## **General Guidance**

Ground preparation to be undertaken in advance of all planting and seeding. No soil handling to be undertaken when the soil is wet to the extent that loss of structure would

Planting to be carried out in the first planting season following completion of the development (between December and March inclusive) unless by prior agreement with the Local Planning Authority Seeding of grassed areas to be undertaken in autumn.

Best practice

All soil handling and storage to be undertaking in accordance with the following British Standard Specifications and Code of practice: • BS 1377: 1990 Soils for Civil Engineering Purposes

- BS 8601: 2013 Specification for Subsoil and Requirements for Use BS 3882: 2015 Specification for Topsoil
- Construction Code of Practice for the Sustainable Use of Soils on Construction Sites (DEFRA)

All plant stock, plant handling and planting to be undertaken in accordance with the following British Standard Specifications and Code of Practice:

- BS 3936:1992 Part 1 Nursery Stock Specification for trees and shrubs;
- BS 3936:1981 Part 10 Nurserv Stock Specification for around cover plants
- BS 3936:1998 Part 9: Nursery Stock Specification for Bulbs, Corms, and Tubers; BS 4428:1989 - Code of Practice for General Landscaping Operations (excluding hard
- surfaces);
- BS 8545: 2014 Trees from nursery to independence in the landscape; and
- The Code of Practice for Plant Handling 2002 (Horticultural Trades Association)

# Planted Stock quality

General All stock must comply with the Lockhart Garratt Biosecurity Statement. Standard Trees

Tree form and overall condition, including root condition, to be in accordance with BS 8545: 2014 Trees from nursery to independence in the landscape. All trees are to be inspected prior to planting by a suitably qualified third party.

Plants and Shrubs

Plant stock to be supplied in accordance with the size and description specified on the plant schedule. Plants to be healthy, vigorous, free from pests and diseases, suitably hardened off for the proposed situation of planting, and lifted at a time in accordance with good nursery practice. Stock shall have a well-formed fibrous root system and be free from perennial weeds

# Bulhs

Bulbs to be true to name, free of pests and pathogens, and of the correct approved size for the species.

- The following information must be made available upon request • The botanical name, genus, species and cultivar, and, if appropriate, the colour or the
- designation `mixed';
- The number of bulbs/plants
- The size class;
- Any preparatory treatment that has been carried out (for example, pre-treatment for Christmas flowering);
- Any recommendation regarding appropriate planting periods and any requirements for special conditions.

# Ground preparation

- Compliance: • Topsoil to comply with BS 3882.
- Subsoil to comply with BS 8601.
- Operations to comply with Construction Code of Practice for the Sustainable Use of Soils on Construction Sites (DEFRA).

# Soil Handling

Topsoil and subsoil to be handled and stored separately. Avoid compaction through mishandling or poor storage. Stripped and stored soil to be loose-tipped in heaps not exceeding 2m in height. Replacement of soil must be carried out in appropriate dry weather conditions.

Topsoil to be spread evenly in layers not exceeding 150 mm thick. Finished depth lowing firming) to be informed by intended vegetation cover, as follows

Amenity grass areas: 100mm to 150mm, according to use:

ed with a light roller to firm surface without com

Shrub beds/hedges: 350mm;

• Standard tree planting (1.5m radius of the main stem): 600mm maximum. After spreading, the topsoil is to be cultivated to a condition suitable for blade grading Large and unwanted material (75 mm and over) to be picked off and removed. Areas to be

Topsoil within confined planting areas (ie within hard standing areas) is to be provided to a minimum depth of 350mm with free draining sub-soil to ensure long term viability of planting in these areas.

## **Cultivation of Grassed Areas**

Topsoil to be cultivated to a fine tilth, and be free from weeds, contaminants, stones over 50mm, and any other debris. Levels to be graded to form agreed finished levels and be free of local mounds and depressions.

## Cultivation of Shrub Beds and Tree Pits

When shrub beds and tree pits occur in large grass areas, formation levels should be prepared at the specified depth for grass over the whole area. Further excavation should subsequently carried out to the additional depth for shrub and tree planting. In all cases, the soil profile is to be maintained when replacing.

#### Handling stock Trees

All standard trees to be lifted, labelled, handled, transported, and temporarily stored in accordance with the procedures and methods illustrated in chapter 9 of BS 8545: 2014 Shrubs and smaller nursery stock

All plant stock to be lifted, bundled, labelled, packaged, transported, stored and planted in accordance with the procedures and methods illustrated in "Plant Handling" (Horticultural Trades Association Bare root stock

All plant stock to be lifted, bundled, labelled, packaged, transported, temporarily stored

and planted in accordance with the procedures and methods illustrated in chapter 9 of BS 8545: 2014.

Plants to be delivered to site in quantities that can be planted the same day. Any unplanted stock is to be stored overnight in a covered location within nursery bags, or heeled in trenches, and is to be well watered. Desiccated root systems will not be accepted.

## Planting operations

General Planting to be undertaken between December and March inclusive during suitable weather conditions. All planted stock to be watered on same day to field capacity.

Standard Trees Pits to be excavated to twice the diameter of the root system, container, or root ball, deep enough to accommodate the full root system to the base of the main stem following settlement. Trees must not be planted too deep.

Root deflector to be installed where trees are located within 3m of a building or wall. Root deflector type to be approved.

Sides of pit to be scarified by 200mm. Base to be punctured without breaking up soil. Tree to be centrally located and stem placed in an upright position. Back-fill with excavated material, maintaining the original soil profile unless specifically stated otherwise. Trees up to 12-14cmg to be supported with single 75mm stake to the prevailing windward side, and anchored with a single supersoft adjustable tree tie. Saw stakes to leave 500mm

above soil level. Fix adjustable tree ties to the top 75mm of the stake. Trees between 14cmg and 20cmg to be supported with two 75mm stakes, positioned on opposite sides of the main stem, and anchored to the tree with two supersoft adjustable

tree ties. Saw stakes to leave 750mm above soil level. Fix adjustable tree ties to the top 75mm of each stake.

Trees over 20cmg, 100 litre container size, or incorporating a supported hard surface into the tree pit, are to be planted in line with the relevant Planting Pit Specification (attached if applicable).

All trees to be watered to field capacity on day of planting. All works shall be carried out to the minimum standard according to BS 8545: 2014.

Planting Beds - General Planting to be undertaken in appropriate weather conditions, avoiding prolonged periods

of drought, and preferably preceding predicted precipitation. Planting Beds - Containerised Shrubs

Pits to be excavated to at least one third larger than the root system. Backfill material to

incorporate 30% organic matter and slow release fertiliser at 3g/m<sup>2</sup>. Firm plants upright, ensuring root flare sits at soil level.

Planting Beds - Bare root stock up to 60cm hiah

Roots to be dipped in rooting hormone prior to planting. Notch plant at specified density using 'T' or 'L' notches, or pit planting if the root system is too large to accommodate this method. Firm in upright, protect with specified mammal guards and support with 22-24lb/100 bamboo canes with tapered end uppermost

Planting Beds - Bare root stock over 60cm high Planting to be undertaken in appropriate weather conditions, avoiding prolonged periods of drought, and preferably preceding predicted precipitation. Pits to be excavated to at least one third larger than the root system. Backfill material to incorporate 30% organic matter and slow release fertiliser at  $3g/m^2$ . Firm plants upright, ensuring root flare sits at soil level. Protect with suitable mammal guards and support with 22-24lb/100 bamboo canes with tapered end uppermost.

Hedgerows - Bare root stock up to 60cm high

Hedge line is to be cultivated to a depth of 150mm prior to planting unless specifically indicated otherwise. Stock to be notch-planted at 5 plants per metre in double staggered rows using 'T' or 'L' notches. Rows to be 40 - 45cm apart and follow the line as shown on the Detailed Landscape Design.

Protect with clear, non-perforated spiral guards and support with 22-24lb/100 bamboo canes with tapered end uppermost.

Hedgerows - Bare root stock over 60cm high

Hedgerow stock to be trench planted at 5 plants per linear metre in double staggered rows. Rows to be 40-45cm apart and follow the line as shown on the Detailed Landscape Design. Backfill material to incorporate 30% organic matter and slow release fertiliser at 3g/m<sup>2</sup> Firm plants upright, ensuring root flare sits at soil level.

Hedgerows - Containerised stock

Pits to be excavated to at least one third larger than the root system. Backfill material to incorporate 30% organic matter and slow release fertiliser at 3g/m<sup>2</sup>. Firm plants upright, ensuring root flare sits at soil level. Fit with appropriate canes or stakes as appropriate, and fit mammal guards if there is a risk of predation.

#### Mulching General

Mulch to be locally sourced where possible, to be medium grade, organic, free from fines, weeds, disease and contaminants. Standard Trees

Trees planted within grass are to be mulched to a 500mm radius from the main stem to a settled depth of 100mm

Planting Beds Spread with bark mulch to a settled depth of 100mm.

Hedaes

Hedge lines to be spread with bark mulch to a depth of 100mm, reaching 500mm either side of the centre line.

#### **Grass Seeding** General

Areas must be seeded with the approved seed mix as specified on the Detailed Landscape Design. Any deviations or substitutions must be agreed with the project landscape architect in advance of any works being undertaken. Evidence must be supplied upon request. For ground preparation see above.

Amenity Grass Remove all existing vegetation by spraying one month in advance.

Spread slow-release fertiliser at 5g/m<sup>2</sup>, 10-14 days prior to seeding.

Sow at rate of 35g/m<sup>2</sup> in two perpendicular passes and lightly rake to a depth of 30mm.

First cut to be undertaken when grass reaches a height of 50mm Wildflower areas

For wildflower meadows, swales, and wet meadow areas, do not improve soil with

For Winnower meadows, smalles, and werneadow actual of the second turning topsoil in autumn and allowing it to naturally break down over winte

Seed to be spread at a rate of  $4g/m^2$  in two perpendicular directions and lightly raked to a

## Turfing

Operations to be carried out between October and March inclusive during suitable weather conditions

Turves to be free of perennial weeds, dead or yellow patches, and be cut to a uniform root depth. Ground to be prepared to ensure a fine tilth, free of lumps, hollows, debris, and stones over 50mm diameter

Turves to be laid in a herringbone pattern and knitted together with a fork. Water to field capacity on day of laving

# AFTERCARE AND MAINTENANCE

Standard Trees - Continual maintenance

public safety annually. Seek advice of gualified arborist.

NICHOLSONS LOCKHART GARRATT BIOSECURITY STATEMENT

### General

ties to be replaced

horticultural industry

commence.

time of delivery to their destination.

ensure that all stock meets the above criteria.

All stock to be thoroughly watered through periods of prolonged drought Any stock that dies or becomes damaged or diseased is to be replaced on a like for like basis. If stock fails due to climatic or ground conditions then a suitable alternative is to be agreed with the project landscape architect.

## Standard Trees -Establishment period (c. 2 years following planting)

Stakes to be checked for stability monthly. Loose stakes to be straightened and driven in to be stable if still required. Damaged stakes to be replaced if still required. Tree ties to be checked monthly. Restrictive ties to be loosened, missing/broken

Damaged/dead limbs to be removed as required - ensure works are undertaken at

the appropriate time for the species. Crown lift and thin as required. Inspect for

Nicholsons Lockhart Garratt ensures it is fully aware of and understands the

current and future risks relating to threats from pests and diseases, and how they

affect both native and non-native trees and plants. We follow the most up to date

guidance from DEFRA and Forestry Commission, and keep regular contact with the

biosecurity information. Our staff will adhere to current biosecurity good practice

when on site, and will monitor contractor practice when administering contracts.

years at an approved UK nursery. All plants shall be certified as disease free at the

All planted stock must be accompanied with a certificate stating it has been grown

in the UK for a minimum of two years and that it is free of pests and diseases. This

certification must be provided to Nicholsons Lockhart Garratt before planting is to

Nicholsons Lockhart Garratt accepts no responsibility for any planted stock that

fails due to improper handling, planting, or aftercare. We expect contractors to

adhere to our stated methodology, in line with current best practice guidance, and

We will inform, update, and advise our clients and contractors on all relevant

We insist that all planted stock as specified is UK grown for a minimum of two

