

This drawing is the property of FPCR Environment and Design Ltd and is issued on the condition it is not reproduced, retained or disclosed to any unauthorised person, either wholly or in part without written consent of FPCR Environment

Ordnance Survey material - Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. Licence Number: 100019980 (Centremapslive.com)

Site Boundary

Hallam Land Management Ltd

North West Bicester

fpcr site location

scale 1:25,000 @ A3

issue date 04 October 2021

Figure 1

masterplanning = environmental assessment = landscape design = urban design = ecology = architecture = arboriculture

\\FPCR-FS-01\EarlyWork\\9600\\9643\LANDS\LVIA\\9643\_LVA Figures 1 - 5.indd

500 1000m



FPCR Environment and Design Ltd, Lockington Hall, Lockington, Derby, DE74 2RH • t: 01509 672772 • e: mail@fpcr.co.uk • w: www.fpcr.co.uk masterplanning • environmental assessment • landscape design • urban design • ecology • architecture • arboriculture

500 1000m This drawing is the property of FPCR Environment and Design Ltd and is issued on the condition it is not reproduced, retained or disclosed to any unauthorised person, either wholly or in part without written consent of FPCR Environment

Ordnance Survey material - Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. Licence Number: 100019980 (Centremapslive.com)



Site Boundary



Hallam Land Management Ltd

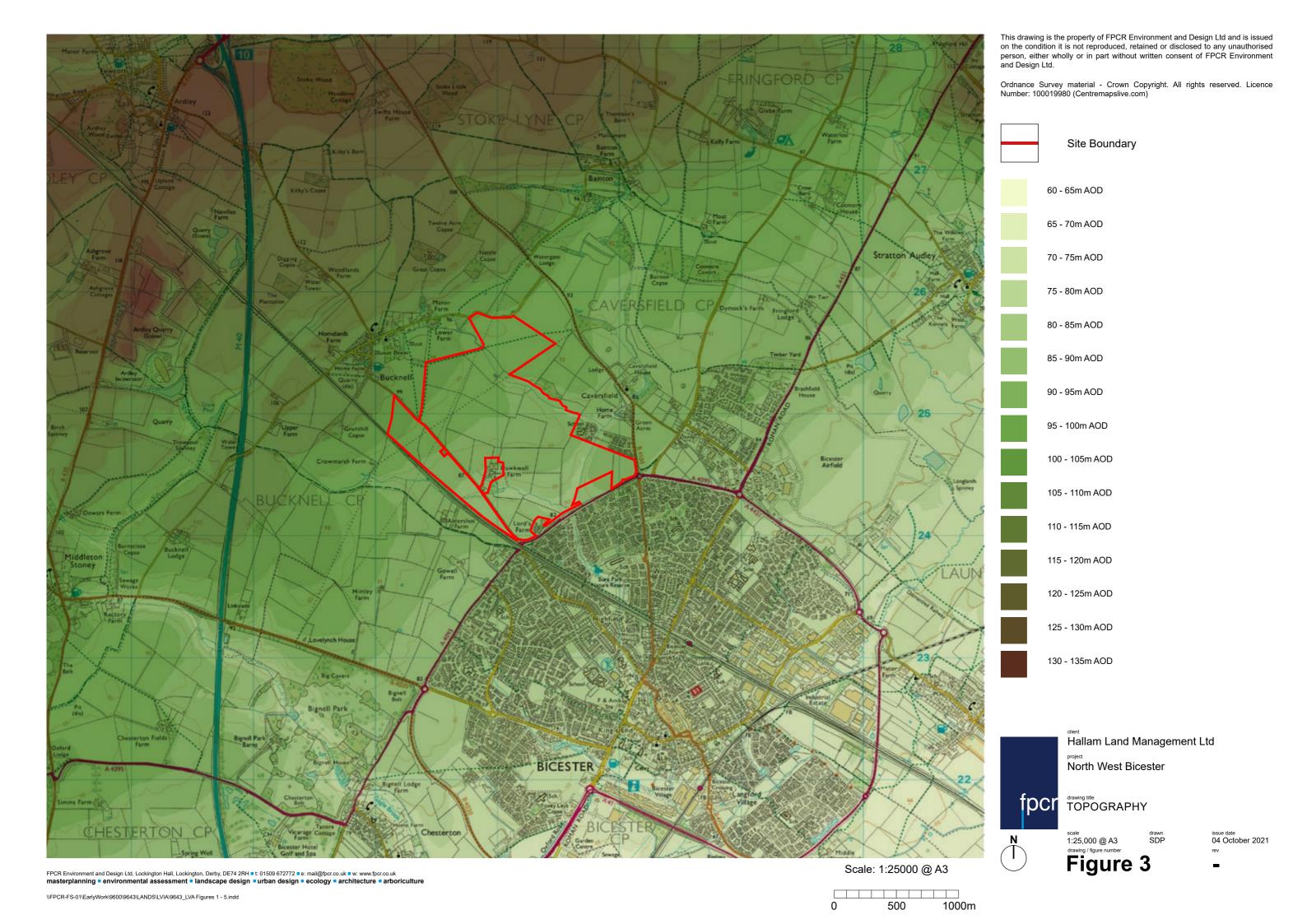
North West Bicester

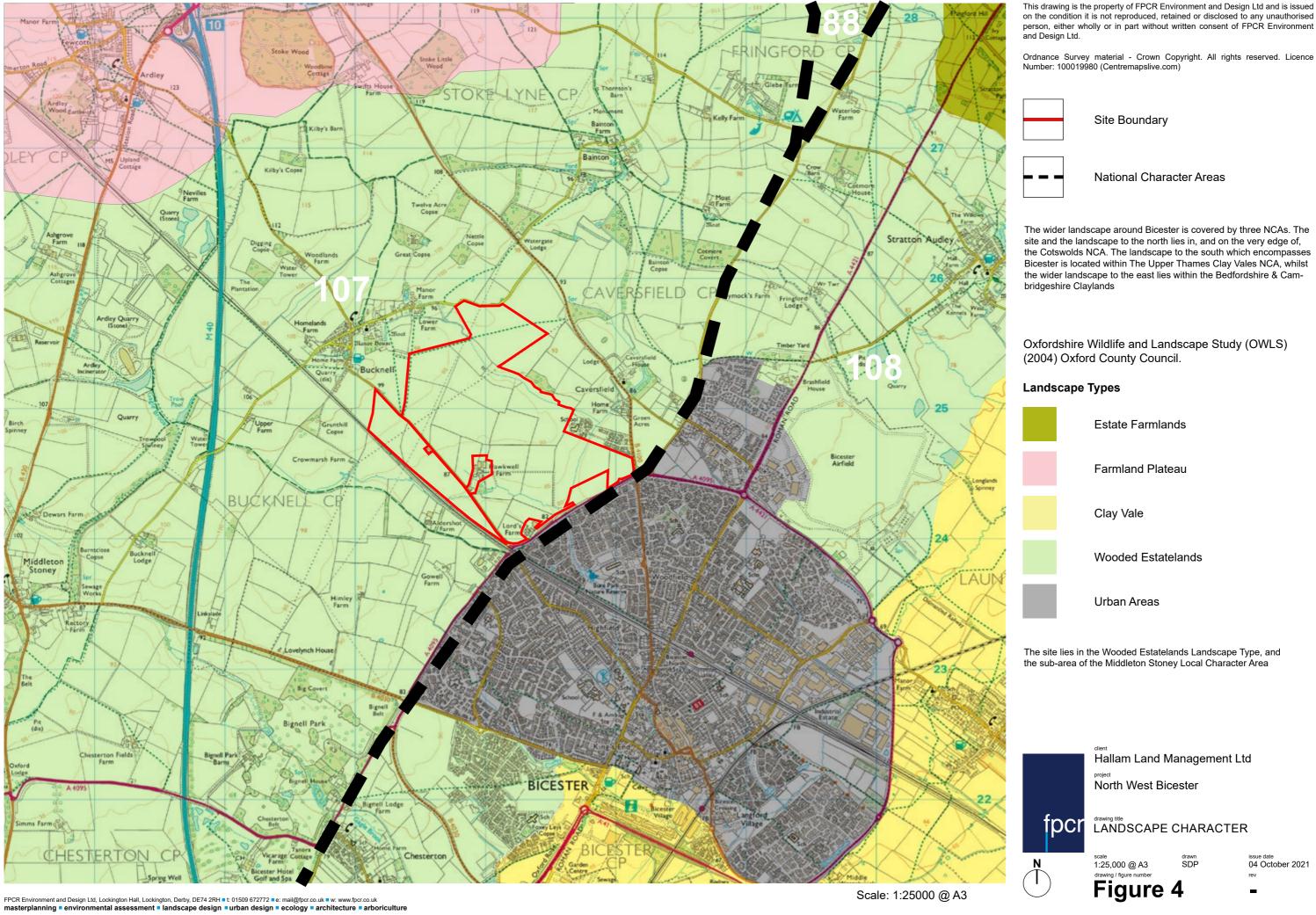
focr drawing title AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

scale
1:25,000 @ A3
drawing / figure number

Figure 2

issue date 04 October 2021

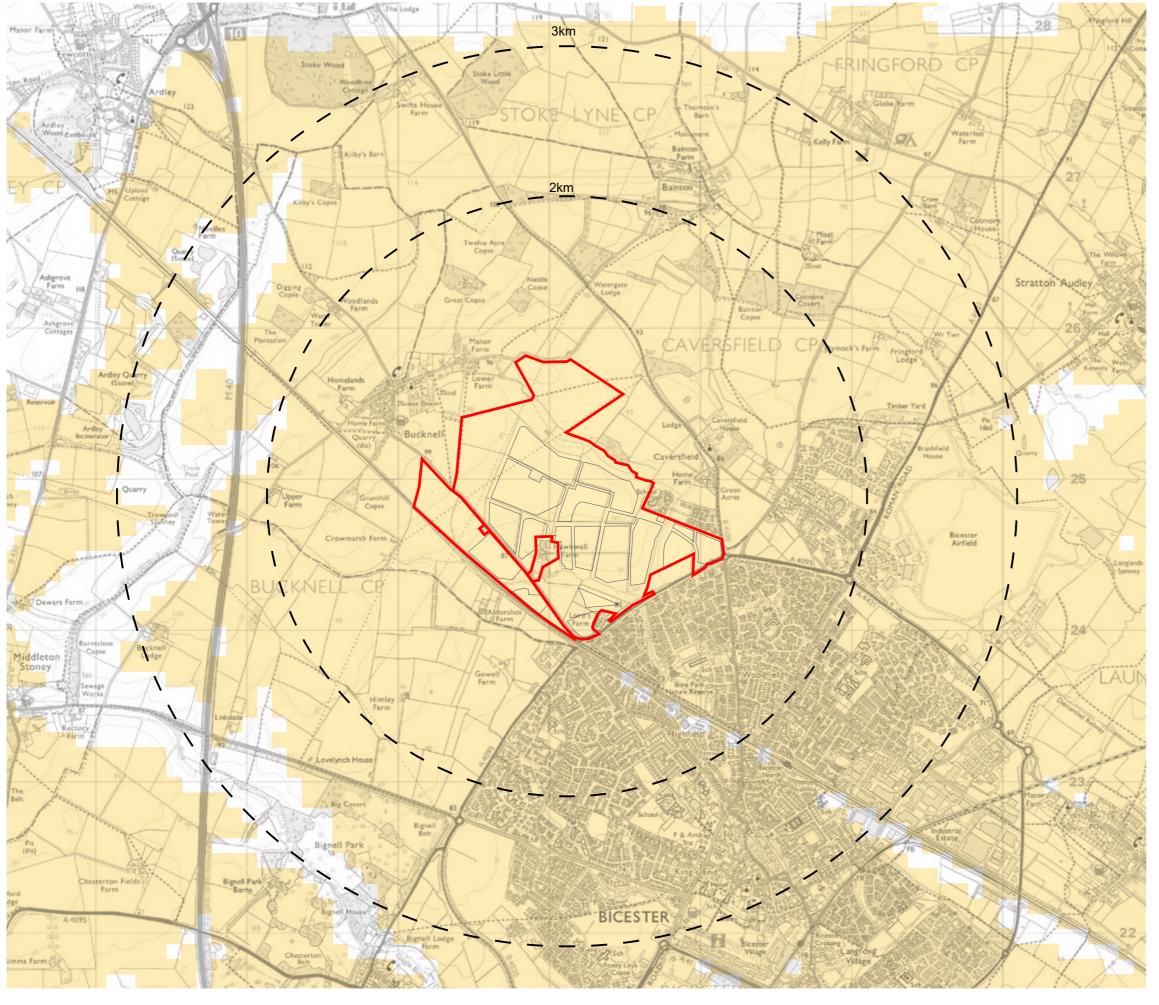




\FPCR-FS-01\EarlyWork\9600\9643\LANDS\LVIA\9643\_LVA Figures 1 - 5.indd

1000m

the Cotswolds NCA. The landscape to the south which encompasses



This drawing is the property of FPCR Environment and Design Ltd and is issued on the condition it is not reproduced, retained or disclosed to any unauthorised person, either wholly or in part without written consent of FPCR Environment

Ordnance Survey material - Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. Licence Number: 100019980 (Centremapslive.com)

Site Boundary

Distance from centre of development



Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) (Bare Earth Computer Model)

As a starting point, a Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) has been prepared. A ZTV is usually digitally produced, showing areas of land within which, a development is theoretically visible. The process only considers landform and doesn't take into account other potential screening elements within the landscape such as vegetation and buildings. The ZTVs show the theoretical visibility of 14m high development in the site as part of the mixed use-school areas, and the theoretical visibility of 12.5m high residential buildings. As noted by GLVIA3 "In reality many factors other than terrain will influence visibility" and that "Site surveys are therefore essential to provide an accurate baseline assessment of visibility" (para 6.10). In essence, when undertaking the fieldwork and taken into account screening effects of the built-up area of Bicester to the south and that of woodland, hedgerows and trees within the local landscape, the actual 'visual envelope' is substantially reduced in extent such that views of the proposed development would be restricted to a comparatively localised area.

## Notes:

- 1. ZTV based on bare earth data and so does not allow for the screening effects of vegetation or existing built form.
- 2. Built parameters tested are in blocks representing the development area to a height of 12.5m. ZTV not based on site boundary.
- 3. Block FFL set at existing site levels based on 5m DTM
- 4. Viewing eye level height is set at 1.7m above ground level in accordance with GLVIA3.



Hallam Land Management Ltd

North West Bicester

ZTV - RESIDENTIAL

Scale: 1:25000 @ A3

500

1000m

15 November 2021

Figure 5a

2km Stratton Audley

This drawing is the property of FPCR Environment and Design Ltd and is issued on the condition it is not reproduced, retained or disclosed to any unauthorised person, either wholly or in part without written consent of FPCR Environment

Ordnance Survey material - Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. Licence Number: 100019980 (Centremapslive.com)

Site Boundary

Distance from centre of development



Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) (Bare Earth Computer Model)

As a starting point, a Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) has been prepared. A ZTV is usually digitally produced, showing areas of land within which, a development is theoretically visible. The process only considers landform and doesn't take into account other potential screening elements within the landscape such as vegetation and buildings. The ZTVs show the theoretical visibility of 14m high development in the site as part of the mixed use-school areas, and the theoretical visibility of 12.5m high residential buildings. As noted by GLVIA3 "In reality many factors other than terrain will influence visibility" and that "Site surveys are therefore essential to provide an accurate baseline assessment of visibility" (para 6.10). In essence, when undertaking the fieldwork and taken into account screening effects of the built-up area of Bicester to the south and that of woodland, hedgerows and trees within the local landscape, the actual 'visual envelope' is substantially reduced in extent such that views of the proposed development would be restricted to a comparatively localised area.

## Notes:

- 1. ZTV based on bare earth data and so does not allow for the screening effects of vegetation or existing built form.
- 2. Built parameters tested are in blocks representing the development area to a height of 14m. ZTV not based on site boundary.
- 3. Block FFL set at existing site levels based on 5m DTM
- 4. Viewing eye level height is set at 1.7m above ground level in accordance with GLVIA3.



Hallam Land Management Ltd

North West Bicester

ZTV - MIXED USE, SCHOOLS AND **EMPLOYMENT** 

scale 1:25,000 @ A3

issue date 15 November 2021

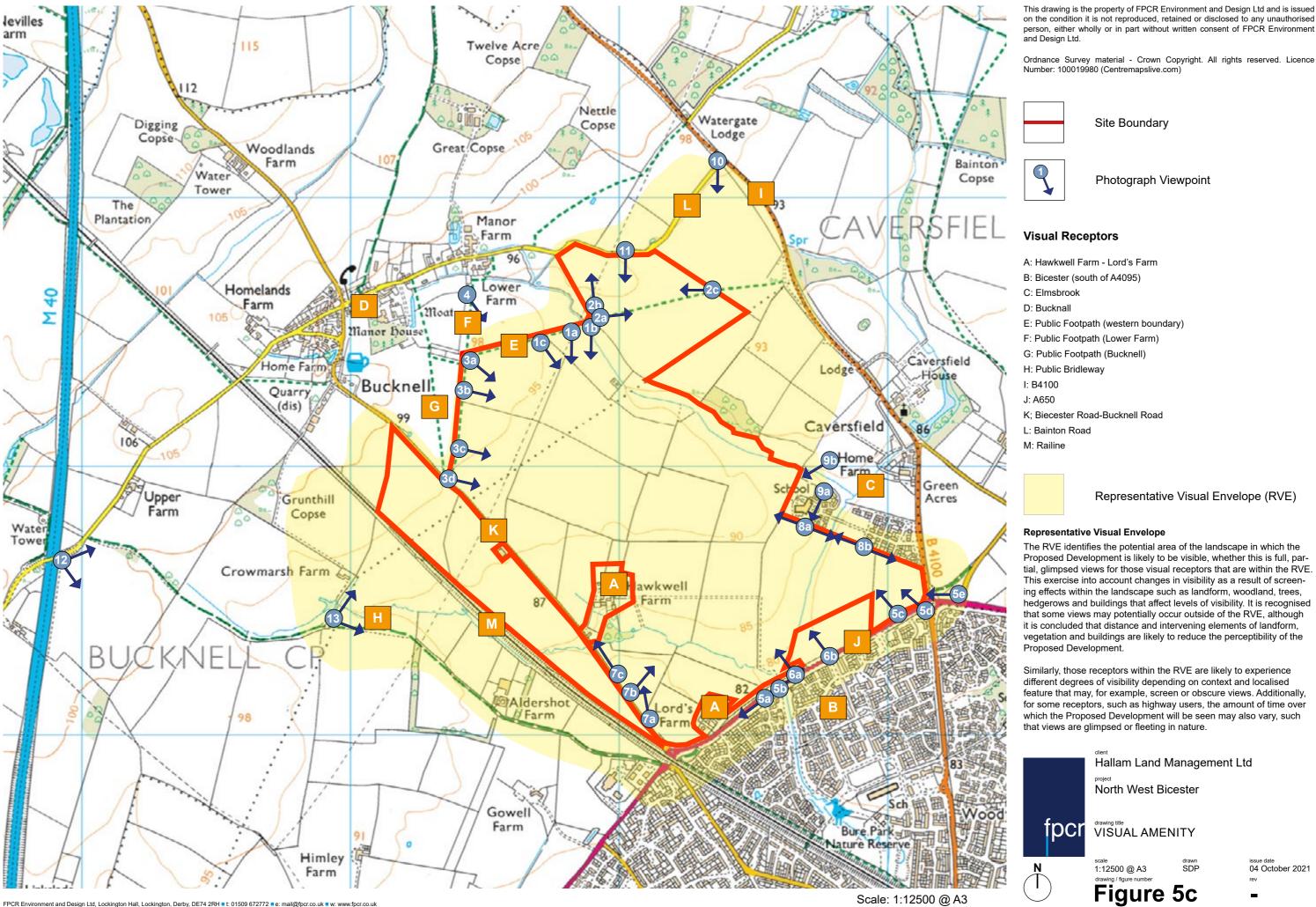
Figure 5b

FPCR Environment and Design Ltd. Lockington Hall. Lockington. Derby. DE74 2RH ■ t: 01509 672772 ■ e: mail@fpcr.co.uk ■ w: www.fpcr.co.uk masterplanning = environmental assessment = landscape design = urban design = ecology = architecture = arboriculture

\\FPCR-FS-01\EarlyWork\9600\9643\LANDS\LVIA\9643 LVA Figure 5a + 5b ZTV.indd

500 1000m

Scale: 1:25000 @ A3



M: Railine

Representative Visual Envelope

Proposed Development.

Hallam Land Management Ltd

Representative Visual Envelope (RVE)

The RVE identifies the potential area of the landscape in which the Proposed Development is likely to be visible, whether this is full, partial, glimpsed views for those visual receptors that are within the RVE.

This exercise into account changes in visibility as a result of screen-

ing effects within the landscape such as landform, woodland, trees, hedgerows and buildings that affect levels of visibility. It is recognised that some views may potentially occur outside of the RVE, although it is concluded that distance and intervening elements of landform, vegetation and buildings are likely to reduce the perceptibility of the

Similarly, those receptors within the RVE are likely to experience different degrees of visibility depending on context and localised feature that may, for example, screen or obscure views. Additionally,

for some receptors, such as highway users, the amount of time over

which the Proposed Development will be seen may also vary, such

This drawing is the property of FPCR Environment and Design Ltd and is issued on the condition it is not reproduced, retained or disclosed to any unauthorised person, either wholly or in part without written consent of FPCR Environment

Site Boundary

Photograph Viewpoint

North West Bicester

drawing title
VISUAL AMENITY

fpcr

that views are glimpsed or fleeting in nature.



1:12500 @ A3

issue date 04 October 2021

Figure 5c

Scale: 1:12500 @ A3

500

1000m

masterplanning = environmental assessment = landscape design = urban design = ecology = architecture = arboriculture