APPENDIX 10.1- DEFINITION OF AIR QUALITY TERMS AND UNITS

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ppm parts per million - defines the units of pollution in every million (106) units of air.

ppb parts per billion - defines the units of pollution in every billion (10⁹) units of air.

μg/m³ microgrammes per cubic metre - one microgramme is one millionth of a gram.

ng/m³ nanogrammes per cubic metre – one nanogramme is one milliardth (i.e. one thousand

millionth of a gram (10-9))

Annual mean the average of the concentrations measured for one year. the average of the concentrations measured for one hour.

24-hour mean the average of the concentrations measured for twenty four hours.

Running mean the mean or series of means calculated for overlapping time periods. For example,

an 8-hour running mean is calculated every hour and averages the values for eight hours. The period of averaging is stepped forward by one hour for each subsequent value so that a degree of overlap exists between successive values. Non-running

means are calculated for consecutive time periods so that there is no overlap.

Percentile a value that establishes a particular threshold in a collection of data. For example,

the 90th percentile of yearly values is the value that 90% of all the data in the year

fall below or equal.

Exceedance a period of time when the concentration of a pollutant is greater than, or equal to,

the relevant air quality standard.