## Site Layout

The layout of parking, pedestrian routes, access points and amenity spaces is to be determined by this application.

Various options for the public square have been explored and assessed for:

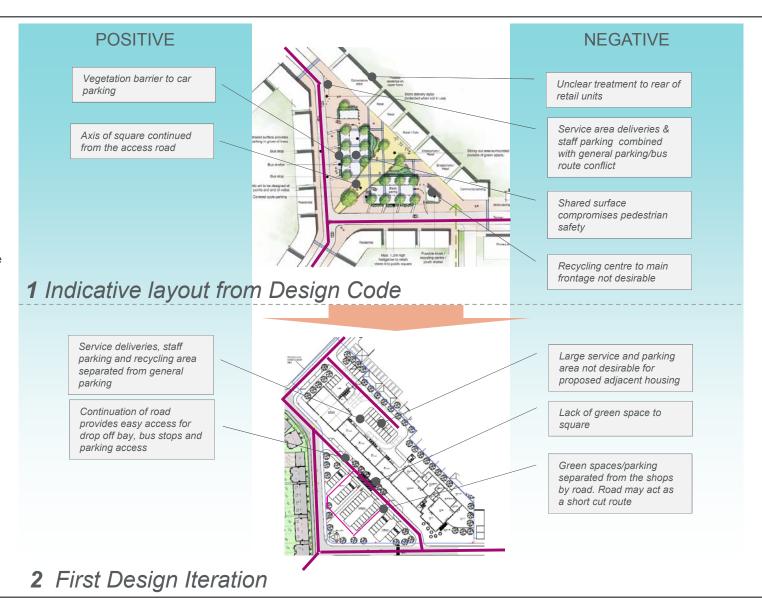
- Quality of spaces created
- Ease of access and safety for pedestrians
- Ease of access for vehicles
- Adequate parking spaces
- · Nature of amenity space created

#### **SETOUT**

The strategic location of the buildings relative to the public square has been determined in the outline application and Design Code. The nature of the buildings, their design and form is to be determined by this application

#### **ROAD LAYOUT**

The primary street/spine road has received reserved matters approval and is constructed. The spine road follows the alignment identified in the Outline Planning permission for the site and the mandatory alignment defined in the Kingsmere Design Code. Combined with the land use plans, the roads have therefore determined the shape of the open space and the location of the public realm





## Site Layout

#### **PARKING**

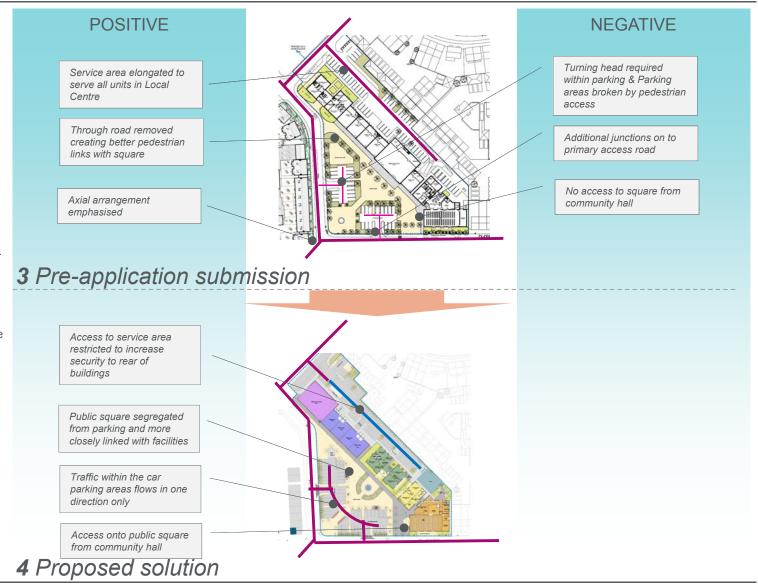
The parking to the Local Centre needs to cater for people using the shops, the nursery and the community centre as well as child drop off parking for parents using the primary school opposite. There is also a need to provide for staff parking, deliveries and adequate cycle parking for the Local Centre's various facilities. (See also Vehicle & Cycle *Parking* sections for an assessment of the numbers.)

As a result of discussions with stakeholder groups and also taking pedestrian safety into consideration, it was felt appropriate to provide a separate area distinct from the public parking to cater for deliveries. Security railings have been added to this area also provide the enhanced security requested by the end user groups.

The safety of users of the parking and adjacent public areas was also a priority and the designs were assessed for the ability of users to be able to negotiate the area safely. The layout of the public parking and surrounding hard and soft landscaping reflects this need.

#### DRAINAGE

In line with the Drainage Strategy, the Local Centre Car Park is to be drained by traditional methods. Attenuation of storm water is provided in the Car Park pipe network to reduce the flow rate to the required 8 l/s, which is the for the 1 in 10 year event. The outfall from the Car Park is to the existing SW network located throughout the Spine Road, which discharges to the attenuation ponds. The public realm/pedestrian surfacing areas will contain permeable paving.





# Massing & Arrangement

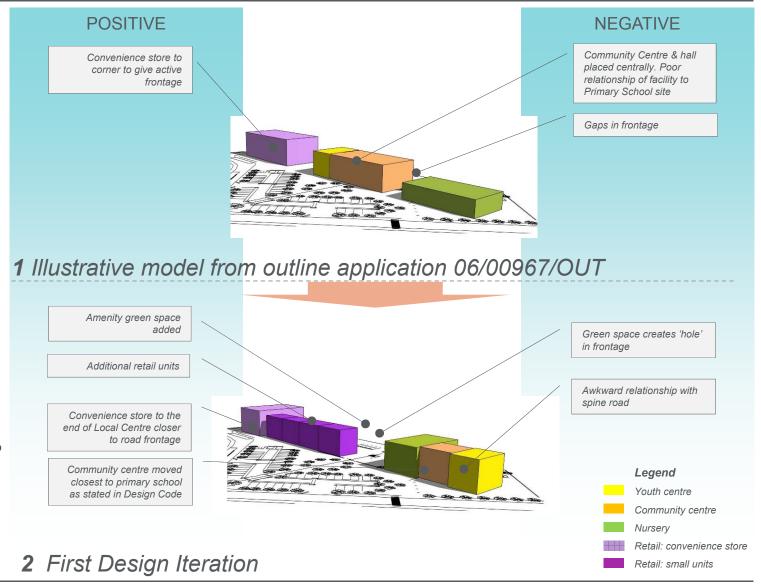
LAND USE

The development consists of:

- 4 no. small retail units of around 100m2 smaller stores to meet demand (hairdressers, laundry, restaurant, etc.)
- 1 no. medium retail store 400m2
- 1 no. nursery Pre-school facilities for 2 to 5 year olds
- 1 no. community centre multi use hall, meeting rooms and supporting facilities including youth centre (separate building) which houses a number of multi-use spaces and external play areas

The facilities/arrangements for the Community Centre differs slightly from that assumed in the outline application but has been adjusted to meet CDC officers specific requirements, which include those of the Kingsmere Residents Association (KRA) who are identified as the group that will manage the facility.

Other uses previously identified as possibly being accommodated within the Local Centre, pursuant to the Outline Planning Application, are not proposed e.g. public house, offices. The reasons for this is described in more detail in the planning statement.



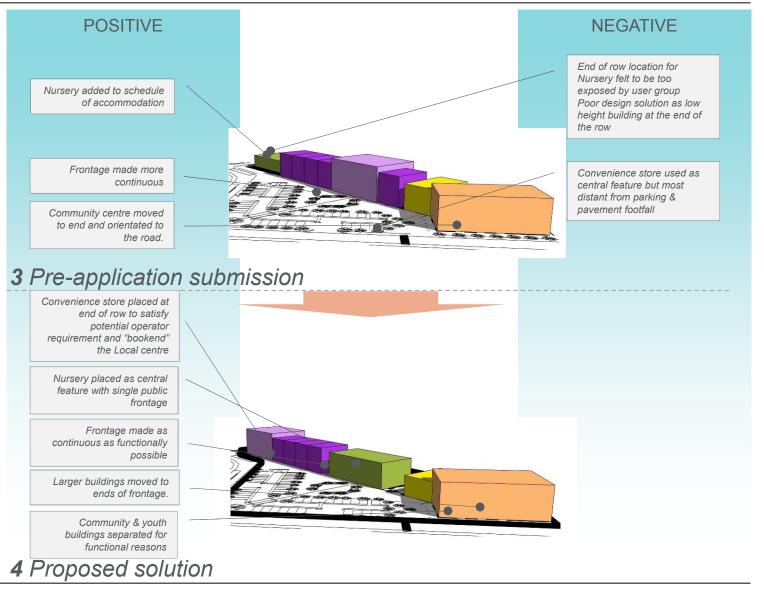


# Massing & Arrangement

## MASSING

Varying massing arrangements have been investigated with the preferred design approach being to ground the string of disparate buildings with the two larger facilities, the medium retail store and the community centre, to either end. This allows the community building to have more of a prominent location, facing three ways and allowing it to fulfil the need for it to be something of a landmark within the area. It has a better relationship to the Primary School site.

The other big people draw, the medium sized store, has been placed on the other corner to maximize its frontage





## Scale

#### **SCALE**

There is a need to make the Local Centre of a suitable scale relative to its neighbours in order to signify its importance.

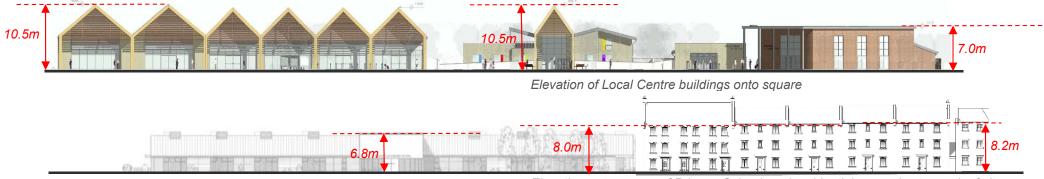
The majority of the residential buildings fronting the spine road and the public square of the Local Centre are either 2.5 or three storey in height. Their eaves height varies between 7.6m to 9.3m.

While the prominent gables to the proposed buildings exceed 10.5m and the overall bulk exceeds the smaller domestic units the features of the buildings types are similar thus creating links but of differing scale.

The larger sizes of the elements of the local centre buildings (the windows, doors, roofs etc) set the buildings apart from the surrounding domestic buildings. The single clear spans required for the retail units and large glass frontages create a scale that distinguishes the shops from the other surrounding buildings. Similarly, the exaggerated apex to the nursery, double height glazing and its detached placement make this building more prominent. The colonnade to the community centre, it's oversailing roof and double height windows create a scale that relates to the adjacent Local Centre buildings while the different roof form sets the building apart and relates it to the nearby school building



Elevation onto square of residential properties to west of site



Elevation onto square of Primary School and residential properties to south of site



# Proposed Design – Community Centre 06

# Community / Youth Centre

#### CONSULTATION

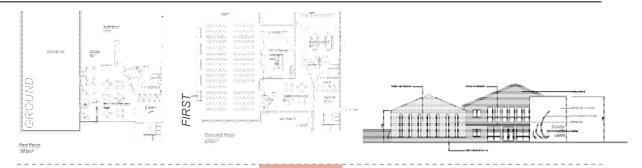
#### The Community Centre

Several meetings have been held with CDC & Kingsmere Residents Association to refine the brief and receive feedback concerning the developing proposals for the Community Centre and Youth Centre. These have led to a number of changes to the appearance and internal organisation of the building resulting in functional split of the youth and community activities into separate buildings to allow them operate flexibly and independently as requested by CDC and KRA.

#### PRE-APPLICATION ADVICE

Comments from pre-application consultation include:

#### Response Comment The Youth Centre external space The community building has the youth area at first floor level with open outdoor roof space at is now at ground floor level and first floor level. This will potentially result in will be screened from adjacent unacceptable overlooking of future residential residential areas by a 3m high dwellings and may also result in unacceptable acoustic fence noise and disturbance to those future The Community Centre building indicated in The building has been moved further from the Eastern such close proximity to the adjacent dwelling is likely to result in overshadowing and over-Boundary and is largely single domination of the rear of that property and its storey to reduce any potential private amenity area over shadowing The Design Code also requires the Community The entrance design has been Centre to be designed as a Landmark Building, enhanced as a design feature I am not convinced that your proposal linking the two buildings and adequately achieves this requirement providing a strong visual element.



## 1 First design iteration







## 2 Revision to user group comments











# Proposed Design – Community Centre 06

## Community / Youth Centre

## **DESIGN RESPONSE**

An over sailing roof supported from a colonnade provides a welcoming entrance that also serves to link the two buildings and create a distinctive feature.

The gap between the buildings provides a sheltered approach and acoustic buffer zone for the entrances to the two facilities. As well as enhancing security when both buildings are closed, it also provides a potential display area for either building and provides daylight to the heart of each building while preventing overheating.

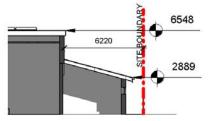
In the community centre a ground floor café opens from the fover and connects through to an outside seating area



The multi-purpose hall is a simple rectangular volume for maximum flexibility. It is further enhanced by the opportunity to open to a private external space to the south or the public square to the west

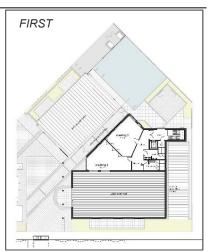






Section showing relationship of building with eastern boundary







View of enhanced entrance approach



Section through entrance passage



# Proposed Design – Nursery 06

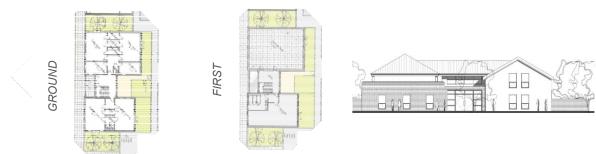
## Nursery

#### CONSULTATION

The design for the nursery is based upon the typical space standards and room relationships required by the possible nursery operator.

PRE-APPLICATION ADVICE
Comments from pre-application consultation include:

#### Comment Response The areas indicated at the rear of the The play spaces have been moved to nursery are small and north facing the side and south side of the buildings. and back onto the service yards. They meet the area requirements for a building of this nature. the nursery building in the centre The design has been enhanced and lacks presence and is rather weak in reorganised around a strong central design terms. The nursery roof sharp-apexed roof and double height terrace with large hipped roof is space. Bright colours and soft unfortunate and out of character with landscaped areas help identify the remainder of the development. different function of the building In terms of the building frontage to Gaps between buildings have been the public square, as stated above, reduced but they remain as they are a the design of the nursery building is functional necessity of the nursery. rather weak in terms of its presence. The nursery building has been aligned and the gaps created between the with the central axis of the public buildings require further square thereby reinforcing the design consideration in terms of their features of both and serving to function and how they relate to the terminating the longer vista presented by the spine road. buildings they are to serve.



3 Pre-application submission

Nursery Room Sch	edule - first	
Name	Area	Alignment with axis of
ft	2 m²	nublic square
obby	27 m²	public square
obby	7 m <sup>2</sup>	
lutdoor Play Space	164 m²	
re-school	85 m²	
com	12 m²	
C	2 m²	
/C	2 m²	
IC IC's	2 m²	
VC's	13 m²	
Nursery Room S Name	Area	Long distance vista
Acc. WC	3 m <sup>a</sup>	9 (a) (d)
aby room 1	44 m²	安徽· 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图 图
	44 m²	
	3 m²	
	27 m²	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	12 m²	
	5 m²	A STATE OF THE STA
	13 m²	Strong central design
	B m²	Strong central design
	6 m²	Strong central design
		S to the feature
lappy change	6 m²	V MA THE
reception/office	20 ms	· /
	6 m²	
	17 m²	
	4 m²	
	50 m²	
	52 m²	
VC's	5 m²	
T .		
		A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE



# Proposed Design – Nursery 06

## Nursery

#### **DESIGN RESPONSE**

A strong central feature roof aligns with the central axis of the square and encloses a the double height entrance space. The similar treatment to the styling of the entrance portal links the building to other frontages in the row whilst a steeper roof pitch sets this building apart. The use of bright coloured panels to the fenestration add visual interest while also serving to give clues as to the function of the building.

External play spaces for the children have been placed to either side of the building for the younger children, while the toddlers have a safe roof top play area. The frontage is landscaped and planted to create a barrier and to soften the building appearance.

Kitchen deliveries, refuse storage area and staff parking are placed to the rear whilst to the main square a generous entrance portico and lobby area allows space for buggies and waiting parents.









east elevation north elevation south elevation west elevation



# Proposed Design – Retail 06

## Retail

#### CONSULTATION

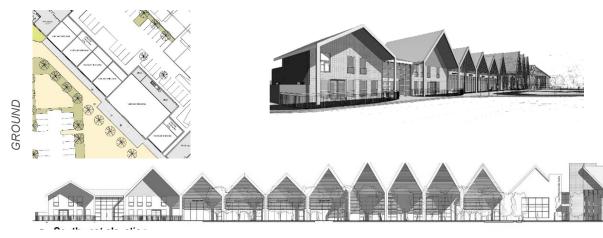
The Design Code requires a convenience store at 200-400m2 as well as between two and six shop units at up to 150m2 each. The smaller retail units could include laundrettes, restaurants, hairdressers etc. that will provide support to the local community.

We have engaged with a convenience store operator and have obtained design and layout requirements from them. This has been an important part of the design process, as we need to propose a store arrangement that will attract and prove viable for an end user.

The units are single storey. Although the Design Code suggests the possibility of residential units or offices over the retail space, this is not proposed (see separate Planning Statement). Height has been obtained through greater floor to ceiling heights and roof structures (see page 21).

## PRE-APPLICATION ADVICE

Comments from pre-application consultation include:



## 1 First design iteration

# In terms of the larger retail unit, this must be designed to appropriately turn the corner so that it also has a presence to the adjacent side street, rather than what appears to be a large wide blank side elevation. Retail uses often require outside storage areas, none are provided, storage within the rear area shown, which would be visible from the public domain will not be acceptable.

I am not convinced that the beach hut type designs and width of the gable spans together with varying roof heights and pitches

## Response

The flank elevation now has a series of windows that provide an active frontage to the side road

Individual storage areas are now provided. A 1.8m high fence serves to obscure view into service area.

The gable ends of the roofs create a distinctive design feature that distinguish the different units while providing a feature that creates a scale that distinguishes and differentiates the Local Centre from the surrounding residential properties



2 Pre-application submission



# Proposed Design - Retail 06

## Retail

## **DESIGN RESPONSE**

The retail units adopt the same expressed gable form roof as the nursery creating an easily identifiable built form fronting the public square. The variation in the pitched slope further serves to identify the larger convenience store from the smaller units.

An expressed timber frame with timber sunscreens create a form of arcade under the extended canopy in front of the store fronts. The side elevation to the corner anchor store addresses the view from the west. Timber shingles and brick soften and breakup the elevations into smaller, more human-scaled sections.

Large glazed windows provide the necessary display frontages for the retail activities while the clear span spaces defined by the roofs provide a flexible floor space for retail layouts



View of arcade in front of shops



View of retail frontages from the west showing active frontage to the side street



South elevation of retail area showing the variation in pitch and height



# Proposed Design – Recycling centre 06

## Recycling Point

#### CONSULTATION

The Design Code states that the 'site for public recycling should have minimal impact on townscape views and residents amenity'. For this reason the recycling point has been located to the rear of the row of facilities created by the Local Centre. It shares the access to the service and delivery area for the shops and other facilities.

The Design Code also states that it should comprise 'a group of six recycling bins'. Allowance has been made for six no 1200l Eurobins with access and parking for 6 vehicles including 2no. wheelchair spaces

The Recycling point has been made more discrete following comments made at pre-application stage. A wall and trellis separate the bin location from the road and pavement. This enclosure masks the majority of the area while allowing views in for surveillance.

A 3m high acoustic fence has been included between the service area the residential zone to the north. The fence extends the length of the staff parking/delivery area to provide similar attenuation to any noise disturbance.

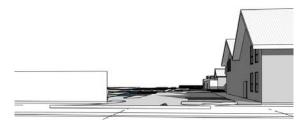
The service and delivery zone has also been made secure at the request of user groups through the use of pedestrian and vehicle gates while the recycling point remains directly accessible from the side street.

## Comment

In terms of the recycling point, consideration must also be given to its position and how its visual impact can be mitigated within the street scene.

## Response

The public recycling area is conveniently located close to the shops but visually obscured behind a brick wall / trellis screen



View into recycling area and staff parking/delivery area

## 1 First design iteration



View into revised recycling area and staff parking/delivery area

## 2 Proposed solution



Location of refuse storage points



# Proposed Design - Parking 06

## Vehicle Parking

#### PARKING NUMBERS

The Design Code requires a minimum of 25 spaces for the Local Centre and shared use with the adjacent school.

The scheme allows for 45 spaces to the main car park to the public square and around 15+ to the staff car parking and delivery area. 6 spaces have also been provided to the public recycling point.

We have provided more spaces than the Design Code requires because:

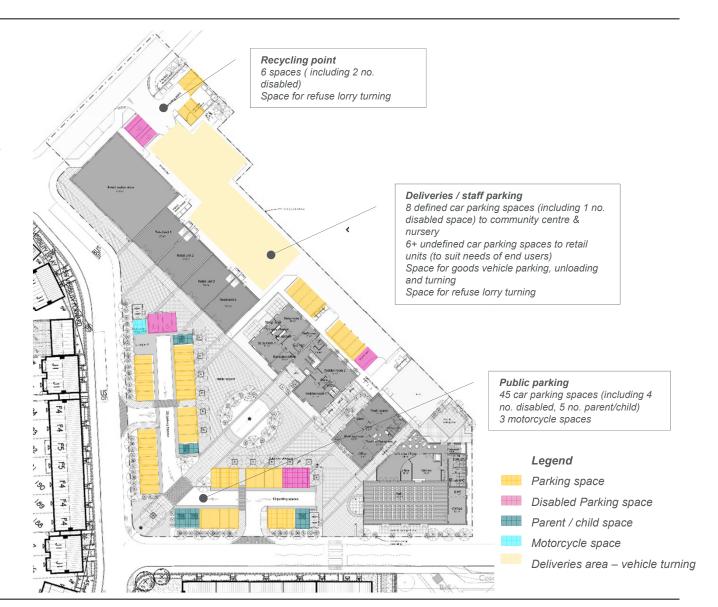
- During stakeholder consultation, end users, particularly the potential convenience store operator, sought more car parking to meet the needs of their customers/users.
- II. We did not want cars parking on the Primary Street, which would effect the flow of traffic and bus services. Hence further car parking spaces were provided for but this was balanced with the need to provide a good public realm.

Further assessment of car parking requirements and provisions is set out in the Transport Assessment.

#### **DESIGN**

It was felt important to not have car parking dominate the public realm area whilst having due regard to the to the Design Code requirements and the car parking needs of potential operators. To achieve this we have broken down the public square parking areas into smaller chunks and interspersed with planting in order to soften its visual impact.

Similarly to the south and west, a hornbeam hedge serves to screen the car parking from nearby residential properties as well as avoiding potentially dangerous pedestrian shortcuts forming through from the pavement to the parked cars.





# Proposed Design - Parking 06

## Vehicular Access Design

#### **ACCESSIBILITY**

10% blue badge spaces have been incorporated as well as 5 designated parent/child spaces.

All regular spaces are provided at  $5m \times 2.5m$  to allow for today's larger cars.

Dropped kerbs are provided throughout and obstructions to pavement areas are kept to a minimum to present less hazards for those pedestrians with low visual acuity

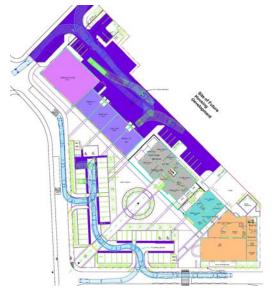
The general car parking has been subject to swept path analysis (include elsewhere in the submission) to ensure that vehicles can safely manoeuvre within the area with minimal reversing. Similarly the service area to the rear has been analysed for refuse, emergency appliances and delivery truck manoeuvring to enable vehicles to enter and leave in forward gear (see separate drawing).

#### SAFFTY

Access will be via a one way entry & exit system which helps avoid vehicle / vehicle and vehicle / pedestrian conflict.

Traffic speed will be controlled within the parking area by speed humps and changes in surfacing.

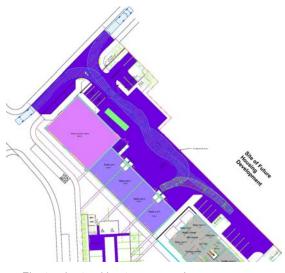
Demarked safety routes allow the safe passage of pedestrians both within and across the parking area.



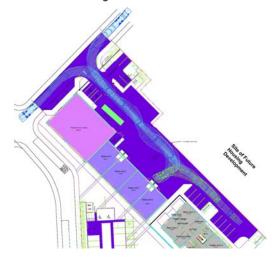
Vehicle tracking to general car parking & deliveries



Pedestrian safety routes marked within car park area



Fire tender tracking to rear service area



Refuse lorry tracking to rear service area



# Proposed Design - Parking 06

## Cycle Parking

## **NUMBERS**

The Design Code requires a minimum of 16 covered cycle spaces for the Local Centre.

A total of 20 cycle parking spots have been provided to the public area, all of which are covered.

A further 12 spaces have been provided to the secure delivery/staff area.

## **DESIGN**

The covered parking is provided at prominent points at the east and west of the site



Simple hoops provides other cycle parking.



