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**Geotechnical Consultants** 



#### Pye Homes Ltd and The Vanbrugh Unit Trust

Phase I Geoenvironmental Desk Study
Report
Land to the East
WOODSTOCK
Oxfordshire
OX20 1QF

Report No: 14.08.005 November 2014



#### 1 DOCUMENT RECORD

Report Title

Phase I Geoenvironmental Desk Study Report

**Project Title** 

New Mixed Development

**Project Address** 

Land to the east of Woodstock, Oxfordshire. OX20 1OF

**Project Number** 

14.08.005

Client Company Name

Pye Homes Ltd. and The Vanbrugh Unit Trust

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#### For and on behalf of Listers Geotechnical Consultants

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1	5 September 2014	Draft
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3	18 November 2014	Third Draft

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- Site Sensitivity, Flood Borehole and Estimated Soil Chemistry Maps
- Historical Aerial Photographs



#### 2 PHASE I GEOENVIRONMENTAL DESK STUDY REPORT

#### 2.1 INTRODUCTION

- 2.1.1 A Phase I Geoenvironmental desk study has been undertaken for land to the east of Woodstock, Oxfordshire, with an approximate postcode of 0X20 1QF. A Site Location Plan is provided in Appendix A. The Ordnance Survey National Grid reference for the site is 445780, 216300.
- 2.1.2 This report describes the desk study and walkover survey carried out by Listers Geotechnical Consultants in order to provide an evaluation of the potential ground conditions and possible extent of any soil contamination present on the site. The report presents a preliminary human health and groundwater risk assessment based on the findings of the desk study information, and information on the potential geotechnical conditions that may be encountered.
- 2.1.3 Instructions to undertake the investigation were received from Pye Homes Ltd and The Vanbrugh Unit Trust, in their letter referenced GF/SJP dated 1st August 2014.

#### 2.2 PROPOSALS

2.2.1 It is proposed to redevelop the site to accommodate a mixed development including up to 1,500 residential dwellings, a relocated football stadium, a supermarket, elderly care provision, a link and ride area and a local centre. A plan showing the proposed development is included in the Appendices.

#### 2.3 SITE INFORMATION AND WALKOVER SURVEY

- 2.3.1 A walkover survey of the site and its immediate surrounds was undertaken on the 11<sup>th</sup> August 2014. A selection of site photographs is provided in Appendix A along with a plan showing the existing site layout. This description below is based on that walkover survey undertaken on that day.
- 2.3.2 The site lies in a rural area, and is currently occupied by agricultural fields. The site consists of an approximately rectangular parcel of land, trending southeast-northwest, with approximate dimensions of 850 metres by 750metres, the site extends to approximately 75 hectares.
- 2.3.3 The site is generally flat lying with a slight ridge sloping down a few metres towards the south of the site, between the ridge and the A44. The site is bordered to the north by Shipton Road leading to more agricultural land; to the northwest by Shipton Road leading to Marlborough School; to the west by residential dwellings adjoining "Flemings Road" (this can be seen in photograph 6).; to the south by Oxford Road (A44) with a single dwelling, "Littlecote", in the centre of the southern boundary, adjoining the road; and to the east by Upper Campsfield Road



(A4095) with a row of bungalows and a cattery towards the southeast of the site. Further afield, the town of Woodstock is located to the immediate west of the site area; London Oxford Airport is located to the southeast of the site; and Blenheim Palace and Park are located to the southwest of the site area.

- 2.3.4 On the site area itself, there were three large fields and a school playing field separated by hedge lines. The largest was located across the central and eastern area of the site and was approximately 700m by 700m square. It had just been harvested and stubble and chaff was still across the ground surface. This can be seen in photograph 1. A wooded border, approximately 10 metres wide was located along the north and eastern boundaries and in the northeast corner was a small triangular wooded area that was slightly topographically depressed. This can be seen in photograph 2. The small wooded area was once a quarry as can be seen in the Site History section. To the southeast of this field were a row of residential bungalows and a cattery which can be seen in photograph 12; and in the southwest corner was a residential property called Littlecote which can be seen in photograph 11. Neither properties form part of the site.
- 2.3.5 The smallest field is located in the southwest corner of the site and measures approximately 250m by 200m. This can be seen in photographs 8 & 10. Again it is flat lying and had stubble and chaff across it's surface. Littlecote was located in it's southeast corner.
- 2.3.6 The third field was located towards the northwest and measured approximately 400 metres by 250 metres. This can be seen in photographs 6 & 7. Again, the field was generally flat lying and covered with chaff and stubble. Towards the northeast of this field was a stone built house and grounds (Pest House), with a small enclosure for goats and a driveway leading down from Shipton Road. This can be seen in photographs 3 & 4.
- 2.3.7 The school playing field was located between the third field and Shipton Road to the north. This was approximately 250m by 150m and rectangular in shape. It was flat-lying with well kept grass and a grass running track on the centre of it. This can be seen in Photograph No. 5.
- 2.3.8 Across all of the fields, limestone fragments, or "brash", could be seen, betraying the near surface geology under the site. This can be seen in photograph 9. There was no evidence of potentially contaminative point sources across the whole site.



#### 3 GEOLOGY

- 3.1 Published Geology
- 3.1.1 Reference to published geological information on the area (BGS Map 1:50,000 Sheet 236) indicates that the site is underlain by Middle Jurassic age strata comprising Cornbrash Formation to the centre, north and east of the site and Forest Marble Formation towards the southwest of the site, with a small normal fault, downthrown to the north, to the immediate west of the site.
- 3.1.2 Cornbrash Formation strata are described as 'medium- to fine-grained, predominantly bioclastic limestones. Generally bluish grey when fresh, but weathers to olive or yellowish brown. Thin argillaceous partings or interbeds of calcareous mudstone may occur'
- 3.1.3 The Forest Marble strata are described as 'greenish grey, silicate-mudstone, with lenticular typically cross-bedded limestone units that form banks and channel-fills, especially in lower part. A variety of limestone types occur, of which grey, weathering brown and flaggy, variably sandy medium to coarsely bioclastic grainstone predominates.'
- 3.2 Historic Boreholes
- 3.2.1 The records of four exploratory holes, put down on or near the site in July 1990 as part of a possible Woodstock By-Pass scheme, have been obtained from the British Geological Survey.
  These are included in the Appendices with an associated location plan.
- 3.2.2 These indicate that the site is underlain by topsoil to between 0.25m and 0.60m thick followed by a sequence of interbedded stiff buff and grey-green locally sandy clays and weak to strong onlitic fractured limestone, with individual beds between 0.50m and 3.00m thick on average, and was encountered down to a maximum depth of 9.50m bgl (the base of the hole).
- 3.2.3 Groundwater was struck in one borehole at 5.22m bgl and rose to 3.53m bgl.



#### 4 DESK STUDY AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION

#### 4.1 GENERAL

- 4.1.1 A desk study review of the site and its history has been undertaken to establish the former land usage and the potential for any historically derived sources of chemical contamination. A copy of the desk study information is presented in Appendix C of this report.
- 4.1.2 It should be noted that the information provided in the desk study is obtained from independent third party sources. It is provided in good faith, but no guarantee can be provided as to its accuracy. The Client should make independent enquiries on information provided in the desk study information that may impact on the proposed development. The desk study information is not necessarily exhaustive and further information relevant to the site may be available from other sources.
- 4.1.3 The desk study comprises a review of the following consultations and information sources:
  - Environment Agency (EA)
  - Natural England
  - Health Protection Agency
  - National Geoscience Information Service
  - British Geological Survey (BGS)
  - Contemporary Trade Directories
  - Historical Ordnance Survey maps
  - National Monuments and Records Office
- 4.1.4 Information from the above referenced sources has been utilised to develop a conceptual model of the site for use in the geotechnical appraisal and source-pathway-receptor risk assessment.
- 4.1.5 It should be noted that the red line boundary indicated on the historical maps and site sensitivity maps included in the Envirocheck report cannot be 100% accurate as this report was acquired from the internet and slight changes in overlaying the maps means that boundaries alter slightly. It is only meant as an approximate indication of site boundaries over historical time and this has been taken into account when describing the site history.



#### 4.2 HISTORY OF THE SITE

4.2.1 The history of the site has been established by reviewing the historical Ordnance Survey maps, aerial photography and literature concerning the area, collected as part of the desk study information. This has established the following:

#### 4.2.2 Historical Maps

- 4.2.2.1 The first maps of 1877 indicates that at that time the site was divided into five fields, with a small square enclosure to the east of Pest House (within was is now the large field) and the northwest field being divided into two, down the middle. Pest House is located to the north of the site and there are two small quarries marked, one on the site to the northeast and one on the opposite side of Upper Campsfield Road in the southeast corner of the site. The Pest House is believed, from its name, to have been a relocated smallpox isolation "hospital" in order to protect the people of the town from any persons with infectious diseases. It was originally located within the village (in Rectory Lane), but as the village/town grew was relocated to this location in the late 1700's early 1800's. The rest of the site is in use as agricultural fields.
- 4.2.2.2 The maps of 1899 show that both quarries have been infilled and are no longer shown, and it shows that at some between 1884 and 1899 the northwest field and playing field were converted from agricultural usage to allotments, as has the grounds of Pest House. This may have something to do with a large increase in residential development in the town of Woodstock due to the construction of the Great Western Railway Woodstock arm to the north of the site.
- 4.2.2.3 The next map of 1922 shows that another isolation hospital has been constructed towards the northern edge of the large field, next to the original Pest House, obviously to cope with increased numbers of people in the town. It is accessed via Shipton Road, and appears to be within its own small grounds.
- 4.2.2.4 The map of 1939 shows that the isolation hospital had been removed by that time and it appears that Littlecote and the Cattery on Oxford Road and Upper Campsfield Road, respectively, had been built at that time. In addition, to this London Oxford (Kidlington) Airport had begun its usage in 1938 on the opposite side of Upper Campsfield Road, although the maps do not show it at that time, probably because the main activity was located approximately 1km to the southeast of the site.
- 4.2.2.5 The map and aerial photo of 1947 and 1955 show the perimeter road for the airport to the east of the site and show the site to be agricultural in usage.



- 4.2.2.6 Reference to historical literature indicates that the airport was first used in 1938 by the RAF as a training airport and continued that usage throughout the Second World War. It was attacked twice in 1940 and 1941 by single bombers with one unexploded bomb, which was dealt with at the time. Neither plane was shot down. After the war the airport continued as a training airport and expanded to provide a variety of civil and training flights.
- 4.2.2.7 By 1974, there had been a large residential development to the west of the site area along the new Flemings Road. The playing field is also shown at this time in the northwest corner of the site. Many new buildings are also seen on the airport site, adjacent to Upper Campsfield Road.
- 4.2.2.8 No significant changes occur to the site and its immediate environs from that date.
- 4.2.3 Historical Aerial Photographs
- 4.2.3.1 Historical aerial photographs were sourced from the National Records and Monument Office in Swindon dating from April 1944 to July 1990.
- 4.2.3.2 The early photos from April 1944 to February 1952 show the site area being used for mainly agricultural purposes with allotments across the northwest corner and within the ground of the Pest House. The photos of 1946 to 1952 show a hut or structure of some kind within the centre of the large field, with a track leading to it from the Upper Campsfield Road. During this time the field boundaries are not set as present, with the large field being broken up towards its north and the western fields not being confined by residential development to the west.
- 4.2.3.3 By April 1971, residential development to the west has set the field boundaries along this side and the site area is seen to be as it was during the site walkover. There is no structure in the large field either at this time.
- 4.2.3.4 An oblique photograph of July 1990 shows the large field to have been set to rape at this time.

#### 4.3 INTERVIEWS

4.3.1 Contact was made with Stuart Rawlinson, Environmental Health/ Contaminated Land Officer of West Oxfordshire District Council via email on the 5<sup>th</sup> August 2014, but at the time of publishing the draft Phase I Desk Study Report no reply had been received.

#### 4.4 UNEXPLODED ORDNANCE AND BOMB SITES

4.4.1 The site is located in an area where there is a low risk of unexploded ordnance. An unexploded bomb risk map obtained from Zetica is provided in the Appendices. Reference to historical literature indicates that the airfield to the east was attacked during the Second World War, twice, but that no bombs landed outside the confined of that field.



#### 4.5 HYDROLOGY

- 4.5.1 The nearest surface watercourse is the Rowell Brook that flows towards the south, approximately 100m to the southeast of the site. There is also a small pond 270m to the south of the site and a reservoir 260m to the northeast, neither of these have been named and both appear to be man-made ponds.
- 4.5.2 There are two current surface water abstraction licenses located from the reservoir to the northeast of the site. These are for spray irrigation purposes.

#### 4.6 HYDROGEOLOGY

- 4.6.1 Information obtained from the Environment Agency indicates that the site is located on a Secondary A Bedrock Aquifer, the Cornbrash Formation.
- 4.6.2 The aquifer designation data is based on geological mapping provided by the British Geological Survey. The maps are divided into two different types of aquifer designation:
  - Superficial (Drift) permeable unconsolidated (loose) deposits. For example, sands and gravels.
  - Bedrock solid permeable formations e.g. sandstone, chalk and limestone.
- 4.6.3 For each type there are Principal, Secondary A, Secondary B and Unproductive Strata, each with a decreasing rank of importance.
- 4.6.4 There are no current groundwater abstraction licenses located within 1000m of the site.
- 4.6.5 According to information provided by the Environment Agency the site is outside of any Source Protection Zone/s (SPZ). An SPZ is a protection zone placed around a well or borehole that supplies groundwater of potable quality.
- 4.6.6 There have been no substantiated pollution incidents to controlled waters within 250m of the site.

#### 4.7 LANDFILL, WASTE TREATMENT AND INDUSTRIAL USAGE SITES

4.7.1 Reference to records from the BGS, the Environment Agency and the Local Authority indicates that there are no waste transfer, waste treatment or waste management facilities within 1000m of the site area. However, reference to records indicates that there is a historic landfill site in a railway cutting 270m to the north of the site. It was used during the late 1970s early 1980s for deposition of inert, domestic, industrial and commercial waste.



- 4.7.2 There are no registered Local Authority/ Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) Licenses or Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control (IPPC) licenses within 2000m of the site.
- 4.7.3 There is one active trade directory entries that have been found within 250m of the site, this is a printing firm 160m to the south of the site.

#### 4.8 WORKED OUT GROUND/MADE GROUND

4.8.1 Worked out ground is recorded on the historical map of 1884 to the extreme northeast of the site and adjacent to the site in the southeast corner.

#### 4.9 RADON GAS

- 4.9.1 Reference to information obtained from the National Geoscience Information Service/Health Protection Agency indicates that the site lies within an area where between 1% and 3% of homes exceed the action level for radon gas. The BGS recommends that no radon protection measures are necessary in new dwellings or extensions
- 4.9.2 The new target level published by the Health Protection Agency (HPA) for homes is 100Bq/m<sup>3</sup> and remediation may be required for radon levels between 100Bq/m<sup>3</sup> and 200Bq/m<sup>3</sup> in certain circumstances.
- 4.9.3 The HPA now recommends that, regardless of measured radon levels, all properties with basements should install at least basic radon protection measures.
- 4.9.4 However, should industrial development be planned for the site the trigger level is 400 Bq/m³, double that of the domestic level. As such, the need for protection measures may be reduced or removed, depending on discussion with the Local Authority and the final design of the proposed buildings. For example large well ventilated warehouses or small poorly ventilated individual offices.
- 4.9.5 A more in depth radon report may be required at a later date, due to the size of the site.

#### 4.10 RISK OF GASEOUS CONTAMINATION

- 4.10.1 We have provisionally assessed the risk of ground gas impacting the site, by reference to guidance given in the paper "A pragmatic approach to ground gas risk assessment for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century" Card and Wilson, 2011. This is a follow up paper to the CIRIA Report 665 and is compatible with that document.
  - Three possible credible sources or pathways for landfill gas migration from an off site landfill have been identified. The worked out ground to the northeast; the southeast and the railway to the north of the site. Although this is thought to be unlikely, as all three



sources are small in size and unlikely to be able to produce ground gases in large quantities.

- The site has not been a registered landfill
- The Made Ground is not expected to be 5m deep or an average of 3m in thickness.
- The site is locally located on a carbonate rich rock although this is unlikely to produce significant carbon dioxide or significant gas flows.
- Radon protection measures are not required for this site.
- Table 2 in the Card and Wilson 2011 paper has been referenced and the site does not lie on a potential naturally organic soil or humic or degradable Made Ground soil, as defined in this table.
- 4.10.2 As such, it is considered that limited gas monitoring is required at this site adjacent to the possible sources to check for any ground gases.

#### 4.11 GROUND RELATED HAZARDS

- 4.11.1 The risk of subsidence from the following ground related hazards is also recorded to be very low or non-existent:
  - Ground dissolution
  - Gulls and cambering
  - Landslip

#### 4.12 CURRENT/FORMER SITE USAGE

- 4.12.1 The site has been and still is used for a general agricultural purpose. There was an isolation hospital in the north of the site at the turn of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century; an area of worked out ground in the northeast corner and a structure in the centre of the large field. It is considered unlikely that any of these would create a significant amount of contaminated material, but their location will be investigated.
- 4.12.2 Generally, the following chemicals may be present in the soil or groundwater beneath the site in previously developed areas:
  - Cadmium
  - Chromium
  - Copper
  - Lead

- Zinc
- Arsenic
- Boron
- Sulphates

- PAH's
- Insecticides and other Biocide



#### 4.13 ADJACENT SITE USAGE

4.13.1 The site area is surrounded to the south, east and north by roads leading to fallow or agricultural land with no existing potential pollution sources. To the west of the site are residential properties, again with no existing potential pollution sources. The only two potential pollution sources encountered were historical and were an old quarry seen in historical map to the south of the site across Upper Campsfield Road; and the disused landfill site within an old railway cutting 200m to the north of the site. It is possible that both of these may produce ground gases that may migrate onto the site. However, in both cases this is considered highly unlikely as they are both very small in size and unlikely to produce significant volumes or flows of ground gases.



#### 5 CONCEPTUAL MODEL

#### 5.1 GENERAL

5.1.1 A preliminary risk assessment has been carried out using the source-pathway-receptor principle to create a conceptual model for the site. Potential sources of contamination have been assessed using the Contaminated Land Exposure Assessment (CLEA) Guidelines, and the fact that a pathway must exist between a potential source and an identified receptor for there to be a risk, has been taken into account.

#### 5.1.2 Potential Pollution Sources

- 5.1.2.1 The results of the desk study and walkover indicate that the following potential sources of ground contamination are present at or in close proximity to the site:
  - Made Ground may be present at the site associated with the isolation hospital in the north of the site at the turn of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century; the area of worked out ground in the northeast corner and the structure in the centre of the large field. However, this is considered unlikely.
  - It is possible that migrating ground gases may be coming from the historic worked out ground and landfill to the north and southeast of the site, and the old worked out quarry to the northeast of the site. However, this is considered unlikely.

#### 5.1.3 Identified Receptors

- 5.1.3.1 The following receptors with regard to human health have been identified at the site:
  - End users of the site (residents or workers)
  - Surrounding residents
  - Construction workers for the new development
- 5.1.3.2 The following receptors with regard to the environment and controlled waters have been identified at the site:
  - Controlled Waters the Secondary A aquifer beneath the site (Cornbrash Formation)
  - Local Ecosystem



#### 5.1.4 Potential Pollutant Pathways

- 5.1.4.1 It is considered that potential pathways exist between these potential sources and the above identified receptors. For human health these include:
  - Direct soil ingestion in exposed soft landscaped areas.
  - Inhalation of indoor and outdoor dust.
  - Ingestion of soil attached to home grown vegetables.
  - Ingestion of contamination uptake in home grown fruit and vegetables.
  - Migration of ground gasses through permeable soils and buildings.
- 5.1.4.2 For controlled waters /and the environment these include:
  - Migration of contaminants through the unsaturated zone.
  - Migration of contaminants through the groundwater.

#### 6 SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL RISK

Desk Study research has identified three potential contamination sources on the site. However, it is considered that the likelihood of these sources being significant is **VERY LOW**. Therefore, on the basis of the information obtained and reviewed within this report, the potential risk for land ownership and potential liability issues associated with the site are considered to be **VERY LOW**. As such, given the possible isolated sources, the size of the project and the need to carry out ground investigation to establish soil conditions across the whole site; it is recommended that a general sweep of contamination tests are undertaken across the site and the three potential sources areas be more specifically targeted.

#### 7 SUMMARY OF GEOTECHNICAL RISK

- As indicated by the geological map and historical boreholes on the site the expected geology at the site is interbedded fractured limestone and stiff buff or grey clay. The limestone should prove adequate for drainage purposes but the clay will be less permeable.
- 7.2 Some degree of differential settlement maybe experienced where structures are founded on both rock and clay, but both strata should provide adequate founding strata for the low-rise buildings anticipated on the site.

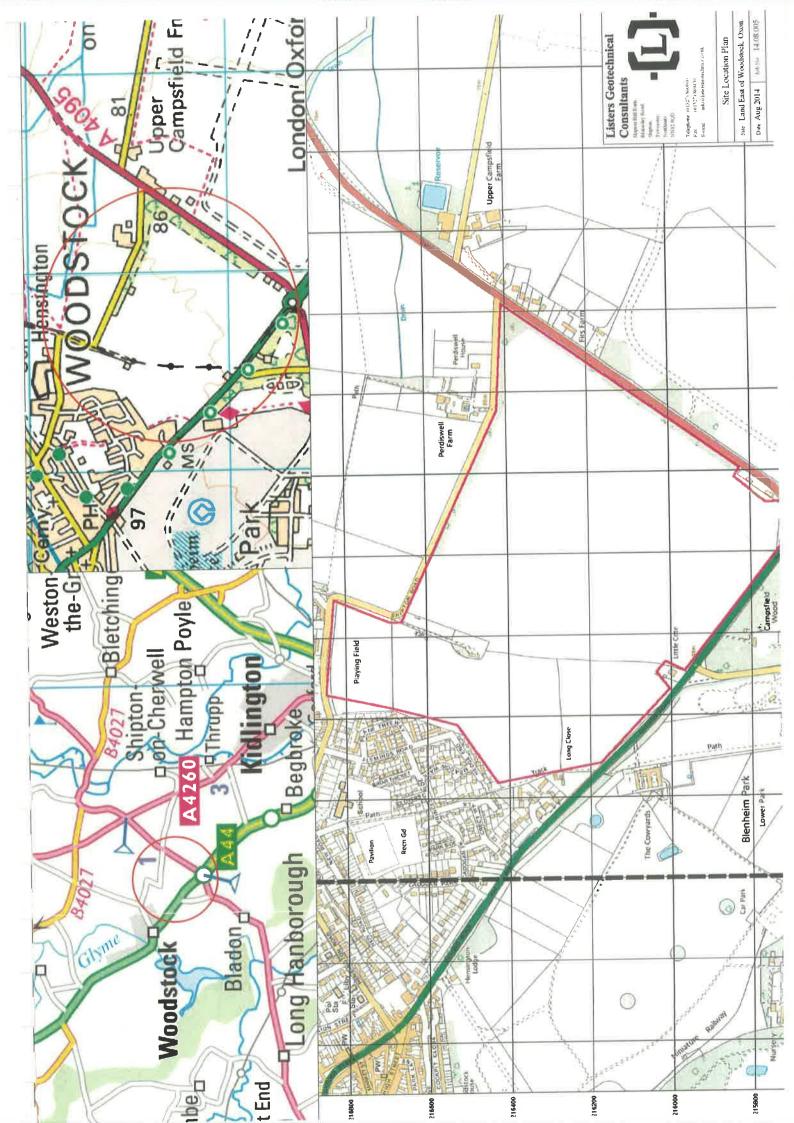


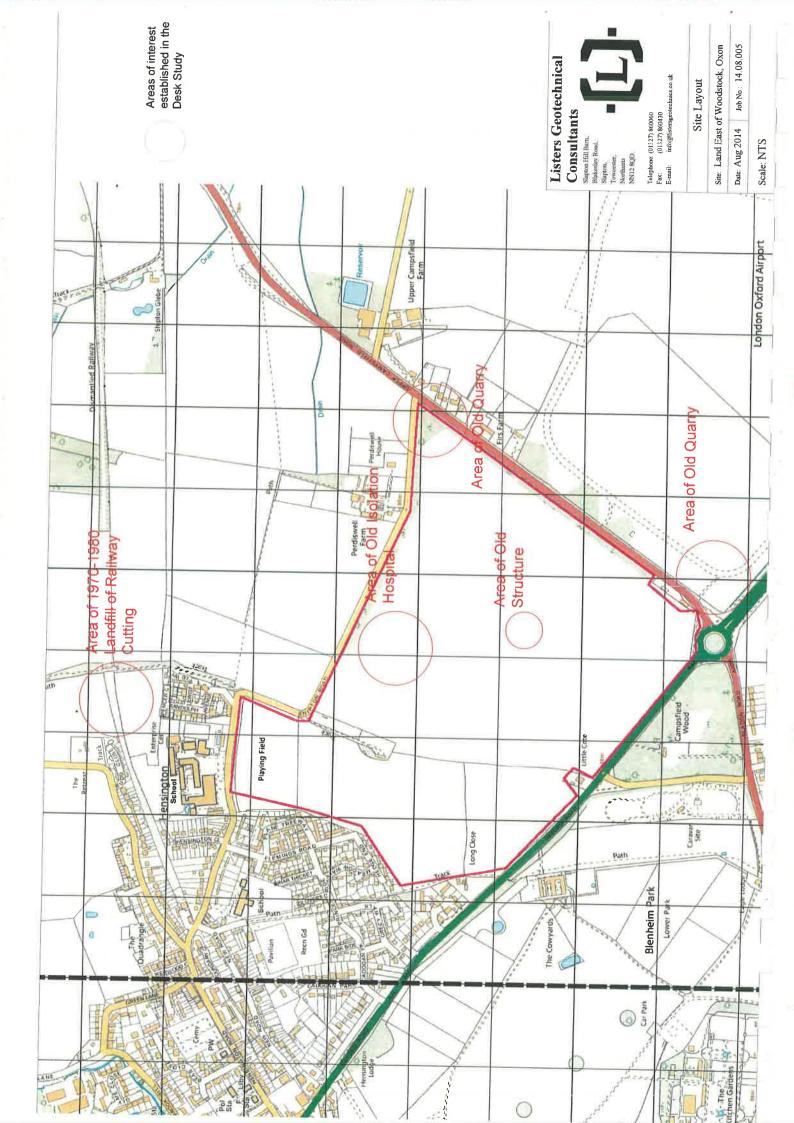
- 7.3 Deepening of foundations may be required near existing or proposed vegetation, in line with the NHBC Standards Chapter 4.2, as the clay is likely to be medium shrinkage potential.
- 7.4 CBR and sub-grade properties are expected to be good, although the limestone may be frost susceptible, meaning roadway construction will need to be 450mm thickness.
- 7.5 Waste classification is likely to be INERT across the whole site and floor slabs will probably be ground bearing, except where foundations have had to be extended to greater than 1.50m bgl (in accord with NHBC Standards).
- 7.6 Based on the historic exploratory logs groundwater was only encountered in one of the four holes at a depth of 5.22m bgl, rising to 3.50m bgl in 20 minutes. Therefore, excavation to say less than 3.00m bgl should remain dry and stable in the short term.

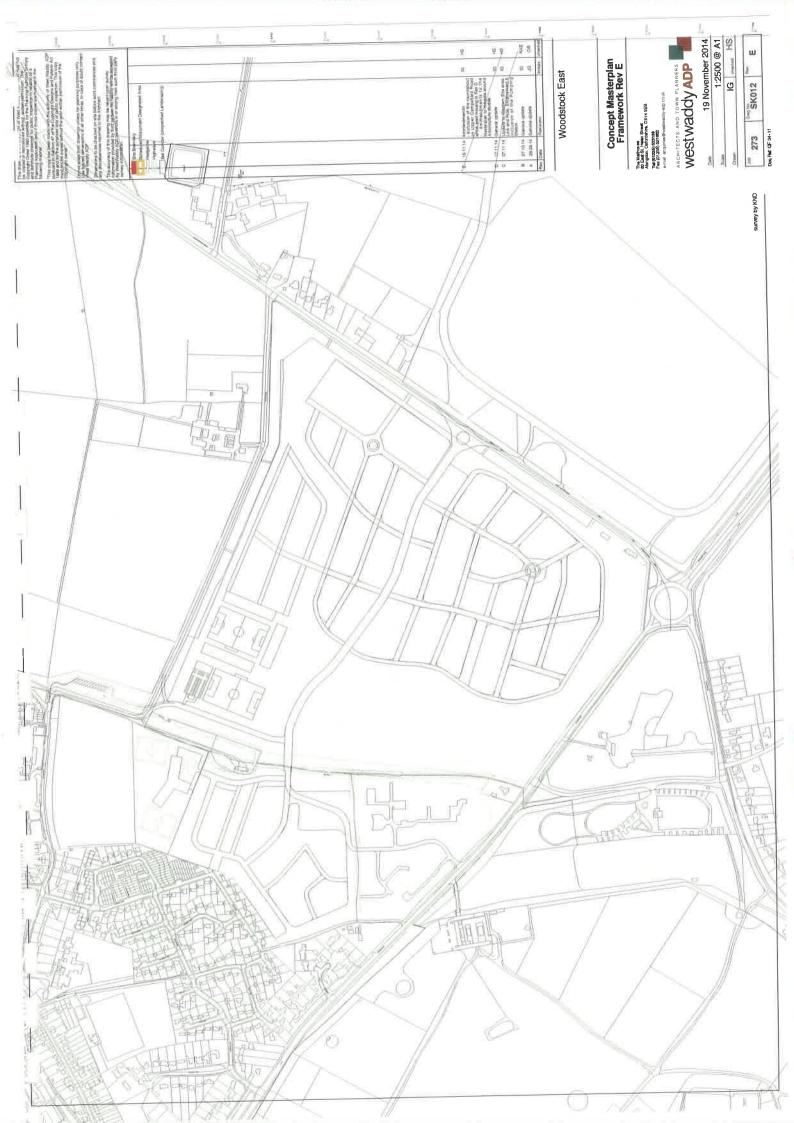
#### 8 REFERENCES

- 1. Building Research Establishment (BRE) BR 211, Radon: guidance on protective measures for new buildings. 2007.
- National House Building Council (NHBC) Standards, Chapter 4.2 Building Near Trees.
   2011.
- 3. National House Building Council (NHBC) Standards, Chapter 4.1 Land Quality Managing Ground Conditions. 2011.
- 4. Environment Agency, 'The Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination', CLR 11, 2004
- 5. Health and Safety Executive (HSE), "Protection of Workers and the General Public during Development of Contaminated Land" HS(G) 66. HMSO London 1991.
- 6. Environment Agency, 'Human Health Toxicological Assessment of Contaminants in Soil', August 2008
- 7. Site Investigations, Code of Practice, BS5930, 1999+A2 2010
- 8. Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites Code of Practice, BS10175, 2011
- 9. G Card and S Wilson, An Alternative Approach for Ground Gas Risk Assessment, 2011.

#### APPENDIX A PLANS AND PHOTOGRAPHS









1. Large field from the north, looking across the former location of the isolation hospital



2. Northeast corner of site

Date:- August 2014 Site Photographs Job No. :- 14-08-005



3. House and grounds to the north of the site



4. House and grounds to the north of the site

Date:- August 2014	Site Photographs	Job No. :- 14-08-005



5. Playing field to the northwest of the site



6. Housing to the west of the site seen from the northwest field.

Date:- August 2014

**Site Photographs** 

Job No. :- 14-08-005

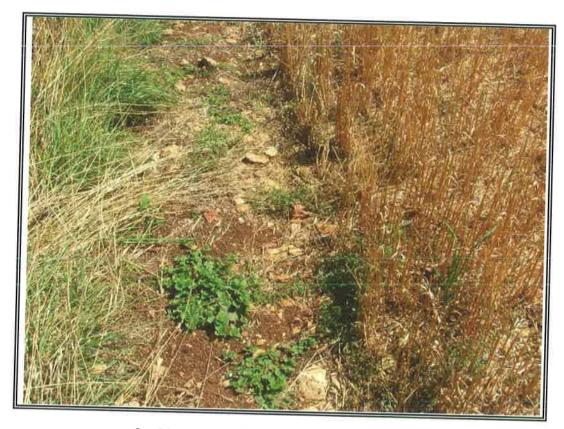


7. Northwest field looking towards the playing field



8. Looking into the southwest field from the northwest field

Date:- August 2014	Site Photographs	Job No. :- 14-08-005



9. Picture showing the "brash" across the fields.



10. Looking across the southwest field towards "Littlecote"

Date:- August 2014

**Site Photographs** 

Job No.:- 14-08-005



11. Looking across the eastern field towards "Littlecote"



12. In southeast corner of the site looking along the rear gardens of bungalows on Upper Campsfield Road.

Date:- August 2014	Site Photographs	Job No. :- 14-08-005

Possible ground gas or contaminated ground where old quarries were seen on or off site P. (likelihood very low) site. e.g isolation hospital, barns etc where clay beds and limestine beds daylight at founding depth. heave or settlement Possible differential Possible ground gas from old railway cutting landfill transmitted along limestone beds 4

ground where old structures were seen on Possible contaminated

Listers Geotechnical Consultants Slapton Hill Barn. Blakesley Road, Slapton.
Towczeter.
Northants

and clay of the Cornbrash and Fortest Marble Formations.

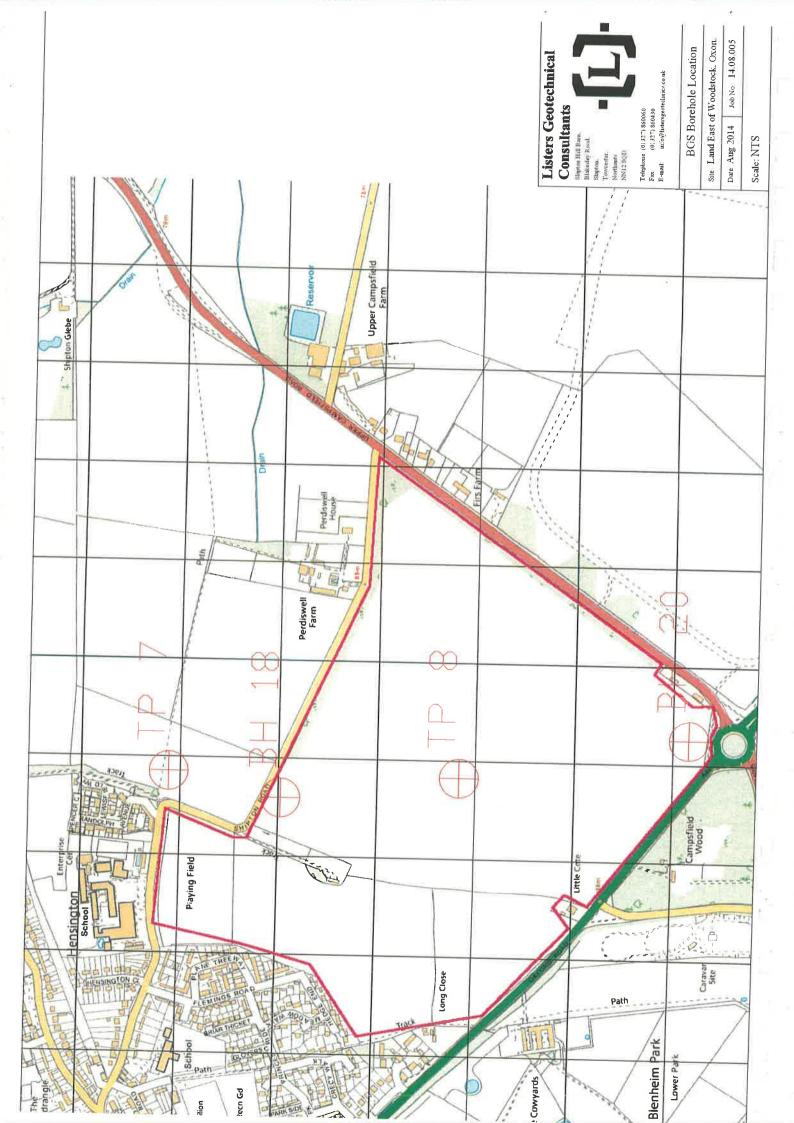
Ground conditions likely to consist of interbedded limestone Telephone; (01327) 860060
Fu: (01327) 860430
E-trail: info@lislersgeoted

Site: Land East of Woodstock, Oxon Conceptual Site Model

Date: Aug 2014 Job No.: 14.08.005

SLN . .

#### APPENDIX B SITE INFORMATION



Marina a ga	-0+0(1)11	3C0 3CA			LOCALIUM See Site Plan	Date commenced	Nece	rd of	7
Dimensions of	trial pit (m	1 00=2 00	910 30		Ground level (m O D)	09 07 90	TRI	AL PIT	-
Samples and I	-			The same	Description of France			O D Level	Log-
Depth (m)	Туре	(m)	dopth (m)		Description of Strata		4	(m 0 0)	and
			10.751	suba	Oit. (Stiff dark brown clayey silt with 100 ngular fine medium and coorse grave) siz	tions and some			VX
0.40	, u,			hmai	tone)			١.	13
0.60		li l		Light	grey-brown thinly bodded fessiliferous of the weathered LIMESTONE, moderately st	ccasionally colitic	d mark		1
		ORY	0.90	ateff	brown nitty CLAY (residual soil), becoming	mere thickly bedds	d		1
0.96	<b>*</b>				depth. occurs upon the lower bedding surfaces		1	-	+
					END OF TRIAL PIT				
Remarks. The Gree The NOTE: [] Indi Method of exc	ound water to trial pit syr		ntered during at a depth of	ghout exc g exceva f 0 90m d	evation lien. us to the strenth of the rock. Lecation See Site Plan	Date commenced	Reco	ed of	
Dimensions of	trial pit (m	1.00x2.00	0x3 30		Ground level (m O D)	06 07.90		AL PIT	8
Samples and i						1	_	O D Level	Tien
Depth (m)	Туре	(m)	dapth (m)		CENTRE 72/Description of Strata	4578 16	29	(m O D)	Leg-
8.40	De		6/07 [0.25]	YOPS subsi limes	Oil (Stiff dark brown clayay sift with root igular fine medium and coarse gravel size tone)	liets and many p fragments of			经
			1,20	Light waati atiff	gray-brown thinly budded flaggy fossilife leved LIMESTONE, moderately weathered riable sitty brown CLAY	erous colitic slightly I and interbedded wi	lh very		鋻
1.20	0)								
1.40	B)							- "	
[1.60]	0.3								
2.00	in.								
				Very	Hiff light grey city CLAY with irregular co	NICATADUL CONCIALIONI	. 1		
				/nedu	les, week to very week.				
2.50	1,0						- 1		
							ı		
		ORY	3,30						
				`	END OF TRIAL PIT				
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							- 1		
							- 1		
	1								
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Gra	und water a	ils remained sat not encou aring Ratio to	alared durin	O SECOVAL	Ivation ion. ideath of 1.40m.				
NOTE (   Indic		-							
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Sriginater				1 141	AL PIT RECORDS				1
		En	volensti-	0.01 ***	Scale 1 : 50 mbols and abbreviations see K	au Shaar	W	WIPE	Y
Checked B		1016	- Pianatio	or or sy	moore end abbreviations see K	at Suest	GI	TOTEC	H
PB-0154					HOODSTOCK BY-PASS				- 1
	- 1			- h	anniziiii v mv_Dacc				
					1000310CK 01-FA33	1	Fig	25/1	- 1

at. Ref No 5/2843u

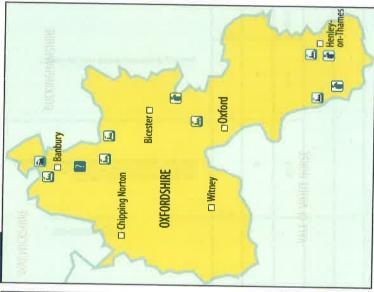
C. O. T. C. C.	WINTH		_				Cooling diameter (mm) 140 to 1.00m USTS 1660	BOREHOLI											
Location		Na	lan Orientation Vertical				Ground lavel Date 14/97/90 (Sheet 1 of 2)												
Sample in situ Dopth (m)		Cosing dogsh	Wroted dopus (m)		-	Date and Depth (m)		٦	O D Leve										
						14/67	TOPSOIL (Firm dork brown sendy ality stay with some angular gravel also fragments of weathered limestons)		-										
				ts 1			Yellow-brown gravel to cobble size fregments of moderately weathered LIMESTONE, week.	ç.,											
		1.88				1.60 [1.90] 2.15	Grey-brown moderately weathered solitic LIMESTONE, moderately strong.  Firm to stiff brown mottled yellow-brown very sitty CLAY with severe		<u> </u>										
				83	•	[2.20]	CLAY with some gravel size fragments of weathered mudstone.  Grey highly weathered MUDSTONE, very week.	1											
						3.30	Firm to stiff grey motified yellow-brown very elity CLAY with eccasional gravel size fragments of weathered mudatone.												
				30 29	63		Stiff to very stiff grey very salty CLAY,												
İ				100	100	4.85 5.05	20	=											
			S.22	100	35	5.60													
					85 25	4	6.00	Light gray to dark gray slightly weathered politic LIMESTONE strong with some near herizontal very thin bands of sitty clay.											
																es D	ы	8.20	5.30m to 5.60m; Firm dark gray sifty clay 6.06m to 6.10m; Firm dark gray sifty clay 6.22m to 6.32m; Firm to stiff dark gray sifty clay 7.18m to 7.25m; Firm to stiff dark gray sifty clay
				100	100	9.30													
Ī			-	$\dashv$		9.50	Still dark gray very silly CLAY	+											

Boston warra								le bres																	
aguipmani Willin							Manage Man 143 to 2.000 (1.5.25 15.72 181	OREHOLE	20																
Semples and Course Wasse Date							Ground to-oil Doise 17/07/00 (8)	heat 1 of 1)	,																
in pity to Depth (m)		Cotrag depth (m)	Water depth (m)	ita 120	-	Dote and Depth [m]	Contribution of Strate	D D Level (m O B)	ļ																
						17/97	TOPSOIL*		1/2																
																				100 25		1.00	Very slift buff very elity CLAY.		
						1.70	Light grey slightly weethered angular cobble and boulder size fragments of UMESTONE, moduratory	1																	
		2.60		n n	•	2.60	etrong,																		
													29	•	3.25	F.);-									
										9	•	4.55	Very stiff green-grey sandy very zilty CLAY.												
				87 127	8	6.15	開刊。 Light grey slightly weathered to fresh LIMESTONE, strong and interbadded with near vertical very thin bands of green-grey sitty clay.																		
							END OF BOREHOLE																		
F	ull flush his is a he bore	redrill ai hole war	vas meir Itar previ grouted	iteined i lous pot I upto g	itroughe	netured (	s gas mais. completion of boring																		
ingmater		7	p. 0110			BOF	REHOLE RECORD																		
hech id &			For	expla	nation		Scale 1 : 50	MIMPE	Y																
pprivad		I				A34	WOODSTOCK BY-PASS	10 20/1																	

# REGIONAL UNEXPLODED BOMB RISK

# OXFORDSHIRE





тобегате high

industry docks

>1000 >500 >100 >100 unverified

military
Transport
Utilities

This map coets togons of coast with beaches, estuants and alike further consistention of the bomb take a regarded in these against for the advantage and an advantage and a state of the advantage and the state of the advantage and the advantage and the the advantage and to the advantage and the advan The information in this regional UXB risk map is derived from a number of sources and should be read in conjunction with the "Users' Gaidle (printed overliest). Zettica camot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the information or data

## A FOUR-STEP PROCESS













zetica

For more details on this and related services to phone 1.44 (0) 1902 896 682 general our wahers www.moster.com

# **BOMB MAP USERS' GUIDE**

# Sources of information and explanation of bomb risk

#### Vhv?

Unexploded bombs (UXB) still present a risk to construction projects long after the end of the Second World War (WWII). UXBs often entered the ground unnoticed at high velocity and penetrated to a depth of several metres. Here they remain – vulnerable to disturbances from construction work. Beyond the depth of shallow excavation work, the greatest risk is to pilling, drilling and probing crews. A pilling rig could repeatedly hit a UXBs with considerable force before the crew realises an obstruction has been impacted. It could then be up to 72 hours before the detonator activates.

#### /ho/

The responsibility for avoiding UXB risk usually lies with construction companies or house builders particularly those who are redeveloping urban sites. In addition, project engineering or environmental consultants are expected to advise their clients of a site's history. Other interested parties include those organisations whose employees are physically at most risk from intrusive works, normally piling companies, drillers or probing operators.

#### How?

UXB risk should be assessed for every site, but especially those in known heavily bombed areas or those situated near war-time strategic installations that were priority targets for enemy aircraft, for example, airfields. Zetica's regional bomb risk map is therefore a first point of reference from which the relative, potential abundance of UXBs can be judged. Consultants then advise their clients that an ordnance-risk desk study is required, which they may obtain from external sources. Construction companies or house builders who assess their own risk could choose to come direct to Zetica.

#### .

Do not wait for the piling or drilling company to be on site before thinking about UXB risk – it will inevitably cause delays and higher costs. Request the regional bomb risk map from Zetica as soon as a site is being considered, and then use it to help you or your clients to decide if an ordnance-risk desk study is required.

#### /here?

Maps can be obtained for any county in England, Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland – or for any London borough. They can help determine the areas that were most heavily bombed – but no part of the country should be considered 100% safe from UXB risk. Even remote rural areas can have a high risk if, for example, they were locations for decoy airfields or beacons that were lit to fool enemy pilots into thinking they had located a burning city that had been successfully hit by others in the raid.

# How to use this regional map

This map is designed to give you an indication of the potential risk from UXBs in your area. If you are conducting work that involves excavation, piling or other disturbance of the ground, then you should use the map to identify the category of risk for your site.

The risk boundaries are a guide, compiled from data based on the political areas for which records are held; being just outside a high-risk area does not mean there is no
UXB risk. You should use the map to assist in your decision of whether to investigate the
UXB risk further.

# nformation on the regional risk remaining from

## JXBs in the UK

Zetica has built the largest UXB database of its kind in the UK. It includes a unique digital library of bomb census data, and maps showing key strategic points and bombing densities from the First and Second World Wars. The main sources of information include records from central government (Public Records Office), the Ministry of Defence, and the German Luftwaffe.

Using information from this database, Zetica has published maps of UXB risk on a regional, county and borough scale. The maps indicate relative degrees of UXB risk based on available records for bombing densities and known targeted areas for regions within the UK. The risk is broken down into individual boroughs, towns or cities. The data are based on the historical boroughs and are then overlaid onto the modern map. It is important to note that more-detailed research may be required for individual sites, particularly where proximity to a potential WWII target means the local risk may be higher.

#### ligh risk

Areas designated as high risk are those that show a high density of bombing hits (50+ bombs per 1000 acres) and abundant potential WWII targets. In high-risk regions, further action to mitigate UXB risk is considered essential.

#### Moderate risk

Moderate-risk regions are those that show a bomb density of between 11 and 50 bombs per 1000 acres and that may contain potential WWII targets. Action to mitigate the risk is considered essential, albeit more likely that a reduced scope of work is required compared with that needed for high-risk regions.

#### Low risk

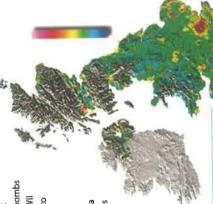
Low-risk regions are those with a bombing density of up to 10 bombs per 1000 acres.

These areas are considered to have a significant but low UXB risk. In general, further action to mitigate the risk is considered prudent, although not essential. Care is required when assessing the risk for specific sites where the risk may be higher because of local wartime activity.

### Other WWII targets

Other regions with the risk of UXBs are key strategic points as defined by the government during WWII as representing potential enemy targets. Where these exist outside areas mapped as high, moderate or low risk, a site-specific assessment of the UXB risk may be required.

## Relative UXB risk across UK



### What to do if...

...,you have a site that has a potential UXB risk in the absence of current legislation requiring you to address the risk from UXBs, your responsibilities under health and safety legislation and regulations such as construction design and management require that you address all identified risks. The first stage is to request further advice from a professional adviser such as Zetica, or to gain more sitespecific information by commissioning an ordnance-risk desk study. Then a strategy to deal with the risk can be established that is tailored to your proposed work.

# ...you find a suspect item or require advice

if during site works you find a suspect fordnance-related) item, it is very important that you do not touch or move it (even if it has already been moved by an excavator). If it is clearly ordnance related, then dial 999 and ask for the police. Ensure that the area around the item is kept as clear as possible without placing yourself at risk. If you are unsure and do not wish to cause undue alarm, or you just require some advice, then you can call Zetica. We have experienced qualified UXB specialists on hand who can offer support and advice during any site works.

More-detailed procedures should be established in advance if you are in an area where the risk of finding a UXB is shown to be significant (moderate to high).

## Site-specific desktop studies

Zetica is able to provide high-quality, site-specific UXB risk information for any residential, industrial or commercial property in the UK. These desktop studies provide details of the bombing density within an area and for the site itself, in order to indicate the risks of UXBs still being present. A risk assessment is provided to facilitate informed decision making on whether any further risk mitigation measures are required.

#### APPENDIX C DESK STUDY INFORMATION



## **Envirocheck® Report:**

## **BGS Boreholes Datasheet**

#### **Order Details:**

**Order Number:** 

59017107\_1\_1

**Customer Reference:** 

14.08.005

**National Grid Reference:** 

445780, 216300

Slice:

A

Site Area (Ha):

67.85

Borehole Search Buffer (m):

500

#### **Site Details:**

Land East of Woodstock Shipton Road WOODSTOCK Oxfordshire

#### **Client Details:**

MR M Bateman Listers Geotechnical Consultants Ltd Slapton Hill Barn Blakesley Road Slapton Nr Towcester Northants NN12 8QD



Order Number: 59017107\_1\_1

Date: 05-Aug-2014 rpr\_ec\_datasheet v47.0 A Landmark Information Group Service



#### **BGS Boreholes Summary**

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m
BGS Boreholes	pg 1	3	3	3

#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination.

For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client from a site boundary provided by the client.

In the attached datasheet the National Grid References (NGRs) are rounded to the nearest 10m in accordance with Landmark's agreements with a number of Data Suppliers.

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A copy of the BGS Borehole Ordering Form is available to download from the Support section of www.envirocheck.co.uk.

Report Version v47.0



## **BGS Boreholes Detail**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
21	Drilled Length (m):	Sp41ne66 15 A34 Woodstock Bypass 18 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/330612/	A10SE (N)	0	3	445750 216600
22	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne67 10 A34 Woodstock Bypass 19 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/330613/	A10SE (N)	0	3	445790 216590
23	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne72 3 A34 Woodstock Bypass Tp 8 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/330618/	A10SE (S)	0	3	445780 216290
24	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne68 6 A34 Woodstock Bypass 20 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/330614/	A7SW (S)	5	3	445850 215720
25	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne71 Not Supplied A34 Woodstock Bypass Tp 7 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/330617/	A10NE (N)	98	3	445790 216840
26	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne113 Not Supplied Campsfield House Farm Not Available	A12SW (E)	192	3	446610 216410
27	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne107 Not Supplied Upper Campsfield Farm Not Available	A12SW (E)	258	3	446640 216540
28	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne65 6 A34 Woodstock Bypass 17 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/330611/	A14SE (N)	330	3	445800 217140
28	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Sp41ne70 1 A34 Woodstock Bypass Tp 6 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/330616/	A14SE (N)	349	3	445800 217160



## **Data Currency and Contact Details**

BGS Boreholes	Version	Update Cycle
BGS Boreholes		opuate Cycle
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	April 2014	Quarterly

	Service	April 2014	Quarterly
Con	tact Details	Contac	et Logo
3	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG	British Geologic	al Survey
	Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk		ONMENT RESEARCH COUNCI
(a))	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk		MARK Information Group



## Envirocheck® Report:

#### **Datasheet**

#### **Order Details:**

**Order Number:** 

59017107\_1\_1

**Customer Reference:** 

14.08.005

**National Grid Reference:** 

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Order Number: 59017107\_1\_1

Date: 05-Aug-2014 rpr\_ec\_datasheet v47.0 A Landmark Information Group Service





Report Section	Page Number
Summary	
Agency & Hydrological	1
Waste	4
Hazardous Substances	
Geological	6
Industrial Land Use	14
Sensitive Land Use	15
Data Currency	16
Data Suppliers	20
Useful Contacts	21

#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination. For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client.

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Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Agency & Hydrological				
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices				
Discharge Consents	pg 1		3	3
Enforcement and Prohibition Notices				
ntegrated Pollution Controls				
ntegrated Pollution Prevention And Control				
ocal Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control				
ocal Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls				
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements				
Nearest Surface Water Feature	pg 2		Yes	
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters				
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes				
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters				
Registered Radioactive Substances				
River Quality				
River Quality Biology Sampling Points				
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points				
Substantiated Pollution Incident Register				
Water Abstractions	pg 2		1	1
Water Industry Act Referrals				
Groundwater Vulnerability	pg 2	Yes	n/a	n/a
Bedrock Aquifer Designations	pg 3	Yes	n/a	n/a
Superficial Aquifer Designations			n/a	n/a
Source Protection Zones				
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences				n/a
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences				n/a
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences				n/a
Flood Water Storage Areas				n/a
Flood Defences				n/a
Detailed River Network Lines	pg 3		Yes	
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage	pg 3		Yes	



## **Summary**

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m
Waste				
BGS Recorded Landfill Sites				
Historical Landfill Sites	pg 4			
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites	pg +			2
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)				
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)				
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites	pg 4			
Registered Landfill Sites	pg 5			3
Registered Waste Transfer Sites	pg 3			1
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites				
Hazardous Substances				
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)				
Explosive Sites				
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS)				
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents				
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements				
Geological				
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology				
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry	pg 6	Yes	n/a	n/a
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites	pg 6	Yes	Yes	Yes
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry				
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Averages				
Brine Compensation Area				
Coal Mining Affected Areas			n/a	n/a
lining Instability			n/a	n/a
fan-Made Mining Cavities			n/a	n/a
latural Cavities				
on Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain				
otential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards	ng 12	- V-		n/a
otential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards	pg 12	Yes	Yes	n/a
otential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards	ng 12	V		n/a
otential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	pg 12	Yes		n/a
otential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards	pg 12	Yes	Yes	n/a
otential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards	ng 12	Ver		n/a
adon Potential - Radon Affected Areas	pg 13	Yes	Yes	n/a
adon Potential - Radon Protection Measures	pg 13	Yes	n/a	n/a



### **Summary**

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Industrial Land Use				
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries	pg 14		1	1
Fuel Station Entries				
Sensitive Land Use				
Areas of Adopted Green Belt	pg 15		1	
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt	pg 15		1	
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty				
Environmentally Sensitive Areas				
Forest Parks				
Local Nature Reserves				
Marine Nature Reserves				
National Nature Reserves				
National Parks				
Nitrate Sensitive Areas				
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones	pg 15	2		
Ramsar Sites				
Sites of Special Scientific Interest				
Special Areas of Conservation				
Special Protection Areas				



## **Agency & Hydrological**

Map ID	hiere	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Discharge Conse	ents				
1	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Issued Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy	A J Lamb Kennels Woodstock Boarding Kennels, Upper Campsfield Rd, Kidlington, Oxon Environment Agency, Thames Region Not Supplied Ctcu.0689 1 3rd December 1975 3rd December 1975 26th September 1985 Non Water Company (Private) Sewage Into Land Shale/Gravelstrata Authorisation revokedRevoked y: Located by supplier to within 100m	A7SW (S)	17	2	445900 215700
	Discharge Conser					
	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy	Blenheim Parliamentary Trust Industrial Parks & Estates Cow Yards Blenheim Estate Blenheim Park Woodstock Oxfordshire Ox20 1px Environment Agency, Tharnes Region Evenlode Cawm.1307 2 20th December 2012 21st December 2012 Not Supplied Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Not Water Company Into Land Into Land Varied under EPR 2010 Located by supplier to within 10m	A6NW (SW)	178	2	445200 216010
	Discharge Consen	ts				
2	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status:	Blenheim Parliamentary Trust Industrial Parks & Estates Cow Yards Blenheim Estate Blenheim Park Woodstock Oxfordshire Ox20 1px Environment Agency, Thames Region Evenlode Cawm.1307 1 28th April 2006 20th December 2012 Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Not Water Company Into Land Into Land New Consent (Water Resources Act 1991, Section 88 & Schedule 10 as amended by Environment Act 1995) Located by supplier to within 10m	A6NW (SW)	178	2	445200 216010
	perator:	The state of the s				
A CORPEIS RIBERT	roperty Type: ocation:  uthority: atchment Area: eference: ermit Version: ffective Date: sued Date: evocation Date: ischarge Type: ischarge nvironment: eceiving Water: latus:	Trustees For The Time Being Of Recreational & Cultural Club House, Woodstock Bowls & Tennis Club, Cadogan Park, Woodstock, Oxon Environment Agency, Thames Region Not Supplied Cntm.0825 3 21st December 2012 21st December 2012 Not Supplied Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Not Water Company Into Land Great Oolite Varied under EPR 2010 Located by supplier to within 10m	A9NE (W)	462	2	444850 216680



## **Agency & Hydrological**

Map ID		Detalls	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
3	Property Type: Location:  Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water:	Trustees For The Time Being Of Recreational & Cultural Club House, Woodstock Bowls & Tennis Club, Cadogan Park, Woodstock, Oxon Environment Agency, Thames Region Not Given CNTM.0825 1 26th April 1993 26th April 1993 15th June 2006 Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Not Water Company Into Land Great Oolite New Consent, by Application (Water Resources Act 1991, Section 88) Located by supplier to within 100m	A9NE (W)	462	2	444850 216680
3	Discharge Consents Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Trustees For The Time Being Of Recreational & Cultural Club House, Woodstock Bowls & Tennis Club, Cadogan Park, Woodstock, Oxon Environment Agency, Thames Region Not Supplied Cntm.0825 2 27th April 2006 26th April 1993 20th December 2012 Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Not Water Company Into Land Great Oolite New Consent, by Application (Water Resources Act 1991, Section 88) Located by supplier to within 10m	A9NE (W)	462	2	444850 216680
	Nearest Surface Wa	ter reature	A7SW (S)	81	328	445932 215642
4		Messrs M & M Price 28/39/14/0285 100 Upper Campsfield, Woodstock, Oxon Environment Agency, Thames Region Private Non-Industrial Amenity: Make-Up Or Top Up Water Water may be abstracted from a single point Groundwater 164 6819 Upper Campsfield, Woodstock 01 November 31 March 30th September 1991 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 100m	A12SW (E)	204	2	446600 216500
5	Water Abstractions Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy	Messrs M & M Price 28/39/14/0294 100 Upper Campsfield Farm, Woodstock, Oxon - Trib.River.Cherwell Environment Agency, Thames Region General Agriculture: Spray Irrigation - Storage Water may be abstracted from a single point Surface 164 6819 Not Supplied 01 November 31 March 1st April 2012 Not Supplied :: Located by supplier to within 100m	A12SW (E)	264	2	446600 216600
	Groundwater Vulnesoil Classification:  Map Sheet:	erability  Soils of High Leaching Potential (H1) - Soils which readily transmit liquid discharges because they are either shallow, or susceptible to rapid by-pass flow directly to rock, gravel or groundwater  Sheet 38 Upper Thames & Bedfordshire	A10SE (S)	0	2	445781 216301



## **Agency & Hydrological**

Map ID	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR			
	Drift Deposits None							
	Bedrock Aquifer Designations							
	Aquifer Designation: Secondary Aquifer - A	A10SE	0	3	44578			
	Superficial Aquifer Designations  No Data Available	(S)			21630			
	Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences None							
	Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences None							
	Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences None							
	Flood Water Storage Areas None							
	Flood Defences							
	None							
	Detailed River Network Lines							
6	River Type: Tertiary River River Name: Rowel Brook Hydrographic Area: D006 River Flow Type: Primary Flow Path River Surface Level: Surface Drain Feature: Not a Drain Flood Risk Other Rivers Management Status: Water Course Not Supplied Reference: Not Supplied Reference:	A7SW (S)	81	2	445932 215642			
	Detailed River Network Lines							
	River Type: Tertiary River River Name: Drain Hydrographic Area: D006 River Flow Type: Primary Flow Path River Surface Level: Surface Drain Feature: Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Management Status: Water Course Not Supplied Reference: Not Supplied	A11NE (NE)	235	2	446240 216653			
C	Detailed River Network Offline Drainage							
F	River Type: Tertiary River Hydrographic Area: D006	A9SE (W)	145	2	445106			
	Detailed River Network Offline Drainage	(,			216351			
R H	River Type: Tertiary River Hydrographic Area: D006	A9SE (W)	174	2	445069 216385			





Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Historical Landfill Sites			000	2	445593
10	Location: Name: Operator Location: Boundary Accuracy: Provider Reference: First Input Date: Last Input Date: Specified Waste Type: EA Waste Ref:	J Curtis and Sons Railway Cutting, Hesington Hensington Railway Cutting Not Supplied As Supplied EAHLD13550 31st December 1979 31st December 1980 Deposited Waste included Inert, Industrial, Commercial, Household and Special Waste, and Liquid Sludge 0 Not Supplied 3100/0060 Not Supplied OCC/032, TP0421, W10017, 13.6.4517	A14SE (N)	262	2	217106
11	Historical Landfill St Licence Holder: Location: Name: Operator Location: Boundary Accuracy: Provider Reference: First Input Date: Last Input Date: Specified Waste Type: EA Waste Ref: Regis Ref: WRC Ref: BGS Ref: Other Ref:	Not Supplied Hensington - Cherwell Hensington Railway Cutting Not Supplied As Supplied	A14SE (N)	316	2	445760 217137
	Local Authority Lan Name:	dfill Coverage Cherwell District Council - Has supplied landfill data		0	11	445781 216301
	Local Authority Lan Name:	idfill Coverage West Oxfordshire District Council - Has supplied landfill data		0	4	445550 216329
	Local Authority Lan Name:	ndfill Coverage Oxfordshire County Council - Has supplied landfill data		0	5	445781 216301
12	Local Authority Rec Location: Reference: Authority: Last Reported Status: Types of Waste: Date of Closure: Positional Accuracy: Boundary Quality:	Corded Landfill Sites  Hensington Railway Cutting 15  West Oxfordshire District Council, Technical Services Department Unknown  Not Supplied Not Supplied	A14SE (N)	267	4	445587 217106
13	Local Authority Rec Location: Reference: Authority: Last Reported Status: Types of Waste: Date of Closure:	Disused Railway Cutting At Hensington 31 Oxfordshire County Council Unknown  Building, Asbestos Not Supplied : Positioned by the supplier Moderate	A14SE (N)	316	5	445764 21713 <del>6</del>
14		Corded Landfill Sites  Hensington Railway Cutting 15  West Oxfordshire District Council, Technical Services Department Unknown  Not Supplied Not Supplied	A14SE (N)	316	4	445775 217136



#### Waste

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Registered Landfill	Sites				
15	Licence Holder: Licence Reference: Site Location: Licence Easting: Licence Northing: Operator Location: Authority: Site Category: Max Input Rate:	J Curtis & Sons OCC/ 32 Disused Railway Cutting At Hensington, Woodstock, Oxfordshire 445900 217160 As Site Address Environment Agency - Thames Region, West Area Landfill - Railway cutting Medium (Equal to or greater than 25,000 and less than 75,000 tonnes per year)	A15SW (N)	391	2	445900 217160
	Waste Source Restrictions: Status: Dated:	No known restriction on source of waste  Licence lapsed/cancelled/defunct/not applicable/surrenderedCancelled				
	Preceded By Licence:	1st January 1979 Not Given				
	Superseded By Licence:	Not Given				
	Boundary Accuracy:	Manually positioned to the address or location Not Applicable Construction And Demolition Wastes Household + Commercial Waste Ind. Non-Haz. Waste				





/lap ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS 1:625,000 Solid	Geology	A440\A/	0	3	445864
	Description:	Great Oolite	A11SW (N)	0	3	216586
	BGS 1:625,000 Solid	Geology	44005	0	3	445781
	Description:	Cornbrash	A10SE (S)	U	3	216301
	Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg	A10SE (S)	0	6	445781 216301
	Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg	A11SW (E)	0	6	446000 216301
	Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soll Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A6NE (SW)	0	6	445515 216152
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A7NW (SE)	0	6	446000 216000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration Nickel	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A6NE (SW)	0	6	44556 216000

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## Geological

ap D	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGF
BGS Estimated	Soil Chemistry	Directions			
Source: Soil Sample Type Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentratio Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A6NE (S)	0	6	44576 21600
BGS Estimated S	Soil Chemistry				
Source: Soil Sample Type Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentratio Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg n: <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg	A14SE (N)	151	6	44578 21700
BGS Estimated S					
Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration Nickel Concentration:	15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg	A11NE (NE)	220	6	44625 21664
BGS Estimated So	oil Chemietry				
Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A9SE (W)	238	6	44500 21630
<b>BGS Estimated So</b>	il Chemistry				
Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg	A15SW (N)	250	6	445966 217041
<b>BGS Estimated Soi</b>					
Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmiurn Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel		A12SW (E)	258	6	446674 216352
Nickel Concentration:	15 - 30 mg/kg				





Map ID		Detalls	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A8NW (E)	308	6	446649 216177
	Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A5NE (W)	334	6	445000 216000
		British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A15SW (N)	352	6	446000 217000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A9NE (NW)	354	6	445000 216691
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1,8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A11NW (NE)	365	6	446146 216949
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A15SW (N)	369	6	446068 217000



## Geological

/lap !D		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	<b>BGS Estimated So</b>	il Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg <1,8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg	A15SW (N)	390	6	44586 21717
	BGS Estimated Soi	il Chemistry				
; ; ; ; ;	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg	A9NE (NW)	409	6	44494 21672
E	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Lead Concentration: Lickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg	A14SE (N)	419	6	445677 217263
	GS Estimated Soil	Chamiater				
S S A C C C C C C	cource: coil Sample Type: crsenic concentration: cadmium concentration: chromium concentration: ead Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg	A11NE (NE)	433	6	446262 216938
В	GS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
Sc Sc Ar Cc Ca Ct Ct Cc Le Nii	ource:  oil Sample Type: rsenic  oncentration: admium  oncentration: oncentration: some saddle saddle saddle sample Type:  oil Sample Type: property saddle sample Type: policy saddle sample saddle sample Type:  oil Sample Type: policy sample Type	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A13SE (NW)	435	6	445052 217000
ВС	GS Estimated Soil (	Chemistry				
So So Ars Co Ca Co Ch Co Lea	ource:  iil Sample Type: senic 2 incentration: idmium < incentration: iromium 9 incentration: ad Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg c1.8 mg/kg 0 - 120 mg/kg	A15SW (N)	462	6	445978 217232





Map ID		Details	Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Soil Sample Type: Season Service 15 Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium 60 Concentration: Lead Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: C	itish Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service ediment 5 - 25 mg/kg I.8 mg/kg ) - 90 mg/kg	A15SW (N)	462	6	446000 217179
	Soil Sample Type: Single Arsenic 28 Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium 90 Concentration: Lead Concentration:	ritish Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service ediment 5 - 35 mg/kg 1.8 mg/kg 0 - 120 mg/kg	A3NW (S)	464	6	446022 215270
	Soil Sample Type: S Arsenic 1 Concentration: Cadmium < Concentration: Chromium 6 Concentration: Lead Concentration:	oritish Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service dediment 5 - 25 mg/kg c1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg	A15SE (NE)	466	6	446178 217089
	Soil Sample Type: Soil Sample	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A8NW (E)	466	6	446832 216194
	BGS Estimated Soil ( Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A14SE (N)	467	6	445759 217290
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A8NW (E)	467	6	44683 <u>9</u> 21620 <u>5</u>

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## Geological

ap D	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGF
BGS Estima	ted Soil Chemistry	Directions			
Source: Soil Sample Arsenic Concentratic Cadmium Concentratic Chromium Concentratic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg  1: <1.8 mg/kg  60 - 90 mg/kg  1: tration: <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg	A13SE (NW)	469	6	44504 21707
BGS Estima	ed Soil Chemistry				
Source: Soil Sample Arsenic Concentratio Cadmium Concentratio Chromium Concentratio	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg  <1.8 mg/kg  60 - 90 mg/kg  ration: <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg	A12NW (E)	470	6	44682 21664
BGS Estimat	ed Soil Chemistry				
Source: Soil Sample 7 Arsenic Concentratior Cadmium Concentratior Chromium Concentratior	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg	A14NW (N)	472	6	44543 21732
	d Soil Chemistry				
Source: Soil Sample T Arsenic Concentration Cadmium Concentration Chromium Concentration	British Geological Survey, National Geoscionae Information Coming	A13SE (NW)	473	6	445000 216960
BGS Estimate	Soil Chemistry				
Source: Soil Sample Ty Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg tion: <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg	A3SW (S)	473	6	446000 215256
	Soil Chemistry				
Source: Soil Sample Tyl Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentra	25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg ion: <150 mg/kg	A5NW (W)	476	6	444800 216179
Nickel Concentration:	15 - 30 mg/kg				





ap D		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 25 - 35 mg/kg <1,8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg	A13SE (NW)	484	6	445000 217000
	Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Sediment 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg	A13SE (NW)	496	6	445000 217034
	BGS Measured Urba No data available	an Soil Chemistry				
	BGS Urban Soil Che	emistry Averages				
	Coal Mining Affecte	d Areas not be affected by coal mining				
	Non Coal Mining Are					
	Potential for Collaps Hazard Potential: Source:	sible Ground Stability Hazards Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	0	3	445781 216301
	Potential for Collap Hazard Potential: Source:	sible Ground Stability Hazards Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A9SE (W)	238	3	445000 216301
	Potential for Compr Hazard Potential: Source:	ressible Ground Stability Hazards No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	0	3	445781 216301
		ressible Ground Stability Hazards No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A9SE (W)	238	3	445000 216301
		d Dissolution Stability Hazards  Very Low  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	0	3	44578° 21630°
		d Dissolution Stability Hazards  No Hazard  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A6NE (SW)	0	3	445515 216152
		d Dissolution Stability Hazards  No Hazard  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A9SE (W)	238	3	445000 21630
		d Dissolution Stability Hazards  No Hazard  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11NW (NE)	250	3	446146 216949
	Potential for Lands Hazard Potential:	lide Ground Stability Hazards  Very Low  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	0	3	44578° 21630°
	Hazard Potential:	Silide Ground Stability Hazards  Very Low  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A9SE (W)	238	3	445000 21630
	Source:  Potential for Runni Hazard Potential:	ng Sand Ground Stability Hazards No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	• 0	3	445781 216301



## Geological

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Potential for Runni Hazard Potential: Source:	ing Sand Ground Stability Hazards  No Hazard  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A9SE (W)	238	3	445000
	Potential for Shrini Hazard Potential: Source:	king or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards  Low  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A6NE (SW)	0	3	216301 445515 216152
	Potential for Shrini Hazard Potential: Source:	king or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards  No Hazard  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	0	3	445781 216301
	Potential for Shrink Hazard Potential: Source:	king or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A9SE (W)	238	3	445000 216301
	Potential for Shrink Hazard Potential: Source	ing or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards  Low  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11NW (NE)	250	3	446146 216949
		adon Protection Measures  No radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions  British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	0	3	445781 216301
	Radon Potential - R	adon Protection Measures				
		No radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A6NE (W)	0	3	445575 216225
	Radon Potential - Ra	adon Affected Areas				
	Affected Area: Source:	The property is in a lower probability radon area, as less than 1% of homes are above the action level British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (S)	0	3	445781 216301
	Radon Potential - Ra	adon Affected Areas				
	Affected Area:	The property is in an intermediate probability radon area, as between 1 and 3% of homes are above the action level British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A6NE (W)	0	3	445575 216225



### **Industrial Land Use**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Contemporary Trad	e Directory Entries	ACOL	162	2	445692
16	Name: Location: Classification: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Colour Mill Ltd Bladon Rd, Woodstock, Oxfordshire, OX20 1QD Printing Engineering Services Active Manually positioned to the road within the address or location	A6SE (S)	102		215616
	Contemporary Trad	e Directory Entries	A 4 4 0 \ M	337		445156
17	Name: Location: Classification: Status: Positional Accuracy:	M A Gibson 12, Banbury Road, Woodstock, Oxfordshire, OX20 1LQ Sand, Gravel & Other Aggregates Active Automatically positioned to the address	A14SW (NW)	337		216994



## **Sensitive Land Use**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Areas of Adopt	ed Green Belt				
18	Authority: Plan Name: Status: Plan Date:	West Oxfordshire District Council West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2011  Adopted 16th June 2006	A6SE (S)	127	7	445734 215628
	Areas of Unadopted Green Belt					
19	Authority: Plan Name: Status: Plan Date:	Cherwell District Council Cherwell Local Plan 2011 Revised Deposit Draft 30th September 2002	A7NW (SE)	2	8	446161 216034
	Nitrate Vulneral	ple Zones				
20	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Surface Water Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	A10SE (W)	0	10	445546 216324
	Nitrate Vulnerab	le Zones	1			
	Name; Description; Source;	Not Supplied Surface Water Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	A10SE (S)	0	10	445781 216301





Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycle
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices Cherwell District Council - Environmental Health Department West Oxfordshire District Council - Environmental Health Department	February 2013 January 2013	Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update
Discharge Consents Environment Agency - Thames Region	May 2014	Quarterly
Enforcement and Prohibition Notices Environment Agency - Thames Region	March 2013	As notified
Integrated Pollution Controls Environment Agency - Thames Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control Environment Agency - Thames Region	May 2014	Quarterly
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control West Oxfordshire District Council - Environmental Health Department Cherwell District Council - Environmental Health Department	June 2014 March 2013	Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls West Oxfordshire District Council - Environmental Health Department Cherwell District Council - Environmental Health Department	December 2012 March 2013	Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements West Oxfordshire District Council - Environmental Health Department Cherwell District Council - Environmental Health Department	June 2014 March 2013	Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update
Nearest Surface Water Feature Ordnance Survey	July 2012	Quarterly
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters Environment Agency - Thames Region	September 1999	Not Applicable
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes Environment Agency - Thames Region	March 2013	As notified
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters Environment Agency - Thames Region	March 2013	As notified
Registered Radioactive Substances Environment Agency - Thames Region	May 2014	Quarterly
River Quality Environment Agency - Head Office	November 2001	Not Applicable
River Quality Biology Sampling Points Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
Substantlated Pollution Incident Register Environment Agency - Thames Region - West Area	May 2014	Quarterly
Water Abstractions Environment Agency - Thames Region	July 2014	Quarterly
Water Industry Act Referrals Environment Agency - Thames Region	May 2014	Quarterly
Groundwater Vulnerability Environment Agency - Head Office	January 2011	Not Applicable
Drift Deposits Environment Agency - Head Office	January 1999	Not Applicable
Bedrock Aquifer Designations  British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	October 2012	Annually
Superficial Aquifer Designations  British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	October 2012	Annually



Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycl
Source Protection Zones		
Environment Agency - Head Office	April 2014	Quarterly
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	May 2014	Quarterly
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	May 2014	Quarterly
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences Environment Agency - Head Office		
Flood Water Storage Areas	May 2014	Quarterly
Environment Agency - Head Office		
Flood Defences	May 2014	Quarterly
Environment Agency - Head Office	E	
Detailed River Network Lines	February 2014	Quarterly
Environment Agency - Head Office	Marrie 2040	
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage	March 2012	Annually
Environment Agency - Head Office	March 2012	A = m = II
Waste	Water 2012	Annually
vasie	Version	Update Cycle
GS Recorded Landfill Sites		
ritish Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 1996	Not Applicable
listorical Landfill Sites		
nvironment Agency - Thames Region - West Area	May 2014	Quarterly
ntegrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites		
nvironment Agency - Thames Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Icensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)		
nvironment Agency - Thames Region - West Area	February 2014	Quarterly
icensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations) nvironment Agency - Thames Region - West Area		
ocal Authority Landfill Coverage	May 2014	Quarterly
herwell District Council - Environmental Health Department		
xfordshire County Council	May 2000	Not Applicable
est Oxfordshire District Council - Technical Services Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
cal Authority Recorded Landfill Sites	May 2000	Not Applicable
erwell District Council - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	N A
fordshire County Council	May 2000 May 2000	Not Applicable
est Oxfordshire District Council - Technical Services Department	May 2000	Not Applicable Not Applicable
gistered Landfill Sites		Not Applicable
vironment Agency - Thames Region - West Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
gistered Waste Transfer Sites		, tot Applicable
vironment Agency - Thames Region - West Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
gistered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites		
vironment Agency - Thames Region - West Area	March 2003	Not Applicable



Hazardous Substances	Version	<b>Update Cycle</b>
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH) Health and Safety Executive	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Explosive Sites Health and Safety Executive	November 2013	Bi-Annually
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) Health and Safety Executive	November 2000	Not Applicable
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements Oxfordshire County Council Cherwell District Council West Oxfordshire District Council	July 2014 March 2014 October 2012	Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents Oxfordshire County Council Cherwell District Council West Oxfordshire District Council	July 2014 March 2014 October 2012	Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update Annual Rolling Update
Geological	Version	<b>Update Cycle</b>
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	August 1996	Not Applicable
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	January 2010	Annually
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	April 2014	Bi-Annually
Brine Compensation Area Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board	August 2011	Not Applicable
Coal Mining Affected Areas The Coal Authority - Mining Report Service	December 2013	As notified
Mining Instability Ove Arup & Partners	October 2000	Not Applicable
Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	February 2011	Not Applicable
Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for ShrinkIng or SwellIng Clay Ground Stability Hazards British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Radon Potential - Radon Affected Areas British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2011	Annually
Radon Potential - Radon Protection Measures  British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2011	Annually



Industrial Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries Thomson Directories	May 2014	Quarterly
Fuel Station Entries Catalist Ltd - Experian	March 2014	Quarterly
Sensitive Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Areas of Adopted Green Belt Cherwell District Council West Oxfordshire District Council	May 2014 May 2014	As notified
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt Cherwell District Council West Oxfordshire District Council	May 2014 May 2014	As notified As notified
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty Natural England	January 2014	Bi-Annually
Environmentally Sensitive Areas Natural England	July 2013	Annually
Forest Parks Forestry Commission	April 1997	Not Applicable
Local Nature Reserves Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Marine Nature Reserves Natural England	July 2013	Bi-Annually
National Nature Reserves Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
National Parks Natural England	January 2014	Bi-Annually
Nitrate Sensitive Areas Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	February 2012	Not Applicable
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	July 2014	Annually
Ramsar Sites latural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
ites of Special Scientific Interest latural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
special Areas of Conservation latural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
pecial Protection Areas latural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually



### **Data Suppliers**

A selection of organisations who provide data within this report

Data Supplier	Data Supplier Logo
Ordnance Survey	Licensed Parlner
Environment Agency	Environment
Scottish Environment Protection Agency	SEP Scottish Environment Protection Agency
The Coal Authority	THE COAL AUTHORITY
British Geological Survey	British Geological Survey NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
Centre for Ecology and Hydrology	CEH Centre for Ecology & Hydrology NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
Countryside Council for Wales	CYNGOR CEFN GWLAD CYMRU COUNTRYSIDE COUNCIL FOR WALE
Scottish Natural Heritage	SCOTTISH NATURAL HERITAGE 収益別
Natural England	NATURAL ENGLAND
Public Health England	Public Health England
Ove Arup	ARUP
Peter Brett Associates	peterbrett

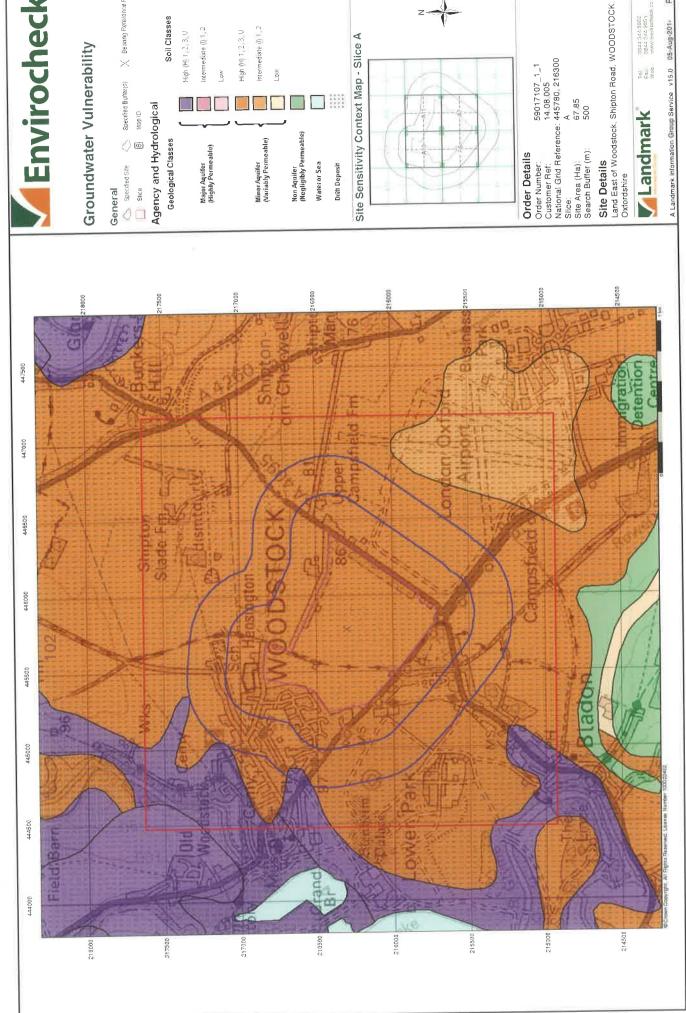
rpr\_ec\_datasheet v47.0



### **Useful Contacts**

Contact	Name and Address	Contact Details
2	Environment Agency - National Customer Contact Centre (NCCC)	Telephone: 08708 506 506 Email: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk
	PO Box 544, Templeborough, Rotherham, S60 1BY	
3	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG	Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk
4	West Oxfordshire District Council - Technical Services Department The Gables, New Yatt Road, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX28 1PB	Telephone: 01993 702941 Website: www.westoxon.gov.uk
5		
3	Oxfordshire County Council County Hall, New Road, Oxford, Oxfordshire, OX1 1ND	Telephone: 01865 792422 Fax: 01865 810106 Email: environmental.services@oxfordshire.gov.uk Website: www.oxfordshire.gov.uk
6	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmark.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk
7	West Oxfordshire District Council Council Offices, Wood Green, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX8 6NB	Telephone: 01993 770300 Fax: 01993 770238 Website: www.westoxon.gov.uk
8	Cherwell District Council  Bodicote House, Bodicote, Banbury, Oxfordshire, OX15 4AA	Telephone: 01295 252535 Fax: 01295 270028 Website: www.cherwell-dc.gov.uk
9	Natural England Suite D, Unex House, Bourges Boulevard, Peterborough, Cambridgeshire, PE1 1NG	Telephone: 0845 600 3078 Email: enquiries@naturalengland.org.uk Website: www.naturalengland.org.uk
10	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)  Government Buildings, Otley Road, Lawnswood, Leeds, West Yorkshire, LS16 5QT	Telephone: 0113 2613333 Fax: 0113 230 0879
11	Cherwell District Council - Environmental Health Department	Telephone: 01295 252535 extn 4511 Fax: 01295 270028 Website: www.cherwell-dc.gov.uk
Bodi	Bodicote House, Bodicote, Banbury, Oxfordshire, OX15 4AA	STORY OF GEO. GOV. UK
	Public Health England - Radon Survey, Centre for Radiation, Chemical and Environmental Hazards  Chilton, Didcot, Oxfordshire, OX11 0RQ	Telephone: 01235 822622 Fax: 01235 833891 Email: radon@phe.gov.uk Website: www.ukradon.org
	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk

Please note that the Environment Agency / SEPA have a charging policy in place for enquiries.



# Envirocheck

## **Groundwater Vulnerability**

Soil Classes

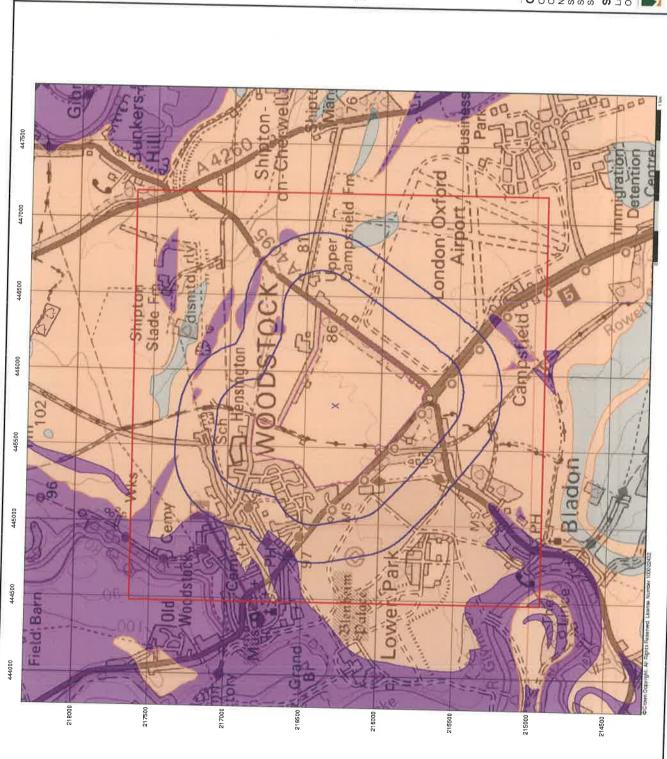
Intermediate (|| 1, 2

9 S ⊆ 1 (H) 1 g 3 U

Intermediate (f) 1, 2 High (H) 1, 2, 3, U

Site Sensitivity Context Map - Slice A

Page 1 of 5





## **Bedrock Aquifer Designation**

Specified Site

Specified Buffer(s)

X Bearing Reference Point

Agency and Hydrological

Geological Classes

Principal Aquifer

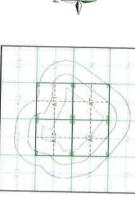
Secondary A Aquifer

Secondary B Aquifer

Secondary Undifferentiated

Unproductive Strata

Site Sensitivity Context Map - Slice A



 Order Details
 59017107\_1\_1

 Order Number:
 59017107\_1\_1

 Customer Ref:
 14,08,005

 National Grid Reference:
 445780, 216300

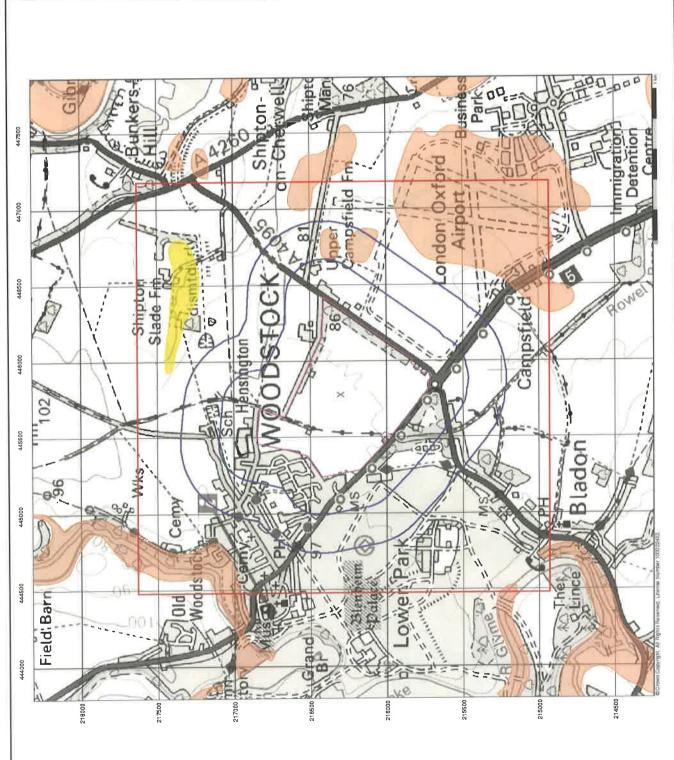
 Silice:
 5168

 Silice:
 67,85

 Search Buffer (m):
 500

**Site Details**Land East of Woodstock, Shipton Road, WOODSTOCK, Oxfordshire Landmark

A Landmark Information Group Service v15.0





## Superficial Aquifer Designation

Specified Site Specified Buffer(s)

X Bearing Reference Point

Agency and Hydrological Geological Classes

Principal Aquifer

Secondary A Aquifer

Secondary B Aquifer

Secondary Undifferentiated

Unproductive Strata

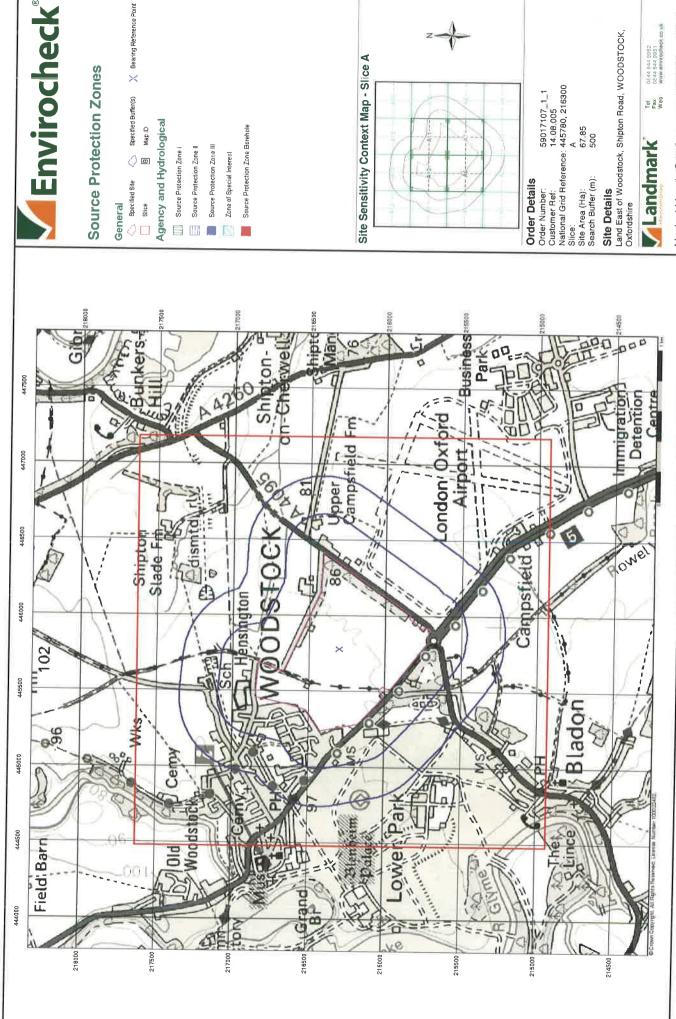
Site Sensitivity Context Map - Slice A

Order Details
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National Grid Reference: 445780, 216300
Slice: 67.85
Search Buffer (m): 500

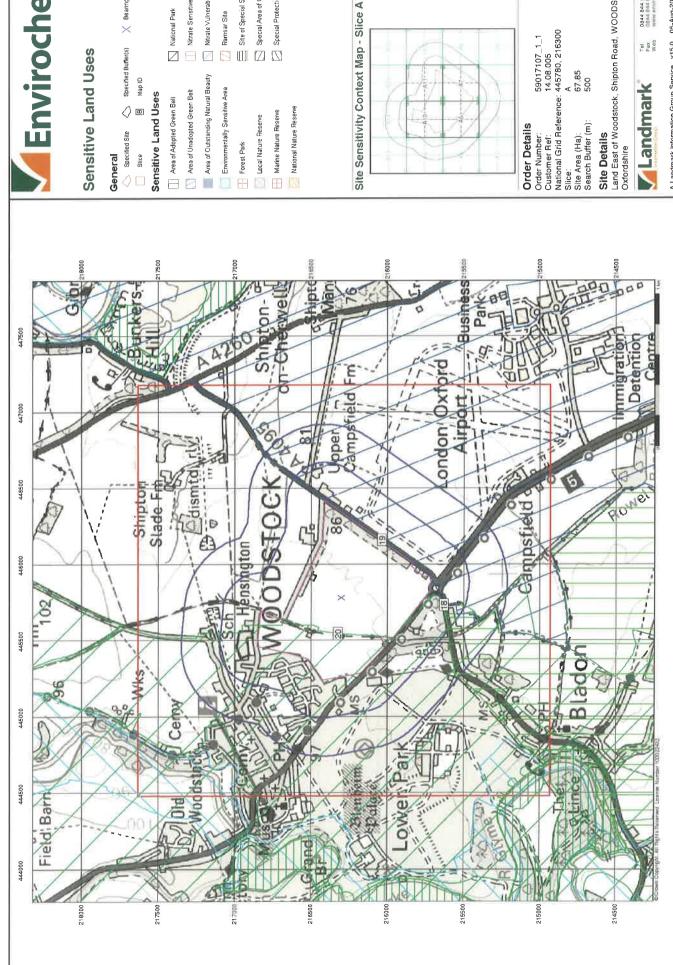
**Site Details**Land East of Woodstock, Shipton Road, WOODSTOCK,
Oxfordshire

Landmark

Page 3 of 5 Tel Web Landmark Information Group Service v15.0



## **Envirocheck**





## Sensitive Land Uses

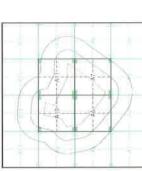
Specified Buffer(s)

X Bearing Reference Point

National Park

Nitrate Sensitive Area

Nitrate Vulnerable Zone



Order Details
Order Number: 59017107\_1\_1
Customer Ref: 14,08,005
National Grid Reference: 445780, 216300

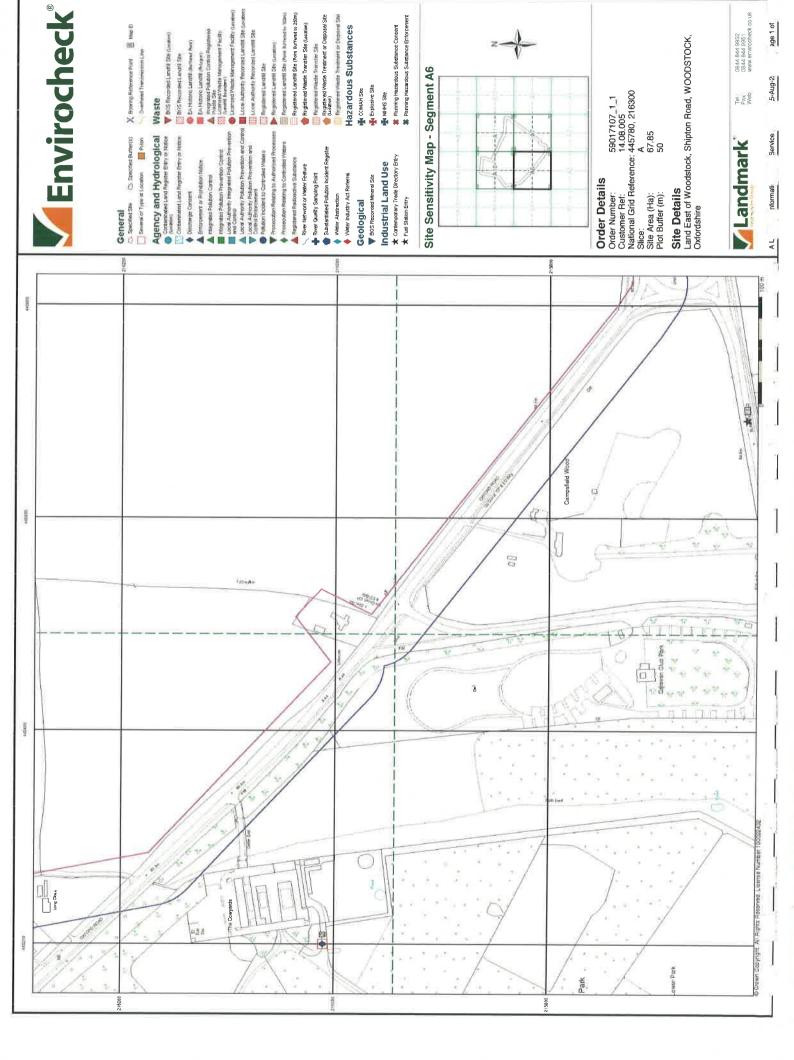
67.85 500

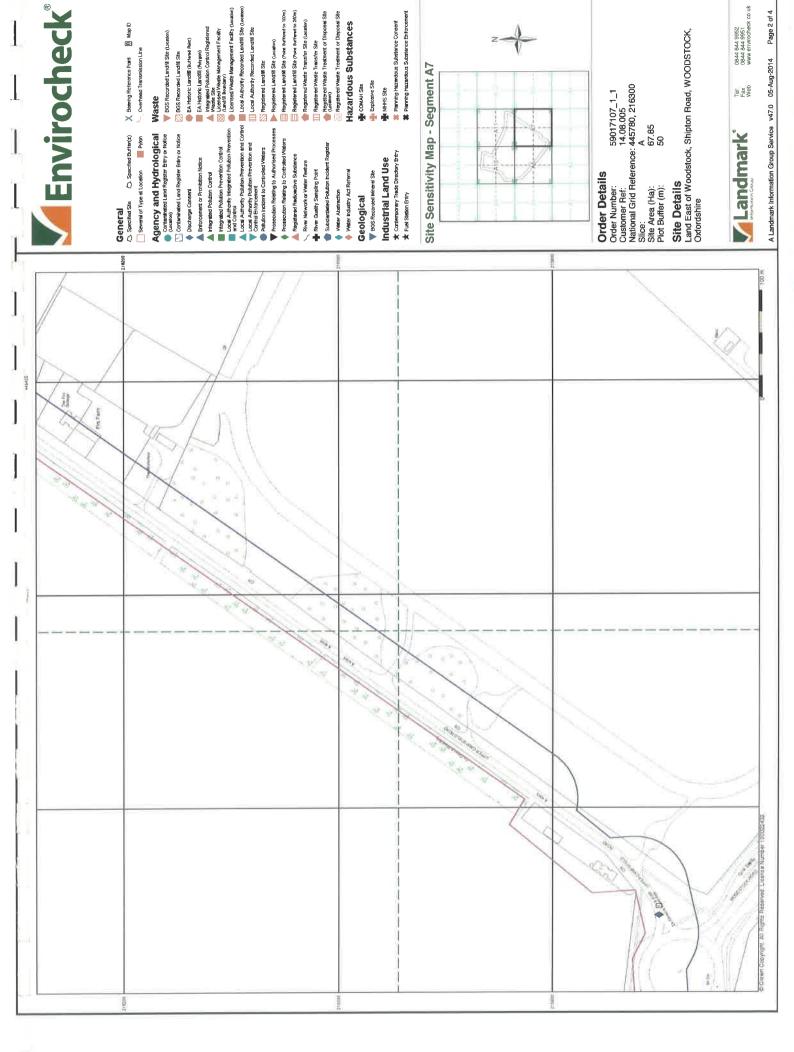
Site Details
Land East of Woodstock, Shipton Road, WOODSTOCK,
Oxfordshire



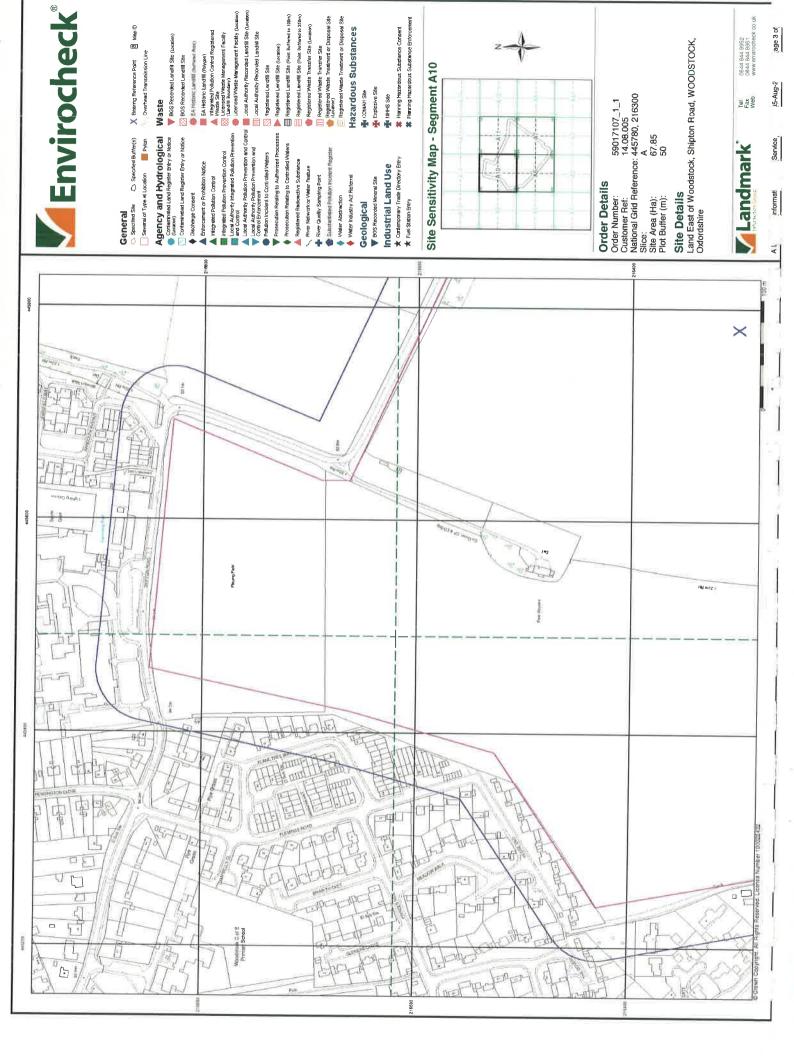
Tel Fax Web

Page 5 of 5 05-Aug-2014 Landmark Information Group Service v15.0





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