# Appendix B

### Photograph 1

View eastward along hedgerow (H6) and field margin of semi improved grassland (SI1), towards broadleaved semi-natural woodland (W1).



### Photograph 2

View of broadleaved semi-natural woodland (W1) along the eastern boundary of The Site.



# Photograph 3

View eastward along hedgerow (H8) and field margin of semi-improved grassland (SI2), the southern boundary of large arable field, and three lined A44 Oxford Road.



View to the south of The Site along hedgerow (H2), showing field margins of semi improved grassland.



### Photograph 5

View along hedgerow (H2) showing large mature trees within hedgerow and hedgerow gap; the southern aspect of Pest House and surrounding hedgerow (H4).



### Photograph 6

View at Hedgerow (H6) westward towards mature hedgerow (H4)which borders Pest House.



View of hedgerow (H7) on south western boundary of The Site.



# Photograph 8

View along field margin on western boundary of The Site.



### Photograph 9

Eastern aspect of Pest House.



Southern aspect of Pest House with cracks within wall providing potential roosting opportunities for crevice dwelling bat species.



### Photograph 11

Northern aspect of Pest House showing features suitable for crevice dwelling bat species.



# Photograph 12

Out house within improved grassland areas of Pest House.



Pond 3 within the northern section of grounds of Marlborough School, Woodstock



### Photograph 14

Pond 1 located in the south of the grounds at Marlborough School, Woodstock. The survey of the pond recorded great crested newt efts, indicating its use as a breeding pond for the species.



### Photograph 15

Pond 2 located in the west of the school grounds at Marlborough School, Woodstock. The original concrete pond liner has deteriorated in condition, with water only residing in a small area as shown.



Tree Number 12, located within the central section of the broad leaved seminatural woodland (W1) (Appendix A, Figure 1). Following assessment tree number 12 was recorded as having high potential as a bat roost. Emergence surveys, with use of Thermal Imaging camera, were undertaken where three common pipistrelle bats were recorded emerging from the tree on

