value of 0.32 used

SAAR value of 640 used

DPLBAR value of 0.88 used DPSBAR value of 23.9 used

URBEXT value of 0.0312 used C value of -0.023 used

D1 value of 0.3169 used D2 value of 0.32163 used

D3 value of 0.23927 used E value of 0.29815 used

F value of 2.48019 used

Rainfall

# Revitalised FSR/FEH rainfall runoff method Spreadsheet application report Recommended season is Winter, as URBEXT < 0.125 ReFH design standard Seasonal Correction Factor of 0.68 applied ReFH design standard Areal Reduction Factor of 0.98 applied Loss Model $C_{\text{Max}}$ derived from catchment descriptors ReFH design standard $\alpha$ factor used Routing Model T<sub>p</sub> derived from catchment descriptors ReFH design standard used for U<sub>p</sub> ReFH design standard used for U<sub>k</sub> Baseflow Model BL derived from catchment descriptors BR derived from catchment descriptors ReFH design standard BF<sub>0</sub> used

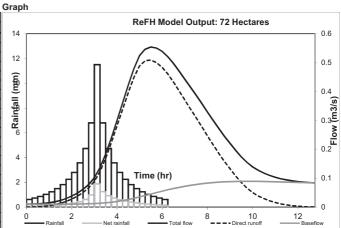
# Revitalised FSR/FEH rainfall runoff method

Spreadsheet application report

User name Company name Project name	L Chera Wardell Armstrong Wykham Park Farm	Catchment nar Catchment eas Catchment nor Catchment are	sting rthing	2 Hectares 445150 237900 0.72	Date/tin Version	ne modelled	02-Sep-2014 15:40 1.4
Summary of model setu	р						
Design rainfall parameters		Loss model param	eters	Routing mod	el parameters	Baseflow m	odel parameters
Return period (yr)	100	C <sub>max</sub> (mm)	465	T <sub>p</sub> (hr)	1.86	BL (hr)	31.9
Duration (hr)	6.25	C <sub>ini</sub> (mm)	67	Up	0.65	BR	1.37
Timestep (hr)	0.25	α factor	0.63	U <sub>k</sub>	0.8	BF <sub>0</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> /s	<b>o</b>
Season	Summer						

Summary of results FEH DDF rainfall (mm) 69.3 Peak rainfall (mm) 11.5 Design rainfall (mm) 67.3 Peak flow (m<sup>3</sup>/s) 0.6

Series	Design Rainfall	Net rainfall	Direct runoff	Baseflow	Total flow
Unit	mm	mm	m³/s	m³/s	m³/s
0.00	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
0.25	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
0.50	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
0.75	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
1.00	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0
1.25	1.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0
1.50	1.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0
1.75	2.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0
2.00	2.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	0
2.25	3.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0
2.50	4.7	0.6 1.0	0.1 0.1	0.0	0
3.00	11.5	1.0	0.1	0.0	0
3.25	6.8	1.9	0.1	0.0	0
3.50	4.7	0.9	0.1	0.0	0
3.75	3.6	0.9	0.2	0.0	0
4.00	2.8	0.6	0.3	0.0	0
4.25	2.2	0.5	0.3	0.0	0
4.50	1.8	0.4	0.4	0.0	0
4.75	1.5	0.3	0.4	0.0	0
5.00	1.2	0.3	0.5	0.0	0
5.25	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.0	0
5.50	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.0	0
5.75	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.1	0
6.00	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.1	0
6.25	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0
6.50	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0
6.75	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0
7.00	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0
7.25	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0
7.50	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0
7.75	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0
8.00	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0
8.25	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0
8.50 8.75	0.0	0.0	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	0
9.00	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0
9.00	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0
9.50	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0
9.75	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0
10.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
10.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
10.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
10.75	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
11.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
11.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
11.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
11.75	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
12.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
12.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
12.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0
12 75	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0



**Audit comments** 

Total (mm)

Model run with ReFH dll version 1.4.0005

#### Catchment

Catchment descriptors imported from file
Catchment descriptor file = 'FEH CD Wykham Park Farm Catchment.csv'

11.0

11.0

Catchment decriptor file exported from CD ROM version 3

67.3

Catchment descriptor file exported on 02-Sep-2014 14:14 BFIHOST value of 0.577 used

PROPWET value of 0.32 used SAAR value of 640 used DPLBAR value of 6.88 used DPSBAR value of 23.9 used

URBEXT value of 0.0312 used C value of -0.023 used

D1 value of 0.3169 used D2 value of 0.32163 used

D3 value of 0.23927 used E value of 0.29815 used

F value of 2.48019 used

Rainfall

14.4

# Revitalised FSR/FEH rainfall runoff method

Spreadsheet application report

Recommended season is Winter, as URBEXT < 0.125 Recommended season overridden by the user ReFH design standard Seasonal Correction Factor of 0.99 applied ReFH design standard Areal Reduction Factor of 0.98 applied

#### Loss Model

 $C_{\text{Max}} \ \text{derived from catchment descriptors} \\ \text{ReFH design standard } C_{\text{ini}} \ \text{used} \\ \text{ReFH design standard } \alpha \ \text{factor used} \\$ 

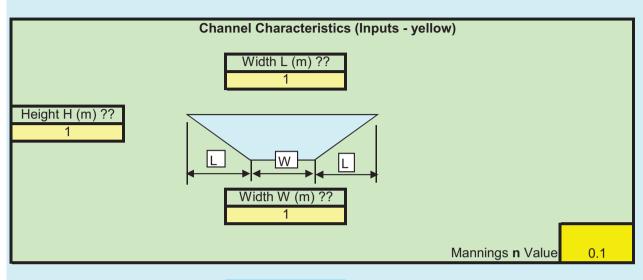
#### Routing Model

 $T_{\rm p}$  derived from catchment descriptors ReFH design standard used for  $U_{\rm p}$  ReFH design standard used for  $U_{\rm k}$ 

#### Baseflow Model

BL derived from catchment descriptors BR derived from catchment descriptors ReFH design standard BF<sub>0</sub> used

# CA10769 - WYKHAM PARK FARM FIELD DRAINAGE DITCH / ORDINARY WATERCOURSE CHANNEL CAPACITY CALCULATION



Gradient 1:?	Velocity (m/s)	Q m3/s
180	0.483470695	0.96694139
200	0.458660573	0.917321147
300	0.37449479	0.74898958
400	0.324322002	0.648644003
500	0.290082417	0.580164834
	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!

Area A (m2) =
Wetted Perimeter P (m) =
Hydraulic mean depth **m** = A/P

2 3.828427125 0.52240775

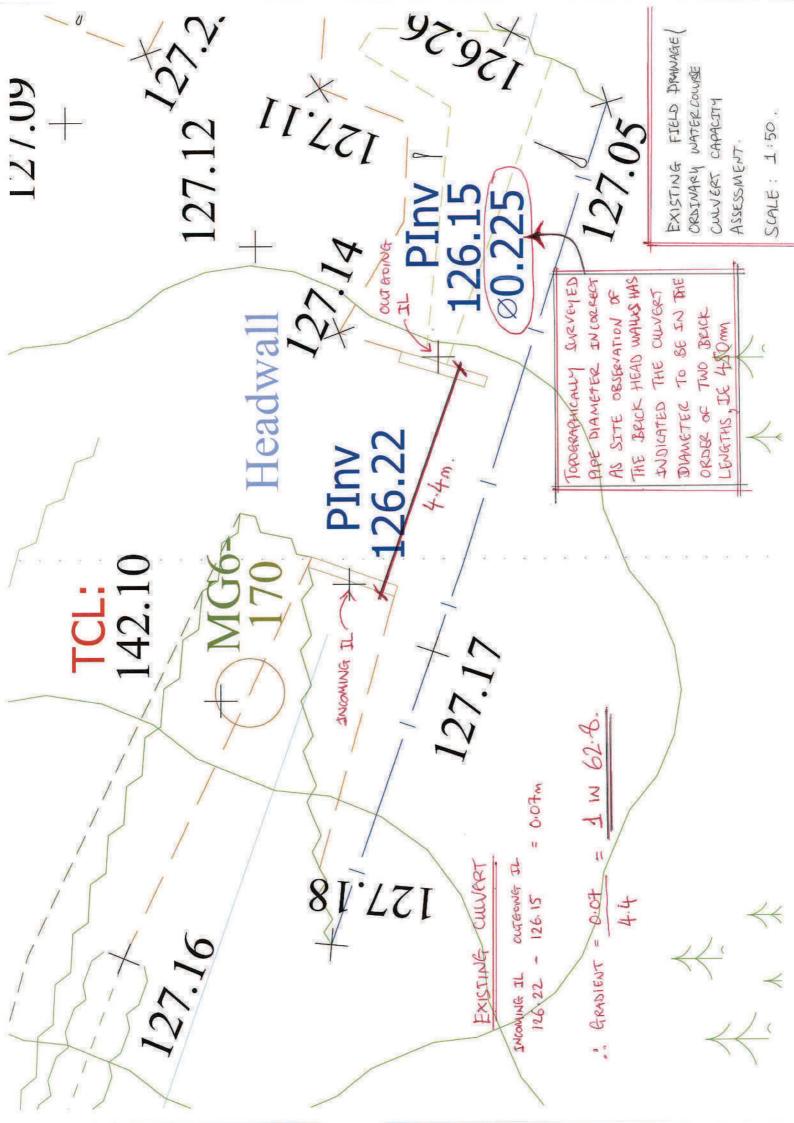
MANNINGS FORMULA: v =1/n \*

v =1/n \* m2/3 \* i1/2

where v = velocity (m/sec) where i = channel gradient

where n = Mannings coeff

Chezy Equation : **Q = Av** 



18 continued

ks = 0.600mm S= 0.004 to 0.1

ie hydraulic gradient = 1 in 250 to 1 in 10 Water (or sewage) at 15° C full bore conditions.

velocities in m/s
discharges in m³/s

REPRODUCED FROM
HYDRAULICS RESEARCH
WALLENGFORD TABLES
FOR THE HYDRAULIC DESIGN
OF PIPES AND SEWERS

iradient	350	diameters 375	in mm : 400	450	500	525	600	675	700	750	800	82
0.00400 1/ 250	1.091 0.105	1-140 0-126	1.187	1.280	1.368	1.410	1.534 0.434	1.651	1.689	1.764	1.836	1.87
0.00420 1/ 238	1.118	1.168	1.217	1.311 0.209	1.402	1.446	1.572	1.692	1.731	1.808	1.882	1.00
0.00440	1.145	1.196	1.246	L-343	1.435	1.480	1.609	1.733	1.772	1.850	1.926	1.02
0.00//0	The second of	0.132	0.157	0.214	0.282	0.320	0.455	0.620	0.682	0.817	0.968	1.05
0.00460	0.113	0.135	0.160	0.218	1.468 0.288	1.513 0.328	1.646 0.465	1.772 0.634	1.813 0.698	1.892	1.970 0.990	1.07
0.00480 1/ 208	0.115	1.250 0.138	1.302 0.164	1.403 0.223	1.499	1.546 0.335	1.682	1.810	1.852 0.713	1.933 0.854	2.013	2.05
0.00500 1/ 200	1.221	0.141	1.329	1.432	1.531 0.301	1.578	1.717	1.848	1.890	1.973	2.054	2.09
0.00550	1.281	1.339	1.395	1.503	es inversite		0.485	0.661	0.727	0.872	1.033	1.11
1/ 182	0.123	0.148	0.175	0.239	1.606 0.315	0.359	0.509	0.694	0.763	0.915	1.083	2.19
0.00600 1/ 167	1.339	1.399	1.457	1.570	1.678	1.730	1.882	2.026	2.072	es uson	al Charles	1. 17
	0.129	0.155	0.183	0.250	0.330	0.375	0.532	0.725	0.797	0.956	1.132	1.22
0.00650 1/ 154	1.394	1.457	1.518	1.635	1.747	1.802	1.959	2.109	2.157	2.252	2.344	
	0.134	0.161	0.191	0.260	0.343	0.390	0.554	0.755	0.830	0.995	1-178	1.27
0.00700 1/ 143	1.447 0.139	1.512 0.167	1.575 0.198	1.697	1.814	1.870 0.405	0.575	2.189 0.783	2.239	2.338	2.433	2.48
0.00750	1.499	1.566	1.631	1.757	1.878	D HOLE	and its provinces		0.862	1.033	1.223	1.32
1/ 133	0.144	0.173	0.205	0.279	0.369	0.419	0.595	0.811	0.892	1.069	2.519	2.56
.00800	1.548	1.618	1.685	1.815	1.940	2.000	2.175	2.341	2.395	THE HERWING	1.266	1.37
1/ 125	0.149	0.179	0.212	0.289	0.381	0.433	0.615	0.838	0.922	1.105	1.308	1.41
0.00850 1/ 118	1.596	1.668	1.737	1.872	2.000	2.062	2.243	2.414	2.469	2.577	2.683	2.73
Carlo Charles Const	0.154	0.184	0.218	0.298	0.393	0.446	0.634	0.864	0.950	1.139	1.349	1.46
/ 111	0.158	1.717 0.190	1.788 0.225	1.926	0.404	2.123 0.459	2.308 0.653	2.484 0.889	2.541 0.978	2.653	2.761	2.81
0.00950 1/ 105	1.688	1.764	1.838	1.980	2.115	2.181	73 75360	200.000	wife observe		1.388	1.50
	0.162	0.195	0.231	0.315	0.415	0.472	0.671	0.913	1.005	1.204	1.426	1.54
0.01000 1/ 100	1.733	1.810	1.886	2.031	2.171	2.238	2.434	2.619	2.679	-		CONST. INDAORS
	0.167	0.200	0.237	0.323	0.426	0.485	0.688	0.937	1.031	1.236	1.463	1.58
0.01100 1/ 91	1.818	1.899	1.978	2.131	2.277	2.348	2.553	2.748	2.811	2.934	3.054	3.11
	0.175	0.210	0.249	0.339	0.447	0.508	0.722	0.983	1.082	1.296	1.535	1.66
0.01200 1/ 83	1.899	1.984	2.067	2.227	2.379	2.453	2.667	2.871	2.936	3.065	3.191	3.25
0.01300 1/ 77	0.183	0.219	0.260	0.354	0.467	0.531	0.754	1.027	1.130	1.354	1.604	1.73
	1.977 0.190	0.228	2.152	2.318	2.477	2.554	2.777	2.989	3.057	3.191	3.321	3.38
0.01400	2.053	Market All Helder	0.270	0.369	0.486	0,553	0.785	1.069	1.176	1.410	1.670	1.81
1/ 71	0.197	0.237	0.281	2.406 0.383	0.505	2.651	2.882	3.102	3.173	3.312	3.447	3.51
0.01500 1/ 67	2.125	2.220	2.313	NAMES OF RESPONDE	- A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	0.574	0.815	1.110	1.221	1.463	1.733	1.87
	0.204	0.245	0.291	0.396	0.523	0.594	2.984 0.844	3.211	3.285	3.429	3.569	3.63
0.01600	2.195	2.294	2.389	2.573	2.750	Total specifical	KAN MINISTER	1.149	1.264	1.515	1.794	1.94
	0.211	0.253	0.300	0.409	0.540	0.614	3.082 0.871	1,187	1.306	3.542	3.686	3.75
0.01700 1/ 59	2.263	2.365	2.463	2.653	2.835	2.923	CANCEL TABLE		ICAN T. VAN YEAR	1.565	1.853	2.00
	0.218	0.261	0.310	0.422	0.557	0.633	3.177 0.898	1.224	1.346	1.613	1.910	3.87
0.01800 1/ 56	2.329	2.434	2.535	2.730	2.917	3.008	3.270	3.519	TELOWISE.	Property and		2.07
	0.224	0.269	0.319	0.434	0.573	0.651	0.925	1.259	1.385	1.660	1.966	3.98
.01900	2.394	2.501	2.605	2.806	2.998	3.091	3.360	3.616	3.699		No Page 1990 N	2.13
	0.230	0.276	0.327	0.446	0.589	0.669	0.950	1.294	1.423	1.706	4.019 2.020	2.19
711	Coeffic	ient for	part-fu	II pipe	s:							
	200	200	200	250	250	250	300	350	350	400	400	

