

SUMMARY PLANTING SPECIFICATION

These implementation and maintenance guidelines are for planning purposes only to indicate the level of workmanship to be specified and do not constitute a detailed specification.

1. GENERAL

1.1 All landscape operatives will be appropriately trained, certified and qualified to undertake the tasks required. When required, relevant certificates will be made available for inspection. All work is to be carried out in accordance with the relevant British Standards, Codes of Practice and Legislation.

1.2 All plants shall conform to BS 3861 and be in accordance with the National Plant Specification. Supplying nurseries shall be registered under the HTA Nursery Certification Scheme. All plants shall be packed and transported in accordance with the Code of Practice for Plant Handling as produced by CPSE.

1.3 Planting shall not be carried out when the ground is waterlogged, frost bound or during periods of cold drying winds. All bare root planting stock will be kept covered until actually planted in order to minimise water-loss and prevent the code of practice for plant handling, storage and planting shall be in accordance with BS 5646 Chapters 8 to 10 and Annex E to F.

1.4 The landscape contractor shall maintain all areas of new planting for a period of 12 months following practical completion. All stock deemed to be dead, dying or deceased within the defects period shall be replaced by the contractor at his own cost.

2. TREE PLANTING

Ground Preparation and Tree Pit Excavation

2.1 Where necessary treat existing trees with a glyphosate based herbicide and allow a suitable period to elapse, as recommended by the manufacturer, for the herbicide to take effect.

2.2 Tree pits of at least 750mm diameter and 1.5m depth, shall be excavated to a depth no deeper than the rootball/container depth and the base of the pit should be flattened to prevent heaving. All artefacts such as plastic, wood, metal and stones greater than 50mm in dimension shall be removed from site.

2.3 During excavation of the pit, the soil dug should be placed to one side separating topsoil and subsoil as far as practical.

Tree Planting

2.4 Trees shall be planted as per the planting arrangement as set out on the planting plan and plant schedule.

2.5 The typical rooting depth for trees is 600mm. The first 300mm shall be made up of topsoil, it shall be ensured that a suitable subsoil provides the remainder of the minimum rooting depth.

2.6 The root system of the tree should be wetted prior to planting. The tree should be planted at the correct depth taking into account the position of the root flare and the finished level - the rootball or root stem transition should be level with the existing soil or surface. The base of the rootball should typically sit on subsoil, for larger rootballs the subsoil will sit around the lower portion of the rootball.

2.7 Tree pits should be backfilled with the excavated topsoil, if the original topsoil is not available or deemed unsuitable, an appropriate backfill should be used. Any retained topsoil should be discarded and the subsoil replaced with 200mm of topsoil. Backfilling should be done in layers of 150mm to 200mm depth, ensuring the tree is held upright at each stage. It is recommended to form a 100mm wide pocket under and around the root system, but with care being taken not to excessively compact the soil. The final layer should not be compacted.

2.8 General-purpose slow release fertiliser (at the rate of 75g/m²) and Tree Planting and Mulching Compound at the rate of (20kg/m²) are to be incorporated into the top 150mm of topsoil during final cultivation.

2.9 Extra heavy standard trees shall be double staked staked with 75mm dia stakes. Stakes should be driven at least 300mm into undisturbed ground before planting the tree, taking care to avoid underground services and cables etc. and should typically be one third the height of the tree stem above ground.

2.10 Trees shall be secured to stakes with suitable proprietary rubber tree ties and spacers.

2.11 Immediately after planting, but before applying the below bark mulch, all trees should be examined to find any pests. Ornamental composted bark mulch should be spread at 75mm across a 1.0m dia circle around individual trees, ensuring the root flare and base of the stem, along with any ground cover plants, are not buried.

Maintenance

2.12 In the autumn following planting, the landscape contractor will prepare a list of all trees which are dead, dying or deceased and are to be replaced during the following spring season. All stock deemed to be dead, dying or deceased within the defects period shall be replaced by the contractor at his own cost.

2.13 The site is to be visited monthly throughout the year to undertake the following operations.

- Weed clearance: All tree pits are to be kept weed free by hand weeding or herbicide treatment. The bark mulch shall be topped up as required.
- Uter clearance: All litter is to be removed from tree planting areas.
- Walking: All trees are to be weeded during the growing season following any dry periods of 2 days.
- Checking trees: All tree ties and stakes are to be checked and adjusted if too loose, too tight or if cracking is occurring. Any broken stakes are to be replaced. All prills, grills and guards shall be checked at least once annually, where no longer necessary or physically damaging the tree these should be removed.
- Formative pruning: Any damaged shoots/branches are to be pruned back to healthy wood. Trees are to be pruned in accordance with good horticultural practices (BS 3868) to maintain healthy well-shaped specimens which are appropriately shaped for their circumstances.

3. SHRUB PLANTING

3.1 Shrub plants are to be set out as shown on the drawing and pit planted into the prepared soil at the specified densities with minimal disturbance to the rootball and well firm in.

3.2 Recommended planting depths are 100mm for shrubs plants. Multi-purpose instant depths shall be 300mm for bushes, ensuring that the whole subsoil shall provide a minimum of the minimum rooting depth. Before replacing topsoil, subsoil should be loosened using ripper equipment, this shall be done when the subsoil is dry to encourage soil aeration. All stones and other objects larger than 50 mm shall be removed from the prepared surface.

3.3 Within the day of planting shrub plants should be saturated to field capacity, this shall be done before applying the bark bark mulch.

3.4 Spread commercial pine bark mulch to a depth of 75mm across all new planted areas, taking care not to bury groundcover plants.

4. ORNAMENTAL HEDGING

Ground Preparation

4.1 Where necessary existing weeds will be treated with a glyphosate-based herbicide and a suitable period allowed to elapse, as recommended by the manufacturer, for the herbicide to take effect. All hazardous material such as plastic, wood, metal and stones greater than 50mm diameter will be removed from site to a registered waste disposal facility.

4.2 The planting arrangement shall be as set out in the plant schedule on the relevant planting plan.

4.3 Bare-root hedge plants shall be notch planted in a double staggered row at the rate of 6 plants per linear meter (using L-shaped notches) using species of a height suitable for this purpose. The notches must be vertical and deep enough for the roots to hang freely, with the transplant being planted so that the root collar is exactly level with the ground surface. The notch should be cut close and the soil will be well firmed round the roots in line with the guidelines as set out in BSI AC42 (2008).

4.4 All bare-root hedge planting stock will be protected from rabbit damage using approved proprietary 800mm clear plastic rabbit guards supported with 0.05 x 12.5mm canes as selected by the manufacturer.

4.5 Maintenance during first growing season:

4.6 All dead, dying or deceased hedge plants will be replaced with plants of similar size and species. If the failure of the plant is due to disease and the disease is considered likely to reoccur then an alternative species may be used as replacement if agreed with the LPA.

4.7 The planting area will be kept weed throughout the maintenance period using approved herbicides, in April, June and August.

5. AMENITY GRASS

Maintenance

5.1 Areas to be turfed or seeded shall be sprayed out with a glyphosate herbicide and cultivated to a depth of 100mm removing all weeds, debris and stones over 25mm diameter. The surface shall be left smooth (using a harrow with a fine tine), Amenity grass areas will receive pre-seeding fertilizer at 70 g/m². Meadow grass areas will not be fertilised.

5.2 The minimum overall recommended sowing depths for grass is 40mm, the first 150mm shall be made up of a mixture of grass seed and topsoil, it shall be applied to a depth of 10mm. The remainder of the mix shall be the sowing depth. Before sowing seed, subsoil should be loosened using ripper equipment, this shall be done when the subsoil is dry to encourage soil aeration. All stones and other objects larger than 50 mm shall be removed from the prepared surface.

5.3 Turf shall be supplied in accordance with BS 2046. It shall be clean, uncontaminated grass in colour and be sufficiently thick to withstand mowing. Turf shall be regular in shape, 200mm wide and of uniform thickness (minimum 20mm). The grass shall be visually sound and shall not exceed 25mm in height. Turf shall be stacked in piles of up to 1 metre. It shall not be laid in frosty or water-damaged conditions and a half net shall be thrown over for three days. Turf shall be laid in a staggered pattern. The central area shall be laid in rows with staggered joints, well firmed down using a plate compactor. Any unevenness shall be made good by lifting the turf and adjusting the levels. Should shrinkage occur, the topsoil shall be smoothed into the joints.

5.4 Grass lawn shall be sown either in April/May or September/October during calm weather and not when the ground is frost bound or waterlogged. Seed shall be sown in two equal sowings in transverse directions at 30g/m² for amenity grass. After sowing the contractor shall lightly rake the seed into intimate contact with the soil.

5.5 When ready sown amenity grass, which 50mm they should be lightly raked and cultic to a depth of 25mm. All drainage and the surface area must be made good at this time. Amenity grass shall be regularly maintained between 25 and 30cm during the life of the area.

5.6 Seeding rates shall be as follows:

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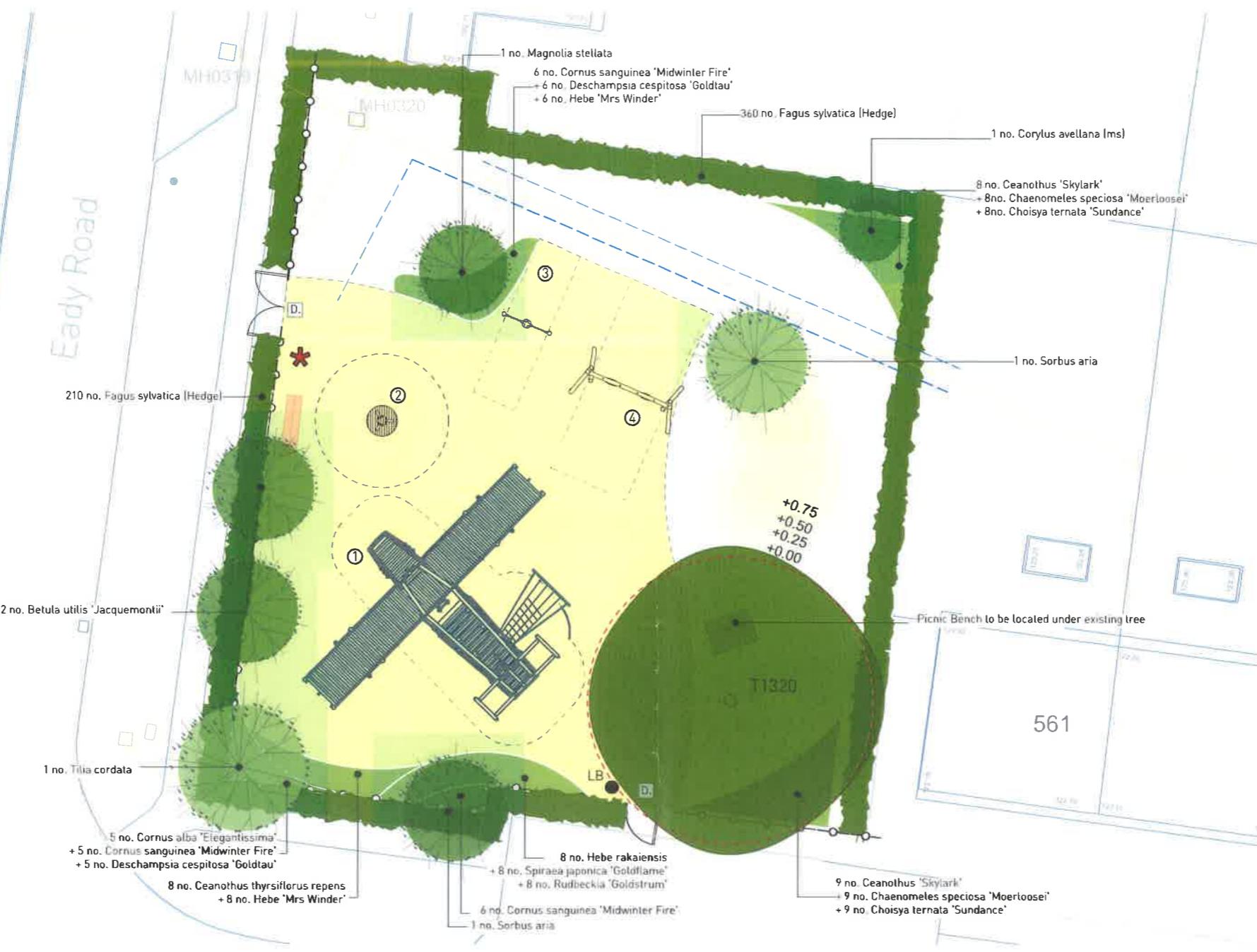
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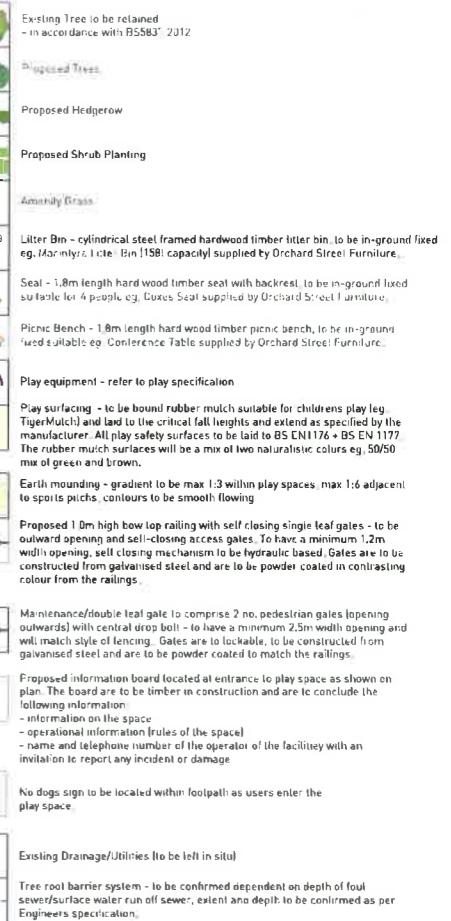
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KEY



Revisions:

First Issue- 06/12/2017 RVF

A- [08/03/2018 ASK] Equipment revised to client comment

B- [27/04/2018 RVF] Equipment revised to client comment

C- [03/09/2018 RVF] Gate information revised to LPA comment

Detailed Landscape Proposals - Roper Road Play Area (Sheet 1 of 4)

Heyford Park - Existing Open Spaces

Client: Dorchester Group

DRWG No: D.0341_138

Drawn by: RVF/ARW/ASK

Date: 03/09/2018

Scale: 1:2000@A3

Sheet No: 1 REV: C

Approved by: RVF

Pegasus



1 - Ibondo Albatros with net
Age 3+ years
Supplier: Eibe

Note: Equipment to be relocated from Phase 2 play space. Re-installation to be completed as per manufacturers specification.



2 - Carousel!
Age 4+ years
Supplier: Kompan (NR0109)



3 - Two Seat Swing (Toddler)
Age 3+ years
Supplier: Kompan (NR0904)



4 - Two Seat Swing (Toddler)
Age 3+ years
Supplier: Kompan (NR0904)

Note: all planting should avoid man-made grids and lines, and should group species together in groups of 3-5 plants

10m



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