LANDSCAPE EARTHWORKS SPECIFICATION

SITE 2 BANBURY

Jacobs Douwe Egberts,

Ruscote Avenue

Banbury

OX16 2QU





Barry Chinn Associates Limited

Harbury Road, Deppers Bridge Southam, Warwickshire, CV47 2SZ

Reference:	1953/19/SP01 Rev A
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Author:	JG
Checked:	MB

1.0 DRAWING REFERENCES

This Earthworks Specification is to be read in conjunction with Barry Chinn Associates earthworks drawings 1953/19/09 & 10 (*when available*).

2.0 EXISTING SITE TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL

The existing site topsoil and subsoil has not been tested, it is not known if there is any existing topsoil of suitable quality available on site for re-use in the soft landscape areas.

NOTE:

The Main Contractor must confirm to Whiting Landscape Ltd in writing prior to commencement of the soft works that the earthworks have been prepared in accordance with the earthworks drawings.

Failure to do so will invalidate Whiting Landscape Ltd's Defects Liability under the contract.

3.0A TOPSOIL

TOPSOIL SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS FOR SUITABLE PLANT DEVELOPMENT:

1. <u>Texture</u>

Sand (0.063-2.00mm) - maximum 85%, minimum 50% Silt (0.002-0.063mm) - maximum 45%, minimum 5% Clay (< 0.002mm) - maximum 27%, minimum 5%

2. <u>Stone Content</u>

Stone content to be not more than 35% by dry weight of which the fraction 2 mm - 5 mm must not exceed 20% by dry weight. Maximum particle size in any dimension 50mm for trees and shrubs, and 20mm for turfing or seeding.

3. Organic Matter

Organic content to be 4-15% by dry weight to BS3882:2015 method.

4. Soil Reaction

pH to be between 5.5 and 8.5.

5. <u>Electrical Conductivity Values</u>

Conductivity to be between 100-1500 microSeimens per cm when expressed on a 1:2.5 (w/v) soil/water extract.

Conductivity to be below 3300 microSeimens per cm when expressed on a 1:2 (w/v) soil/CaSO₄ extract.

6. <u>Nitrogen</u>

Nitrogen (N) content to be not less than 0.15% by the Dumas method.

7. <u>Phosphorus</u>

Extractable phosphorus (P) content to be between 26 - 100 mg/kg by the MAFF Handbook RB 427 method.

8. <u>Potassium</u>

Extractable potassium (K) content to be between 240 – 1500 mg/kg by the MAFF Handbook RB 427method.

9. <u>Magnesium</u>

Extractable magnesium (Mg) content to be not less than 50 mg/kg by the MAFF Handbook RB 427 method.

10. Foreign Matter

Soil to be free from non-soil material, brick and other building materials and wastes, potential sharps, hydrocarbons, plant matter, roots of perennial weeds and any other foreign matter.

11. <u>Structure</u>

Soil to have a clearly defined crumb, granular or blocky structure and not to be waterlogged, anaerobic or over compacted.

12. Potential Contaminants

The Soil Analysis suite specified in Clause 6.0 includes commonly occurring potential contaminants. In accordance with BS3882:2015 Table 1, Notes 3 and 4: *concentrations of contaminants shall not present excessive risk to human health or the environment.* The contaminants analysed should reflect the intended end use of the site where the topsoil is to be used, for example residential or commercial use.

(See Appendix A for list of Generic Assessment Criteria for commercial and residential use. Exceedence of relevant criteria should be reviewed by soil consultancy through quantitative risk assessment relating to site end use).

3.0B IMPORTED SUBSOIL (IF REQUIRED)

Imported subsoil shall have the following characteristics:

1. <u>Texture</u>

Sand (0.063-2.00mm) - maximum 90%, minimum 65% Silt (0.002-0.063mm) - maximum 35%, minimum 5% Clay (< 0.002mm) - maximum 20%, minimum 5%

2. <u>Stone Content</u>

Stone content to be not more than 35% by dry weight. Maximum particle size in any dimension 75mm.

3. Organic Matter

Organic content to be less than 1.5% by dry weight to BS8601:2013 method.

4. Soil Reaction

pH to be between 5.5 and 8.5.

5. <u>Electrical Conductivity Values</u>

Conductivity to be below 1500 microSeimens per cm when expressed on a 1:2.5 (w/v) soil/water extract.

Conductivity to be below 3300 microSeimens per cm when expressed on a 1:2 (w/v) soil/CaSO₄ extract.

6. Foreign Matter

Soil to be free from non-soil material, brick and other building materials and wastes, potential sharps, hydrocarbons, plant matter, roots of perennial weeds and any other foreign matter.

7. <u>Structure</u>

Soil to have a clearly defined crumb, granular or blocky structure and not to be waterlogged, anaerobic or over compacted.

8. <u>Potential Contaminants</u>

The Soil Analysis suite specified in Clause 6.0 includes commonly occurring potential contaminants. In accordance with BS8601:2013 Clause 4.2, Notes 2 and 3: *concentrations of contaminants shall not present excessive risk to human health or the environment.* The contaminants analysed should reflect the intended end use of the site where the subsoil is to be used, for example residential or commercial use.

(See Appendix A for list of Generic Assessment Criteria for commercial and residential use. Exceedence of relevant criteria should be reviewed by soil consultancy through quantitative risk assessment relating to site end use).

4.0 SOURCE

The Main Contractor shall advise Whiting Landscape of the supply source and existing use of the topsoil and subsoil. If requested the Main Contractor shall take Whiting Landscape to view the proposed topsoil/subsoil at source.

5.0 TOPSOIL ASSESSMENT

Each source shall be analysed by an approved soil science consultancy. A copy of this document, together with details of the proposed landscape design (drawings, planting list, etc) and any ground investigation reports, shall be provided with the samples for review by the soil scientist and for reference within the topsoil/subsoil assessment report.

Each sample shall be truly representative of the topsoil/subsoil being offered. A composite sample shall be taken for every 250m³ of soil being offered, with a minimum of 3 No. samples per source. Each composite sample is to be made up of 10 No. sub-samples taken from evenly spaced locations across the field / stockpile. The sub-samples shall be mixed together to form a 2kg composite sample.

The Main Contractor shall obtain a sample load of each approved topsoil/subsoil source of not less than five cubic metres for inspection by Whiting Landscape. The accepted sample is to be retained on site for comparison with the subsequent loads. Prior to inspection by Whiting Landscape the sample must have been analysed in accordance with the requirements of the soilanalysis clause below.

6.0 SOIL ANALYSIS

The Main Contractor shall provide a topsoil/subsoil analysis report from the soil science consultancy. Each composite topsoil/subsoil sample shall be placed in a plastic bag, labelled with name and details of origin and sent to the soil science consultancy with a request for the following tests to be carried out:

- 1. Visual examination to record: Munsell colour, structure, consistency, stone size and shape, presence of any deleterious materials
- 2. pH Value
- 3. Electrical Conductivity (water and calcium sulphate extracts)
- 4. Mechanical Analysis (clay, silt, sand)
- 5. Stone Content (>2mm, >20mm, >50mm)
- 6. Total Nitrogen (topsoil only)
- 7. Extractable Phosphorus, Potassium & Magnesium (topsoil only)
- 8. Organic Matter
- 9. Heavy Metals As Cd Cr Pb Hg Se Cu Ni Zn B
- 10. Total Cyanide
- 11. Phenol
- 12. PAHs (speciated US EPA 16)
- 13. Aliphatic and aromatic TPH banding (C5-C35)

The results shall be presented in an interpretive report which shall comment on the suitability of the topsoil/subsoil for the proposed landscape design. The report shall also provide recommendations to improve the topsoil/subsoil, where necessary, including compost, fertiliser and lime applications.

Whiting Landscape may ask for additional tests (eg. permeability, detailed sand analysis, porosity), should it be considered necessary.

7.0 APPROVED SOIL SCIENCE CONSULTANCIES

Tim O'Hare Associates LLP	Land Research Associates Ltd.
Howbery Park	Lockington Hall
Wallingford	Lockington
Oxon	Derby
OX10 8BA	DE74 2RH
T: 01491 822653	T: 01509 670570
E: tim.ohare@toha.co.uk	E: mike.palmer@lra.co.uk or laura.thomas@lra.co.uk
W: www.timohare-associates.com	W: www.lra.co.uk
Contact: Tim O'Hare	Contact: Mike Palmer or Laura Thomas

8.0 VEGETATION TO BE RETAINED

The Main Contractor shall take the necessary measures to prevent damage to existing vegetation, and unless otherwise instructed by Whiting Landscape, retain existing levels beneath the canopy of existing trees.

Where so instructed by Whiting Landscape the Main Contractor shall protect existing vegetation by the erection of fencing in accordance with the Tree Protection Fencing drawings or in accordance with BS 5837:2012 'Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction - Recommendations.

9.0 TOPSOIL STRIP

The site topsoil which is to be retained for later use shall be stripped and stock piled. The following method shall be used:

- 1. During suitable dry weather conditions the existing vegetation shall be treated with herbicide in accordance with the clause for herbicide treatment below.
- 2. Clear site of foreign materials.
- 3. During suitable dry weather conditions (ie when the topsoil is friable and not plastic) strip topsoil down to its full natural depth, taking care to avoid contamination with subsoil or foreign materials.

10.0 TOPSOIL STORAGE

Storage Period

Topsoil for use on the site shall be stored for as short a period as practicable. Existing topsoil shall not be stored for more than 18 months.

<u>Stockpile</u>

Topsoil stockpiles shall be graded to shallow falls over as large an area as practical, to a maximum height of 3 metres unless otherwise instructed by the Soil Scientist.

Weed Control

The Main Contractor shall carry out broad-leaved weed control to the topsoil storage mound using a suitable selective, translocated, non-residual herbicide spray. Herbicide spray to be carried out 3 no times during early May, early July and early September. Refer to clause for herbicide treatment below.

11.0 FORMATION LEVEL AND SUBSOIL PREPARATION

Prior to preparation of formation level, the subsoil shall be completely cleared of all weed growth by the main contractor using an approved herbicide in accordance with the clause for herbicide treatment below.

The site shall be brought to formation level by the main contractor using an approved subsoil material. All soil handling should be carried out when the soil is sufficiently dry and not plastic.

The subsoil shall be decompacted to a depth of at least 300mm in grass and ornamental shrub areas and 300mm in woodland/thicket/hedge planting areas (increased to 600mm for heavy/ clay soils) to ensure the areas are free draining and be completely free of all rubbish, bricks and concrete.

For small planting beds and areas of restricted access, decompaction may be carried out by hand or a small (1-5 tonne) to medium sized (13 tonne) tracked excavator, fitted with a ripper tine attachment, shall be used. On larger, open areas a tractor mounted rigid tine harrow (300mm depth) or subsoiler (600mm depth) shall be used.

The base of tree pits should be decompacted to a depth of at least 300mm and checked to ensure that they are free draining.

The Main Contractor shall obtain Whiting Landscape acceptance of formation levels and subsoil preparation prior to the commencement of topsoiling.

Soil Depths

Minimum subsoil depths are to be as follows:

- i in shrub bed areas 300mm
- ii in thicket areas 600mm
- iii in grassed areas 300mm
- iv in wildflower areas 150mm

Topsoil depths are to be as follows:

- i in tree pits 300mm
- ii in shrub bed areas 300mm
- iii in thicket areas 300mm
- iv in grassed areas 150mm

Tree Pits

The Main Contractor shall provide short stakes to mark the exact positions of tree pits for acceptance by Whiting Landscape prior to pit excavation and retain in the same position after topsoiling.

(Refer to Appendix C; Typical Tree Pit Detail In Soft Landscape).

Tree pits are to be:

1500 x 1500 x 900 overall depth; (18-20cm)

12.0 SPREADING TOPSOIL

Soil Handling & Weather

Soil handling operations should be carried out when soil is reasonably dry and non-plastic (friable) in consistency (at least 5% below the Lower Plastic Limit).

Topsoil shall not be unnecessarily compacted by trampling or trafficking by site machinery. Topsoil handling shall be stopped during and after heavy rainfall, and not continued until the soil is again non-plastic in consistency.

Depths

Topsoil depths and finished levels are to be as indicated on the Earthworks Layout and Sections drawings.

Ground Modelling

(Refer to Appendix B; Typical Section Through Ground Modelling). There shall be no ponding hollows within ground modelling.

Gradients

Finished gradients are to be smooth, flowing, free of minor hollows and high spots and marry in neatly with paving, kerbs, edgings, manhole covers and existing levels. Refer to Earthworks Layout and Sections drawings for landform levels and profiles.

Inspection Covers

Inspection covers to be inclined to marry with adjacent earthworks profiles and levels.

The minimum topsoil depth to be achieved over concrete manhole slabs (where constructed) shall be 300mm depth in shrub areas and 150mm depth in grass areas. This should be achieved by raising covers on brickwork (refer to attached typical section through ground modelling).

Inspection covers should be located in either shrub or grass areas a minimum of 750mm from the edge of either finish.

If the covers are square or rectangular they should be positioned so they are parallel to the adjacent edge (grass edge, kerb edge, footpath edge, building line, etc.). If distant from edges covers shall be parallel to the contours.

Contamination

Any areas of topsoiling that are contaminated with subsoil, rubbish, bricks, concrete, tarmac and other deleterious material shall be removed by the Main Contractor in the course of carrying out the earthworks.

The Main Contractor shall be required to carry out stone picking to all topsoiling to ensure it is free from all stones greater than 50mm.

Compaction

Topsoiled areas shall be in an uncompacted and uncontaminated state prior to setting out of shrub and grass areas.

13.0 SUBSOIL MATERIAL FOR WILDFLOWER/GRASSLAND AREAS

Areas to be wildflower seeded are to be covered with 300mm depth well graded selected low fertility material which shall be suitable for the cultivation operations proposed, to achieve a fine tilth for seeding. Proposed material may be tested to confirm that it is suitable for use for the specified seed mixes and free from contamination and injurous, notifiable or noxious weeds.

The subsoil shall be decompacted to a depth of at least 200mm to ensure the areas are free draining and be completely free of all large lumps of clay, rubbish, bricks and concrete. Subsoiled areas shall be completely cleared of all weed growth using an approved herbicide in accordance with the clause for herbicide treatment below. A sample area of subsoil shall be prepared for approval prior to preparation of remaining areas.

14.0 HERBICIDE TREATMENT

Use of chemicals shall comply with the **Plant Protection Products (Sustainable Use) Regulations 2012** and **Codes of Practice** prepared jointly by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA), the Health and Safety Commission (HSC) and the National Assembly for Wales Environment, Planning and Countryside Department. All herbicides shall be on current list of approved products.

Storage, handling and application of chemical shall be in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage caused by spray drift and will make good at own expense.

Sufficient time for herbicide to be effective shall be allowed to elapse between application of herbicide and the commencement of any stripping or grading works.

APPENDIX A; POTENTIAL CONTAMINANTS - GENERIC ASSESSMENT CRITERIA (GAC)

The following Generic Assessment Criteria (GAC) should be used as Tier 1 screening values for the assessment of topsoil and subsoil, unless Site-Specific Assessment Criteria (SSAC) are available for the site where the soil(s) is to be used. In circumstances where any of these values are exceeded, further risk assessment and/or testing should be undertaken to confirm the significance of the non-compliance.

<u>(</u>	Commercial	<u>Reside</u>	<u>ntial</u>
Inorganic Arsenic	<640	<37	mg/kg
Cadmium	<190	<11	mg/kg
Chromium III	<8600	<910	mg/kg
Chromium VI	<33	<6	mg/kg
Lead	<2330	<200	mg/kg
Inorganic Mercury	<58	<1.2	mg/kg
Selenium	<12000	<250	mg/kg
Copper	<100	<100	mg/kg
Nickel	<60	<60	mg/kg
Zinc	<200	<200	mg/kg
Soluble Boron	<3	<3	mg/kg
Total Cyanide	<20	<20	mg/kg
Phenol	<760	<550	mg/kg
Acenaphthene	<84000	<210	mg/kg
Acenaphthylene	<83000	<170	mg/kg
Anthracene	<520000	<2400	mg/kg
Benz[a]anthracene	<170	<7.2	mg/kg
Benzo[a]pyrene	<35	<2.2	mg/kg
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	<44	<2.6	mg/kg
Benzo[ghi]perylene	<3900	<320	mg/kg
Benzo[k] fluoranthene	e <1200	<77	mg/kg
Chrysene	<350	<15	mg/kg
Dibenzo[ah]anthracer	ne <3.5	<0.24	mg/kg
Fluoranthene	<23000	<280	mg/kg
Fluorene	<63000	<170	mg/kg
Indeno[123-cd]pyrene	e <500	<27	mg/kg
Naphthalene	<190	<2.3	mg/kg
Phenanthrene	<22000	<95	mg/kg
Pyrene	<54000	<620	mg/kg

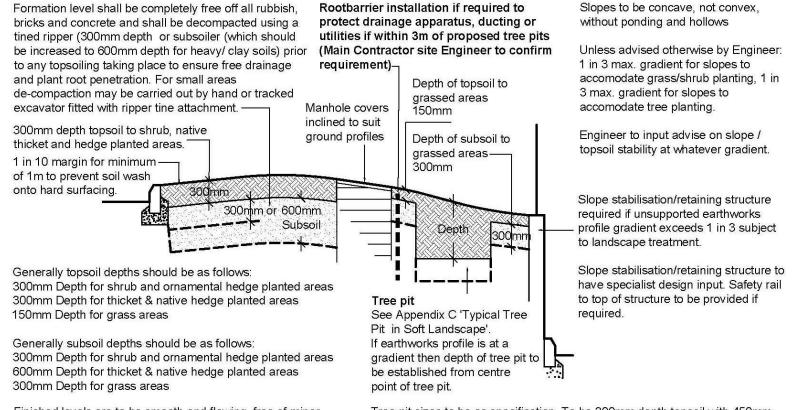
***Petroleum Hydrocarbons**

	<u>Commercial</u>	Residential
Aliphatics	mg/kg	mg/kg
EC 5-6	<3200	<42
EC >6-8	<7800	<100
EC >8-10	<2000	<27
EC >10-12	<9700	<130
EC >12-16	<59000	<1100
EC >16-35	<1600000	<65000

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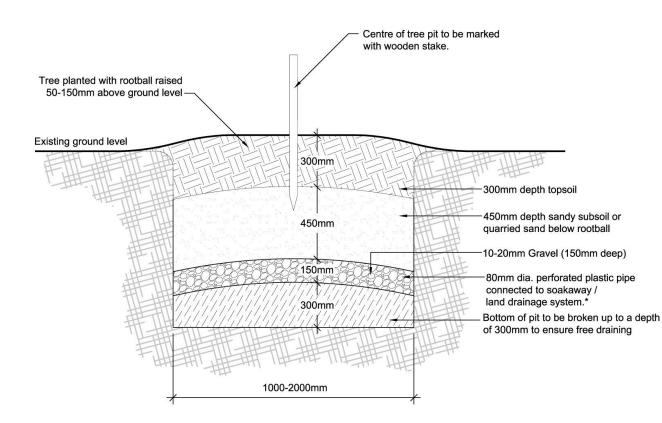
<u>Aromatic</u>		
EC 5-7 (benzene)	<26000	<70
EC >7-8 (toluene)	<56000	<130
EC >8-10	<3500	<34
EC >10-12	<16000	<74
EC >12-16	<36000	<140
EC >16-21	<28000	<260
EC >21-35	<28000	<1100

APPENDIX B; TYPICAL SECTION THROUGH GROUND MODELLING



Finished levels are to be smooth and flowing, free of minor hollows and high spots, and to marry neatly with paving, kerbs, edgings, manhole covers and existing levels to be retained. Manhole covers to be inclined to marry with ground modelling. Tree pit sizes to be as specification. To be 300mm depth topsoil with 450mm depth sandy subsoil or quarried sand below rootball (over 150mm depth gravel drainage layer if ground conditions require). Base of tree pit to be broken up/de-compacted to a depth of 300mm to assist free drainage

APPENDIX C; TYPICAL TREE PIT DETAIL IN SOFT LANDSCAPE



NOTE: TREE PIT SIZES:

Tree pit dimensions will vary depending on rootball size as below:

<u>1000 x 1000 x 750mm overall depth:</u> (300mm depth topsoil, 450mm depth subsoil, additional 150mm depth of gravel may be required if permeability poor) Selected Standard Trees 10-12cm stem girth; Heavy Standard Trees 12-14cm stem girth; Extra Heavy Standard Trees 14-16cm stem girth.

<u>1500 x 1500 x 900mm overall depth:</u> (300mm depth topsoil, 450mm depth subsoil, 150mm depth gravel) Extra Heavy Standard Trees 16-18cm stem girth; Extra Heavy Standard Trees 18-20cm stem girth.

2000 x 2000 x 1000mm overall depth: (300mm depth topsoil, 550mm depth subsoil, 150mm depth arguel)

150mm depth gravel) Semi-Mature Trees 20-25cm girth; Semi-Mature Trees 25-30cm girth.

***TREE PIT DRAINAGE:**

Requirement for drainage will be dependent on permeability of the ground. To be confirmed when ground conditions are known.