Environmental Statement Addendum Chapter 12 Appendices:

Appendix A: Plan of Mitigation Measures Appendix B: Phase 1 Habitat Plan Appendix C: Residual Impacts on the Ecological Receptors



Chapter 12 Appendix A: Plan of Mitigation Measures





Chapter 12 Appendix B: Phase 1 Habitat Plan







BSG Ecology survey data; site bour (produced by West Waddy ADP)

Chapter 12 Appendix C: Residual Impacts on the Ecological Receptors



Ecology and Nature Conservation

Revision to ES	Changes to Ecological Impact Assessment	Value	Phase of development	Design Mitigation	Potential Impact prior to mitigation (taking in to account Design Mitigation)	Mitigation Measures	Residual Impacts and likely significance at geographic scale of reference
1.Primary Road through site moved north of original road alignment	Hedgerows – Direct loss of habitat on boundary hedgerows on central section of Site (H2).	Parish	Construction	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only short sections removed Inclusion in the Green Network of additional tree line and hedge planting Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Long-term, positive impact of medium magnitude on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long-term, positive impact on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level
	Woodland – direct loss on eastern boundary of Site (W1). The relocation of	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at Parish	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees.	Long-term, positive impact at a Parish level.

Appendix C: The residual impacts of the development on the ecological receptors identified during the baseline studies and marked on Figure 3.

n	the Primary Road to the north of the road alignment as shown in ES			onlysmallsections removedalongeasternboundary of theSite.Appropriateuseof lighting duringconstruction.GreenNetworktreeplantingschemeincludes:newlycreatedwoodlandcomposed of anativespeciesmix;andscatteredandindividual trees.Treespecieswillbenativeandof local provenance.	level.	Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	
F F s h v	Semi improved grassland – relocation of Primary Road will result in a small reduction in field margin semi improved grassland habitat (SI3) associated with hedgerows and arable field margins	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary. The Green Network includes	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at a Parish level		Long term positive impact at a Parish level

Reptiles – direct loss of habitats including semi improved grassland (SI3), hedgerow (H2)	Parish	Construction	the creation of the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich lawns ; • amenity grassland; and • amenity grassland (gardens) Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary.	Short Negative permanent impact low magnitude	Preparation of mitigation strategy: translocation of reptile population from construction footprint to newly created receptor site	No negative impact at any geographic level
		Operational	Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting	Positive permanent impact medium magnitude	Management of receptor site for reptiles	Long term positive at at Parish level

Overall breeding bird community – direct loss of habitat including semi improved grassland (SI3) and hedgerow (H2)	Site	Construction	The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats: Conservation species-rich lawns ; amenity grassland; and amenity grassland (gardens) Retention of most of the on-site woodland with only small sections removed along eastern boundary of The Site. Retention of most hedgerows on	Low short term negative impact at Site level		No negative impact at any geographic level
	Site	Operational	Site with only small sections being removed. Green Network	Long term positive	Adherence to British	Long term positive

			_			1.		
			tree planting	impact at Parish level		impact	at	Parish
			scheme includes;		to trees.	level		
			of newly created					
			woodland		Best practice			
			composed of a		management of			
			native species		hedgerows			
			mix; and		5			
			scattered and		Adoption of Lighting			
			individual trees.		Strategy.			
					olidiogy.			
			Tree species will					
			be native and of					
			local provenance.					
			The Original					
			The Green					
			Network includes					
			the creation of					
			the following					
			grassland					
			habitats:					
			 conservation 					
			species-rich					
			lawns;					
			,					
			amenity					
			grassland;					
			and					
			anu					
			. omonitu					
			amenity					
			grassland					
			including					
			gardens					
Yellowhammers and	Site	Construction	Appropriate use		Site clearance at		gative	impact
Skylark – direct loss of			of lighting during	low impact at Site	appropriate time of	at any	geog	graphic

Operational Off Site Long term positive On going Long term positive Impact at Parish level Impact at Parish suitable breeding habitat for skylark and yellowhammer within Areas of the Blenheim bester bester <th>habitat in arable fields to the west and east of the Site</th> <th></th> <th>construction.</th> <th>level</th> <th>year to avoid nesting season, or check by ecologist</th> <th>level</th>	habitat in arable fields to the west and east of the Site		construction.	level	year to avoid nesting season, or check by ecologist	level
		Operational	development of suitable breeding habitat for skylark and yellowhammer within Areas of the Blenheim	impact at Parish level	management of	impact at Parish

Dormouse – direct loss of very small section of habitat including hedgerow H2, severance of commuting route and areas of foraging	District	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small areas removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed.	Short term negative impact of low magnitude through loss of habitat and severance of commuting routes	European Protected Species Derogation Licence	Long term impact at level	
			Appropriate use of lighting during construction.				
		Operational	Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Long term positive impact at District level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees.	Long term impact at level	positive District
			Inclusion in the		Best practice		

			Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting. Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Creation of arboreal bridges at road junctions within The Site.		management of trees and hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	
Bats – direct loss of foraging and commuting habitat including hedgerow H2 and semi improved grassland S13	Parish	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small sections removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Negative impact on roosting bats of significance at site level. No impact on bat activity as a result of direct loss of habitat (minimal woodland and foraging habitat loss). Negative impact on commuting and foraging bats as a result of construction lighting.	establish presence/absence of roosts prior to demolition of buildings and removal of trees, and preparation of a mitigation strategy, if required. Adoption of	No significant impact at any geographic level.
		Operational	Green Network tree planting	•	Adoption of appropriate lighting	No significant impact at any geographic

			scheme includes; newly created woodland composed of a native species mix, providing potential bat tree roosts. Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting. Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Creation of arboreal bridges	magnitude of significance at The Site level only	strategy Erection of bat boxes to increase roosting opportunities	level.
			arboreal bridges at road junctions within The Site.			
Polecat – direct loss of habitat used for foraging and commuting including hedgerow H2 and semi improved grassland SI3	Parish	Construction and Operational		No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level		No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level
			Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the			

			Green Network. Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.			
Terrestrial invertebrates – direct loss of habitat including hedgerow H2 and semi improved grassland SI3	Parish	Construction and Operational	Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary. Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network. Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Long term impact at level	

2, The roundabout onto the A4095 will move 70 m south	The relocation of the Primary Road to the south of the original road alignment does not present a material change to the Ecological Impact Assessment as contained in Environmental Statement	NA	NA	None	NA	None required	No significant impact at any geographic level
3. Introduction of 3 cycle and pedestrian routes on to the A44, one for the Central section and two for the Eastern area of the site, introduced to improve connectivity of this area of the site	Hedgerows – The construction of 3 cycle and pedestrian route onto the A44 will result in a direct loss during the construction phase of small sections of existing hedgerow H8.	Parish	Construction	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only short sections removed Inclusion in the Green Network of additional tree line and hedge planting Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Long-term, positive impact of medium magnitude on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long-term, positive impact on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level
	Semi improved grassland – Relocation of Primary Road will result in a small reduction in field margin	Parish	Construction	Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at a Parish level	Non required	Long term positive impact at a Parish level

semi improved grassland habitat (SI2) associated with hedgerows and arable field margins			the Site boundary. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich lawns ; • amenity grassland; and • amenity grassland (gardens)			
Reptiles – direct loss of habitats including semi improved grassland (SI2), hedgerow (H8)	Parish	Construction	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary.	Short Negative permanent impact low magnitude	Preparation of mitigation strategy: translocation of reptile population from construction footprint to newly created receptor site	No negative impact at any geographic level
		Operational	Inclusion in the	Positive permanent	Management of	Long term positive at

				Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats:	impact m magnitude	nedium	receptor site reptiles	for	at Parish level
				 conservation species-rich lawns ; amenity grassland; and amenity grassland (gardens) 					
habita impro	all breeding bird hunity – direct loss of at including semi ved grassland (SI2) edgerow (H8)	Site	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with only small sections removed along eastern boundary of The	Low short negative impa Site level	term act at	Site clearance appropriate time year to avoid nes season, or check ecologist	sting	No negative impact at any geographic level

	1		O ¹¹				1
			Site.				
			Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed.				
Sit	te	Operational	Green Network tree planting scheme includes; of newly created woodland composed of a native species mix; and scattered and individual trees. Tree species will be native and of local provenance. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich lawns; • amenity grassland;	Long term positive impact at Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long term impact at level	positive Parish

		ſ	
	and		
	 amenity 		
	grassland including		
	including		
	gardens		
	9		
			;
			·

			native species mix; and scattered and individual trees.				
Dormouse – direct loss of very small sections of habitat including hedgerow H8, severance of commuting route and areas of foraging	District	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small areas removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only	Short term negative impact of low magnitude through loss of habitat and severance of commuting routes	European Protected Species Derogation Licence	Long term impact at level	
			small sections being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.				
		Operational	Appropriate use of lighting during construction. Inclusion in the	Long term positive impact at District level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice	Long term impact at level	positive District
			Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting.		management of trees and hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.		
			Hedgerow species will be				

			native and of local provenance. Creation of arboreal bridges at road junctions within The Site.			
Bats – direct loss of foraging and commuting habitat including hedgerow H8 and semi improved grassland S12	Parish	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small sections removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Negative impact on roosting bats of significance at site level. No impact on bat activity as a result of direct loss of habitat (minimal woodland and foraging habitat loss). Negative impact on commuting and foraging bats as a result of construction lighting.	establish presence/absence of roosts prior to demolition of buildings and removal of trees, and preparation of a mitigation strategy, if required. Adoption of	No significant impact at any geographic level.
		Operational	Green Network tree planting scheme includes; newly created woodland composed of a native species mix, providing potential bat tree roosts.	Neutral impact on bat species with low magnitude of significance at The Site level only	Adoption of appropriate lighting strategy Erection of bat boxes to increase roosting opportunities	No significant impact at any geographic level.

			Inclusion in the Green Network			
			(on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting.			
			Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance.			
			Creation of arboreal bridges at road junctions within The Site.			
Polecat – direct loss of habitat used for foraging and commuting including hedgerow H8 and semi improved grassland SI2	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary.	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Adoption of traffic calming measures	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level
			Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network.			
			Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species			

				mix.			
	Terrestrial invertebrates – direct loss of habitat including hedgerow H8 and semi improved grassland SI2	Parish	Construction and Operational	Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Areas of dead wood should be retained within the woodland sections	Long term positive impact at Parish level
				Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary.			
				Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network.			
				Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.			
4. Introduction of a direct cycle and pedestrian route on to Shipton Road for the North Eastern area of the site,	Woodland – direct loss on northern boundary of Site (W1)	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of most of the on-site woodland W1 with only small sections removed along the northern	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at Parish level.	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long-term, positive impact at a Parish level.

introduced to improve connectivity of this area of the site				boundary of the Site. Appropriate use of lighting during construction. Green Network tree planting scheme includes: newly created woodland composed of a native species mix; and scattered and individual trees. Tree species will be native and of local provenance.				
	Semi improved grassland – Relocation of Primary Road will result in a small reduction in field margin semi improved grassland habitat (SI1) associated with hedgerows and arable field margins	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland	dium	Non required	Long	term positive impact at a Parish level

			habitats:			
			 conservation species-rich lawns ; amenity grassland; and amenity grassland (gardens) 			
Reptiles – direct loss of habitats including semi improved grassland (SI1), woodland (W1)	Parish	Construction	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary.	Short Negative permanent impact low magnitude	Preparation of mitigation strategy: translocation of reptile population from construction footprint to newly created receptor site	No negative impact at any geographic level
		Operational	Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting The Green Network includes	Positive permanent impact medium magnitude	Management of receptor site for reptiles	Long term positive at at Parish level

			the creation of			
			the following			
			grassland			
			habitats:			
			conservation			
			species-rich			
			lawns ;			
			amenity			
			grassland;			
			and			
			 amenity 			
			grassland			
			(gardens)			
Quarall broading bird	Cito	Construction	Dotontion of most	low obort torm	Cito algorange et	No popotivo impost
Overall breeding bird	Site	Construction	Retention of most		Site clearance at	
community – direct loss of small areas habitat			of the on-site woodland with	negative impact at Site level	appropriate time of year to avoid nesting	at any geographic level
including semi improved			only small		season, or check by	
grassland (SI1) and			sections removed		ecologist	
woodland (W1)			along eastern			
			boundary of The			
			Site.			
			Retention of most			
			hedgerows on			
			Site with only			
			small sections			
			being removed.			

Site	Operational	Green Network tree planting scheme includes; of newly created woodland composed of a native species mix; and scattered and individual trees. Tree species will be native and of local provenance. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich	Long term positive impact at Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long term impact at level	positive Parish
		 lawns; amenity grassland; and amenity 				
		grassland including gardens				

Dormouse - direct loss of	District	Construction	Retention of most	Short	term negative	European	Protected	Long	term	positive

very small sections of habitat including woodland W1, severance of commuting route and areas of foraging		of the on-site woodland with small areas removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	impact of low magnitude through loss of habitat and severance of commuting routes	Species Derogation Licence	impact at level	District
	Operational	Appropriate use of lighting during construction. Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting. Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Creation of arboreal bridges at road junctions	Long term positive impact at District level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of trees and hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long term impact at level	

			within The Site.			
Bats – direct loss of foraging and commuting habitat including woodland W1 and semi improved grassland S11	Parish	Construction		Negative impact on roosting bats of significance at site level. No impact on bat activity as a result of direct loss of habitat (minimal woodland and foraging habitat loss). Negative impact on commuting and foraging bats as a result of construction lighting.	establish presence/absence of roosts prior to demolition of buildings and removal of trees, and preparation of a mitigation strategy, if required. Adoption of appropriate lighting	No significant impact at any geographic level.
		Operational	Green Network tree planting scheme includes; newly created woodland composed of a native species mix, providing potential bat tree roosts. Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge	Neutral impact on bat species with low magnitude of significance at The Site level only	•	No significant impact at any geographic level.

			planting.			
			Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance.			
			Creation of arboreal bridges at road junctions within The Site.			
Polecat – direct loss of habitat used for foraging and commuting including woodland W1 and semi improved grassland SI1	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary.	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Adoption of traffic calming measures	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level
			Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network.			
			Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.			
Terrestrial invertebrates – direct loss of habitat including woodland W1 and semi improved	Parish	Construction and Operational	Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Areas of dead wood should be retained within the woodland sections	Long term positive impact at Parish level

	grassland SI1			line and hedge			
	-			planting			
				Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary.			
				Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network.			
				Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.			
5. The addition of four pedestrian,/ or cycle routes north south hedgerows (H1 and H2)	Hedgerows – the construction of 4 pedestrian routes will result in a direct loss of small sections of hedgerows H1 and H2	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only short sections removed Inclusion in the Green Network of additional tree line and hedge planting	Long-term, positive impact of medium magnitude on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long-term, positive impact on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level
				Hedgerow			

			species will be native and of local provenance. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.		
– The cons pedestrian result in a loss of se	small direct mi improved habitat (SI3) with	Construction and Operational	Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich lawns ; • amenity grassland; and • amenity grassland (gardens)	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at a Parish level	Long term positive impact at a Parish level
	- the inclusion destrian will				

reduce the area of proposed new woodland (W3) which will form part of the Bat Corridor						
Reptiles – direct loss of habitats including semi improved grassland (SI3), hedgerows H1 and H2	Parish	Construction	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary.	Short Negative permanent impact low magnitude	Preparation of mitigation strategy: translocation of reptile population from construction footprint to newly created receptor site	No negative impact at any geographic level
Overall breeding bird community – direct loss of small areas habitat including semi improved grassland (SI3) and small sections of hedgerows H1 and H2	Site	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with only small sections removed along eastern boundary of The Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed.	Low short term negative impact at Site level	Site clearance at appropriate time of year to avoid nesting season, or check by ecologist	No negative impact at any geographic level
	Site	Operational	Green Network tree planting scheme includes;	Long term positive impact at Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees.	Long term positive impact at Parish level
		1				
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	of newly created					
	woodland		Best practice			
	composed of a		management of			
	native species		hedgerows			
	mix; and		0			
	scattered and		Adoption of Lighting			
	individual trees.					
	individual trees.		Strategy.			
	Tree species will					
	be native and of					
	local provenance.					
	The Green					
	Network includes					
	the creation of					
	the following					
	grassland					
	habitats:					
	 conservation 					
	species-rich					
	lawns;					
	amenity					
	grassland;					
	and					
	anu					
	amenity					
	grassland					
	including					
	gardens					
	onity	baagoro booonno	pioriada, opoda			

Dormouse – direct loss of very small sections of habitat including hedgerows H1 and H2, severance of commuting route and areas of	District	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small areas removed along eastern boundary	impact of low magnitude through loss of habitat and severance of	Species Derogation	Long term impact at level	

foraging			of the Site.			
			Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed.			
			Appropriate use of lighting during construction.			
		Operational	Appropriate use of lighting during construction. Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting. Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Creation of arboreal bridges at road junctions within The Site.	Long term positive impact at District level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of trees and hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long term positive impact at District level
Bats – direct loss of foraging and commuting habitat including small	Parish	Construction		Negative impact on roosting bats of significance at site	establish	No significant impact at any geographic level.

sections in hedgerows H1 and H2, negative impact of artificial lighting, and semi improved grassland S11 Polecat – direct loss of habitat used for foraging and commuting including hedgerows H1 and H2 and semi improved grassland SI3	Parish	Construction and Operational	small sections removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction. Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary. Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network. Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a	level. No impact on bat activity as a result of direct loss of habitat (minimal woodland and foraging habitat loss). Negative impact on commuting and foraging bats as a result of construction lighting. No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	of trees, and preparation of a mitigation strategy, if required. Adoption of appropriate lighting strategy.	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level
Terrestrial invertebrates –	Parish	Construction	native species mix.	No significant	Areas of dead wood	Long term positive

	direct loss of habitat including small sections of hedgerows H1 and H2 and semi improved grassland SI3		and Operational	Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary. Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network. Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.	impact/neutra Parish level	al at a	should be retained within the woodland sections	impact at Parish level
6. Change in layout for the local centre to reflect both size and character of Woodstock streets and spaces.	The change in layout for the local centre does not present a material change to the Ecological Impact Assessment as contained in Environmental Statement	NA	NA	None			None required	No significant impact at any geographic level
7. Road heading	The relocation of road	Parish	Construction	Retention of most	Long-term,	positive	Adherence to British	Long-term, positive

north to the primary school from the local centre moved further west to introduce double frontage.	heading north to primary school will not pass through existing hedgerow H2 and will result in an increase in the amount of retained hedgerow			hedgerows on Site with only short sections removed Inclusion in the Green Network of additional tree line and hedge planting Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	impact of medium magnitude or hedgerow habita significant at a Parish level	to trees.	impact on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level
	The relocation of road heading north to primary school will not pass through existing semi improved grassland associated with hedgerow H2 and will result in an increase in the amount of retained semi improved grassland	Parish	Construction	Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich	Long term positive impact of mediun magnitude at a Parish level		Long term positive impact at a Parish level

				lawns ;			
				 amenity grassland; and amenity grassland (gardens) 			
8. Care Village has been moved to the West of the local centre.	The change in layout for the local centre does not present a material change to the Ecological Impact Assessment as contained in Environmental Statement	NA	NA	None		None required	No significant impact at any geographic level
9. Area previously designated for the care village has been allocated for Residential development.	The change in position for the care village will result in a reduction in the length of hedgerow H3 to be removed	Parish	Construction and post construction	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only short sections removed Inclusion in the Green Network of additional tree line and hedge planting Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance.	Long-term, positive impact of medium magnitude on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level	standards in relation to trees.	Long-term, positive impact on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level

			of lighting during construction.			
Overall breeding bird community – direct loss of small areas hedgerow H3	Site	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with only small sections removed along eastern boundary of The Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections	Low short term negative impact at Site level	Site clearance at appropriate time of year to avoid nesting season, or check by ecologist	No negative impact at any geographic level
	Site	Operational	being removed. Green Network tree planting scheme includes; of newly created woodland composed of a native species mix; and scattered and individual trees. Tree species will be native and of local provenance. The Green Network includes the creation of	Long term positive impact at Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long term positive impact at Parish level

	the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich lawns; • amenity		
	grassland; and • amenity grassland including gardens		
	being removed.		

ver hat	ormouse – direct loss of ry small section of bitat including dgerow H3	District	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small areas removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed.	Short term negative impact of low magnitude through loss of habitat and severance of commuting routes	European Protected Species Derogation Licence	Long term impact at level	
			Operational	Appropriate use of lighting during construction. Appropriate use	Long term positive impact at District		Long term	positive District

				construction.	level	to trees.	level
				Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting.		Bestpracticemanagementof treesand hedgerowsandAdoptionofLightingStrategy.	
				Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Creation of arboreal bridges			
				at road junctions within The Site.			
f I	Bats – direct loss of foraging and commuting habitat including small section in hedgerow H3	Parish	Construction	of the on-site woodland with small sections removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections	Negative impact on roosting bats of significance at site level. No impact on bat activity as a result of direct loss of habitat (minimal woodland and foraging habitat loss).	establish presence/absence of roosts prior to demolition of buildings and removal of trees, and preparation of a mitigation strategy, if required. Adoption of	No significant impact at any geographic level.
				being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Negative impact on commuting and foraging bats as a result of construction lighting.	appropriate lighting strategy.	

Polecat – direct loss of habitat used for foraging and commuting including hedgerow H3	Construction and Operational	Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary. Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network.	impact/neutral at a	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level
		scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.		

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	Terrestrial invertebrates – direct loss of habitat including small section of hedgerow H3	Parish	Construction and Operational	Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Areas of dead wood should be retained within the woodland sections	Long term positive impact at Parish level
				Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary.			
				Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network.			
				Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.			
10. Increase in sports provision as a use for the area of green space over the archaeological remains north of the SAM (to meet	Grasslands – The increase in sports provision will result in a small reduction of proposed new planting of amenity/conservation grassland	Parish	Construction	Creation of amenity grassland	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at a Parish level	None required	Long term positive impact at a Parish level

Cherwell District Council sports provision standards).							
11. Allotments to the north eastern area of the site.	Grasslands – The provision of Green Square will result in an increase in the amenity/conservation grassland located within the Site	Parish	Construction	Creation of conservation species-rich lawns	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at a Parish level	None required	Long term positive impact at a Parish level
12. Green Corridor introduced as a form of landscape and linkage from the SAM Green space and the new Green square	Grasslands – The provision of Green Corridor will result in an increase in the amenity/conservation grassland located within the Site	Parish	Construction	Creation of the following grassland habitats: • conservation species-rich lawns • amenity grassland	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at a Parish level	None required	Long term positive impact at a Parish level
13. Enhancement of the trail around the edge of the site, which will accommodate a cycle, pedestrian route and adventure trail.	Development of trail will reduce the area of proposed amenity/conservation grassland to be planted	Parish	Construction and Operation	Retention of semi improved grassland habitats along the Site boundary. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland	Long term positive impact of medium magnitude at a Parish level	Non required	Long term positive impact at a Parish level

				habitats:			
				 conservation species-rich lawns ; amenity grassland; and amenity grassland (gardens) 			
14. Additional route through the East West hedgerow, link from phase 1 to the care village.	The additional vehicular route through the East West hedgerow (H3) will result in a direct loss of hedgerow habitat	Parish	Construction and post construction	Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only short sections removed Inclusion in the Green Network of additional tree line and hedge planting Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Long-term, positive impact of medium magnitude on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long-term, positive impact on hedgerow habitat significant at a Parish level
	Overall breeding bird	Site	Construction	Retention of most	Low short term	Site clearance at	No negative impact

community – direct loss of small areas hedgerow H3			of the on-site woodland with only small sections removed along eastern boundary of The Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed.	negative impact at Site level	appropriate time of year to avoid nesting season, or check by ecologist	at any geographic level
	Site	Operational	Green Network tree planting scheme includes; of newly created woodland composed of a native species mix; and scattered and individual trees. Tree species will be native and of local provenance. The Green Network includes the creation of the following grassland habitats:	Long term positive impact at Parish level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	Long term positive impact at Parish level

 conservation species-rich lawns; amenity grassland; and amenity grassland including gardens 	

			Green Network tree planting scheme includes; newly created woodland composed of a native species mix; and scattered and individual trees.	killed through traffic collision.			
Dormouse – direct loss of very small section of habitat including hedgerow H3	District	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small areas removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	Short term negative impact of low magnitude through loss of habitat and severance of commuting routes	European Protected Species Derogation Licence	Long term impact at level	positive District
		Operational	Appropriate use of lighting during construction. Inclusion in the Green Network	Long term positive impact at District level	Adherence to British standards in relation to trees. Best practice management of trees	Long term impact at level	positive District

			 (on and off site) of additional tree line and hedge planting. Hedgerow species will be native and of local provenance. Creation of arboreal bridges at road junctions within The Site. 		and hedgerows Adoption of Lighting Strategy.	
Bats – direct loss of foraging and commuting habitat including small section in hedgerow H3	Parish	Construction	Retention of most of the on-site woodland with small sections removed along eastern boundary of the Site. Retention of most hedgerows on Site with only small sections being removed. Appropriate use of lighting during construction.	roosting bats of significance at site level.	establish presence/absence of roosts prior to demolition of buildings and removal of trees, and preparation of a mitigation strategy, if required. Adoption of	No significant impact at any geographic level.
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			Green Network tree planting scheme includes; newly created woodland composed of a native species mix; and scattered and individual trees.	killed through traffic collision.		
Polecat – direct loss of habitat used for foraging and commuting including hedgerow H3	Parish	Construction and Operational	Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary. Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network. Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Adoption of traffic calming measures	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level
Terrestrial invertebrates – direct loss of habitat including small section of hedgerow H3	Parish	Construction and Operational	Inclusion in the Green Network (on and off site) of additional tree	No significant impact/neutral at a Parish level	Areas of dead wood should be retained within the woodland sections	Long term positive impact at Parish level

	line and hedge planting
	Retention of grassland habitats along the site boundary.
	Inclusion of conservation species-rich lawns in the Green Network.
	Plantings scheme includes newly created woodland composed of a native species mix.