# **EXPEDITE**

DRAINAGE STATEMENT
PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT
LAND AT HEMPTON ROAD, DEDDINGTON
20/03660/REM

## **Proposed Residential Development**

### **Drainage Statement**

**Issued by:** Expedite

35 Southernhay East

Exeter EX1 1NX

**Client:** Burrington Estates Ltd

**Project Reference:** ES20.060

**Project Title:** Land at Hempton Road, Deddington

**Revision:** B

**Date:** 28<sup>th</sup> May 2021

**Prepared by:** Drew McGilchrist

**Checked by:** Kris Tovey

**Approved by:** Simon Lancaster

### 1.0 Introduction

1.1 This Drainage Statement has been prepared on behalf of Burrington Estates Ltd by Expedite Engineering Services Ltd to describe the proposed drainage strategy for the proposed residential development at Hempton Road, Deddington.

## 2.0 Proposed Surface Water Drainage Strategy

The drainage layout is included within **Appendix A**.

### **Method of Discharge**

- 2.1 The underlying soil of the development site has good infiltration characteristics and therefore infiltration is proposed to be the method of surface water discharge for the development.
- 2.2 Infiltration testing was carried out in June 2018 by M-EC within two trial pits in the south-eastern corner of the site, at the location of the proposed infiltration feature. Encountered rates were between 7.35x10<sup>-3</sup>m/s and 7.77x10<sup>-4</sup>m/s.
- 2.3 An infiltration rate of 7.77x10<sup>-4</sup>m/s was taken forward for design as this was the lowest tested infiltration rate.

### **Discharge Rates**

2.4 Surface water drainage will be directed to the proposed infiltration basin and as such no restriction of discharge rates will be required. The modelled infiltration flow through the basin is shown in the MicroDrainage calculations in **Appendix B**.

### **Discharge Volume**

2.5 The proposed infiltration basin will ensure that no additional volume of surface water leaves the site under any design storm event. All surface water drainage shall be conveyed to the infiltration basin and discharged directly to the underlying subsoil. Permeable paving is proposed for all private driveway and parking areas, which will discharge surface water at source rather than conveying to the basin.

### **Overland/Exceedance Flows**

- 2.6 In the event of extremely short and intense storms, the surface water drainage system may become overwhelmed, resulting in small levels of temporary above-ground surface water flooding.
- 2.7 Site and road levels have been designed to be commensurate with existing ground levels whilst ensuring that overland flows are directed towards the infiltration basin, with any areas of flooding able to overflow into the basin. There is no proposed pathway for overland flows to exit the development site.

- 2.8 Due to the good infiltration characteristics of the site's subsoil, it is unlikely that overland surface water flow is able to occur across areas of permeable soft landscaping.
- 2.9 A plan showing the likely flow routes of overland surface water flows is shown in **Appendix C**.

### **Infiltration Basin Sizing**

- 2.10 The basin has been sized using the MicroDrainage software package. The modelled basin uses the design infiltration rate of 7.77x10<sup>-4</sup>m/s, a safety factor of 2.0, and assumes that there is no infiltration through the base of the basin (to account for a possible long-term reduction in infiltration performance due to sedimentation).
- 2.11 The design infiltration rate is based on testing carried out to BRE Digest 365 methodology by Mewies Engineering Consultants in June 2018, at the location of the proposed infiltration basin (south-east corner of the site). 7.77 x 10<sup>-4</sup>m/s was the lowest encountered rate during the total of 10 tests carried out between two test pits.
- 2.12 A copy of the infiltration testing results are included with **Appendix D**.
- 2.13 A catchment area of 5570m² was used to account for the proposed development in addition to the possible future addition of 14 dwellings in the plot of land to the north of the development (Cherwell application 20/02083/OUT). The breakdown of areas is as follows:

### This Development (21 dwellings)

Impermeable area 3370m²

Potential Future Development (14 dwellings)

Impermeable area 2200m²

Total impermeable area 5570m²

- 2.14 The impermeable area was increased by 10% for the hydraulic modelling, to account for urban creep (a long-term increase in the site's impermeable catchment area due to additional paving, building extensions etc). p
- 2.15 The above information gives a conservative infiltration basin design with capacity to safely store excess flows in the 1 in 100yr (+40% climate change) design storm, whilst retaining a minimum of 600mm of freeboard.

- 2.16 The proposed basin shall have a maximum water depth of 1.0 metres and maximum side slopes of 1:4.
- 2.17 Due to the favourable infiltration rates the modelled basin achieves a half-drain time of 34 minutes for the 1 in 100yr (+40%) design storm event, comfortably within the generally specified 24-hour half-drain time target.
- 2.18 MicroDrainage calculations are included within **Appendix B**, which show no surcharging of the surface water drainage system for the 1yr design storm event, and no flooding for the 30yr event.

## 3.0 Proposed Foul Water Drainage Strategy

- 3.1 Foul drainage shall be conveyed to the south-eastern corner of the site and connected to an existing foul sewer in Wimborn Close, manhole reference 0701.
- 3.2 A copy of the Thames Water asset records is shown in **Appendix E**.

## 4.0 Operation and Maintenance

- 4.1 Maintenance of SuDS features is essential to ensure that the surface water drainage system operates effectively and that flooding of the site and surrounding areas is prevented.
- 4.2 The responsibility of maintaining the drainage components would lie with the landowner unless responsibility has been delegated to an appointed external Management Company.
- 4.3 A full maintenance regime should be carried out to ensure that the drainage system remains operational over its lifetime. Table 1 summarises an initial maintenance plan for the drainage components proposed within this development. The SuDS Manual (CIRIA C753) and manufacturer's guidelines should be referred to for further information.

Drainage Component	Required Action	Typical Frequency
	Stabilise adjacent areas	As required
	Remove weeds	As required
Pipework,	Clear any poor performing structures.	As required
manholes, chambers, catch pits and silt traps	Inspect all structures for poor operation	Six monthly, 48 hours after large storms in first six months
	Monitor inspection chambers. Inspect silt accumulation rates and determine silt clearance frequencies	Annually
Surface Water Infiltration Basin	Inspect for sediment and debris in pre- treatment components and remove. Note rate of sediment accumulation	As required
Basin	Check basin to ensure emptying is occurring	Annually

Table 1 - Operation and Maintenance Summary

## Appendix A – Drainage Layout



## **Appendix B – MicroDrainage Calculations**

Cotswold Transport Planning

CTP House, Knapp Road

Cheltenham

Cheltenham

Gloucestershire, GL50 3QQ

Deddington - Rev A

Date 28/05/2021

File 1054\_C3D\_SU\_PR PROPOSED MODEL2.MDX

Network 2020.1.3

### STORM SEWER DESIGN by the Modified Rational Method

### Network Design Table for SW Network

« - Indicates pipe capacity < flow

PN	Length	Fall	Slope	I.Area	T.E.	Ba	ase	k	HYD	DIA	Section Type	Auto
	(m)	(m)	(1:X)	(ha)	(mins)	Flow	(1/s)	(mm)	SECT	(mm)		Design
1.000	7.501	0.070	107.2	0.031	5.00		0.0	0.600	0	150	Pipe/Conduit	<b>a</b>
1.001	28.454	0.350	81.3	0.021	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	150	Pipe/Conduit	ĕ
1.002	9.770	0.120	81.4	0.000	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	150	Pipe/Conduit	ĕ
1.003	10.840	0.942	11.5	0.000	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	150	Pipe/Conduit	ā
1.004	28.016	0.187	149.8	0.024	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	150	Pipe/Conduit	ē
1.005	12.183	0.076	160.3	0.024	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	150	Pipe/Conduit	0
2.000	20.078	0.150	133.9	0.222	5.00		0.0	0.600	0	375	Pipe/Conduit	0
2.001	64.790	0.450	144.0	0.176	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	375	Pipe/Conduit	Ō
1.006	23.673	0.100	236.7	0.050	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	450	Pipe/Conduit	0
1.007	6.345	0.025	253.8	0.012	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	450	Pipe/Conduit	ē
1.008	8.953	1.000	9.0	0.000	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	450	Pipe/Conduit	ē

### Network Results Table

PN	Rain (mm/hr)	T.C. (mins)	US/IL (m)	Σ I.Area (ha)	Σ Base Flow (1/s)	Foul (1/s)	Add Flow (1/s)	Vel (m/s)	Cap (1/s)	Flow (1/s)
1.000	50.00	5 12	137.100	0.031	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.97	17.1	4.6
1.001	50.00		137.100	0.051	0.0	0.0	0.7	1.12	19.7	7.7
1.002	50.00	5.70	136.650	0.052	0.0	0.0	0.7	1.11	19.7	7.7
1.003	50.00	5.76	136.530	0.052	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.99	52.8	7.7
1.004	50.00	6.33	135.588	0.076	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.82	14.5	11.3
1.005	50.00	6.59	135.401	0.100	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.79	14.0«	14.9
2.000	50.00	5.21	135.700	0.222	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.56	172.8	33.1
2.001	50.00	5.93	135.550	0.398	0.0	0.0	5.4	1.51	166.5	59.3
1.006	50.00	6.89	135.025	0.548	0.0	0.0	7.4	1.32	209.5	81.6
1.007	50.00	6.97	134.925	0.560	0.0	0.0	7.6	1.27	202.2	83.4
1.008	50.00	6.99	134.900	0.560	0.0	0.0	7.6	6.83	1085.5	83.4

### Free Flowing Outfall Details for SW Network

Outfall	Outfall	c.	Level	I.	Level		Min	D,L	W
Pipe Number	Name		(m)		(m)	I.	Level	(mm)	(mm)
							(m)		

1.008 S DUMMY 137.000 133.900 0.000 1200 0

### Simulation Criteria for SW Network

Volumetric Runoff Coeff	0.750	Additional Flow - % of Total Flow	10.000
Areal Reduction Factor	1.000	MADD Factor * 10m3/ha Storage	2.000
Hot Start (mins)	0	Inlet Coeffiecient	0.800
Hot Start Level (mm)	0	Flow per Person per Day (1/per/day)	0.000
Manhole Headloss Coeff (Global)	0.500	Run Time (mins)	60
Foul Sewage per hectare (1/s)	0.000	Output Interval (mins)	1

Number of Input Hydrographs 0 Number of Offline Controls 0 Number of Time/Area Diagrams 0 Number of Online Controls 1 Number of Storage Structures 1 Number of Real Time Controls 0

### Synthetic Rainfall Details

Cotswold Transport Planning		Page 1
CTP House, Knapp Road	SW Calculations	
Cheltenham	Land at Hempton Road	
Gloucestershire, GL50 3QQ	Deddington - Rev A	Micro
Date 28/05/2021	Designed by DM	Drainage
File 1054_C3D_SU_PR PROPOSED MODEL2.MDX	Checked by KT	pianiade
Innovyze	Network 2020.1.3	

### Synthetic Rainfall Details

Rainfall Model FSR Profile Type Summer Return Period (years) 30 Cv (Summer) 0.750 Region England and Wales Cv (Winter) 0.840 M5-60 (mm) 20.000 Storm Duration (mins) 30 Ratio R 0.409

Cotswold Transport Planning		Page 2
CTP House, Knapp Road	SW Calculations	
Cheltenham	Land at Hempton Road	
Gloucestershire, GL50 3QQ	Deddington - Rev A	Micro
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File 1054_C3D_SU_PR PROPOSED MODEL2.MDX	Checked by KT	Diamage
Innovyze	Network 2020.1.3	

### Online Controls for SW Network

Weir Manhole: S12, DS/PN: 1.008, Volume (m³): 3.2

Discharge Coef 0.544 Width (m) 1.000 Invert Level (m) 137.000

Cotswold Transport Planning		Page 3
CTP House, Knapp Road	SW Calculations	
Cheltenham	Land at Hempton Road	
Gloucestershire, GL50 3QQ	Deddington - Rev A	Micro
Date 28/05/2021	Designed by DM	Drainage
File 1054_C3D_SU_PR PROPOSED MODEL2.MDX	Checked by KT	Diamage
Innovyze	Network 2020.1.3	

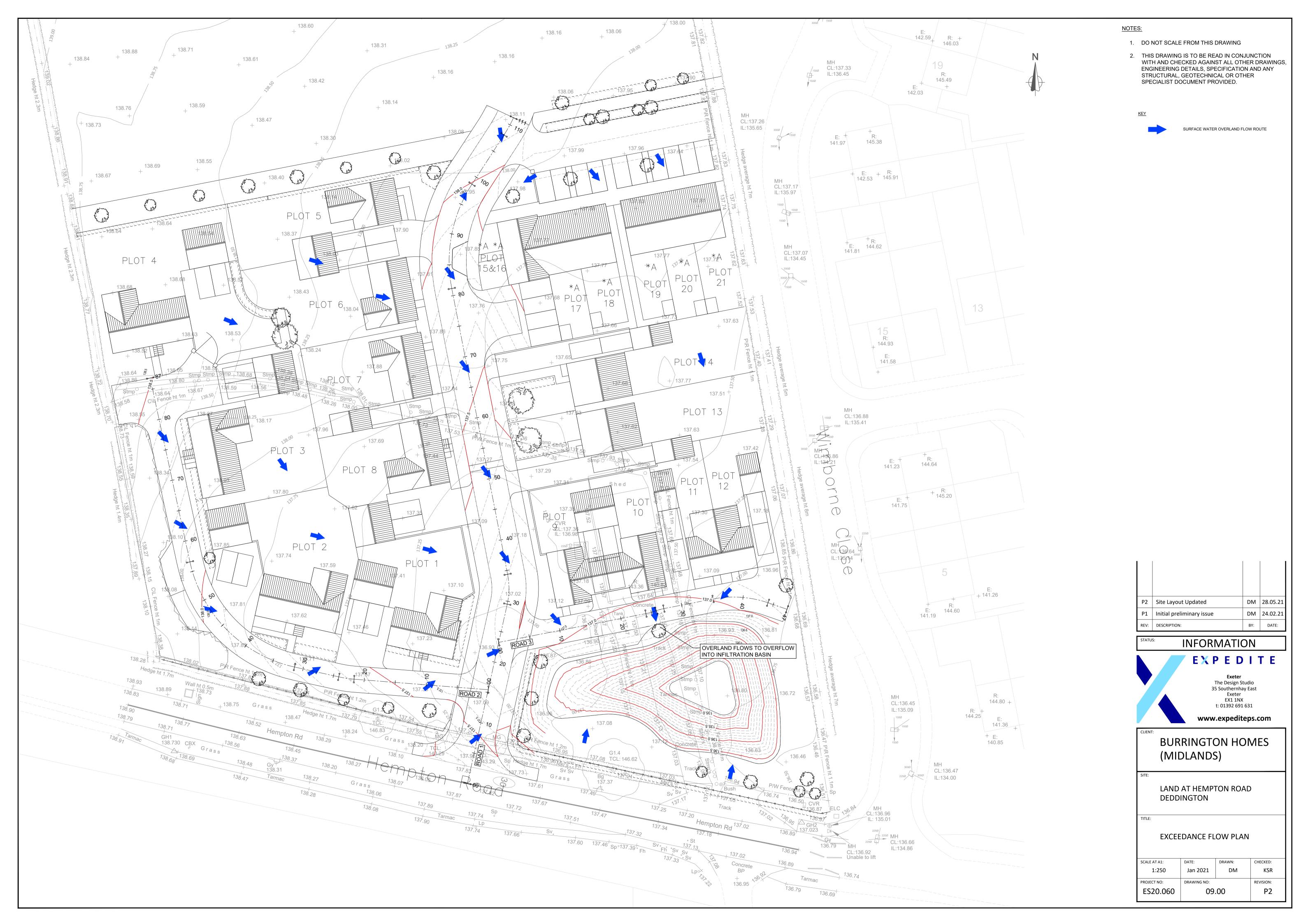
### Storage Structures for SW Network

### Infiltration Basin Manhole: S12, DS/PN: 1.008

Invert Level (m) 134.900 Safety Factor 2.0 Infiltration Coefficient Base (m/hr) 0.00000 Porosity 1.00 Infiltration Coefficient Side (m/hr) 2.79700

Depth (m)	Area (m²)								
0.000	63.0	0.300	108.0	0.600	166.0	0.900	240.0	1.200	332.0
0.100	77.0	0.400	126.0	0.700	189.0	1.000	268.0	1.300	368.0
0.200	92.0	0.500	145.0	0.800	213.0	1.100	299.0		

## Appendix C – Overland Flow Route Plan



## **Appendix D – Infiltration Testing Results**

Hempton Road, Deddington, Oxfordshire Flood Risk and Drainage Technical Note June 2018

Ref. 23933/05-18/6010 - Rev C



The proposed development area will be located wholly within Flood Zone 1 (less than 0.1% chance of flooding). In accordance with Table 3 of the Planning Practice Guidance the development is therefore "sequentially acceptable".

### **Geology & Ground Conditions**

Geological mapping indicates that the site is underlain by two types of solid geology; the north of the site is underlain by Whitby Mudstone Formation while the south of the site is Marlstone Rock Formation – Ferruginous Limestone and Ironstone. No superficial deposits are present within the site's boundaries.

Soakage testing was undertaken in June 2018 with two trial pits in the site's south-east corner. Both pits were found to infiltrate very well (findings are summarised in Table 1). As a result of this the site's proposed drainage strategy has been revised to be based on infiltration.

Table 1: Soakage Test Summary

SAO	l	\$A02		
m/s	m/hr	m/s	m/hr	
1.27 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.572	5.93 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	21.348	
9.55 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.438	$7.35 \times 10^{-3}$	26.460	
$7.77 \times 10^{-4}$	2.797	$1.84 \times 10^{-3}$	6.624	
		$1.67 \times 10^{-3}$	6.012	
		$1.57 \times 10^{-3}$	5.652	
		$1.67 \times 10^{-3}$	6.012	
		1.66 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.976	

### Drainage Strategy

No ditches or significant drainage features are located within the site and therefore existing surface water runs off directly downhill towards Hempton Road along the southern boundary.

Given the confirmation of viable infiltration and the lack of nearby watercourses, surface water runoff from the site will be attenuated on-site and then discharged into the underlying ironstone bedrock. No existing public surface water sewers are present within the site's boundaries.

The proposed surface water strategy for the site will comprise of a single infiltration basin with a total storage capacity of  $156m^3$  based on an impermeable area of 0.74ha inclusive of 10% urban creep. This system will have sufficient capacity for the 1 in 100 year storm event (plus a 40% allowance of climate change).

The SUDS scheme will be offered to the Borough Council or other local bodies such as the Town or Parish Council for adoption and future maintenance. A proposed maintenance plan shown in Table 2 breaks down the maintenance responsibility of the various assets.

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Scheme Hempton Road, Deddington

Client Robert Webb

Job ref. **23933** 

 Page No.
 1

 Calcs by
 CN

 Date
 14/06/18

 Test Number
 1

1.27E-03 m/s

## Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref. SA01

Length 1.80 m

Width 0.45 m

Depth 1.60 m

Ground water level N/A

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

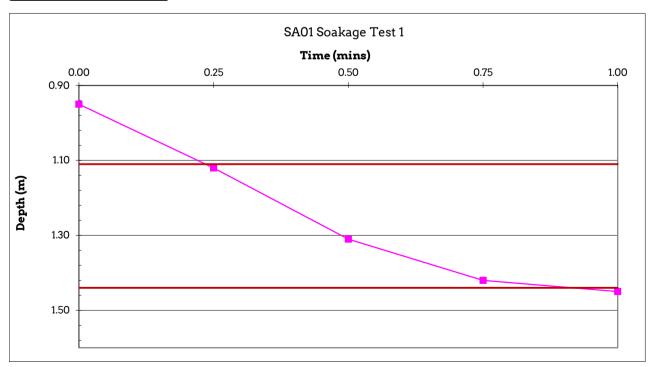
0.20 - 0.50 Reddish brown, gravelly SAND with a low cobble content.

**SOIL INFILTRATION RATE =** 

0.50 - 1.60 Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with high cobble and low boulder content.

Time	Depth to
mins	water
0.00	0.95
0.25	1.12
0.50	1.31
0.75	1.42
1.00	1.45

Effective storage depth =	0.65 m
75% effective storage depth =	0.49 m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.11 m
25% effective storage depth =	0.16 m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.44 m
effective storage depth 75%-25% =	0.33 m
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =	0.24 mins
Time to fall to 25% effective depth =	0.85 mins
Void Ratio =	40%
V (75%-25%) =	0.1053 m3
V (75%-25%) = a (50%) =	0.1053 m3 2.2725 m2



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Scheme Hempton Road, Deddington

Client Robert Webb

Job ref. **23933** 

Page No. 2
Calcs by CN
Date 14/06/18
Test Number 2

## Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref.

Length

Width

Depth

Ground water level

SA01

1.80 m

0.45 m

N/A

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

0.20 - 0.50 Reddish brown, gravelly SAND with a low cobble content.

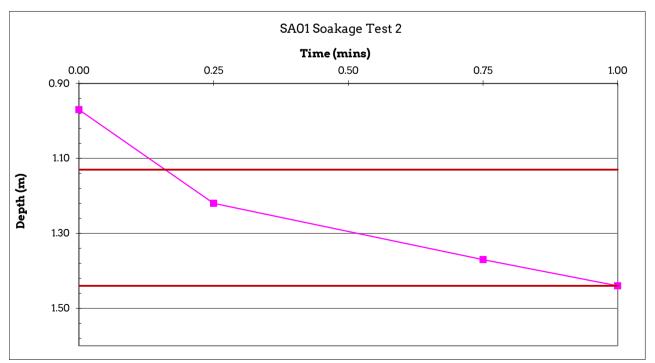
0.50 - 1.60 Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with high cobble and low boulder content.

Weather Conditions: Overcast

Time	Depth to
mins	water
0.00	0.97
0.25	1.22
0.75	1.37
1.00	1.44

Effective storage depth =	0.63 m
75% effective storage depth =	0.47 m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.13 m
25% effective storage depth =	0.16 m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.44 m
effective storage depth 75%-25% =	0.32 m
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =	0.20 mins
Time to fall to 25% effective depth =	1.00 mins
Void Ratio =	40%
V (75%-25%) =	0.1021 m3
- /FO9/\	2.2275 m2
a (50%) =	2.2213 1112
a (50%) = t (75%-25%) =	0.80 mins

SOIL INFILTRATION RATE = 9.55E-04 m/s



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7.77E-04 m/s

## Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref. SA01

Length 1.80 m

Width 0.45 m

Depth 1.60 m

Ground water level N/A

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

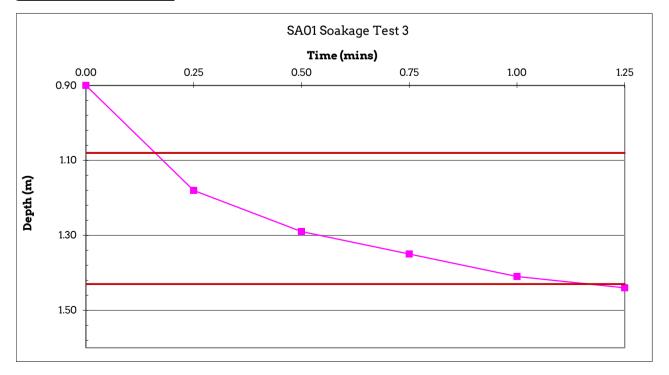
0.20 - 0.50 Reddish brown, gravelly SAND with a low cobble content.

**SOIL INFILTRATION RATE =** 

0.50 - 1.60 Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with high cobble and low boulder content.

Depth to
water
0.90
1.18
1.29
1.35
1.41
1.44

Effective storage depth = 75% effective storage depth = (ie depth below GL) = 25% effective storage depth = (ie depth below GL) = effective storage depth 75%-25% =	0.70 m 0.53 m 1.08 m 0.18 m 1.43 m 0.35 m
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =	0.13 mins
Time to fall to 25% effective depth = Void Ratio =	1.15 mins 40%
V (75%-25%) = a (50%) =	0.1134 m3 2.3850 m2
t (75%-25%) =	1.02 mins

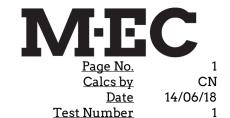


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Job ref. **23933** 



## Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref.

Length

Width

Depth

Ground water level

SA02

1.80 m

0.45 m

2.00 m

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

 ${\bf 0.20 - 0.60 \ Reddish \ brown, \ clayey, \ gravelly \ SAND \ with \ a \ low \ cobble \ content.}$ 

0.60 -  $0.90\,$  Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high

cobble and low boulder content.

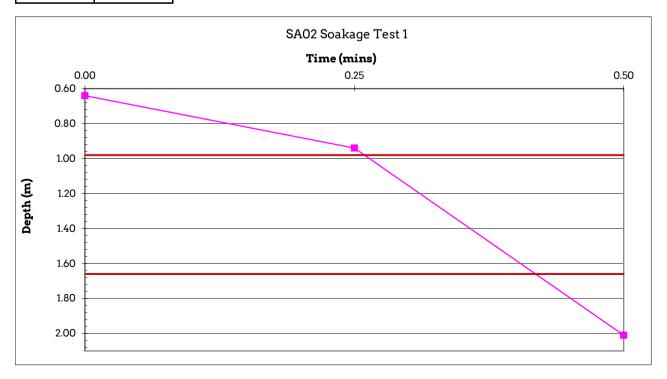
0.90 - 2.00 Reddish brown, clayey, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high cobble and low boulder content.

Weather Conditions: Overcast

Time	Depth to
mins	water
0.00	0.64
0.25	0.94
0.50	2.01

Effective storage depth =	1.36 m
75% effective storage depth =	1.02 m
(ie depth below GL) =	0.98 m
25% effective storage depth =	0.34 m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.66 m
effective storage depth 75%-25% =	0.68 m
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =	0.26 mins
Time to fall to 25% effective depth =	0.42 mins
Void Ratio =	40%
Void Matio =	4076
Void Ratio = V (75%-25%) =	0.2203 m3
1014114110	
V (75%-25%) =	0.2203 m3

SOIL INFILTRATION RATE = 5.93E-03 m/s



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Job ref. **23933** 

Page No. 2
Calcs by CN
Date 14/06/18
Test Number 2

## Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref.

Length

Width

Depth

Ground water level

SA02

1.80 m

0.45 m

2.00 m

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

0.20 - 0.60 Reddish brown, clayey, gravelly SAND with a low cobble content.

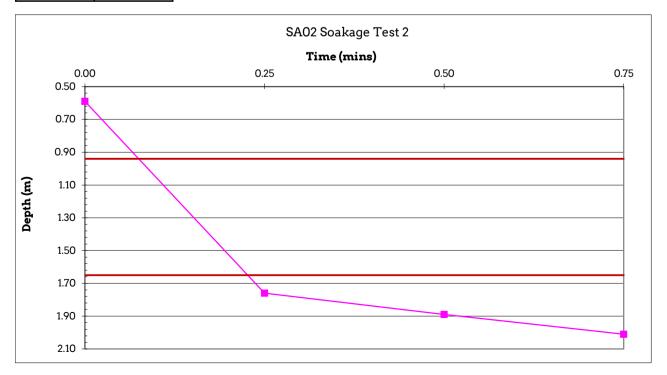
0.60 - 0.90 Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high

cobble and low boulder content.

0.90 - 2.00 Reddish brown, clayey, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high cobble and low boulder content.

Time	Depth to
mins	water
0.00	0.59
0.25	1.76
0.50	1.89
0.75	2.01

Effective storage depth =	1.41	m
75% effective storage depth =	1.06	m
(ie depth below GL) =	0.94	m
25% effective storage depth =	0.35	m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.65	m
effective storage depth 75%-25% =	0.71	m
Time to fell to 759/ offertion dente	0.00	
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =		mins
Time to fall to 25% effective depth =	0.21	mins
Void Ratio =	40%	
V (75%-25%) =	0.2284	m3
a (50%) =	3.9825	m2
t (75%-25%) =	0.13	mins
SOIL INFILTRATION RATE =	7.35E-03	m/s



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Client Robert Webb

Job ref. **23933** 

Page No. 3
Calcs by CN
Date 14/06/18
Test Number 3

1.84E-03 m/s

### Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref. SA02

Length 1.80 m

Width 0.45 m

Depth 2.00 m

Ground water level N/A

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

0.20 - 0.60 Reddish brown, clayey, gravelly SAND with a low cobble content. 0.60 - 0.90 Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high

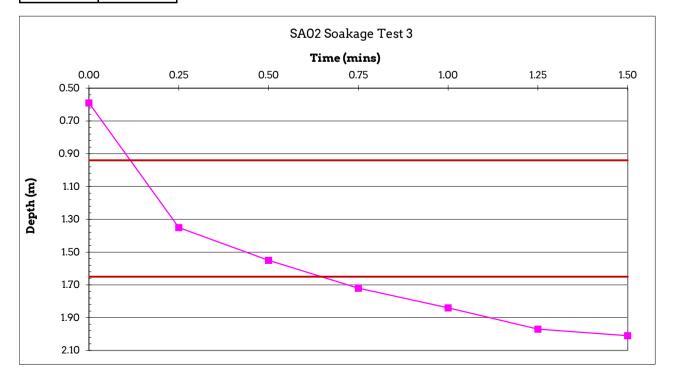
cobble and low boulder content.

0.90 - 2.00 Reddish brown, clayey, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high cobble and low boulder content.

**SOIL INFILTRATION RATE =** 

Time	Depth to
mins	water
0.00	0.59
0.25	1.35
0.50	1.55
0.75	1.72
1.00	1.84
1.25	1.97
1.50	2.01

Effective storage depth =	1.41 m
75% effective storage depth =	1.06 m
(ie depth below GL) =	0.94 m
25% effective storage depth =	0.35 m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.65 m
effective storage depth 75%-25% =	0.71 m
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =	0.12 mins
Time to fall to 25% effective depth =	0.64 mins
Void Ratio =	40%
V (75%-25%) =	0.2284 m3
a (50%) =	3.9825 m2
t (75%-25%) =	0.52 mins

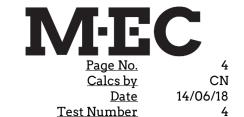


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Scheme Hempton Road, Deddington

Client Robert Webb

Job ref. **23933** 



1.39 m 1.04 m 0.96 m 0.35 m 1.65 m 0.70 m

0.19 mins 0.76 mins 40% 0.2252 m3 3.9375 m2 0.57 mins

1.67E-03 m/s

## Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref.

Length

Width

Depth

Ground water level

SA02

1.80 m

0.45 m

2.00 m

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

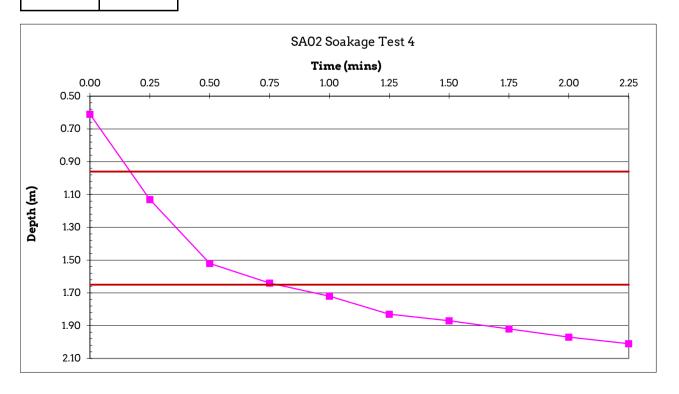
0.20 - 0.60 Reddish brown, clayey, gravelly SAND with a low cobble content.

 $0.60-0.90\,$  Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high

cobble and low boulder content.

0.90 - 2.00 Reddish brown, clayey, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high cobble and low boulder content.

Effective storage depth =	Depth to	Time
75% effective storage depth =	water	mins
(ie depth below GL) =	0.61	0.00
25% effective storage depth =	1.13	0.25
(ie depth below GL) =	1.52	0.50
effective storage depth 75%-25% =	1.64	0.75
	1.72	1.00
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =	1.83	1.25
Time to fall to 25% effective depth =	1.87	1.50
Void Ratio =	1.92	1.75
V (75%-25%) =	1.97	2.00
a (50%) =	2.01	2.25
t (75%-25%) =		
<b>SOIL INFILTRATION RATE =</b>		



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Scheme Hempton Road, Deddington

Client Robert Webb

Job ref. **23933** 

Page No. 5
Calcs by CN
Date 14/06/18
Test Number 5

## Soil infiltration test

(In general accordance with BRE Digest 365, 2016, Soakaway Design)

Trial pit ref.

Length

Width

Depth

Ground water level

SA02

1.80 m

0.45 m

2.00 m

Ground conditions 0.00 - 0.20 TOPSOIL comprising reddish brown, clayey, gravelly, SAND.

0.20 - 0.60 Reddish brown, clayey, gravelly SAND with a low cobble content.

0.60 - 0.90 Reddish brown, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high

cobble and low boulder content.

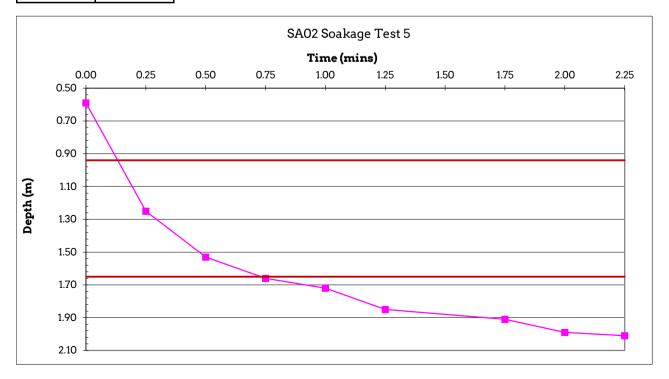
0.90 - 2.00 Reddish brown, clayey, sandy, fine to coarse angular GRAVEL with a high cobble and low boulder content.

Weather Conditions: Overcast

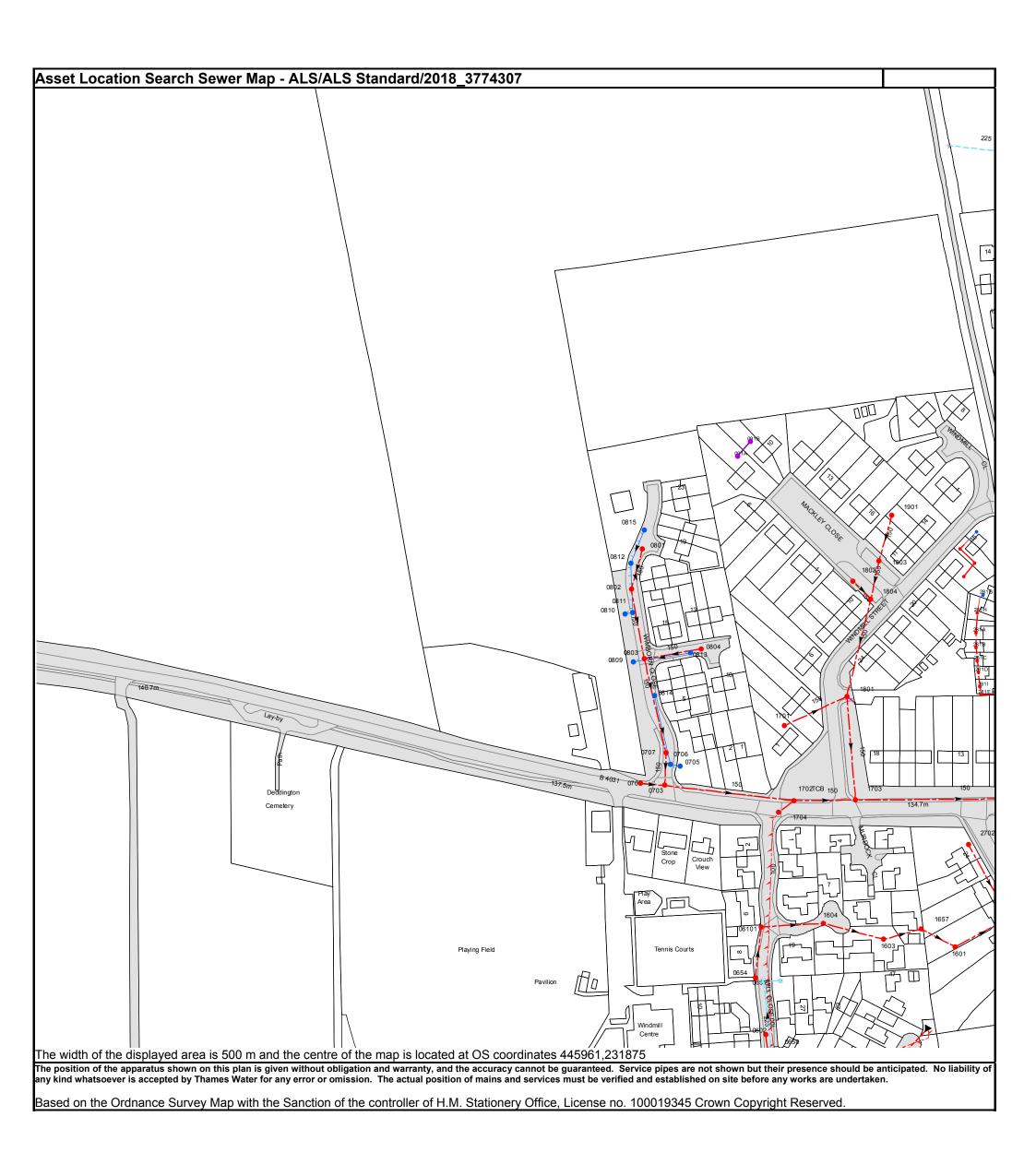
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Effective storage depth =	1.41 m
75% effective storage depth =	1.06 m
(ie depth below GL) =	0.94 m
25% effective storage depth =	0.35 m
(ie depth below GL) =	1.65 m
effective storage depth 75%-25% =	0.71 m
Time to fall to 75% effective depth =	0.13 mins
Time to fall to 25% effective depth =	0.74 mins
Void Ratio =	40%
V (75%-25%) =	0.2284 m3
a (50%) =	3.9825 m2
t (75%-25%) =	0.61 mins

SOIL INFILTRATION RATE = 1.57E-03 m/s



## **Appendix E – Thames Water Asset Records**



<u>Thames Water Utilities Ltd</u>, Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4W, DX 151280 Slough 13 **T** 0845 070 9148 **E** <u>searches@thameswater.co.uk</u> **I** <u>www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk</u>

Manhole Reference	Manhole Cover Level	Manhole Invert Level
281H	n/a	n/a
281G	n/a	n/a
281K	n/a	n/a
281A	n/a	n/a
281C	n/a	n/a
281D	n/a	n/a
2811	n/a	n/a
281E	n/a	n/a
0810	n/a	n/a
0812	n/a	n/a
0802	137.22	135.98
0811	n/a	n/a
0809	n/a	n/a
0701	n/a	n/a
0801	137.37	136.47
0803	n/a	n/a
0815	n/a	n/a
0814	n/a	n/a
0703	n/a	n/a
0707	136.45	135.05
0706	n/a	n/a
0705	n/a	n/a
0813	n/a	n/a
0804	136.79	135.87
091A	n/a	n/a
091B	n/a	n/a
	135.86	134.66
1701		
1801	135.68	133.97
1802	136.23	134.66
1804	136.13	134.47
1803	136.03	134.67
1901	136.31	134.94
181A	n/a	n/a
181B	n/a	n/a
281L	n/a	n/a
281B	n/a	n/a
0654	134.88	133.97
06101	134.65	n/a
0651	134.84	132.52
0602	134.5	132.69
1704	135.89	134.06
1653	n/a	132.81
1702	135.88	133.95
1604	134.17	n/a
1703	135.41	133.36
1603	133.87	n/a
1657	133.82	132.94
1601	n/a	n/a
2702	134.08	132.84

The position of the apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes are not shown but their presence should be anticipated. No liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified and established on site before any works are undertaken.